The nomenclature of the *melanocephalus* group of the genus *Calathus* (Coleoptera: Carabidae)

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Abstract: Type material of Calathus melanocephalus, C. mollis and C. cinctus is examined in order to stabilize nomenclature in the melanocephalus group of the subgenus Neocalathus. Lectotypes are designated for Carabus melanocephalus Linnaeus and Carabus mollis Marsham. Calathus cinctus Motschulsky appears to be a senior synonym of Calathus erythroderus Gemminger & Harold nov. svn.

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Introduction

The taxonomic status and the identification of the West Palearctic representatives of the socalled *melanocephalus* group of the subgenus *Neocalathus* Ball & Negre of the genus *Calathus* Bonelli have given many problems (see Aukema (1990) for a review).

Lucht (1987) lists two species, both represented by two subspecies: melanocephalus, represented by melanocephalus melanocephalus (Linnaeus) and melanocephalus alpinus Dejean, and mollis, represented by mollis mollis (Marsham) and mollis erythroderus Gemminger & Harold.

Cross-breeding experiments and morphological studies, however, showed that in fact there are three good species: *melanocephalus, mollis* and *erythroderus* (Aukema, 1990).

To stabilize the nomenclature in this group of closely related species the types of the species involved were examined.

Calathus melanocephalus

Carabus melanocephalus was described by Linnaeus in 1758 from "Europe". In the collection of Linnaeus, now in the keeping of the Linnaen Society of London at Burlington House, melanocephalus is represented by a single female, labelled "15 melanocephalus" and "22". Both labels are narrow horizontal stripes. The first one is an original label in the hand of Linnaeus (for a review of Linnaen labels see Day & Fitton, 1978 and Robinson & Schmidt Nielsen, 1983), the number referring to the serial number of *melanocephalus* in the 10th edition of his Systema Naturae (Linnaeus, 1758). The second label, referring to the serial number of *melanocephalus* in the 12th edition of the Systema Naturae (Linnaeus, 1767), was put on the specimen after photographs of the collection have been taken in the 1950s.

The specimen is designated as lectotype by labelling it "Lectotype Carabus melanocephalus Linnaeus/Design. B. Aukema, 1990".

Calathus mollis

Carabus mollis was described by Marsham in 1802 from Ealing, West London. His collection, or at least the bulk of it, was purchased in 1820 by J. F. Stephens and bought in 1853 by the British Museum (Natural History), London (Hammond, 1972).

Stephens' collection contains a small box with fourteen unlabelled specimens (seven males and seven females, all long winged) of *mollis*. A male was designated as lectotype by labelling it "Lectotype Carabus mollis

Marsham/Design. B. Aukema, 1990". The vesica and right paramere were dissected and glued to the card holding the specimen.

Silfverberg (1977), however, showed that mollis Marsham is a junior primary homonym of Carabus mollis Ström, 1768 (now in the synonymy of Cymindus vaporariorum (Linnaeus) and replaced it by its senior synonym ochropterus (Duftschmid, 1812). Unfortunately the collection of Duftschmid is not traceable (Gusenleitner, 1984), and the identity of ochropterus could not be checked. Since it is very unlikely that ochropterus, described from the Schneeberg near Vienna, Austria, represents the same taxon (mollis is limited to coastal dunes and inland blown sands and does not occur in Austria at all, see Aukema, 1990), and since mollis is a well-established name for this species, the International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature will be requested to preserve the name mollis Marsham for this species (Aukema & Luff, 1990).

Calathus cinctus (= Calathus erythroderus syn. nov.)

Gautier des Cottes (1868) described *Calathus* ruficollis from Sicily. Gemminger & Harold (1868), however, in preparing their catalog, found this name preoccupied by the Nearctic *C. ruficollis* Dejean, 1828 and replaced it by erythroderus (Gautier des Cottes (1869): erythroderus (sic!)). Despite special efforts the *Calathus* types of Gautier des Cottes could not be traced.

Vereshchagina (1985) in her revision of the genus *Calathus* in the USSR synonymised *C. cinctus* Motschulsky, 1850, described from the Caucasus, with *C. mollis*. Since *mollis* is not known from the Caucasus, nor from eastern Europe (Aukema, 1990), records of *mollis* from this region generally will concern *erythroderus*. A check of the lectotype of *cinctus*, kept at the Museum of Moscow University, confirmed this opinion. The male (vesica and right paramere dissected and glued on a separate card) bears four labels: "Derbent", "Calathus cinctus m./ Erivan", "Lectotypus Calathus cinctus Motsch./design. T. Vereschagina"

and "Calathus mollis Marsh./T. Vereschagina det.". Since *cinctus* Motschulsky is a senior synonym of *erythroderus* Gemminger & Harold, the valid name for this taxon accordingly is *cinctus*.

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