Crossbred information: relevant for all species or for none?

STW - Breed4Food partnership program meeting

Yvonne Wientjes

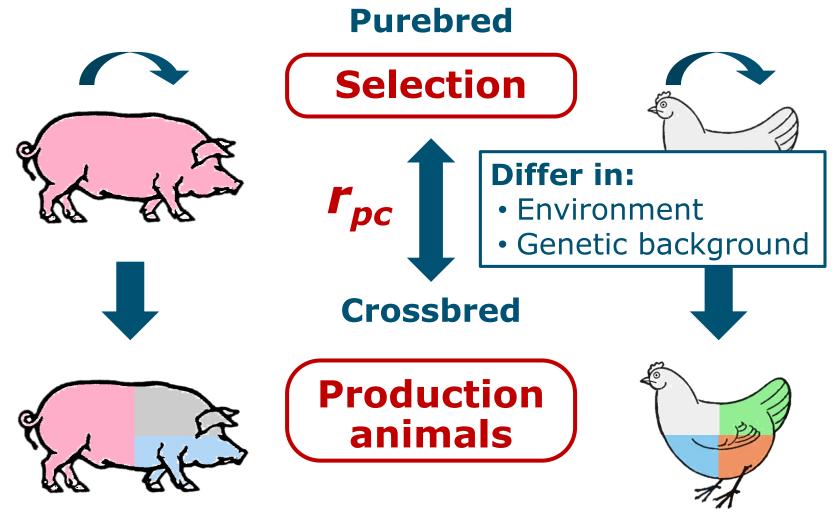
May 22, 2019







Purebreds versus crossbreds





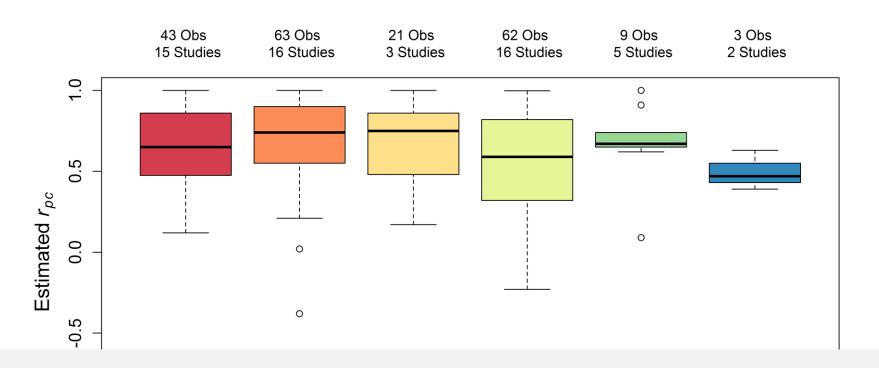








r_{pc} estimates in pigs





Trait category

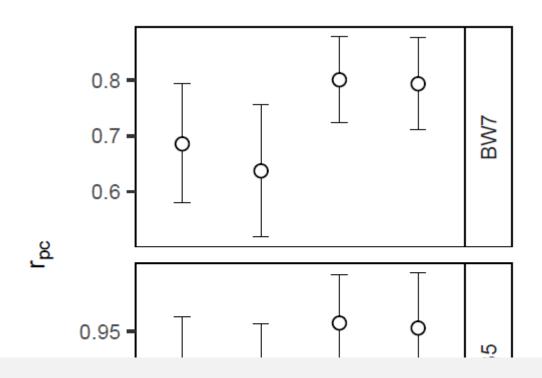




r_{pc} estimates in chicken

Broilers

Different methods to estimate r_{pc}



 r_{pc} : 0.6-0.95

CO.U



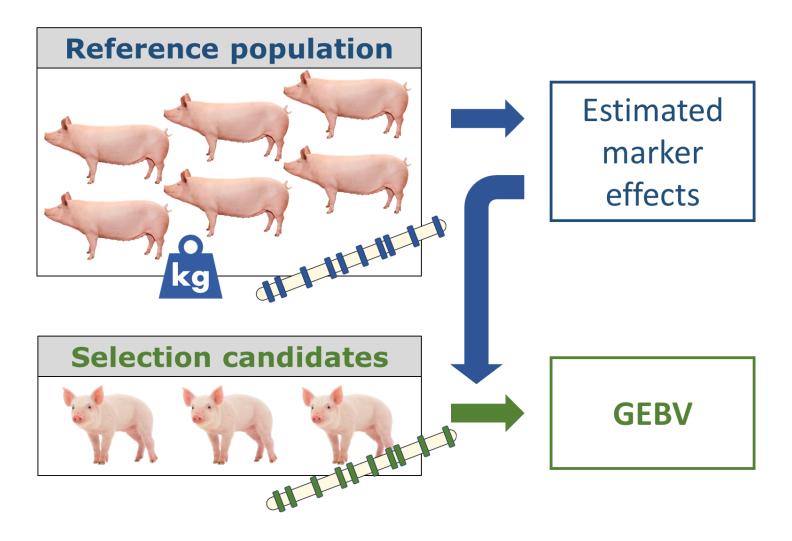








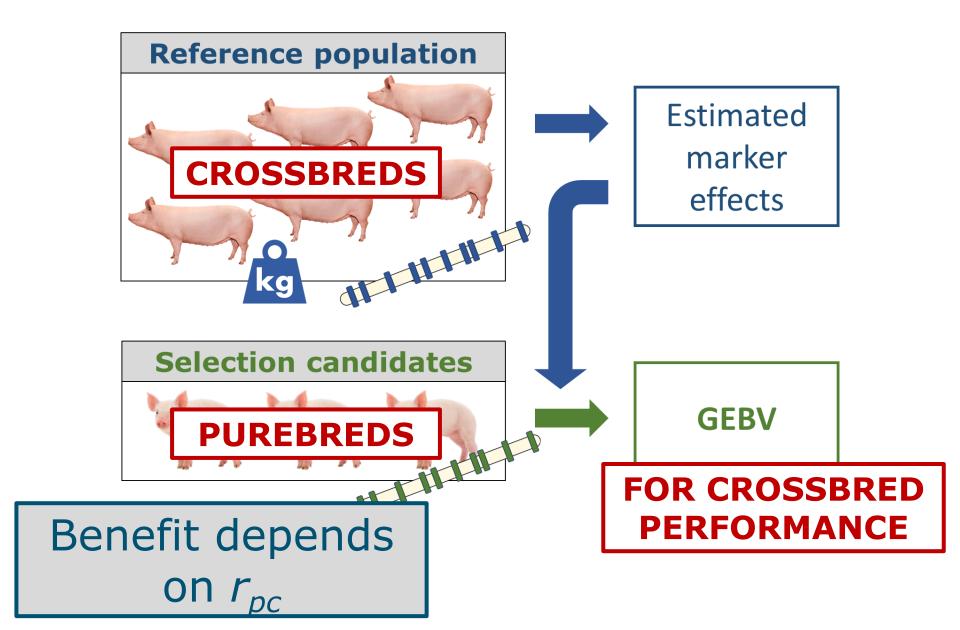
Genomic prediction



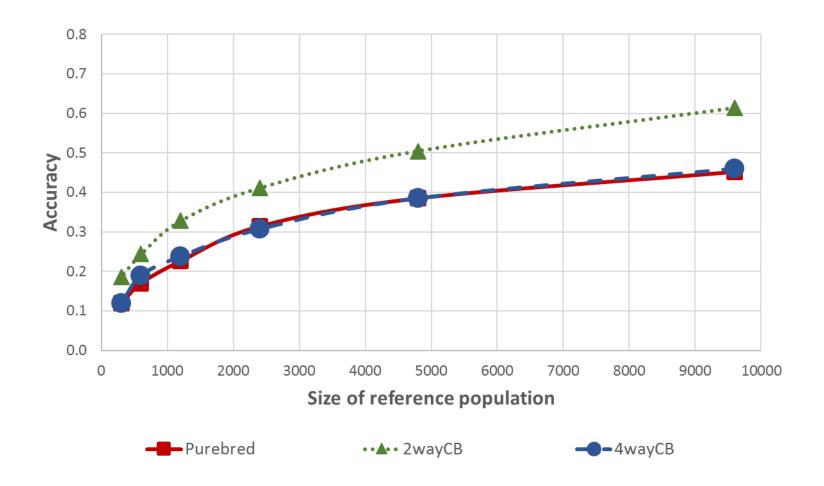




Genomic prediction for crossbred performance



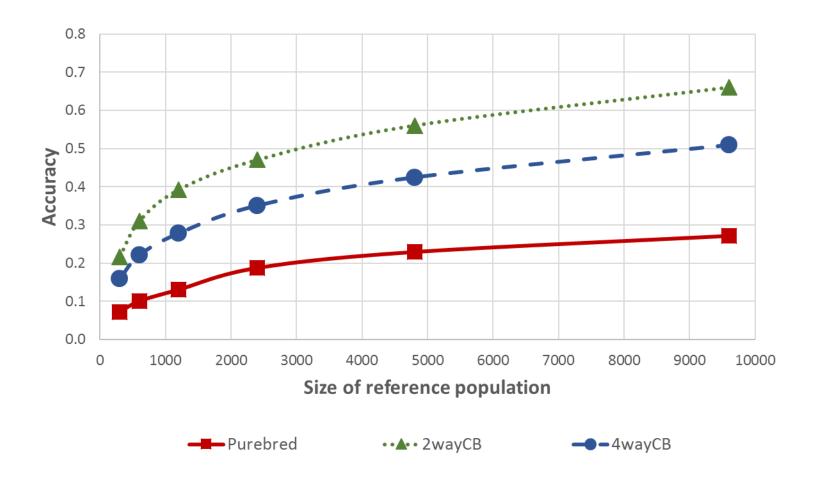
Accuracies with r_{pc} of 0.75







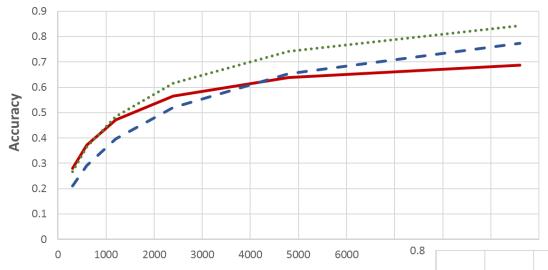
Accuracies with r_{pc} of 0.5







Predicted versus Empirical accuracy (r_{pc} =0.75)



Predicted accuracy

$$r = r_{pc} \sqrt{\frac{Nh^2}{Nh^2 + M_e}}$$

Size of reference population

Purebred ····· 2wayCB

0.7 0.6 Accuracy 0.5 0.3 0.1 0.0 1000 2000 3000 4000 5000 6000 7000 8000 9000 10000 Size of reference population

Empirical accuracy





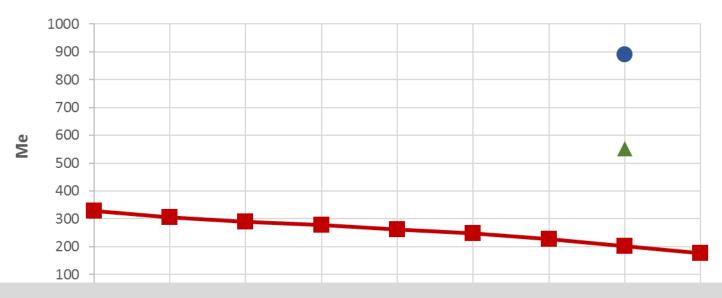






Number of independent chromosome segments (M_e)

Me with selection candidates in generation 9

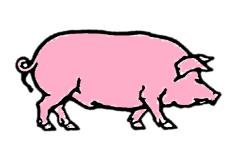


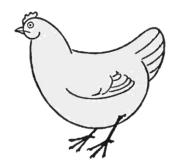
 M_e 2wayCB $\sim 2 M_e$ PB M_e 4wayCB $\sim 4 M_e$ PB

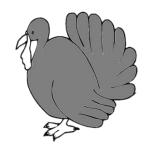


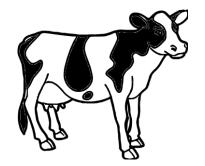


Based on simulations, but what about actual populations?













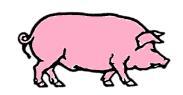




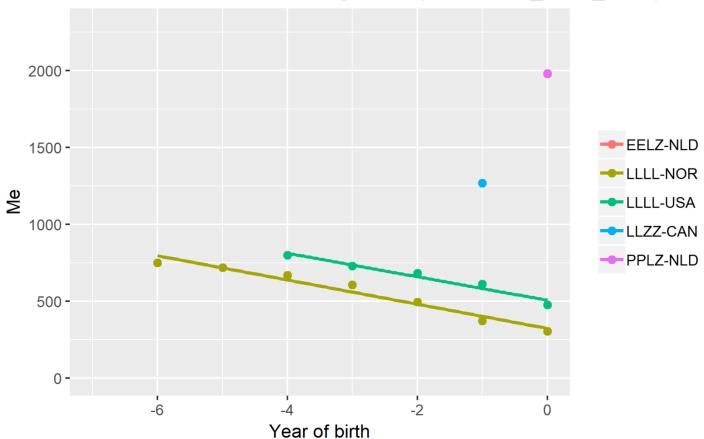




M_e in pigs



Number of chromosome segments (core=LLLL_2017_NOR)









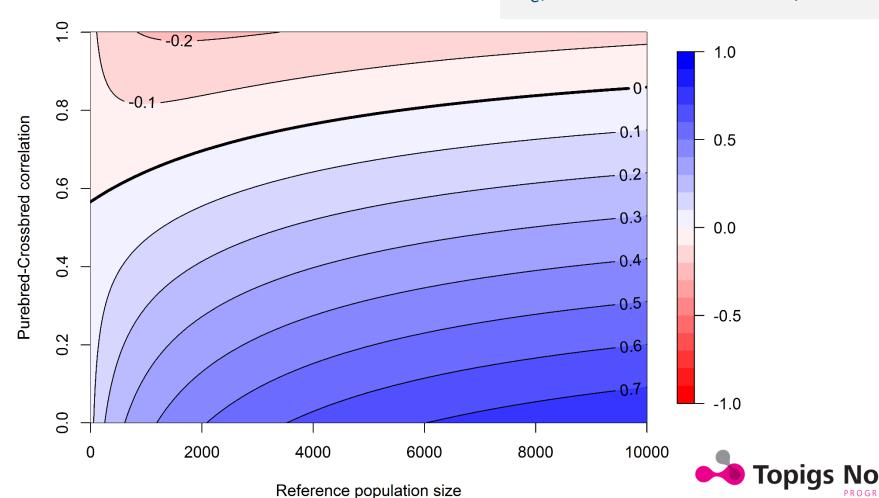
Pigs – 2way Crossbreds

Assumptions

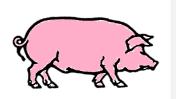
$$M_{e}$$
, PB = 500 h^2 , PB = 0.25 M_{e} , PB-CB = 1250 h^2 , CB = 0.2

$$h^2$$
, PB = 0.25

$$h^2$$
, CB = 0.2

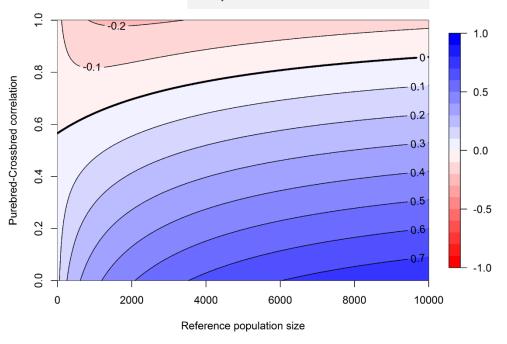


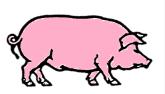
Pigs



2way CB

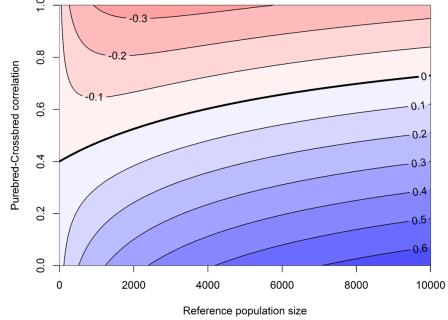
$$M_{e}$$
, PB = 500
 M_{e} , PB-CB = 1250
 h^{2} , PB = 0.25
 h^{2} , CB = 0.2





3way CB

 M_{e} , PB = 500 M_{e} , PB-CB = 2500 h^{2} , PB = 0.25 h^{2} , CB = 0.2

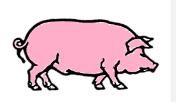






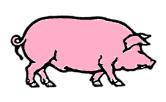


Pigs, effect *h*²



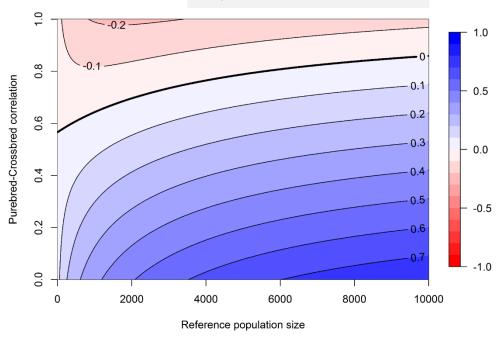
High h²

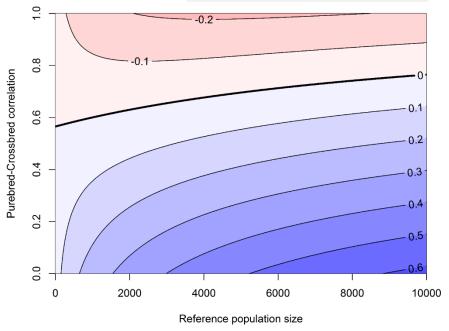
 M_{e} , PB = 500 M_{e} , PB-CB = 1250 h^{2} , PB = 0.25 h^{2} , CB = 0.2



Low h²

 M_{e} , PB = 500 M_{e} , PB-CB = 2500 h^{2} , PB = 0.10 h^{2} , CB = 0.08



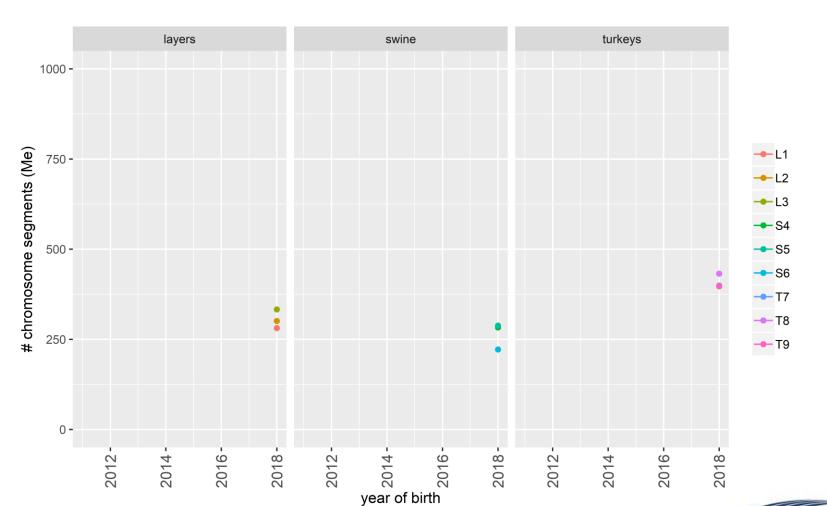




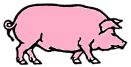




M_e in layers, swine and turkey







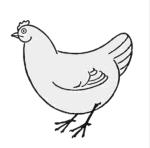








Chicken & Turkey – 2way Crossbreds



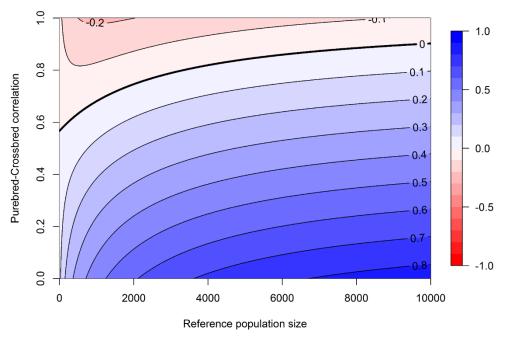
Layers

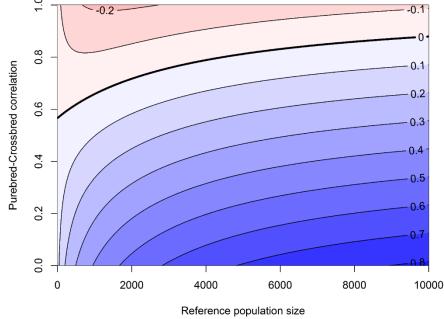
 M_{e} , PB = 300 M_{e} , PB-CB = 750 h^{2} , PB = 0.25 h^{2} , CB = 0.2



Turkey

 M_e , PB = 400 M_e , PB-CB = 1000 h^2 , PB = 0.25 h^2 , CB = 0.2











Benefit of crossbred information?

YES!!!

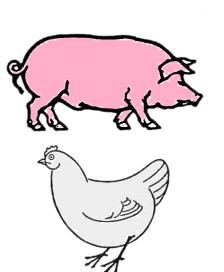
And benefit is higher when:

- r_{pc} is lower
- Reference population is larger
- h^2 is higher
- $\bullet M_e$ is lower (RP and SC more related)

One 4wayCB can be used for 4 lines









Cattle







Breeding goal: Purebred and crossbred

performance

Selection: Purebreds and crossbreds

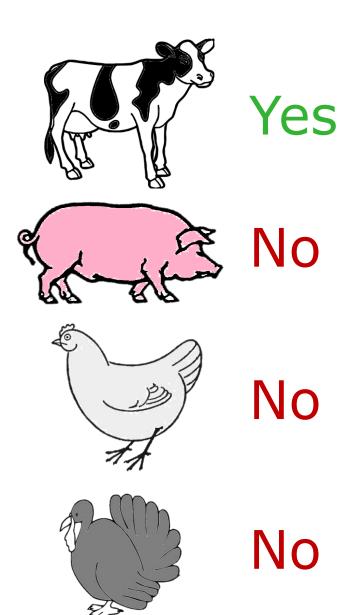
Breeding value: Purebred and crossbred info







Status: Use of crossbred info?





What is still needed?









Challenges for using CB info

- €€€
- Genotyping PB also as selection candidates
- Validation not yet convincing
 - How to validate?
- Time for breeding value estimation
- More accurate phenotypes of purebreds
- Development of appropriate methods

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Thanks for your attention

Remarks/ Questions?







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