Boosting
European Citizens'
Knowledge and Awareness
of Bio-Economy
Research and Innovation

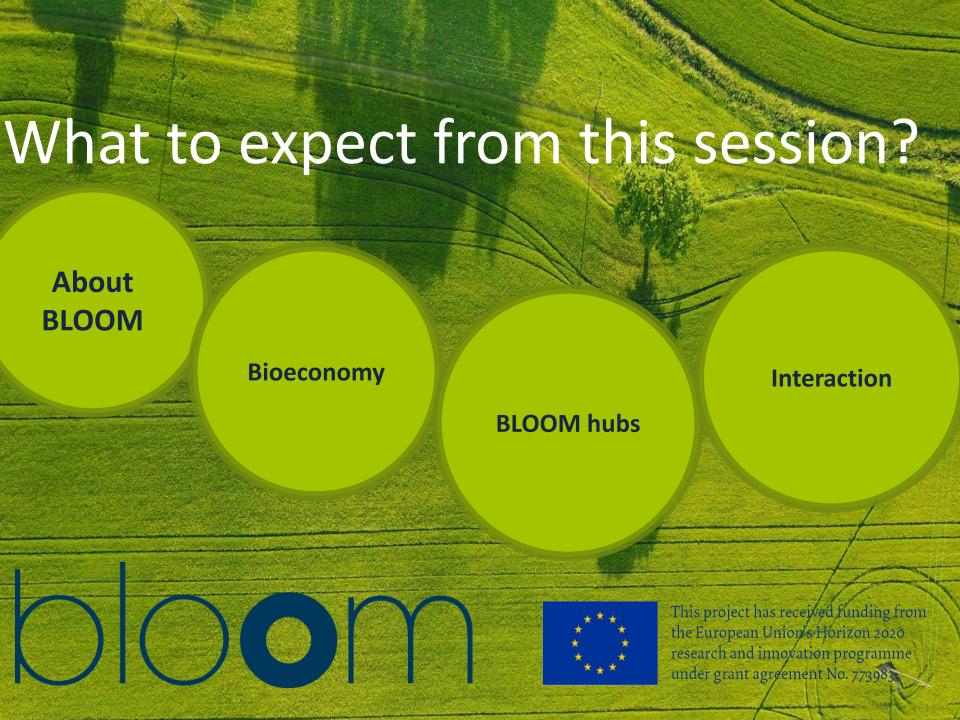
BLOOM – Strengthening the public awareness of bioeconomy in EU regions

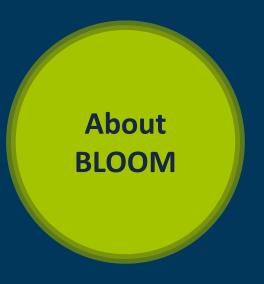
Judith Feichtinger (ZSI, Austria) Harriette Bos (WR, Netherlands)

European Week of Regions and Cities 7-10 October 2019, Brussels









Objective: Raising awareness and enhancing knowledge on bioeconomy research and innovation

Duration: 3 years, starting in Nov 2017

Funding: Horizon 2020 (CSA), 2,4 million €

Partners: 12 partners from 8 European countries





























About BLOOM

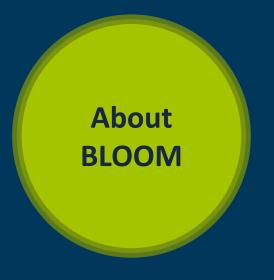
BLOOM hubs

Five regional hubs foster public engagement in the bioeconomy

Co-creation: collaboratively create ideas on how to communicate to target groups

Outreach: co-created and adapted to regional needs





BLOOM school network

BLOOM School Box: new bioeconomy teaching resources for STEM classes, online available: http://www.scientix.eu/resources

BLOOM MOOC: "Boosting bioeconomy knowledge in schools" in spring 2019. The course gave educators a fresh perspective into the bioeconomy field and its application in STEM subjects. The course content is online available: https://bit.ly/BLOOM-MOOC







Dr Harriëtte Bos Wageningen Research

Bioeconomy

EUWRC

Brussels 8-10-2019







What is bioeconomy?

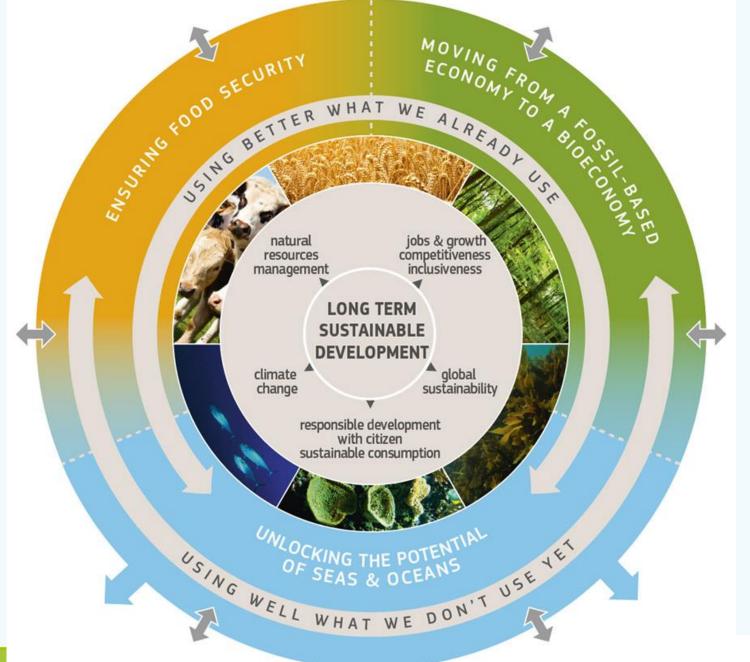
EU definition:

 Bioeconomy is the production of renewable biological resources and the conversion of these resources and waste streams into value added products, such as food, feed, bio-based products and bioenergy.











Why a bio(based) economy?

- 30 years ago: agricultural overproduction in EU
- 20 years ago: environmental issues
- 10 years ago: oil supply, climate change, geopolitics, economic potential
- Now: circular economy and climate change

Review



Beyond agrification: twenty five years of policy and innovation for non-food application of renewable resources in the Netherlands





Bio(based) Economy

- What are the present drivers for a Bio(based) Economy?
 - Sustainable prosperity and employment: strong and green economy
 - Positioning of our (EU) position in the world market
 - Geo-politics, independency of other countries
 - Reduction of energy, global warming, green house effect
 - Innovation for a strong (sustainable) competitive position
 - Flexibility of biomass resources and cost reduction in the future
 - Efficient use of biomass resources







Biomass

 The basis of Bioeconomy

 Crops, side streams wood, marine, etc



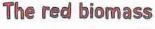
The green biomass

Green leaves of e.g. grass, clover and beets

WWW MARRATA

The blue biomass

what we can get from the sea (fish, seaweed, clams, etc.)





All we can get out of residues from animal meat production

The gray biomass

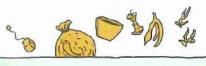
Residues from industrial processing of feed and food



The brown biomass

The organic content of sewage sludge





The new biomass



The organic biomasse



For all color types, great potential exist in collecting residues from the organic production; and there are exciting new opportunities by growing fungi or insects on biological debris. This creates new protein-containing biomasses!

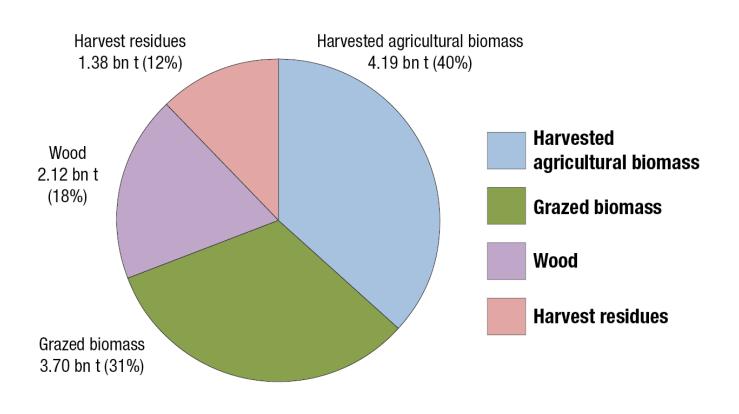






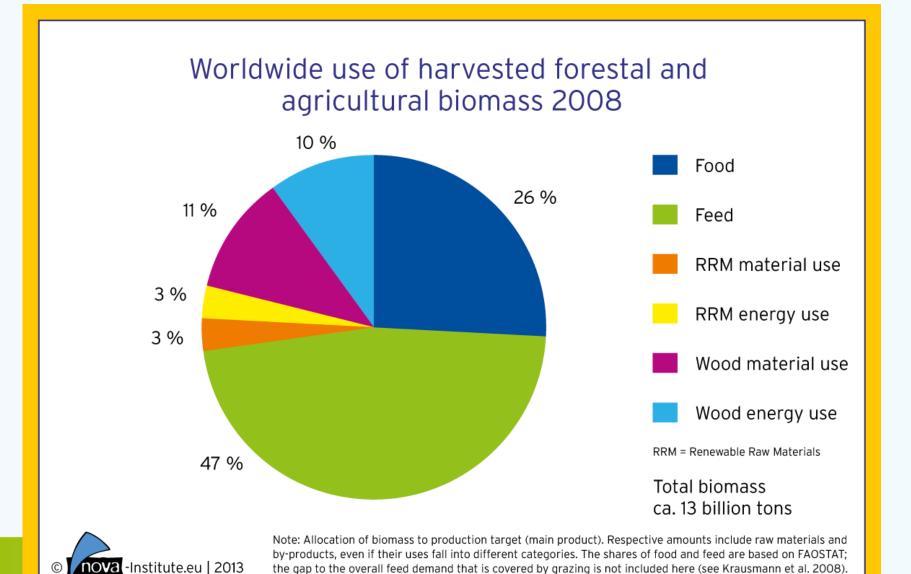
Global biomass supply 2011

Global biomass supply 2011 by sources, Total: 11.4 bn t dry matter



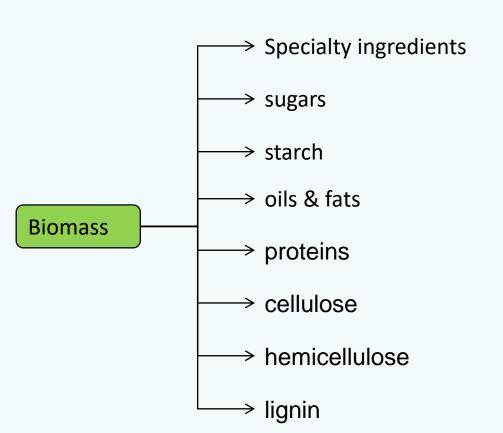


Application of harvested biomass worldwide



What can we do with biomass

Composition:



Application:

food

feed

energy

materials

chemical building blocks







Classification non-food applications

Green resources supply us with:

- Materials:
 - fibres for paper, fabrics and composites
 - wood for timber and energy
- Substances:
 - starch for plastics, glues and additives
 - bio-oil for paints, inks and transport fuels
- Chemical building blocks:
 - lactic acid for additives and polymers
 - ethanol for fuel and plastics
 - furans for resins and fuels













Tomato stems for cardboard







Dia: Edwin Keijsers

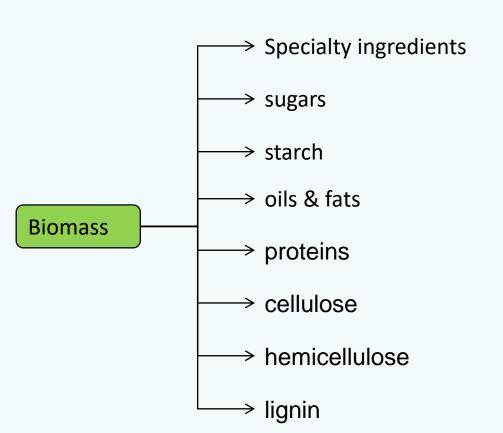






What can we do with biomass

Composition:



Application:

food

feed

energy

materials

chemical building blocks





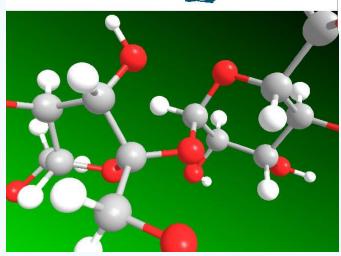


Can we replace all petrochemical products

Green building blocks for biobased plastics

PAULIEN HARMSEN AND MARTIJN HACKMANN





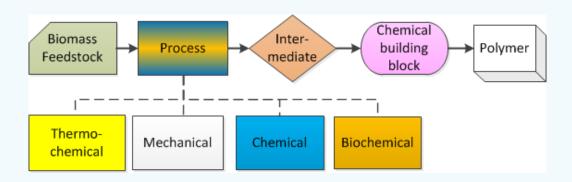
Perspective



Green building blocks for bio-based plastics

Paulien F. H. Harmsen, Martijn M. Hackmann and Harriëtte L. Bos, Wageningen UR-FBR, the Netherlands

Received August 5, 2013; revised November 25, 2013 and accepted November 29, 2013 View online at Wiley Online Library (wileyonlinelibrary.com); DOI: 10.1002/bbb.1468; Biofuels Bioprod Bioref (2014)



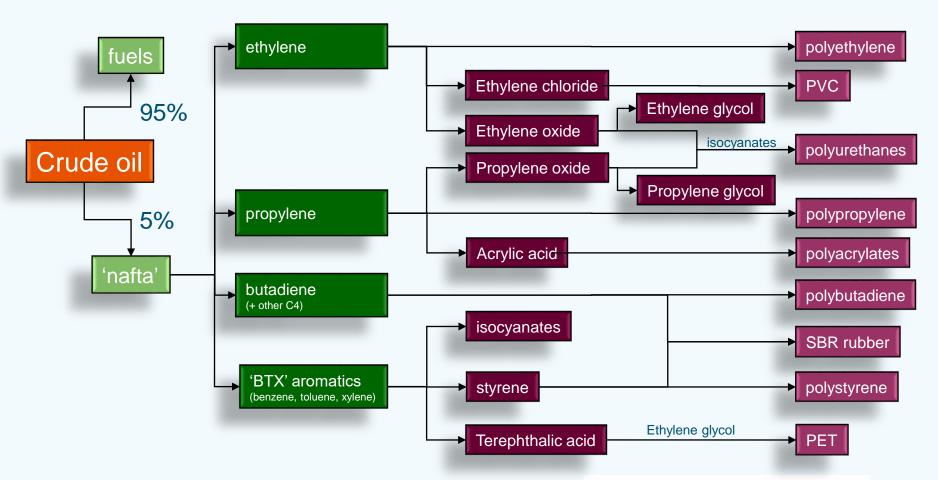
Yes, we can





Present petrochemical industry

Based on only few 'platform chemicals'









Drop-in versus new products

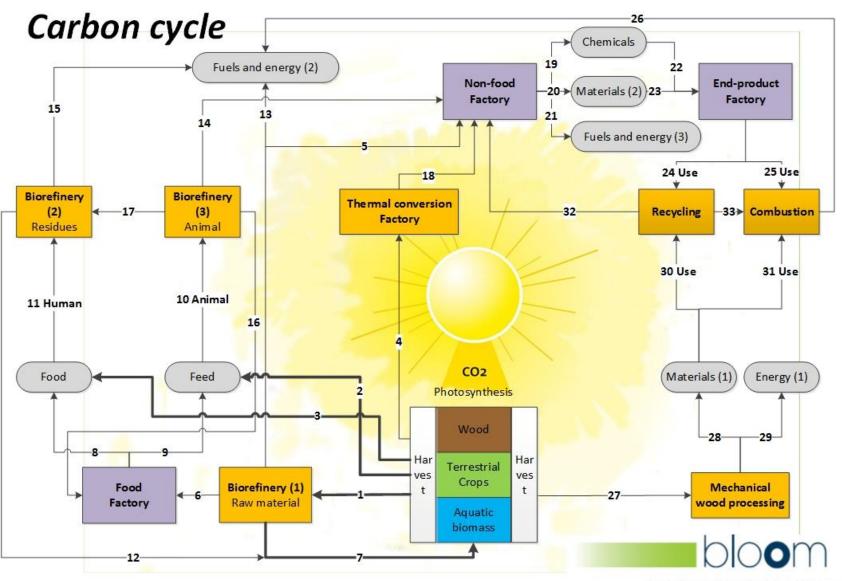
- <u>Drop-in</u> chemicals presently mainly based on sugars or vegetable oils.
 - Drop-in chemicals: current industrial infrastructure
 - Bio-based plastics:
 - Same processing characteristics and properties
 - Established market
 - Recycling in current separation process
- New bio-based chemicals:
 - New building blocks (difficult/impossible from fossil)
 - New biobased plastic with unique characteristics
 - New market







General overview of the bioeconomy



BLOOM Hubs

 Bloom hubs focus on different parts of the bioeconomy scheme

 Bloom hubs relate to the regions by focusing on subjects within bioeconomy that are relevant for that region







BLOOM hubs

Five **BLOOM hubs** form communities of practice. They are led by consortium partners who invite and involve network partners, such as regional triple helix partners and other bioeconomy stakeholders.





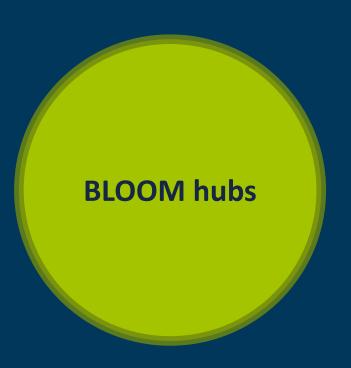












Interview with

Remco Kranendonk (Dutch hub, WR)
Norbert Steinhaus (German hub,
WILAB)

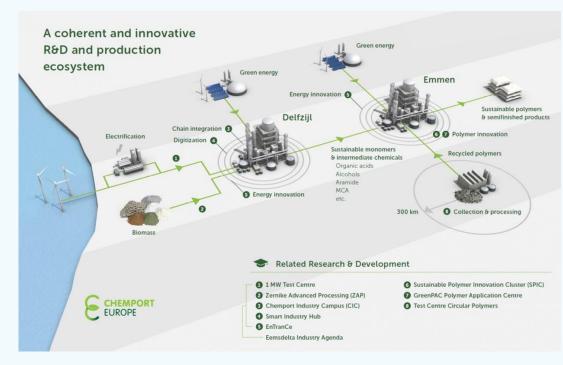




Regional Hub North of the Netherlands

Regional Innovation Strategy

- Bioplastics focus on yarn production
- Wood and sunflower oil BioBTX
 Glycerine Terephthalic acid –
 Aramide yarn
- Recycling: rPet
- Potentials on valorisation of sugars (beets)









Regional Strategy

Facilities:

- Emmtec Industry & Business Park
- Chemport Industry Campus Emmen
- BERNN cluster of research and education partners
- NHL Stenden Biobased Lab facility

Sustainable Fibers and products:

- bioPET30 and bioPET100 (EFRO project bioBTX)
- PLA yarns (compostable tie up yarn)
- PBS bio degradable yarns
- rPET industrial fibers (ropes, nets, small fabrics)
- rPET carpet yarn (BCF)
- rPET textile Yarns (fine titer)
- rPET flame out yarns















Stakeholders

Who is active in BLOOM – from triple helix to quadruple helix

- Government (Municipality of Emmen, Provinces of Drenthe and Groningen)
- Research and educational institutions: NHL Stenden HEI, vocational training
- CSO: IVN, NMF, SBB environmental
- Business: Emmtech Campus
- Intermediates: organizers of sustainable events
- Communication specialists

Identified Barriers and Needs

- Reach out to general public
- Biobased economy school modules
- Scale up business activities
- Attract talent, investments
- Enhance the regional profile









Co-Creation and Outreach

- Educational materials for schools and students in Emmen region
- Masterclass for different target groups
- Gallery Walks: exhibition with information panels about bioeconomy in general and bioeonomy in Emmen Region
- Biobased cups at events and festivals
- Dutch Design Week: www.ddw.nl









Contact - Links

Hub Coordinator

Remco Kranendonk, Wageningen Research Remco.Kranendonk@wur.nl



https://www.chemport.eu/ www.greenpac.eu/en/

Stay tuned – Join – Participate!







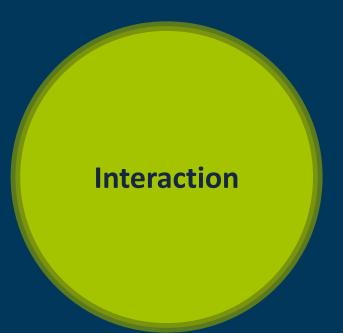
BLOOM hubs

Interview questions

•••







Questions and answers
Interact with BLOOM
Visit our Stand Green 04





Thank you and stay connected!

Stay updated how BLOOM is engaging EU citizens and civil society in the bioeconomy via the project website, our newsletter and social media:

www.bloom-bioeconomy.eu facebook.com/bloomEU

Twitter: @bloom_eu

YouTube: BLOOM Bioeconomy

Podcasts on Spotify



