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Emulsion preparation using stainless steel EDGE microfluidic devices

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Introduction

Food and cosmetic products that we use on a daily base are emulsions: mixtures of two immiscible liquids stabilized by various surfactants. Large scale batch preparation methods have following drawbacks:

- Large energy input in preparation
- ✓ More than 90% of input energy may be lost in form of heat
- ✓ The resulting emulsions are very polydisperse
- Polydispersity results in poorer emulsions stability over time

Objectives:

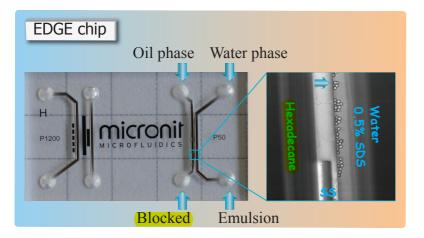
Developing new ways of emulsion creation based on microfluidic technologies that present following advantages:

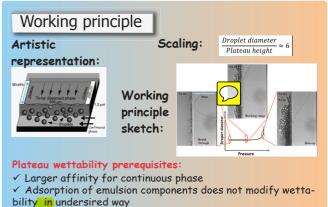
- Low energy input in preparation
- Mild emulsification conditions
- Intrinsically monodisperse emulsions
- Improved emulsion stability over time

However, the presence of a shallow **ploppintroduces** aspects that have to be investigated before the activity of the systems can be envisaged.

Emulsification with EDGE microfluidic devices

We have recently introduced a new spontaneous droplet formation technique called EDGE (Edge-based Droplet GEneration) capable of producing multiple droplets from a single droplet formation unit [1]. Promising results obtained with silicon and glass EDGE devices made it a prospective candidate for industrial usage. However, metal surfaces are a prerequisite for industry so Cu and CuNi plateau EDGE were successfully tested [2]. The next step towards industrial applications is the use of stainless steel (SS) surfaces, that are however intrinsically more complex from a structural point of view. [1] K. C. van Dijke, G. Veldhuis, K. Schröen, R. M. Boom, AICHE Journal, 2010, 56, 833-836. [2] A. A. Maan, R. Boom, K. Schröen, Microfluidics, 2013, 14, 775-784.

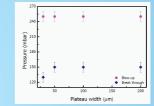




Results:

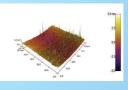
- ✓ Stable working range was obtained for system consisting of: hexadecane/water/SDS (sodium dodecyl sulphate)
- Match working ranges found for glass/silicon chip
- ✓ Stable reproducible over time working range confirms no wettability modifications by emulsion components
- ✓ Working range and droplet size are independent of plateau width
- \checkmark Pronounced fingering likely due to roughness of sputtered SS thin film
- Food grade emulsion formation: ongoing...





AFM of SS sputtered film:

Plateau filling:





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