

# An introduction to the Dutch national genebank CGN

St. Petersburg, April 28 2016

Chris Kik



---

# Contents

---

- Wageningen University & Research Centre (WUR)
- Centre for Genetic Resources, the Netherlands (CGN)

# Wageningen UR (University & Research centre)

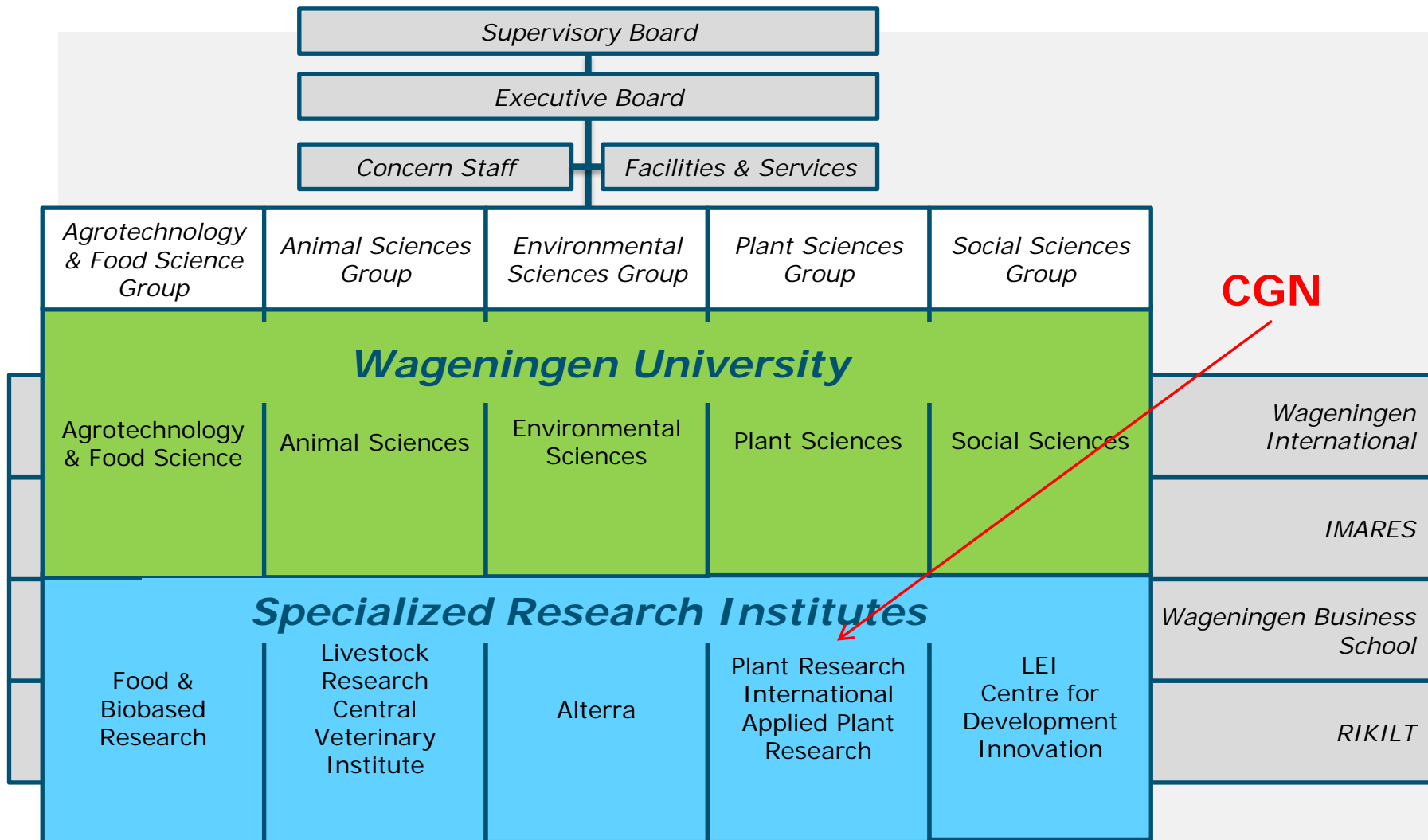
- Two organisations
  - Wageningen University (WU)
  - Research Institutes (DLO)
- 5,800 employees
- Annual turnover Wageningen UR € 657 million
  - Wageningen University 314 million
  - Research Institutes 343 million
- Education, fundamental & applied research
- > 10,000 students (> 100 countries)

---

---

*...to explore the potential of nature  
to improve the quality of life...*

# Organisation structure Wageningen UR



---

# Global challenges

---

---

# Wageningen UR in the world

---

# Centre of Genetic Resources, the Netherlands (CGN)



CGN offices at WUR, RADIX building, Wageningen

CGN genebank at WUR, KLIMA, Wageningen





---

# CGN's position in Wageningen UR

---

- CGN is an independent entity within Wageningen UR
  - reporting directly and only to Ministry of Economic Affairs
- CGN benefits from its position in Wageningen UR
  - scientific environment; international network

Wageningen campus

# CGN's history



## ■ 1985

- Establishment of CGN - PGR  
(Wageningen-based)
- part of Wageningen University and Research Centre
- collections originating from Wageningen University, government research institutions and the private sector

## ■ 2000

- merger with animal genetic resources activities

## ■ 2004

- addition of activities in forest genetic resources

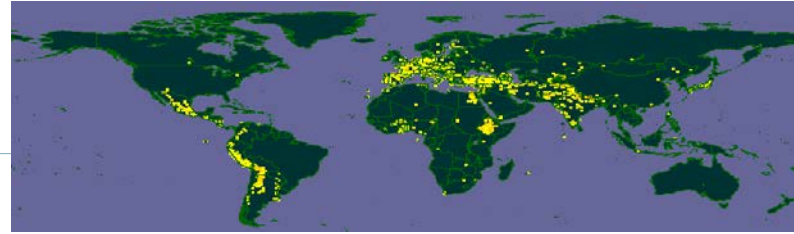
---

# Why a national genebank?

---

- strategic:
  - guaranteed access to resources
  - contribution to international networks
- legal: NL signatory to international agreements
  - CBD (Nagoya Protocol) and IT PGRFA
- ethical: NL industry net user of diversity
- technical: control over quality

# Some figures about CGN



## ■ Annual budget

- € 3 million total, € 1.6 million PGR (70% governmental funding)

## ■ General (1.5 fte)

- policy advice, consultancies, supporting research, international cooperation

## ■ Plant genebank and on-farm conservation (8 fte)

- 20 crops; 23,000 accessions

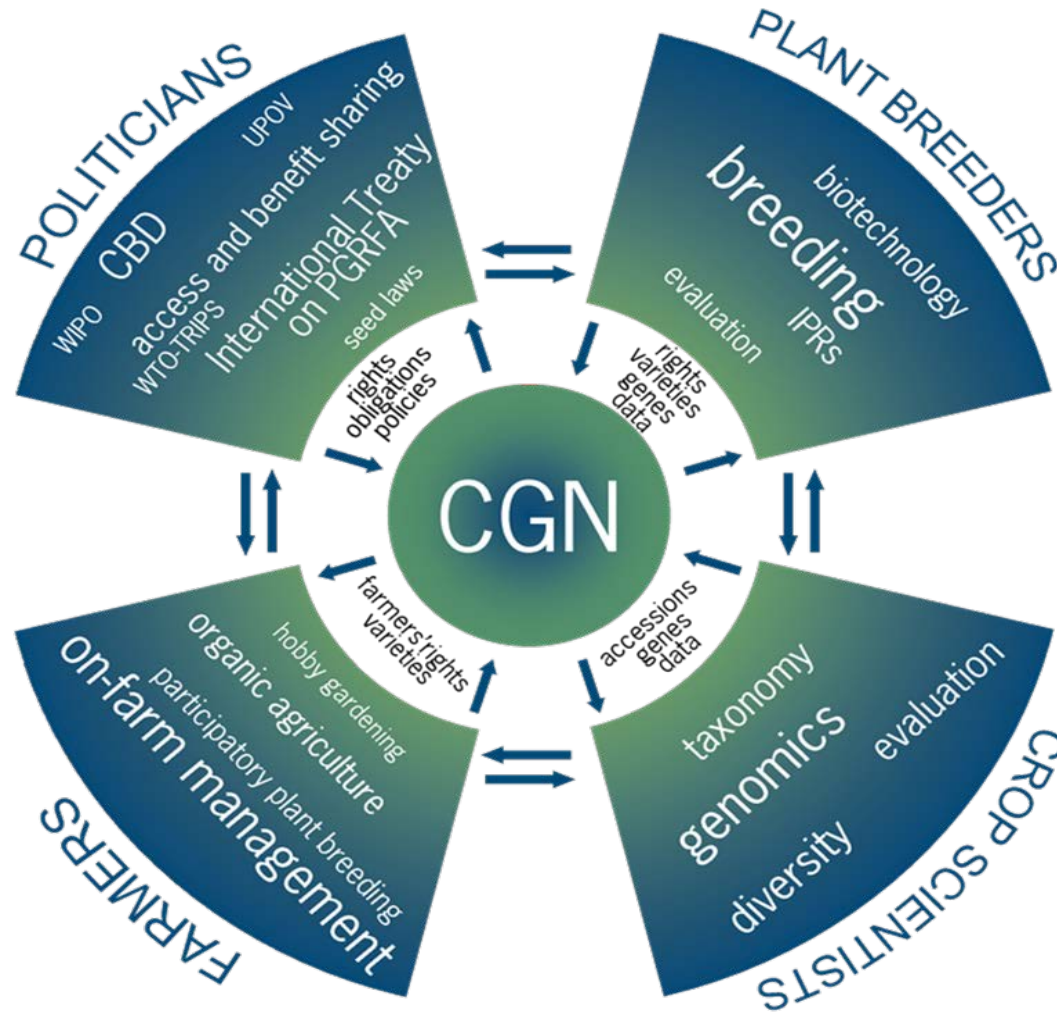
## ■ Animal genebank and on-farm conservation (5 fte)

- 6 farm animal species; Dutch rare breeds (10 - 25)

## ■ Forest genetic resources management (1.5 fte)

- monitoring 500 provenances of (indigenous) tree species

# CGN's stakeholders



# CGN's crop genetic resources collections



# CGN's views on crop management



- investing in quality over volume
  - well curated and documented collections of moderate size
- traits, not origin, determine value of accessions
  - limited number of crop collections with wide coverage
- PGR management needs continuous innovation
  - improving effectiveness (reaching the user)
  - capitalizing on genomics
  - decreasing duplication of efforts
- CGN part of global system
  - how to determine optimal contribution?

# A recent positioning

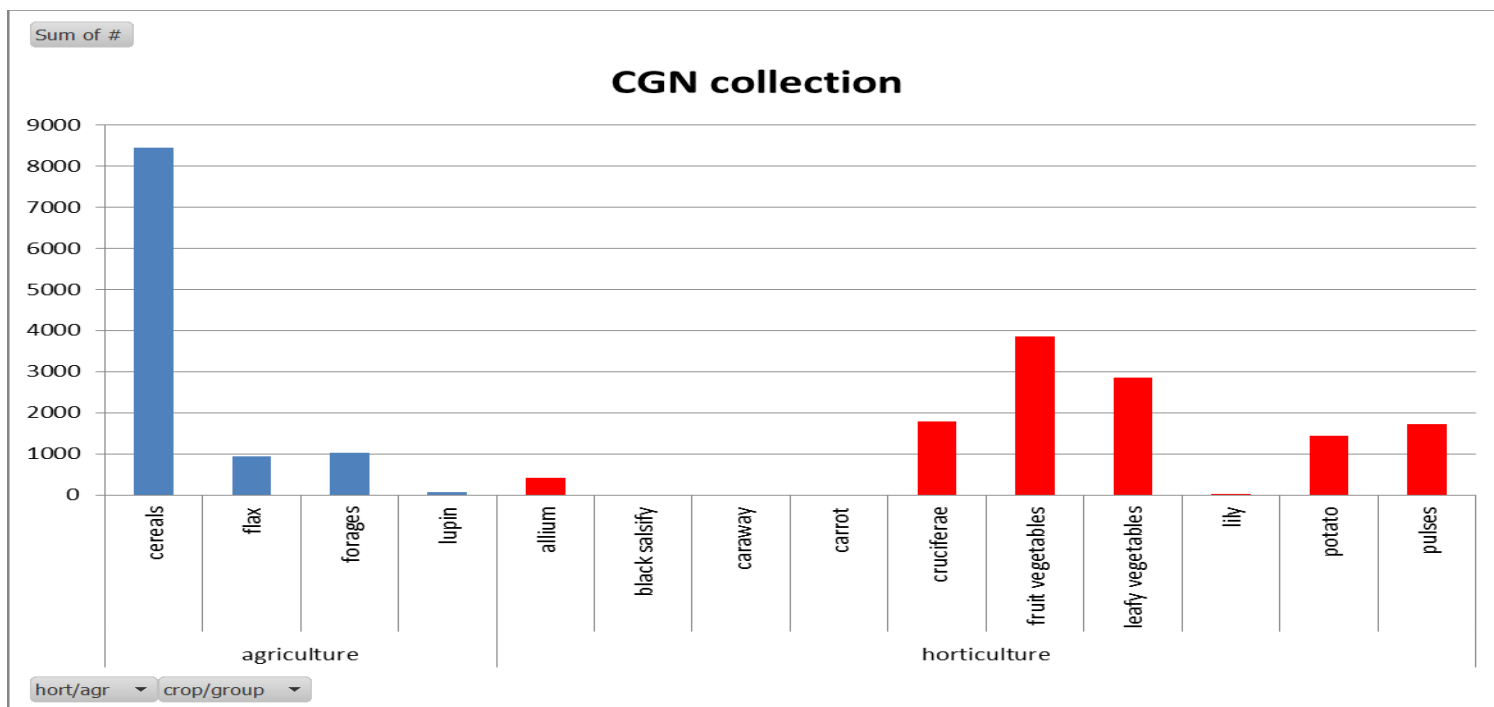


- CGN to focus on vegetable crops
  - strengthening existing vegetable crop collections
    - gap analysis, collecting missions
    - in particular moderate climate zone vegetables
  - developing collections of neglected and underutilized vegetable crops
  - providing e-gateway to vegetable genetic resources information
  - disinvesting in arable staple crops

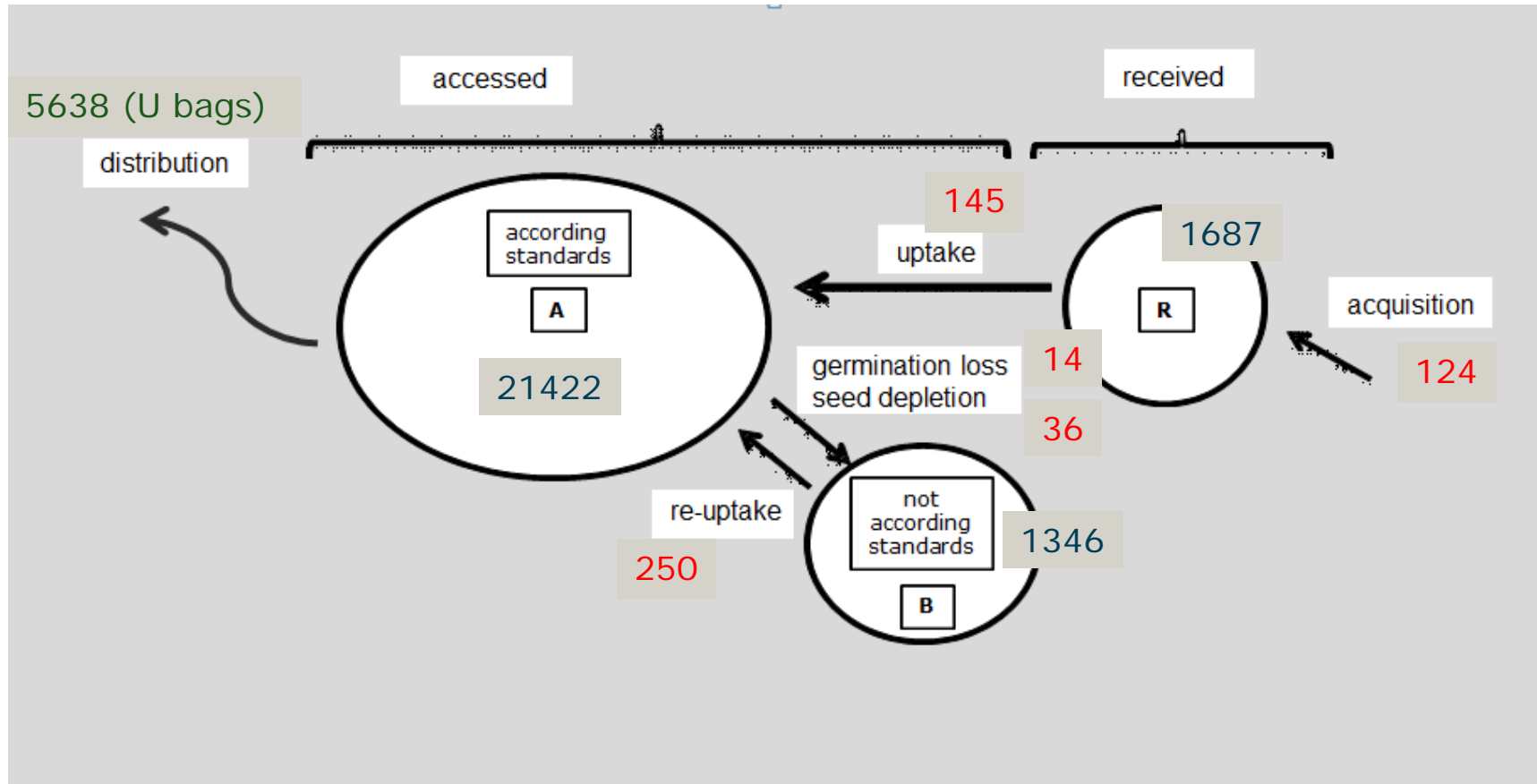


# CGN crop collections

- total: 22740 acc., agriculture: 10517 acc., horticulture: 12223 acc.
- collections are owned by CGN/DLO and are controlled by CGN/DLO in tuning with the Ministry

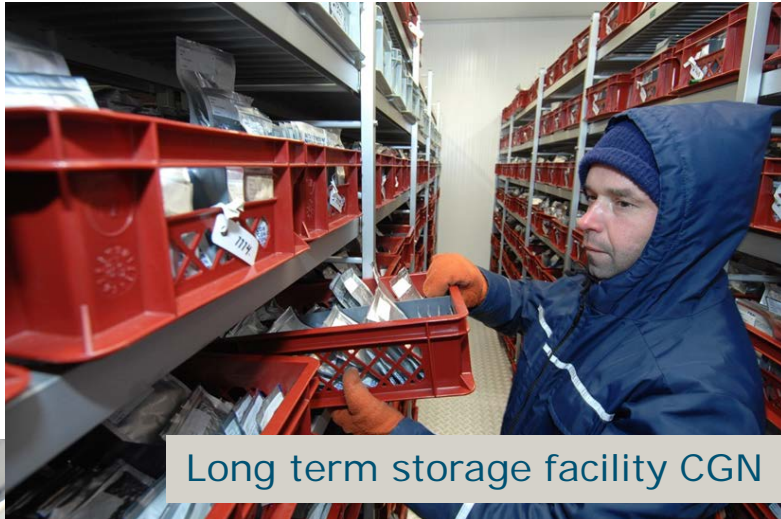


# CGN *ex situ* plant genebank in a nutshell



data used: 2005-2015

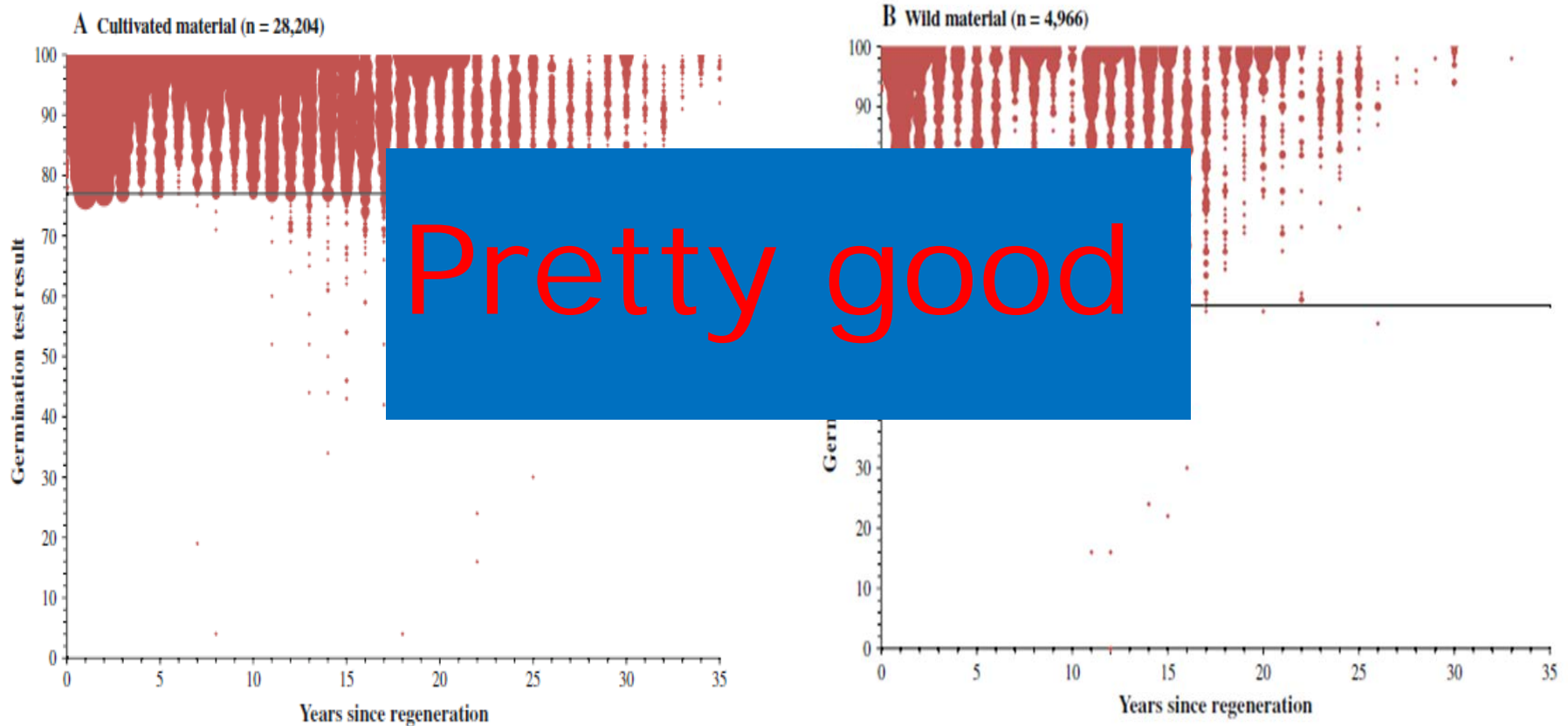
# Storage



## CGN seed storage procedure:

- Seeds are dried at 15 °C and 15% relative humidity during minimally 1 month
- Initial germination percentage of an accession is determined
  - cultivated: minimal 80%
  - wild: minimal 60%
- Stored at - 18 °C and vacuum sealed
- For each accession 6-10 user bags, 4 germination bags, 4 multiplication bags, 1-2 rest seed bags are made
- CGN has in total around 250.000 GMU bags in storage

# How good is our seed storage procedure?



van Treuren et al 2013; GRACE

---

# Public-private partnerships

---

- The Netherlands has a large horticultural breeding industry
- Vegetable breeding industry is a big user genetic diversity
- CGN collaborates substantially with private industry: regeneration, evaluation, collecting missions

# CGN's animal genetic resources collections



- Seven species, 61 breeds, > 300,000 insemination doses
  - cattle, sheep, goats, pigs, chicken, horses, dogs
- Indigenous diversity
- Mostly in the form of semen, also embryos and egg cells
- Back-up for living populations
- Used to minimize inbreeding in rare breeds
- Track on status and trends for all Dutch breeds

# CGN forest genetic resources: genebank support

---



- State Forestry Service manager of living genebank
  - 60 species; 3,700 accessions
- CGN advises on composition and provenances
- CGN manages genebank database
- CGN provides 5-yearly National List of Varieties and Provenances of Trees

---

# Genetic resources policies

---

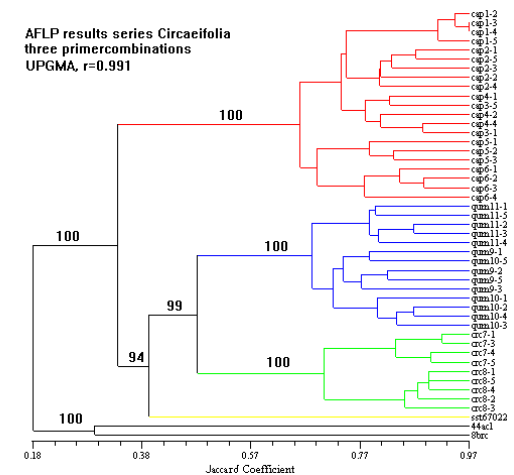
- Informing the government and agro sector on PGR and seed system policy development and implementation
  - policies effect us, so we should influence policies
- Genetic resources have become commodities
  - protected, exchanged, traded
  - perceived as green gold mine
- Conservation and exchange regulated by
  - Convention on Biological Diversity
  - International Treaty on PGRFA
  - Nagoya Protocol on Access and Benefit-Sharing



# Research into genetic resources

## ■ CGN topics

- molecular diversity in and between species, varieties and breeds and in and between accessions
- nature of genetic erosion, impact of climate change
- factors determining seed longevity and effectiveness of cryo-preservation sperm cells
- breeding for small populations
- intellectual property rights and seed regulations



# Ongoing challenges



- To serve and conserve
  - what to conserve?
    - limited means
  - how to promote use?
    - how to best respond to user needs
  - how to effectively collaborate?
    - reducing duplication of efforts
    - GR exchange



---

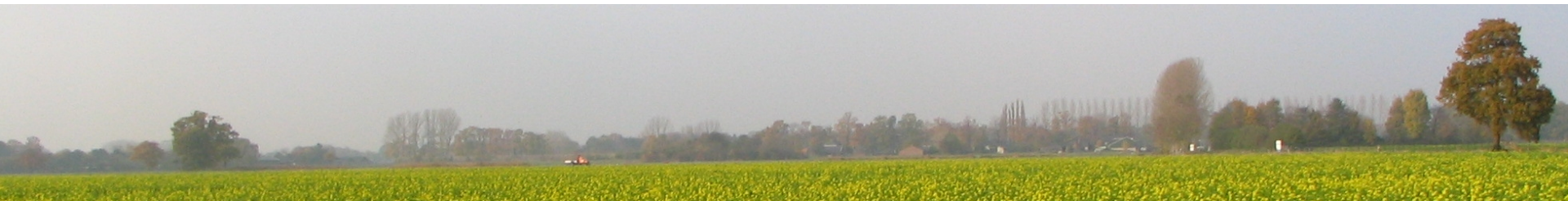
# Do not forget

---



Genetic resources are  
useful, pretty and  
tasteful

Genetic resources are  
the food on your plate



more info: [www.cgn.wur.nl](http://www.cgn.wur.nl); [chris.kik@wur.nl](mailto:chris.kik@wur.nl)