











# Role of power in climate change adaptation in Nepal & Bangladesh

Sumit Vij PhD Researcher, WUR

#### Story...(1)

- Impacts of <u>climate change</u> on Bangladesh & Nepal are already distressing the lives and livelihoods of the vulnerable communities;
- <u>Adaptation</u> as a human response is necessary to reduce these impacts;
- Vulnerable communities in <u>Bangladesh & Nepal</u> are already practicing autonomous adaptation;
- National governments of both the countries are continuously working towards planned adaptation through climate change adaptation policies, through different approaches.





### Story...(2)



- Policy processes and approaches are rooted in <u>political interests</u> and the <u>power interplay</u> of policy actors
  - power interplays are based on the <u>material and</u> <u>ideational resources</u> of individual actors;
- These policies and underlying approaches do not accommodate the threats of <u>uncertain</u> <u>distant futures</u>
  - different policy actors across the ministries frame the goals of CCA policies in different ways and often with short term visions:
  - due to changing government regimes and political instability.

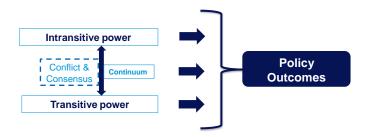
#### Operationalize Research





#### Operationalize Research





#### **Research Questions**



- How have past political processes shaped the current CCA approaches in Bangladesh and Nepal?
- How does the actor interplay shape transitive and intransitive power that underpin the CCA policy processes currently in Bangladesh & Nepal?



 To what extent can power create a positive force for adopting long term considerations in CCA policies in Nepal & Bangladesh?

## Thank you





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