### Postharvest treatment

Enabling Quality Controlled Logistics Eelke Westra, Feb 6<sup>th</sup>







### Transform to a new fresh food system



Current situation: "One size fits all"

Commodities with equal size, taste and shelf life.

Potential of products is not optimally used



### Transform to a new fresh food system



We aim to perfectly match <u>quality</u> of <u>fresh produce</u> to <u>consumer demands</u> and preferences in a sustainable way



### Who am I

#### Eelke Westra

Programm Manager Postharvest Quality @

### Wageningen UR

Postharvest Scientist, 17 years experience in the field of fruit, vegetables and cut-flowers





### Wageningen University & Research





- Global # 1 in AgroFood
- "A university for the world, and not simply for the Dutch"
- 45% of graduate students from abroad, representing > 100 nations
- University <u>AND</u> Contract Research Organisation



www.nationalgeographic.com/magazine/2017/09/holland-agriculture-sustainable-farming/

### 80+ Years of Postharvest Research: #1 Worldwide

1936

Foundation IBVT by prof. A.M. Sprenger





1966

Renamed Sprenger Institute







1990

Renamed ATO-DLO



WFBR − Renewed facilities (PHENOMEA)

DCS<sup>TM</sup>







Sea freight

Utilisation of postharvest data

Big data & AI

QUEST™

Application of postharvest sensors

Sensing technology

Development postharvest physiology

Ethylene and CA technology

Packaging technology

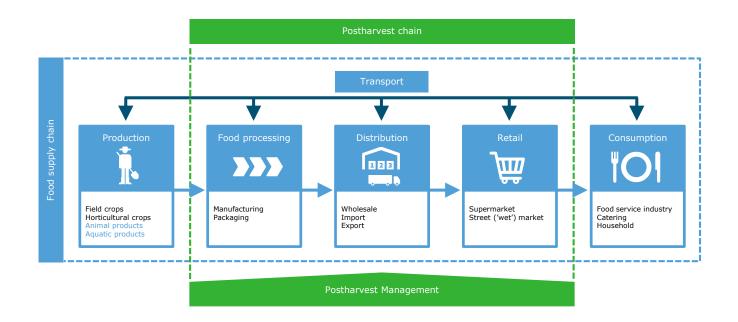
Development postharvest handling

Cooling technology

Development basic postharvest systems

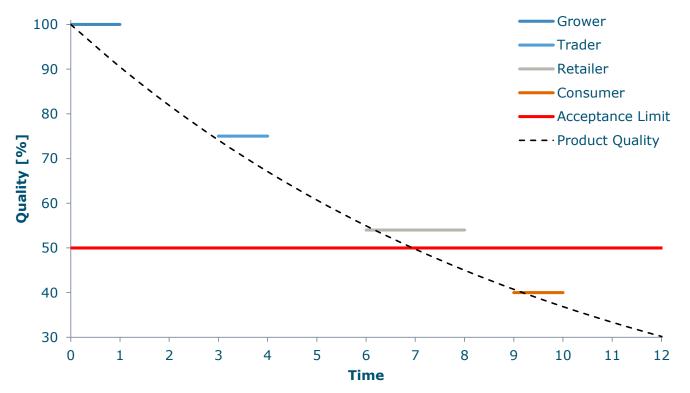


### Postharvest in Supply Chains



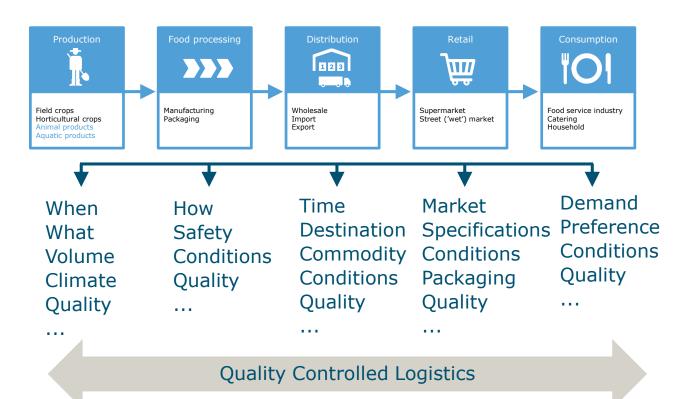


## Quality in a supply chain





### Control points in the Supply Chain





### Quality controlled Logistics

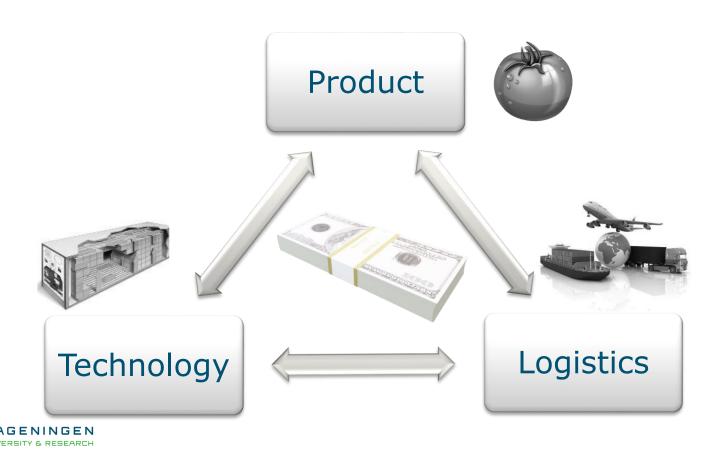
- What are the key quality attributes
  - From a consumers perspective!

- How to measure this in a supply chain
  - Starting in the orchard

How to create optimal conditions to preserve quality



### Post harvest treatments



### Objective Quality Measurements

### Objective phenotyping (Sensors):

- ✓ Consistent standardized methods
- ✓ Repeatable, at different locations
- ✓ Non-destructive
- ✓ Ability to follow and compare over time
- ✓ Quantification of subtle differences
- ✓ Early detection of invisible differences









### Chain conditions

	Temperature			
Distribution [days]	8°C	10°C	12°C	18°C
9	++	++	+	
11	++	+	+	
14	+	+	/ +	
17	+	/ +		
19	/+	/ +		



### Packaging – multiple functions



















# Disorders (some examples)



Shrivelling



Skin spots



Chilling injury



CO<sub>2</sub> Injury



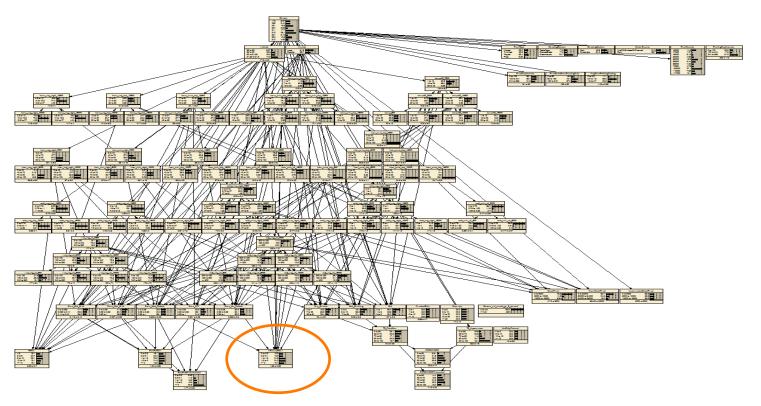
Fungal growth (Botrytis)



Pink discolouration



## Decission making





# What do you really want to control?





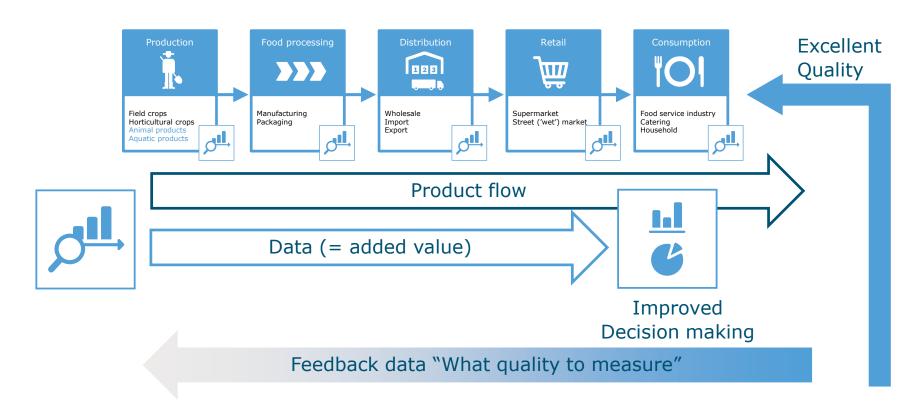
OR

Tasty delicious products

Prevention of disorders



### Future outlook: Quality controlled logistics





# Finding answers together

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#### **Eelke Westra**

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**Postharvest Quality** 



