Martin Brink, CGN 2 mei 2017





ABS landschap

Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD, 1993)





■ Nagoya Protocol (2014)



■ EU wetgeving (2014)



Verordening 511/2014
Uitvoeringsverordening
EU Leidraad
Sectorspecifieke leidraden











Gebruikers in NL



EU Verordening 511/2014



Art. 2(2):

"Deze verordening is niet van toepassing op genetische rijkdommen waarvan de toegang en verdeling van voordelen zijn geregeld in gespecialiseerde internationale instrumenten die in overeenstemming en niet in strijd zijn met de doel stellingen van het Verdrag en het Protocol van Nagoya."

Overweging 12:

"Het ITPGRFA vormt een gespecialiseerd internationaal instrument voor toegang en verdeling van voordelen in de zin van artikel 4, lid 4, van het Protocol van Nagoya, dat door de regels ter uitvoering van het Protocol van Nagoya onverlet moet worden gelaten."



International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture

Belangrijke elementen

- ABS doelen te bereiken via een multilateraal system (MLS) van uitwisseling van genetische bronnen
- Annex 1: lijst van gewassen die binnen MLS vallen
- Genetische bronnen in MLS beschikbaar voor gebruik en behoud voor onderzoek, veredeling en scholing ten behoeve van voeding en landbouw
- Vergemakkelijkte toegang tot MLS gebaseerd op 'Standard Material Transfer Agreement' (SMTA), die voorwaarden voor leveranciers en ontvangers vastlegt



Multilateraal Systeem



- 'Common pool' van genetische bronnen
- Alleen voor gebruik voor onderzoek, veredeling en scholing voor voeding en landbouw
- Beperkte selectie van gewassen
- Huidige omvang:
 - 508.000 accessies van bij ITPGRFA aangesloten landen
 - 694.000 accessies van CGIAR centra



Food crops

| Cuan | Conuc | Observations |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Crop | Genus | Observations |
| Breadfruit Asparagus | Artocarpus Asparagus | Breadfruit only. |
| Oat | Avena | |
| Beet | Beta | |
| Brassica complex | Brassica et al. | Genera included are: Brassica, Armoracia, Barbarea, Camelina, Crambe, Diplotaxis, Eruca, Isatis, Lepidium, Raphanobrassica, Raphanus, Rorippa, and Sinapis. This comprises oilseed and vegetable crops such as cabbage, apeseed, mustard, cress, rocket, radish, and turnip. The species Lepidium meyenii (maca) is excluded. |
| Pigeon Pea | Cajanus | |
| Chickpea | Cicer | |
| Citrus | Citrus | Genera Poncirus and Fortunella are included as root stock. |
| Coconut | Cocos | |
| Major aroids | Colocasia, Xanthosoma | Major aroids include taro, cocoyam, dasheen and tannia. |
| Carrot | Daucus | |
| Yams | Dioscorea | |
| Finger Millet | Eleusine | |
| Strawberry | Fragaria | |
| Sunflower | Helianthus | |



| Crop | Genus | Observations |
|-------------------|-----------------|---|
| | | |
| Barley | Hordeum | |
| Sweet Potato | Ipomoea | |
| Grass pea | Lathyrus | |
| Lentil | Lens | |
| Apple | Malus | |
| Cassava | Manihot | Manihot esculenta only. |
| Banana / Plantain | Musa | Except Musa textilis. |
| Rice | Oryza | |
| Pearl Millet | Pennisetum | |
| Beans | Phaseolus | Except Phaseolus polyanthus. |
| Pea | Pisum | |
| Rye | Secale | |
| Potato | Solanum | Section tuberosa included, except Solanum phureja. |
| Eggplant | Solanum | Section melongena included. |
| Sorghum | Sorghum | |
| Triticale | Triticosecale | |
| Wheat | Triticum et al. | Including Agropyron, Elymus, and Secale. |
| Faba Bean / Vetch | Vicia | |
| Cowpea et al. | Vigna | |
| Maize | Zea | Excluding Zea perennis, Zea diploperennis, and Zea luxurians. |



Forages Genera **Species** LEGUME FORAGES Astragalus chinensis, cicer, arenarius Canavalia ensiformis Coronilla varia coronarium Hedysarum Lathyrus cicera, ciliolatus, hirsutus, ochrus, odoratus, sativus Lespedeza cuneata, striata, stipulacea corniculatus, subbiflorus, uliginosus Lotus albus, angustifolius, luteus Lupinus arborea, falcata, sativa, scutellata, rigidula, truncatula Medicago Melilotus albus, officinalis Onobrychis viciifolia Ornithopus sativus affinis, alba, chilensis, nigra, pallida Prosopis Pueraria phaseoloides Trifolium alexandrinum, alpestre, ambiguum, angustifolium, arvense, agrocicerum, hybridum, incarnatum, pratense, repens, resupinatum, rueppellianum, semipilosum, subterraneum, vesiculosum



| Genera | Species |
|---------------|--|
| GRASS FORAGES | |
| | |
| Andropogon | gayanus |
| Agropyron | cristatum, desertorum |
| Agrostis | stolonifera, tenuis |
| Alopecurus | pratensis |
| Arrhenatherum | elatius |
| Dactylis | glomerata |
| Festuca | arundinacea, gigantea, heterophylla, ovina, pratensis, rubra |
| Lolium | hybridum, multiflorum, perenne, rigidum, temulentum |
| Phalaris | aquatica, arundinacea |
| Phleum | pratense |
| Poa | alpina, annua, pratensis |
| Tripsacum | laxum |
| | |
| OTHER FORAGES | |
| Atriplex | halimus, nummularia |
| Salsola | vermiculata |



- In gebruik sinds 2006
- Standard = alleen in ongewijzigde vorm te gebruiken
- Formuleert de rechten en verplichtingen van leveranciers en gebruikers
- Benefit-sharing verplicht als product niet zonder beperking beschikbaar is (bijv. octrooi)
- Benefit-sharing vrijwillig als product wel zonder beperking beschikbaar is (bijv. kwekersrecht)
- Geldt voor gewassen in Annex 1 voorzover in publiek domein en onder controle van de overheid
- Kan ook gebruikt worden voor niet-Annex 1 gewassen, op vrijwillige basis





EU Verordening 511/2014



Art. 4(4):

"Gebruikers die plantgenetische hulpbronnen voor voedsel en landbouw (... PGRFA) verwerven in een land dat partij is bij het Protocol van Nagoya dat heeft bepaald dat PGRFA die onder zijn beheer en controle vallen en tot het publiek domein behoren en niet in bijlage I bij het Internationaal Verdrag inzake plantgenetische hulpbronnen voor voedsel en landbouw (International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture — ITPGRFA) zijn vermeld, ook onderworpen zijn aan de voorwaarden van de standaardovereenkomst inzake overdracht van materiaal voor de toepassingen in het kader van het ITPGRFA, worden geacht de in lid 3 van dit artikel vervatte passende zorgvuldigheidsverplichtingen te hebben vervuld."



Artikelen:

- 1. Parties to the agreement
 - Provider / recipient
- 2. Definitions
- 3. Subject matter of the MTA
 - Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture (PGRFA)
- 4. General provisions
 - Framework of the MLS of the ITPGRFA
- 5. Rights and obligations of the provider
 - Access expeditiously and free of charge
 - Passport data made available
 - Access consistent with property rights
 - Inform Governing Body of ITPGRFA





Artikelen:

- 6. Rights and obligations of the recipient
 - Material only to be used for research, breeding and training for food and agriculture
 - No property rights claimed on material itself
 - Transfer to third party under SMTA
 - If product sold that incorporates material included in the SMTA, and this product is NOT available without restriction: % of sales to be shared
 - If product sold that incorporates material included in the SMTA, and this product is available without restriction: voluntary payments encouraged





Artikelen:

- 7. Applicable law
- 8. Dispute settlement
- 9. Additional items
 - Provider makes no warranties with respect to quality, viability and purity
 - Recipient responsible for complying with quarantine, biosafety regulations
 - SMTA in force as long as ITPGRFA remains in force

10. Signature/acceptance

- Signature
- Acceptance by click wrap



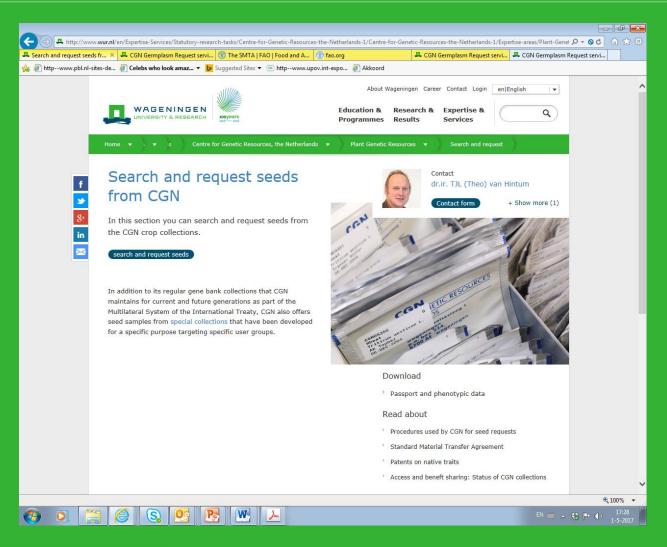




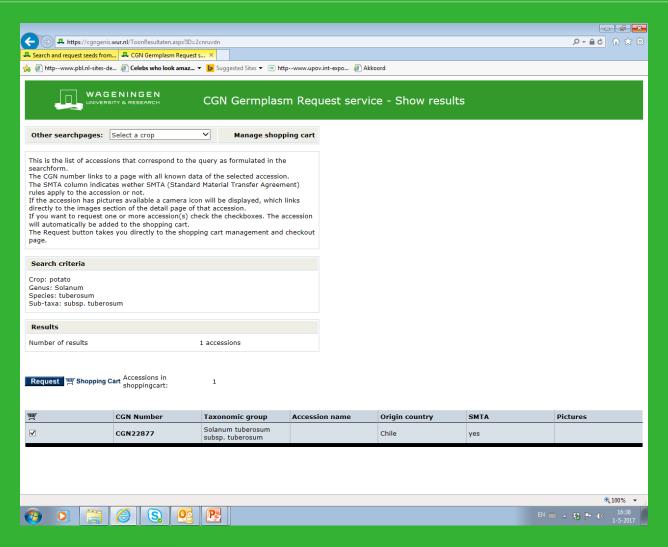
Annexen:

- 1. List of materials provided
- 2. Rate and modalities of payment under article 6.7 of this agreement
- 3. Terms and conditions of the alternative payments scheme under article 6.11 of this agreement
- 4. Option for crop-based payments under the alternative payments scheme under article 6.11 of this agreement

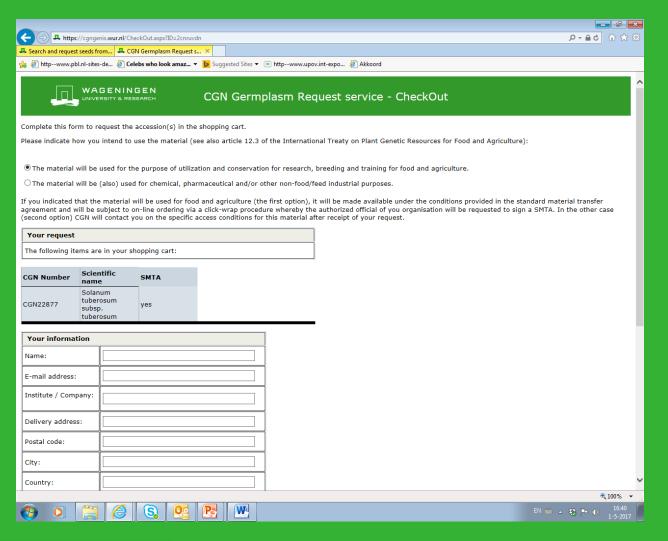




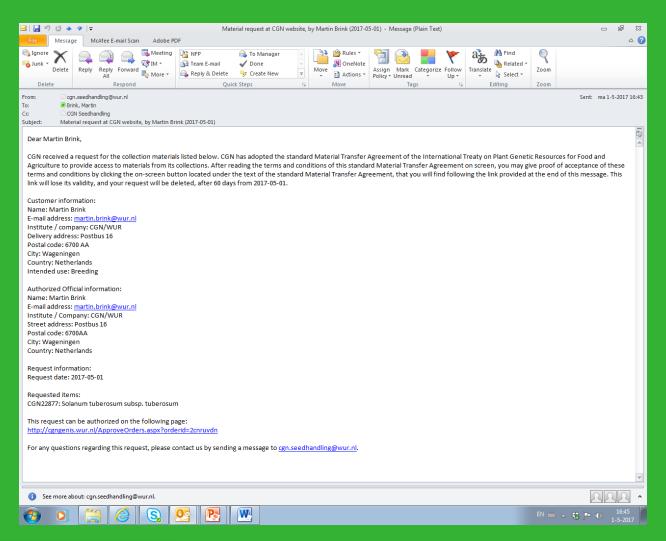




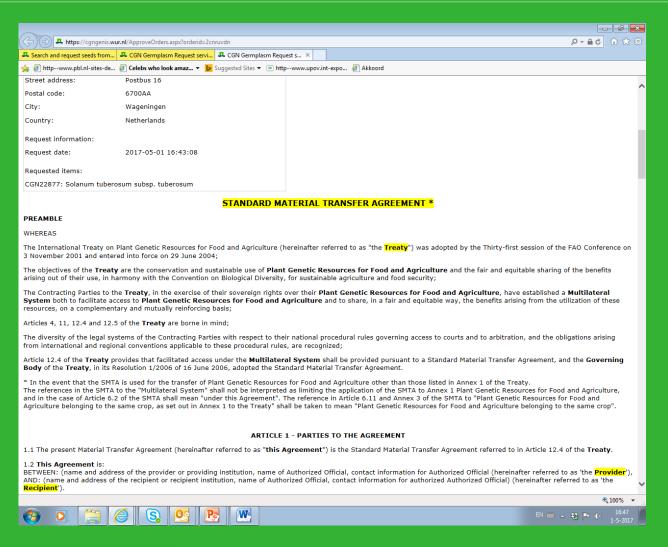




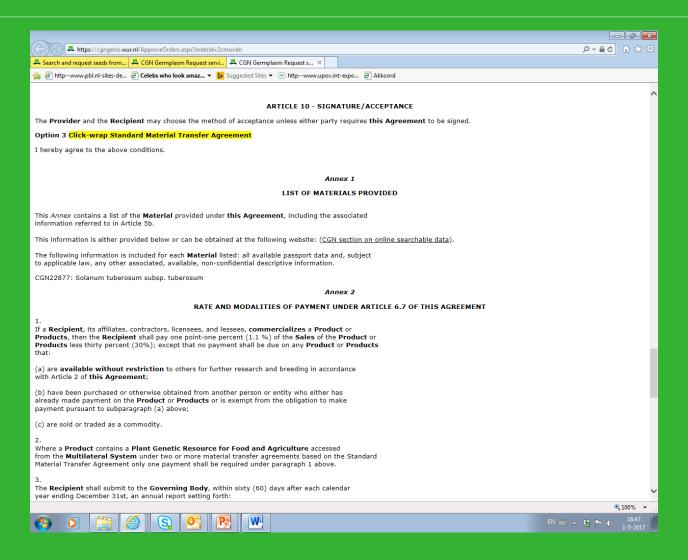




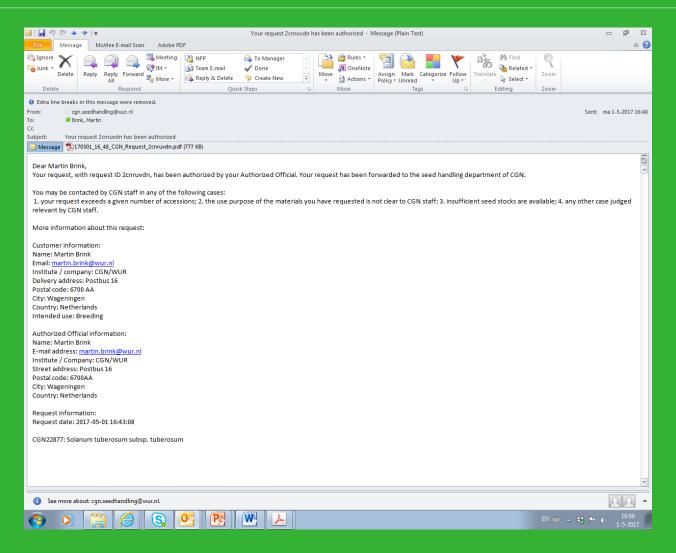




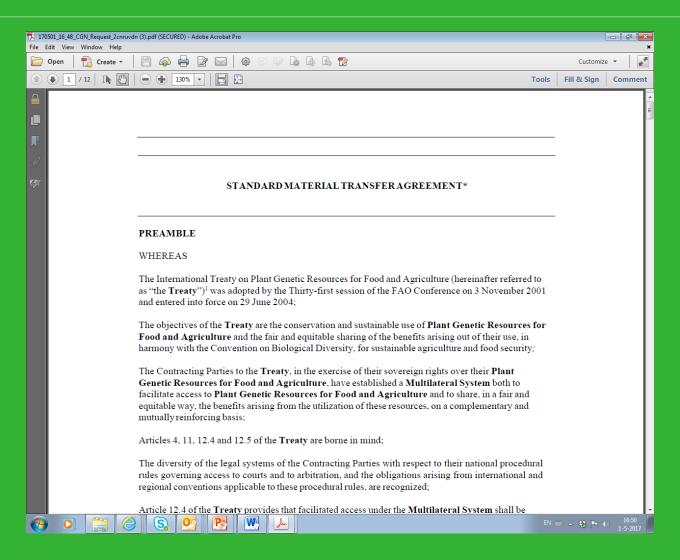














ABS National Focal Point (www.absfocalpoint.nl)

What to do?



Home

FAQ

National Focal Point (NFP) on Access and Benefit-Sharing of the Netherlands

Go directly to:

Frequently asked questions

What to do?

Ask an expert

Instruments

NL policy



Ask an expert

This website of the ABS Focal Point of the Netherlands contains information that is relevant to all public institutes, companies and individuals using genetic resources for research and development. It provides basic guidance for Dutch and foreign users seeking access to genetic resources as well as background information on the relevant international agreements, and explains various terms that are often used.

For general questions you can use the e-mail address NagoyaNL@wur.nl.

On 12 October 2014 the Nagoya Protocol came into force in the European Union through Regulation (EU) 511/2014. On 27 August 2016 a <u>Guidance document</u> was published by the European Commission on the scope of application and the core obligations of Regulation (EU) 511/2014.

Access and Benefit-Sharing (ABS) refers to the international and national regulation of access to and use of genetic resources and traditional knowledge, and the sharing of benefits stemming from this use between providers and users.



en|English w

NL policy

More about NFP

Instruments