# Challenges in DEPM implementation NE Atlantic Mackerel





Sardine



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# DEPM MACKEREL IN ICES

Egg production surveys provide an independent method of estimating SSB to inform the stock assessment process. There are two primary methods, the annual egg production method (AEPM) designed for species with a determinate fecundity and the daily egg production method (DEPM) that can be applied to indeterminate spawners. Since 1977 the AEPM has been used for estimation of NEA mackerel SSB under the assumption that mackerel has a determinate fecundity.

# Working Group on Mackerel and Horse Mackerel Egg Surveys

The Working Group on Mackerel and Horse Mackerel Egg Surveys (WGMEGS) coordinates the mackerel egg survey in the Northeast Atlantic and in the North Sea, both which are carried out every third year. The group decided to hold a workshop in 2012 in response to indications of indeterminate fecundity in mackerel.

# Workshop on Survey Design and Mackerel and Horse Mackerel **Spawning Strategy**

The Workshop (WKMSPA 2012) recommend implement the DEPM for mackerel. The survey design should not be changed to continue the AEPM time-series, but participants in the assumed period of peak spawning will collect extra adult samples for estimation of adult parameters in DEPM to compare AEPM and DEPM.

# Working Group on Widely **Distributed Stocks**

The Working Group on Widely distributed stocks (WGWIDE) compiles and analyses data on large stocks of pelagic species, mackerel included, for stock assessment. The WGWIDE advised a series of five points of comparison AEPM - DEPM in order to be able to change to DEPM without losing the historical series.

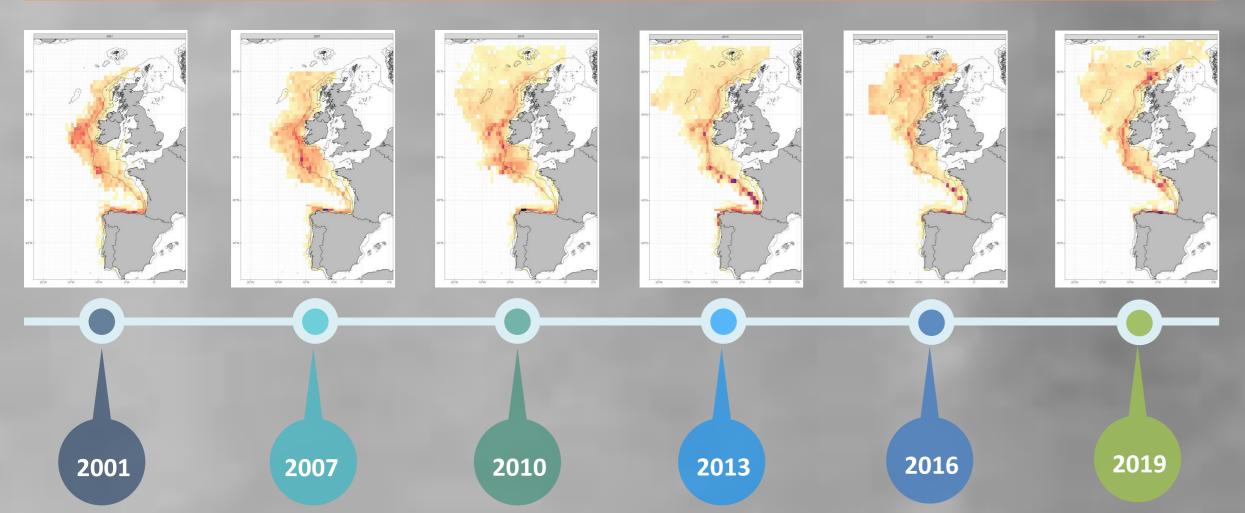
#### CHALLENGES

# Mackerel Migration

At the end of the year and during wintertime mackerel migrate southward towards the spawning grounds through the west of the British islands. In the Cantabrian Sea, the fishery moves from east to west following the mackerel during their spawning migration.

# Spawning area Expansion

NEA mackerel started to expand its distribution west and northwards, reaching waters of Iceland, Greenland and Svalbard in the mid-2000s The spawning area expands in consonance.



Makerel

Mackerel total egg sampled maps by year

Ovarian stage

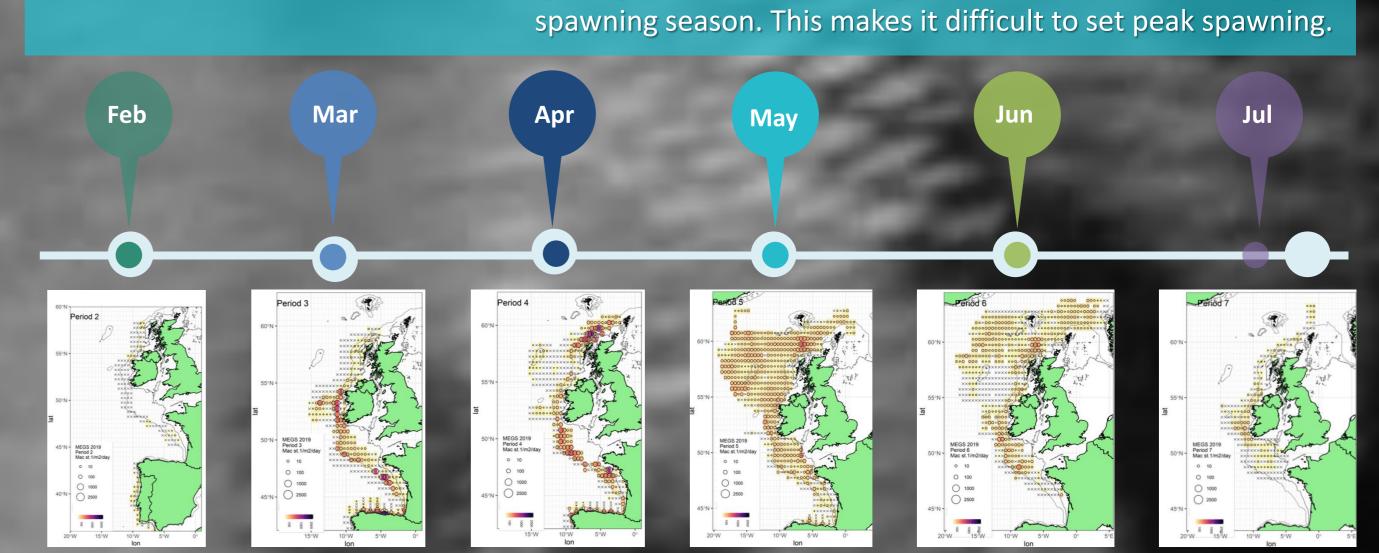
1000

Charitonidou et al., 2022

HYD GVBD GVM VTG

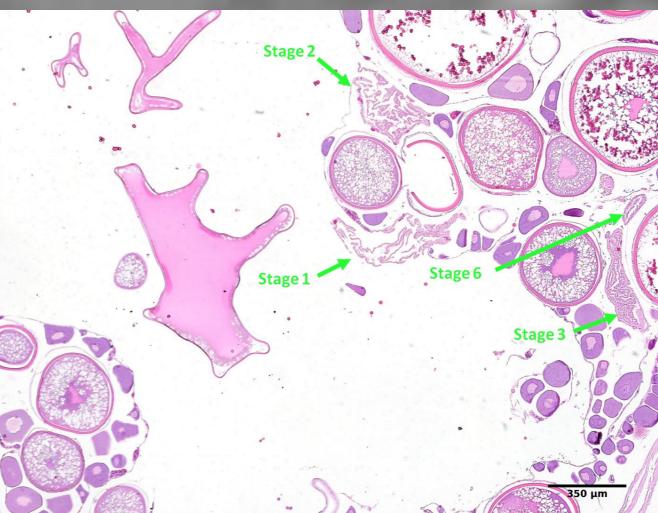
# Peak spawning Location

Spawning season lasts from February to July in a wide spawning area where the fish is migrating. Different spawning concentrations occur during the



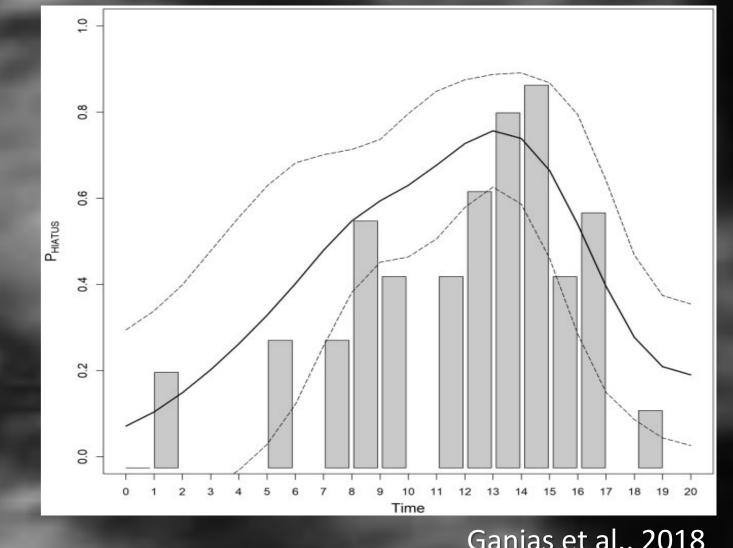
Mackerel egg sampled maps by time period in 2019 spawning season. ICES, 2021

# Ovary Dynamic organization



Photograph by A. Solla

One individual can show POFs in a continuum of degenerative stages, belonging to different cohorts. Moreover, the age of the different POF stages is uncertain.



Spawning Daily sinchronicity

Ganias et al., 2018

It is unclear whether mackerel show daily spawning synchronicity. Ganias et al., 2018 found indications of a window of time in the 24 h cycle that the advanced mode tends to separate from the smaller oocytes.

# **NEXT STEPS**

Ganias et al., 2018

fully aplicable.

In mackerel hydrated oocyte method is not

Only samples with a clear hyatus separating

the spawning batch can be used.

#### 2023 ICES Workshop on Mackerel DEPM

500 750 1000

Oocyte frequency distribution of different pelagic species.

Mackerel exhibed a higher number of co-ocurring cohorts

compared to sardina and horse mackerel. In mackerel the

cohorts are hardly distinguised from each other.

Horse makerel

Three of the five mackerel DEPMs have already been carried out and to study the results, In 2023 the WGMEGS will hold a workshop, where all the issues in mackerel DEPM implementation will be discussed.

#### Early POFs stages Assessment

Conduct experiments to find out the degeneration times of POFs to assign each stage to the corresponding time after spawning.

#### Daily spawning Dynamics

Conduct experiments to elucidate the daily dynamics of spawning in mackerel, consisting of 24 hours of fishing at regular intervals. The sampling will be intensified in the period when, following Ganias et al., 2018, it is postulated that spawning occurs, i.e. from midday to early morning.

#### **BIBLIOGRAPHY**