Options for sustainable soil management from an agro-ecological perspective

Experience from the Netherlands

25 February, Janjo de Haan







Farming in the Netherlands









Soils play role in many societal challenges



European Union



- Mission board on soil health and food
- Farm to form strategy
- Climate & Energy Policy Framework







Linking soil management and soil challenges

Climate smart sustainable soil management

- > water storage & efficiency
- control soil erosion & degradation
- > soil biodiversity
- > soil structure
- > nutrient management
- > SOM management & Csequestration

Land management

- Agricultural systems
- · Crops and crop rotation
- Tillage and traffic
- Organic matter management

• ***

Primary soil functions

- Primary production
- Water storage & regulation
- Habitat for biodiversity
- Nutrient cycling
- Carbon sequestration and climate regulation

Soil challenges

- Maintain/increase SOC
- Avoid N₂O/CH₄-emissions
- Avoid soil sealing
- Avoid soil erosion

....

Objectives

- Climate change mitigation
- Climate adaptation
- Sustainable production
- Sustainable environment

Adapted from Roadmap EJP SOIL

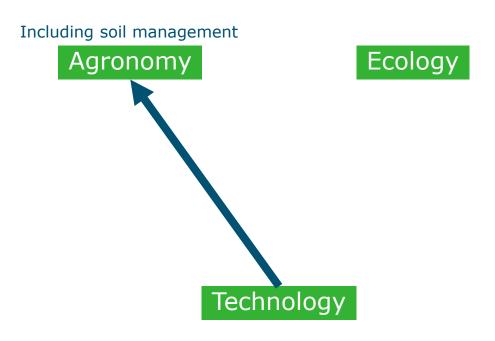
Agro-ecology farming systems perspective

Current situation

Ecology not used

Leading to:

- Large monocultures
- Maximizing production
- More inputs
- Large external effects
- Domination by technology





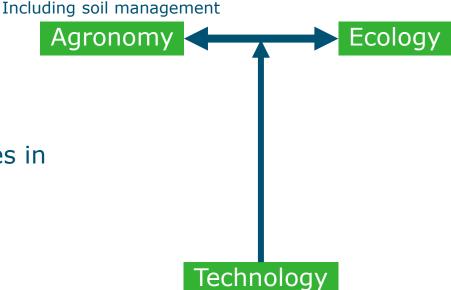
Agro-ecology farming systems perspective

Desired situation

Use of ecology

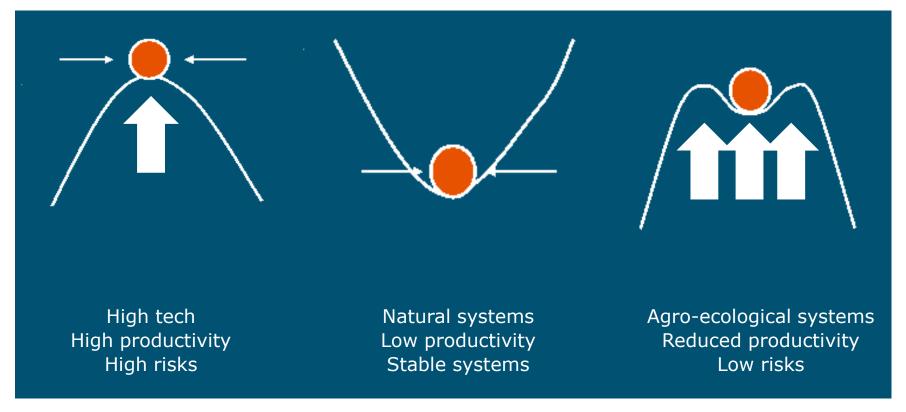
Leading to:

- Use of ecological principles in agronomy
- Equal or better profit on longterm
- Technology serving agronomy & ecology





High tech or agro-ecological

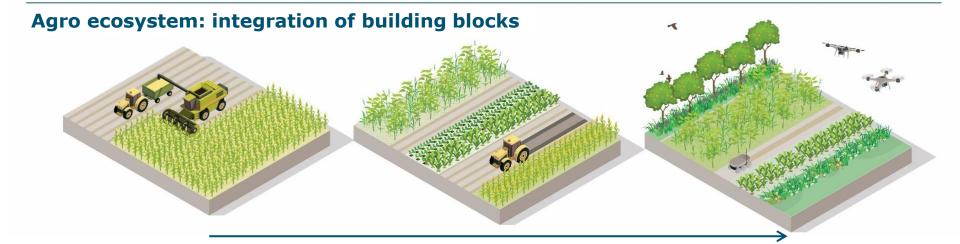




Agro-ecology building blocks & system integration

Buiding blocks





Controlled Traffic Farming







Non inversion tillage on clay (left) & sand (right)



Organic matter management



Strip cropping and crop diversification





Thank you for your attention

janjo.dehaan@wur.nl



