Tool 27: Forms of Power

Aim of the tool

To help reflect on different expressions of power, and faces (visible, hidden, invisible) of power, in an MSP. The tool helps to give language to several common notions of power dynamics.

When to use it?

In the Divergence stage, when it is important to explore and include different perspectives from stakeholders about an issue. Often it works best when done with a specific group of stakeholders (such as civil society representatives).

Different forms of power - two frameworks

This tool is comprised of two frameworks which each help to understand power dynamics in MSPsin a different way. The first is called Expressions of power, the second Faces of power.

Expressions of power: Power over, Power to, power with, power within.

Power is often thought of in a negative and coercive manner ('power over' being seen as domination or control of one person, group or institution over another). However, there are alternative expressions of power that pave the way for more positive thinking and action.

Expression	What does it mean in practice?
'Power to': individual ability	This is rooted in the belief that every individual has the 'power
to act	to' make a difference.
'Power with':	'Power with' helps build bridges across different interests,
collectiveaction, the	experiences and knowledge and is about bringing together
ability to act	resources and strategies.
together	
'Power within': individual or	Enhancing the 'power within' individuals builds their
collective sense of	capacities to imagine and raise aspirations about change.
self-worth, value,	
dignity	

Faces of power: visible, hidden, invisible.

Power analysis is not simple because most of the time power does not operate in visible andtangible ways.

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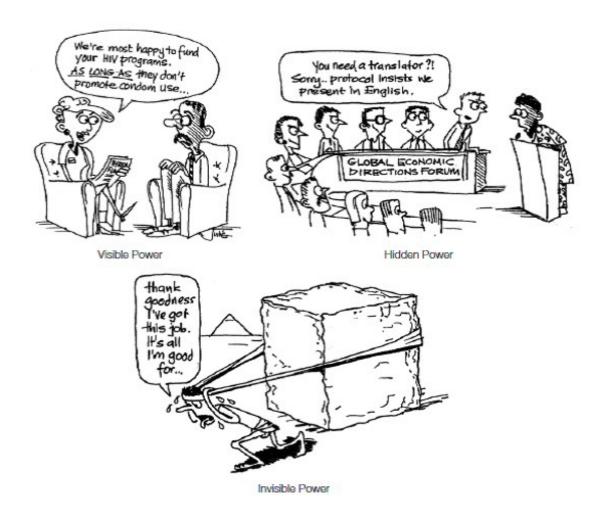
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Visible power includes	Hidden power is exercised	Invisible power operates in ways
theaspects of political	when powerful people and	inwhich people will adopt belief
powerthat we 'see'-	institutions maintain their	systems that are created by those
formal rules, structures,	influence by setting and	with power. Problems and issues
institutions and	manipulating agendas and	are kept away not only from the
procedures informing	marginalising the	decision-making table but also
decision-making. In	concernsand voices of	from the minds and hearts of
otherwords, it is about	less powerful groups.	different people including those
how those people with	Those with power see	affected by these decisions. This
power	and understand these	is
use existing procedures	rules of the game; others	when powerlessness is
and structures to	don't.	internalised.
controlthe actions of		
others.	Examples include: quality	Examples include: negative
	ofsome consultation	stereotypes that limit the roles
Examples include:	processesthat exclude	ofcertain groups.
elections, political	some voices; and setting	
parties, budget, laws etc.	the agenda	
	behind the scene.	

It is often easier to engage with visible power holders such as policy makers than to engage withpower that is exercised behind the scenes, or that is embedded in cultural and social norms and practices. However, ignoring hidden and invisible forms of power is likely to lead to a limited understanding of how change could happen, how alternative sources of power could be mobilized, and which change strategies should be developed.

Challenging the social and cultural boundaries that condition all actors (powerful or powerless)may require strategies other than challenging the "power-holders" alone, whether they are visible or hidden in the way they exercise power.

Discussion Questions

- Looking at the Expressions of Power framework, can you think of examples under each of the categories that are relevant to your work?
- Looking at the Faces of Power framework, can you think of institutions or people that exercise hidden power on the issues you are addressing?



Learn more

Adapted from Hunjan, Raji and Jethro Pettit (2011). Power: A Practical Guide for Facilitating Social Change. Carnegie Trust/IDS, UK. http://tinyurl.com/q3lwbna

The special issue of IDS Bulletin (Vol 47, Issue 5, November 2016) on Power, Poverty and Inequality, edited by Marjoke Oosterom and Patta Scott Villiers, contains 11 articles which explorepower issues in the context of development cooperation. Open access. http://bulletin.ids.ac.uk/idsbo/issue/view/219

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