



DEVELOPMENT OF A VALID JUDGMENT BIAS TEST FOR DAIRY COWS

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BACKGROUND

The judgment bias test (JBT) is a commonly used method to assess affect, a component of animal welfare.

JBT relies on the idea that an animal shows relative positive anticipatory behaviours in response to an ambiguous cue (A), when it is in a positive affect.

Similarly, negative affect results in negative anticipatory behaviours.

OBJECTIVE

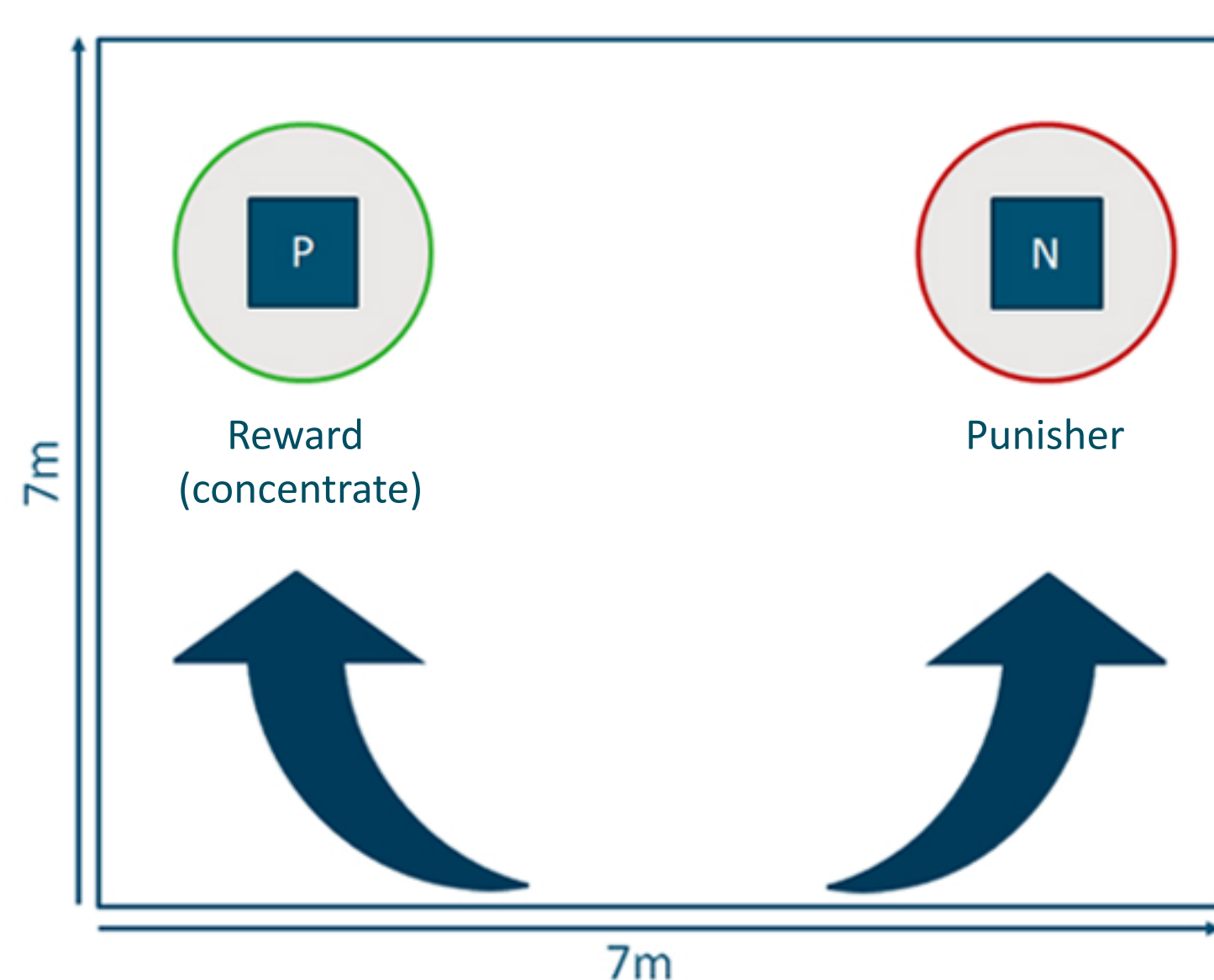
Develop a practical and sensitive JBT for dairy cows



METHODS

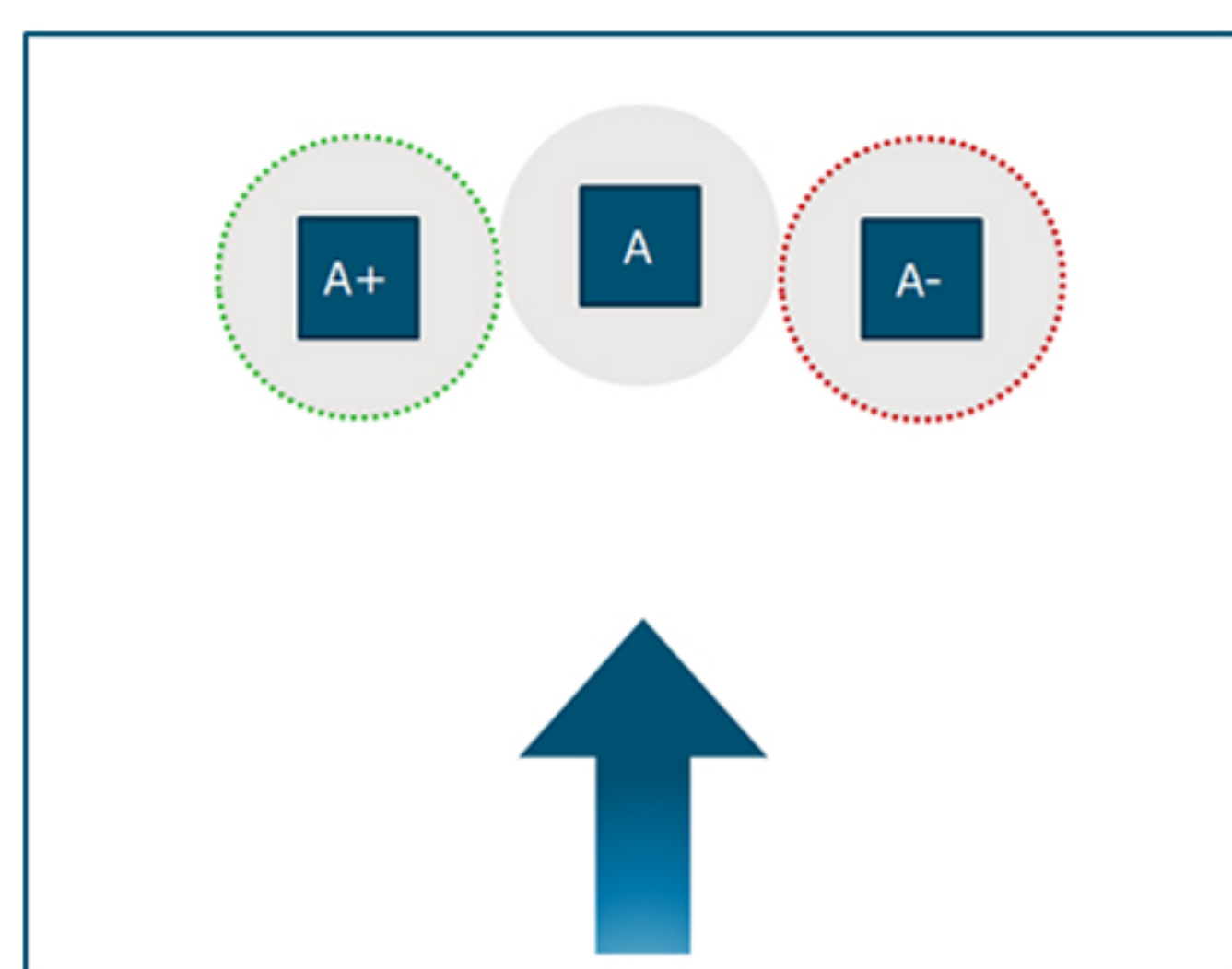
TRAINING SESSIONS:

Criteria positive cue (P): Go within 20s
Criteria negative cue (N): No-Go for 90s



TESTING SESSIONS:

Cows face 3 ambiguous cues, placed between (P) and (N): A+, A, A-



ANIMALS: 36 late-lactation Holstein x Friesian cows (parity 1-3)



JBT-1 (n=12)

No-reward

JBT-2 (n=12)

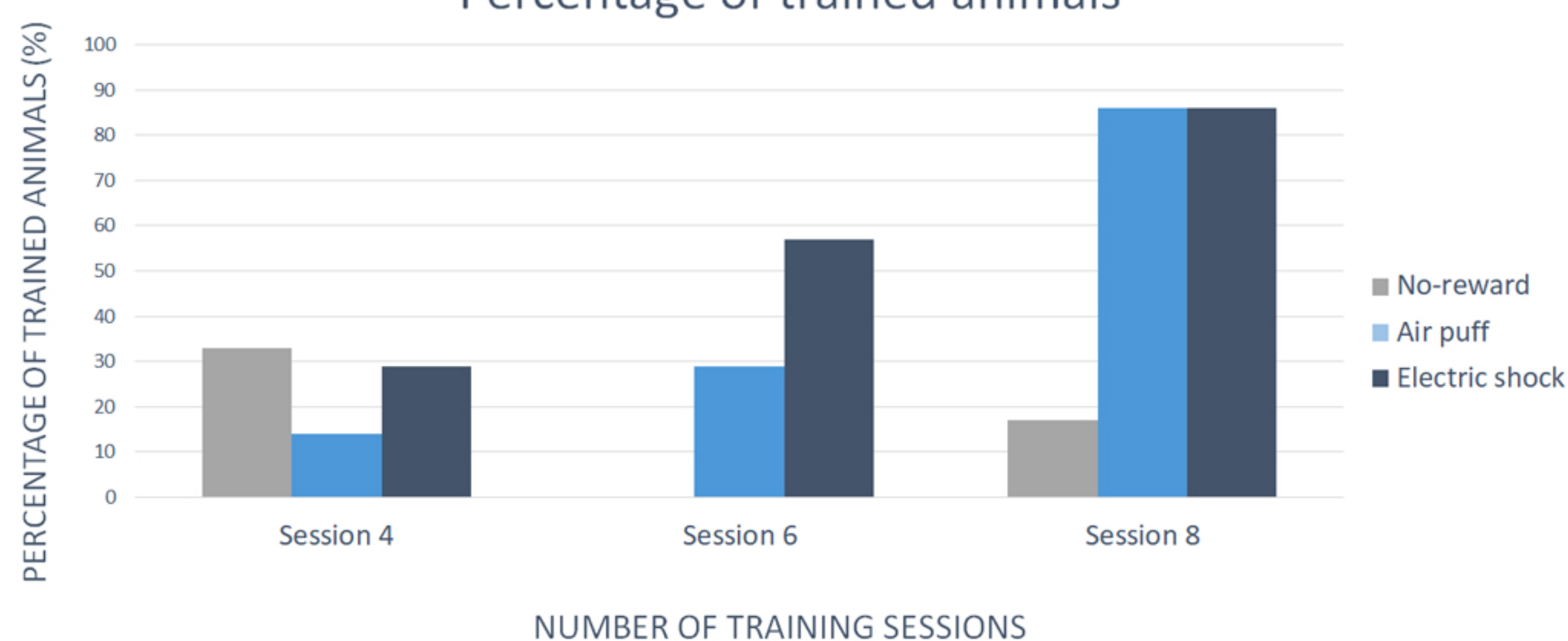
Air puff sound (5bar)

JBT-3 (n=12)

Electric shock (450V)

PRELIMINARY RESULTS AND CONCLUSIONS

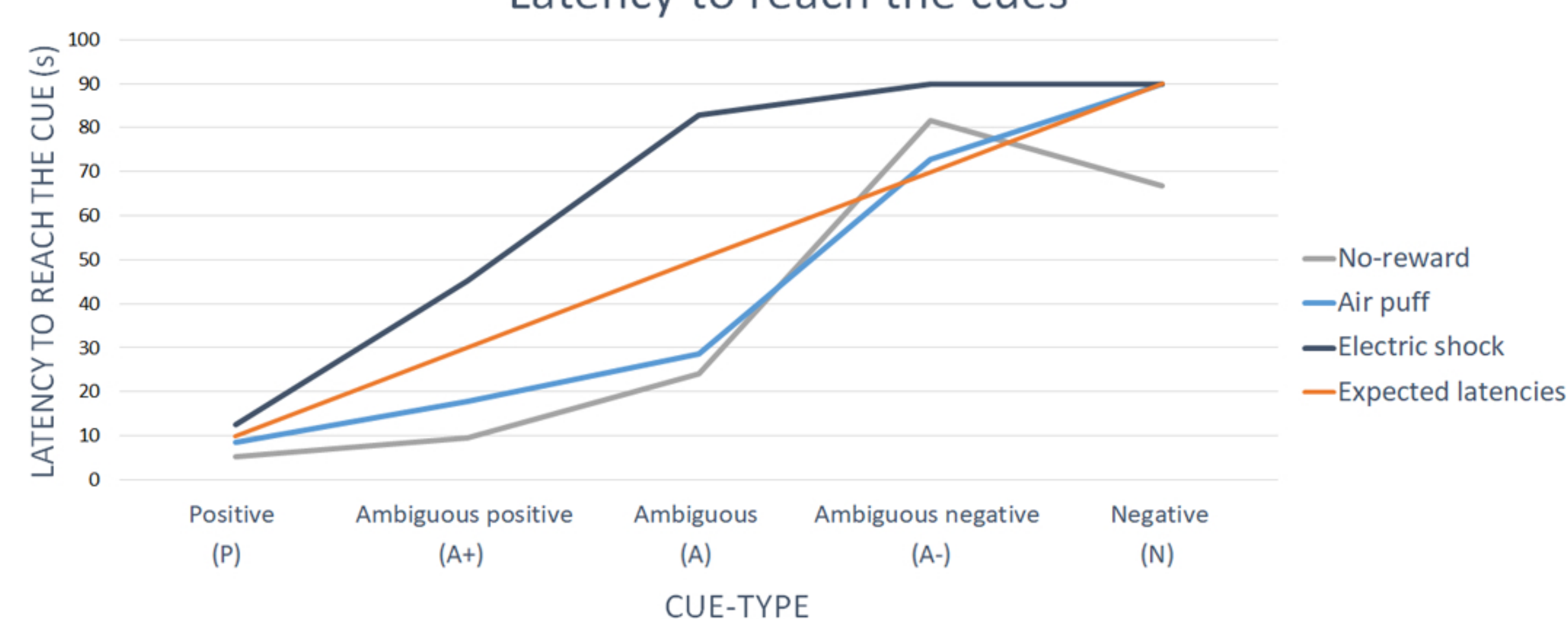
Percentage of trained animals



Cows did not learn to discriminate the positive cue from the negative cue, with the « no-reward » treatment.

No-reward would not be a practical punisher for dairy cows.

Latency to reach the cues



Responses to the ambiguous (A) and the ambiguous negative (A-) cue-types are higher than the expectations, for the electric shock treatment. The electric shock would not be associated with a sensitive JBT.

