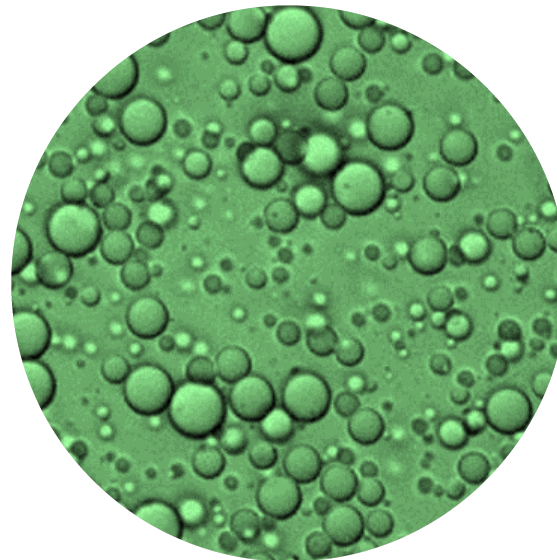

Lipid oxidation and related protein modifications in oil-in-water emulsions

C. Berton-Carabin, M.-H. Ropers, D. Guibert, V. Solé, C. Genot

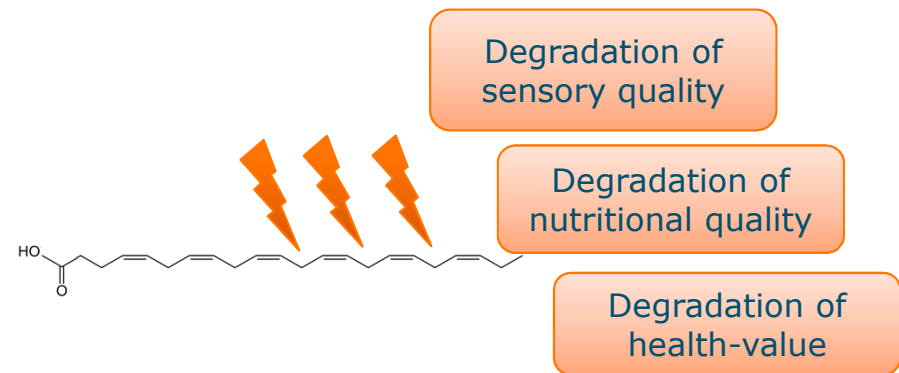
May 6th, 2014

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Context of the study

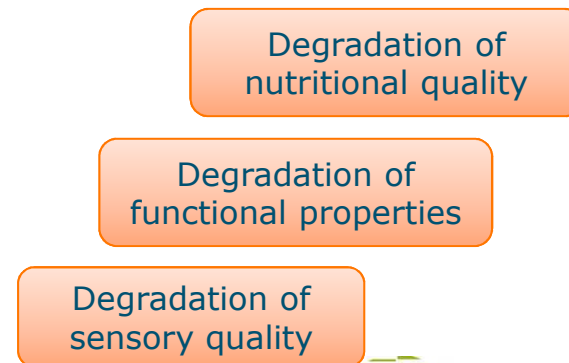
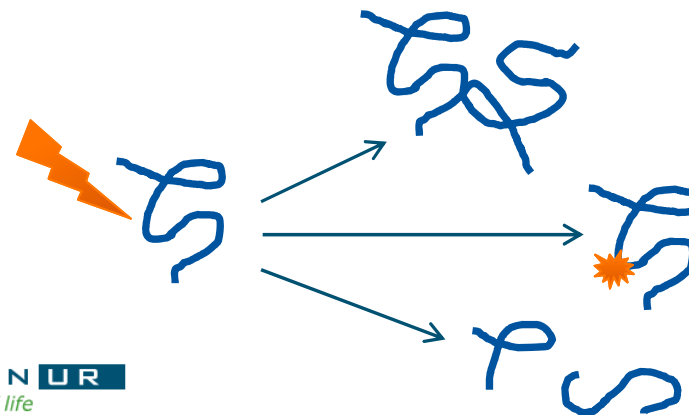
- **Lipid oxidation**: Major cause of degradation of food products containing unsaturated fatty acids



- In complex food products, oxidation targets other components than UFA

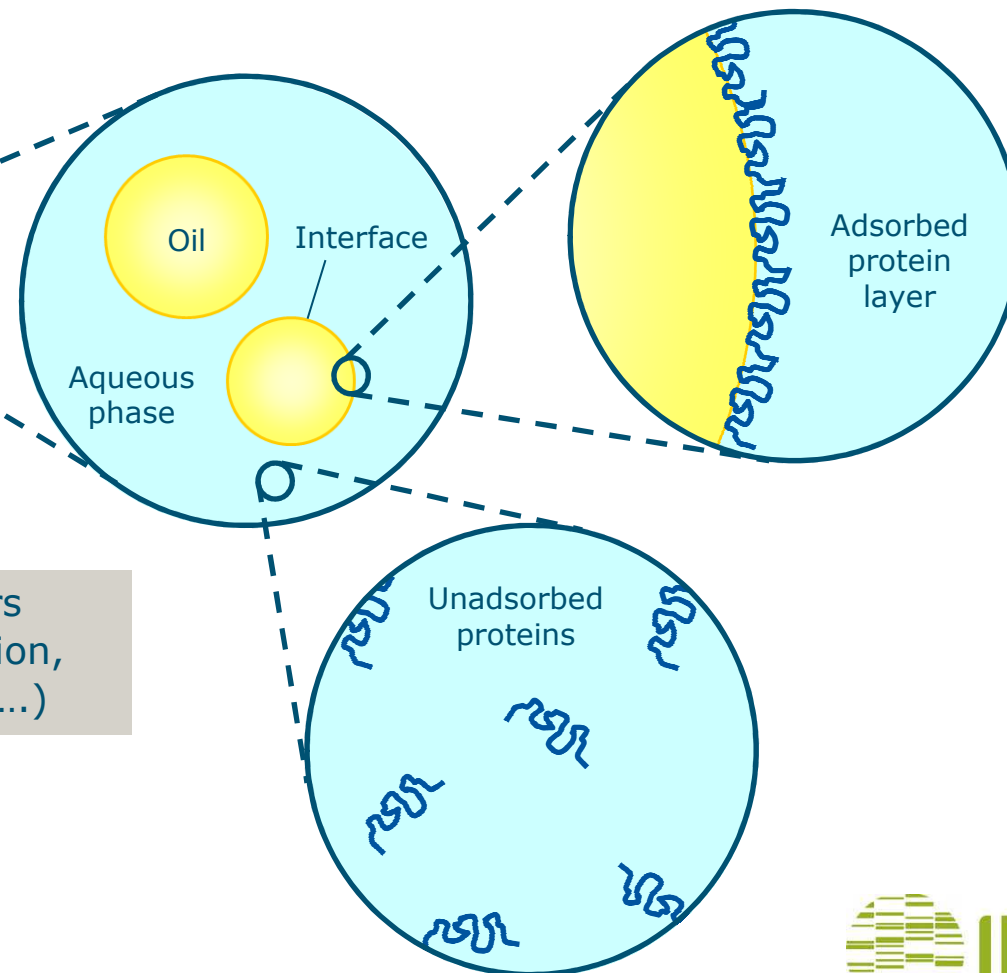
e.g., **protein oxidation**

Schaich 2008. in. Lipid Oxidation Pathways. AOCS Press.



Context of the study

- **O/W emulsions:** suitable model systems to investigate the oxidative phenomena

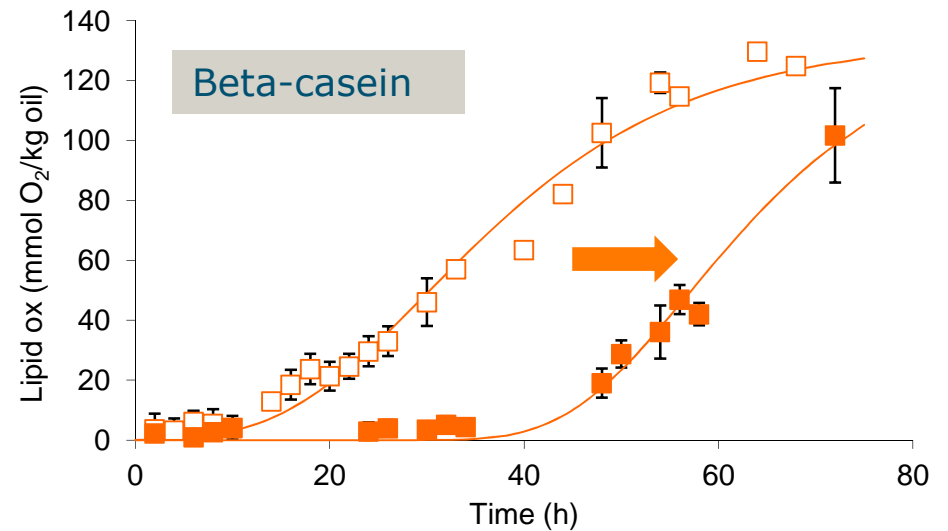
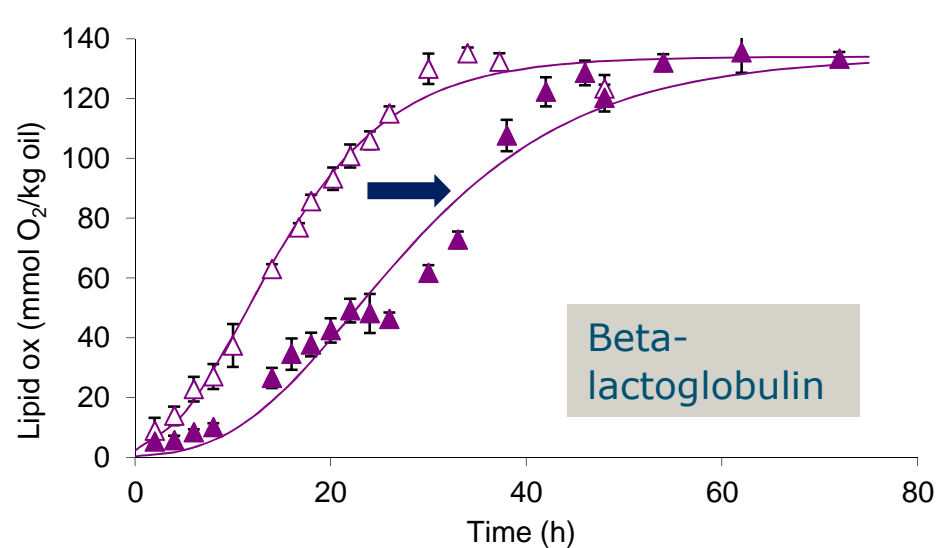


Control of various parameters
(i.e. oil phase, oil volume fraction,
emulsifiers, droplet size, pH,)

*Waraho et al 2011 Trends
Food Sci Technol 22:3-13.*

Context of the study: oxidation in O/W emulsions

Protective effect of effect of excess proteins in the aqueous phase

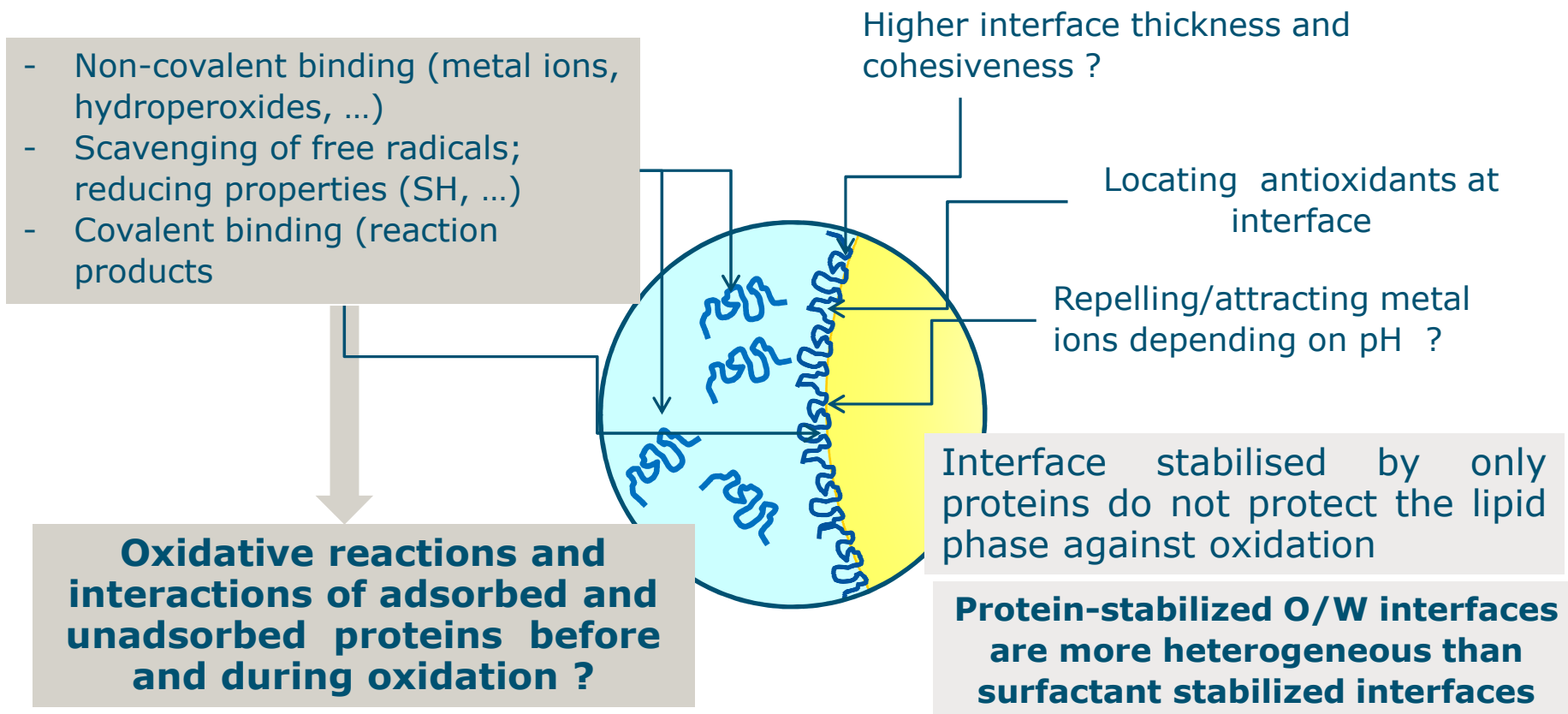


	% adsorbed BLG	[aqueous phase BLG] (g/L)
△ Regular BLG-stabilized emulsion	70%	1.5
▲ BLG-stabilized emulsion + excess BLG	39%	6.1

	% adsorbed BCN	[aqueous phase BCN] (g/L)
□ Regular BCN-stabilized emulsion	91%	0.45
■ BCN-stabilized emulsion + excess BCN	64%	3.6

Context of the study: oxidation in O/W emulsions

Mechanisms possibly involved in the protective effects of protein emulsifiers

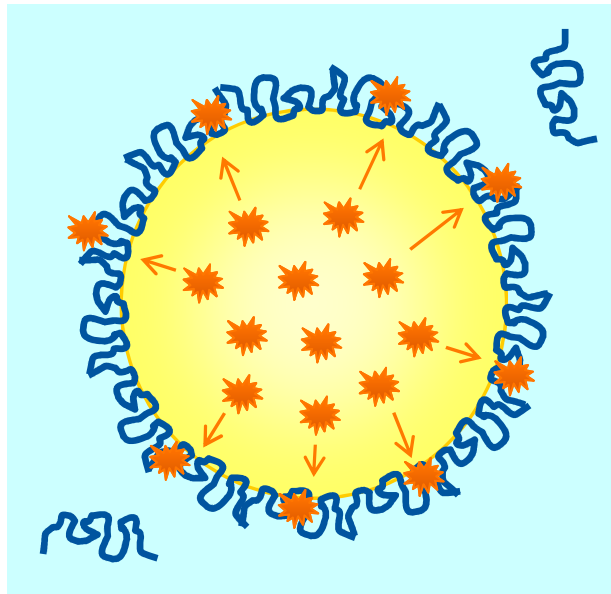


Berton et al., 2012 J. Colloid Interface Sci.

Berton et al., 2012 Food Chem

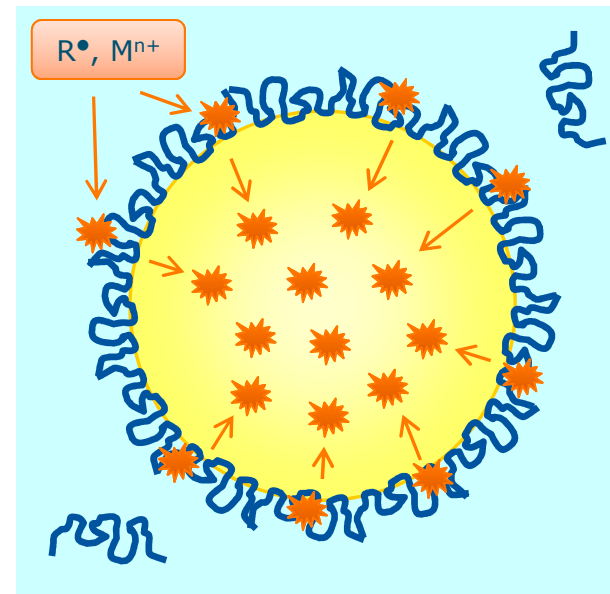
Context of the study

- In multiphase systems, which of both reactions (lipid vs protein oxidation) first starts?



Hyp 1: Lipid oxidation starts, then lipid radicals / lipid oxidation products (e.g., aldehydes) attack interfacial proteins

Gardner, 1979 J. Agric. Food Chem.
Karel et al., 1975 J. Agric. Food Chem.
Dalsgaard et al., 2010 Dairy Sci. Technol.



Hyp 2: Interfacial proteins get oxidized, then the reaction propagates to the inner lipids

Ostdal et al., 2002 Free Radic. Biol. Med.
Salminen et al., 2010 J. Am. Oil Chem. Soc.

Aim of the study

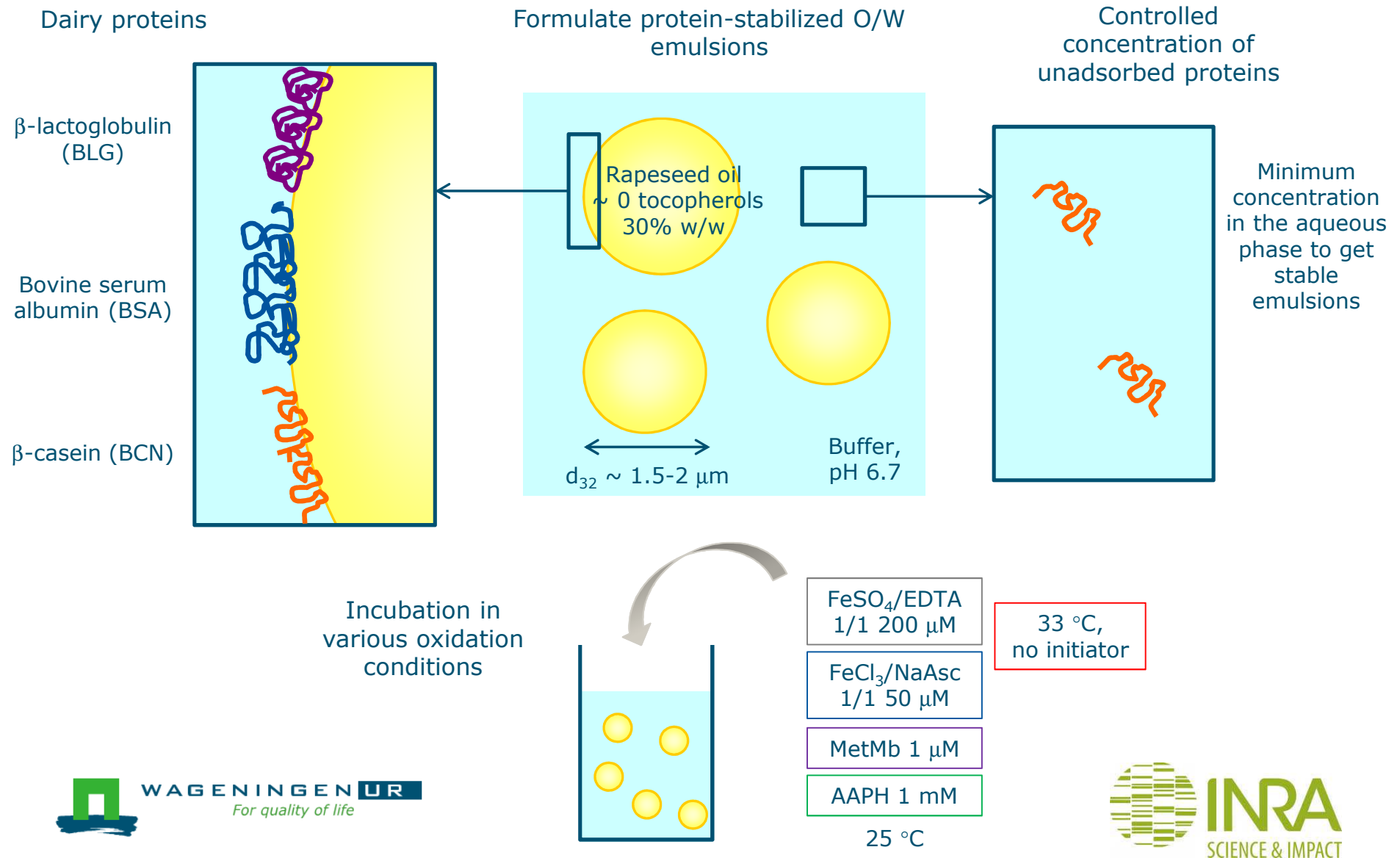
- Getting new insights on the chemical co-modifications (oxidation) of lipids and proteins in O/W emulsion systems...

... Regarding **TIME**
(the **sequence** of the reactions)

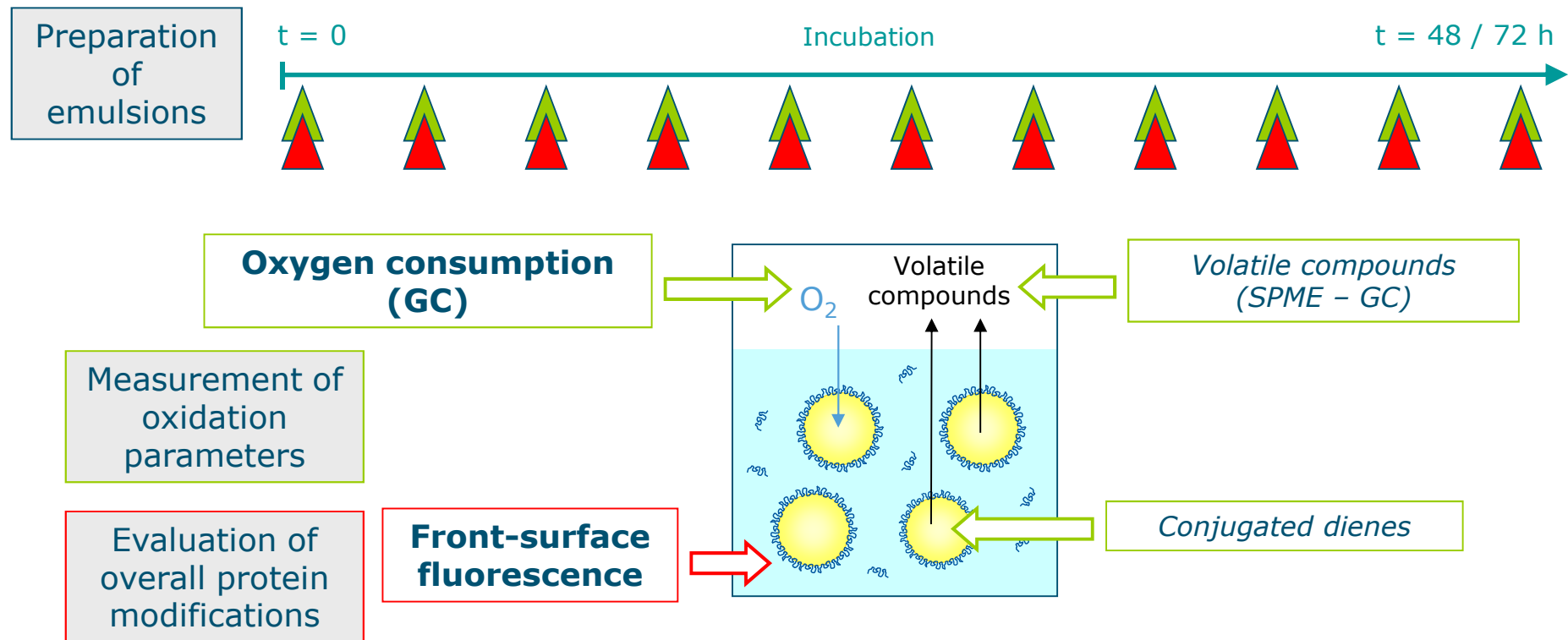


... Regarding **LOCATION**
(where – at a mesoscopic scale – reactions occur)

Experimental approach: 1. emulsion design



Experimental approach: 2. kinetics



Results

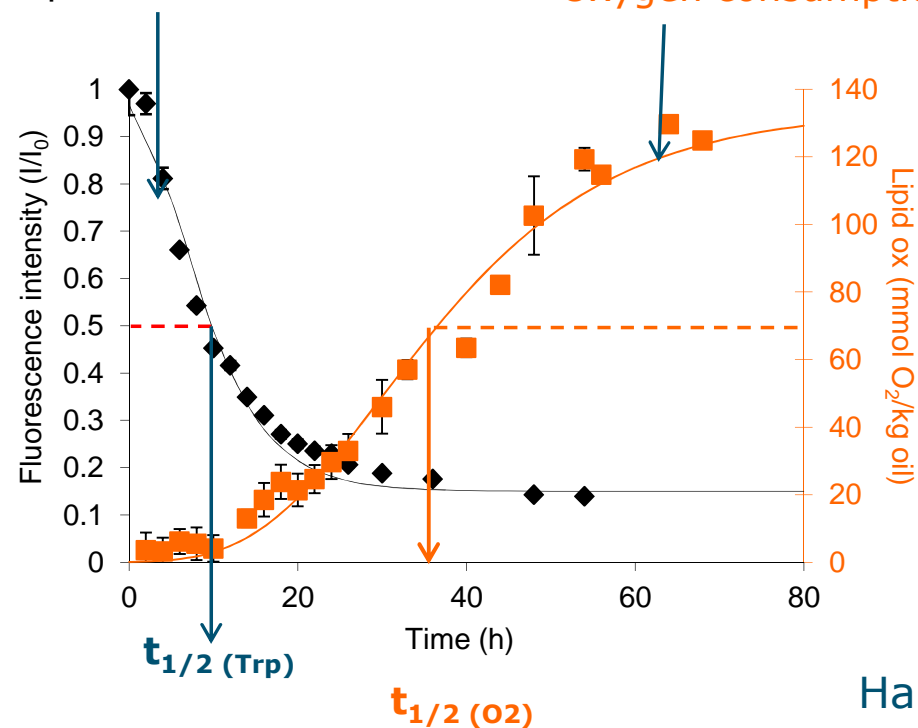
1. Phasing of lipid oxidation and protein modifications

Ex : BCN-stabilized emulsion

FeSO₄/EDTA 1/1 200 μ M 25 °C

Tryptophan fluorescence

Oxygen consumption



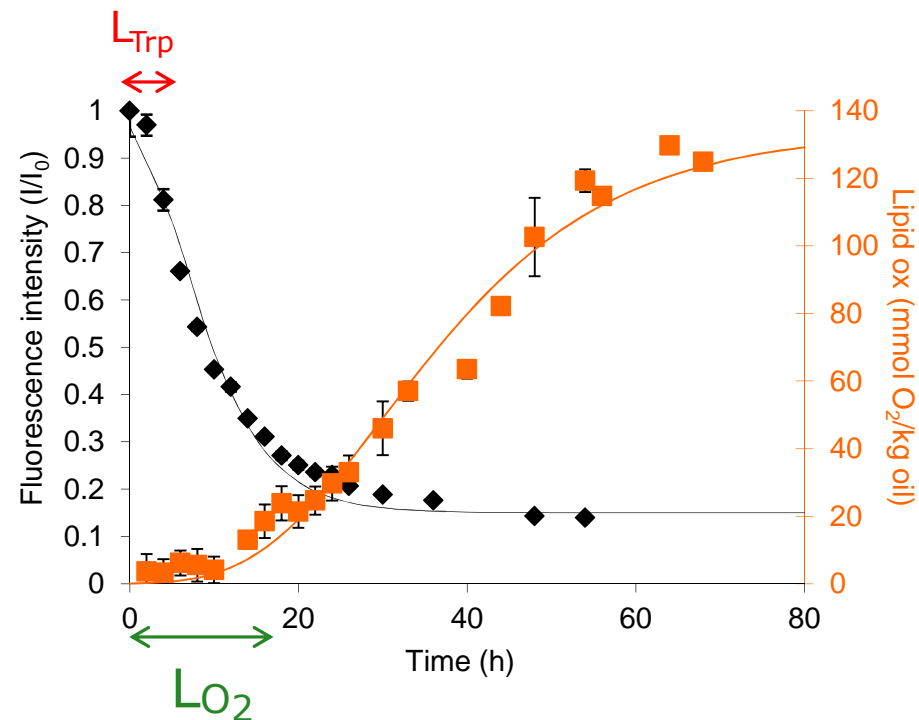
Half-times of reactions

Results

1. Phasing of lipid oxidation and protein modifications

Ex : BCN-stabilized emulsion

FeSO₄/EDTA 1/1 200 μM 25 °C

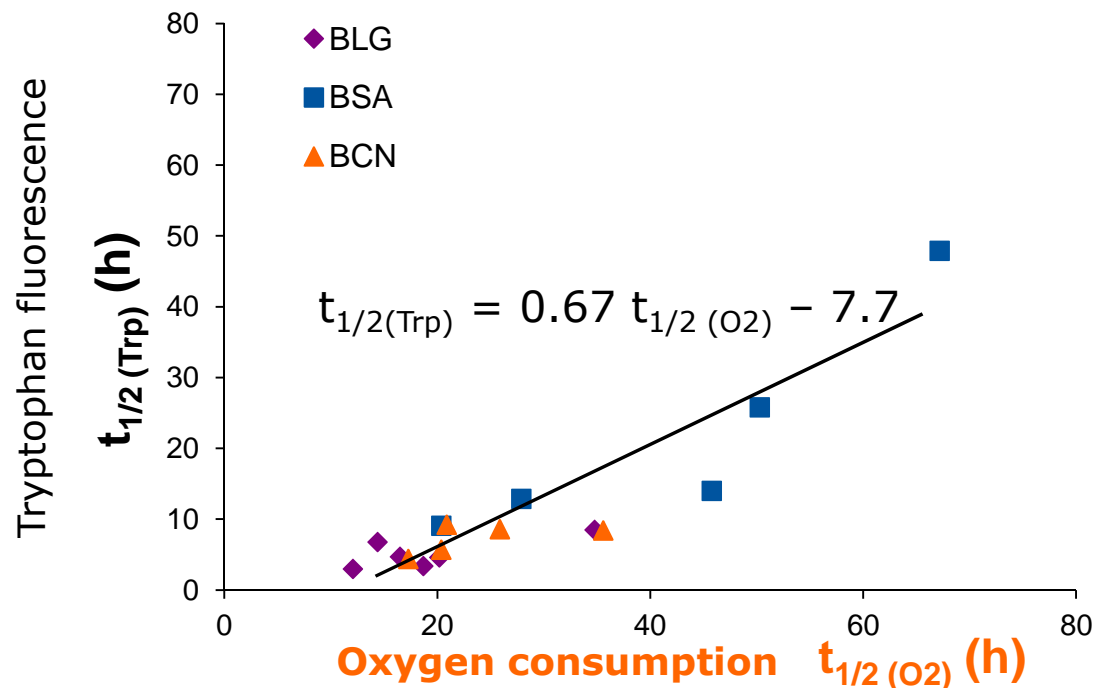


Lag-times of reactions

Results

1. Phasing of lipid oxidation and protein modifications

Half-times of reactions



FeSO₄/EDTA 1/1 200 μM 25 °C

FeCl₃/NaAsc 1/1 50 μM 25 °C

33 °C, no initiator

MetMb 1 μM 25 °C

AAPH 1 mM 25 °C

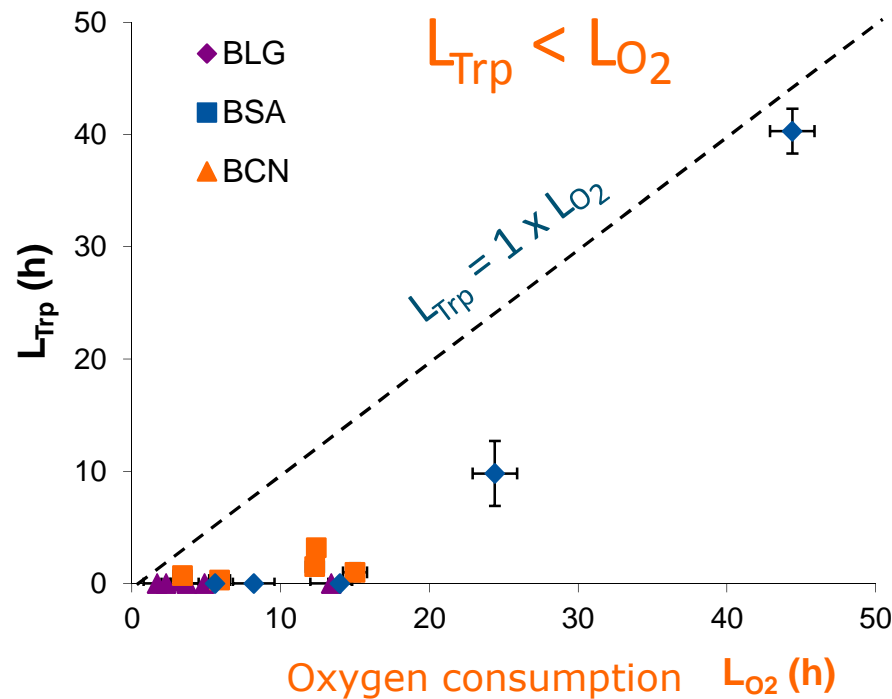
Protein modifications and lipid oxidation are time-linked phenomena

Results

1. Phasing of lipid oxidation and protein modifications

Lag-times
of reactions

Tryptophan fluorescence



FeSO₄/EDTA 1/1 200 μ M 25 $^{\circ}$ C

FeCl₃/NaAsc 1/1 50 μ M 25 $^{\circ}$ C

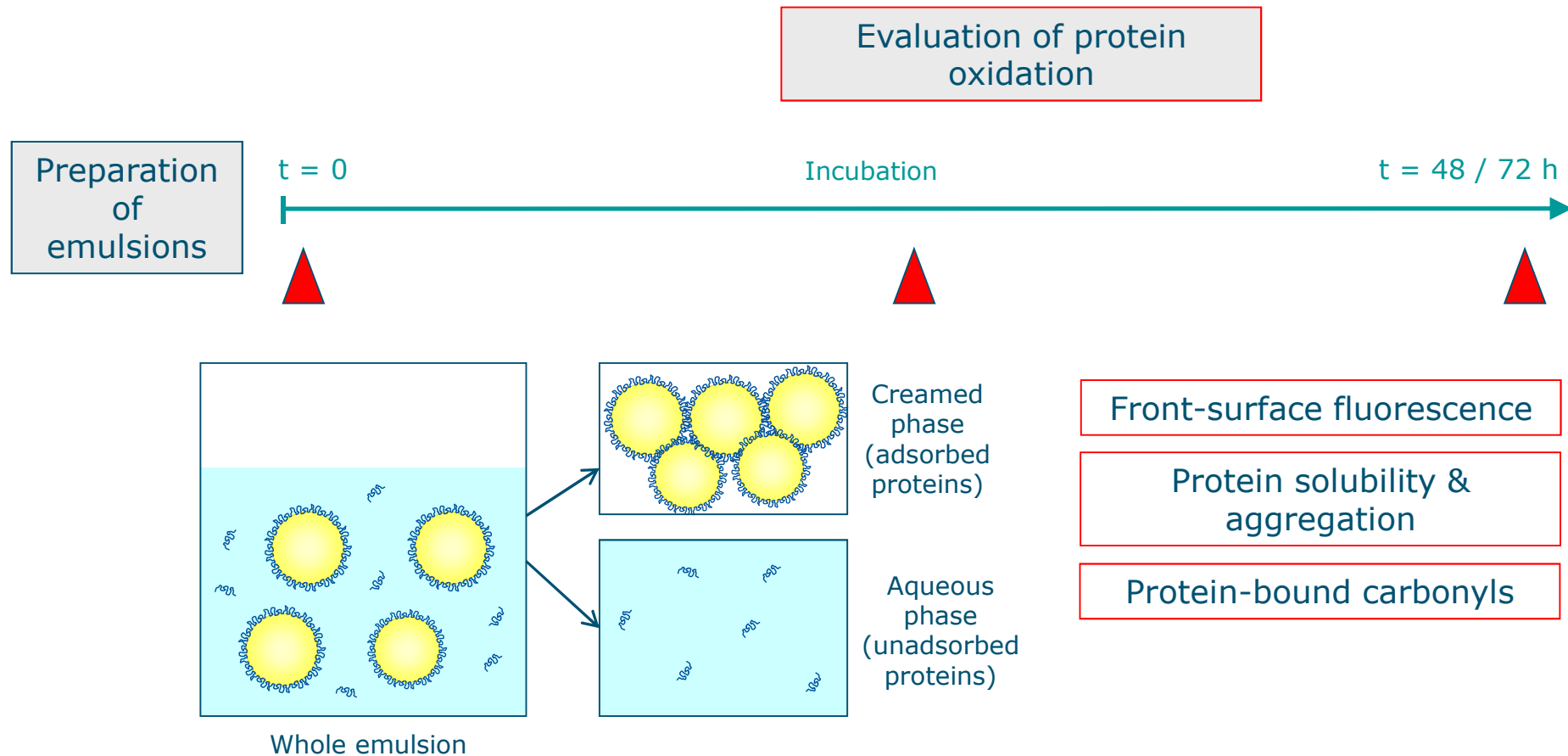
33 $^{\circ}$ C, no initiator

MetMb 1 μ M 25 $^{\circ}$ C

AAPH 1 mM 25 $^{\circ}$ C

Protein modifications precede lipid oxidation in protein-stabilized emulsions

Experimental approach: 3. location



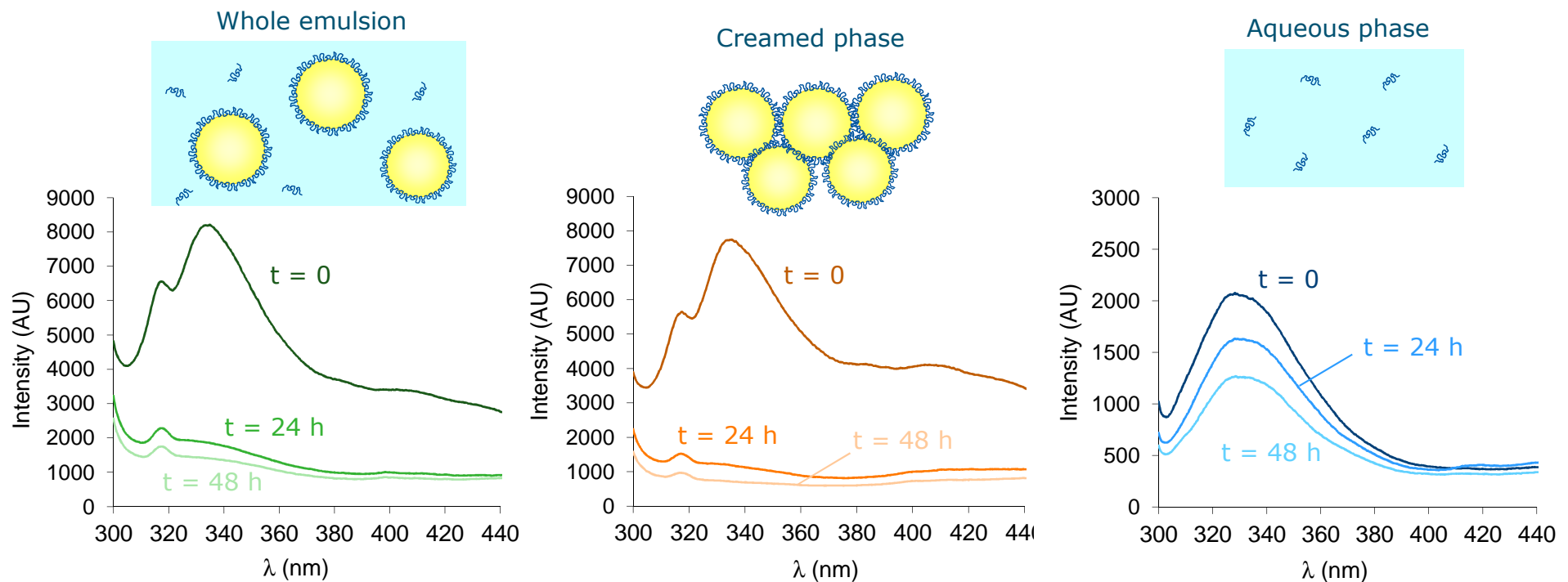
Results

2. Location of protein modifications

Comparison of Trp fluorescence quenching in adsorbed vs unadsorbed proteins:

BLG-stabilized emulsion

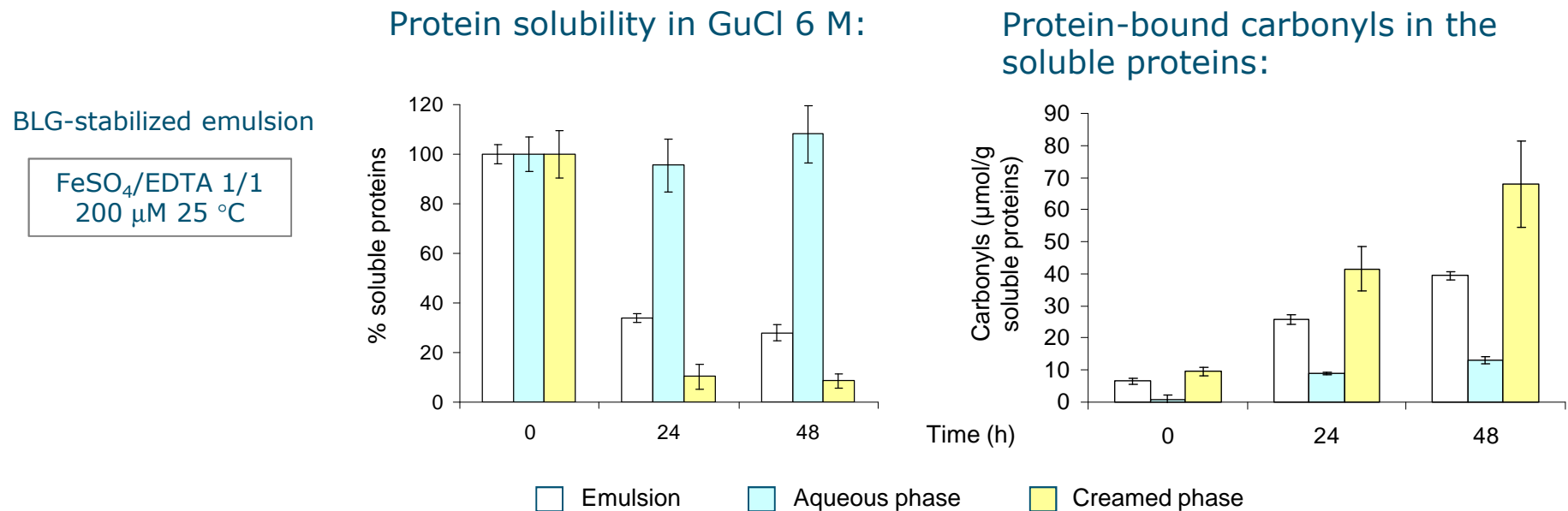
FeSO₄/EDTA 1/1 200 μM 25 °C



Adsorbed proteins undergo extensive modification

Results

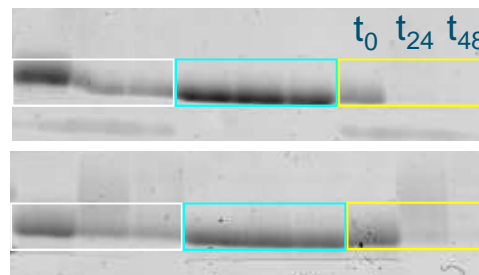
3. Adsorbed proteins undergo extensive oxidation



SDS-PAGE:

Non-reducing conditions

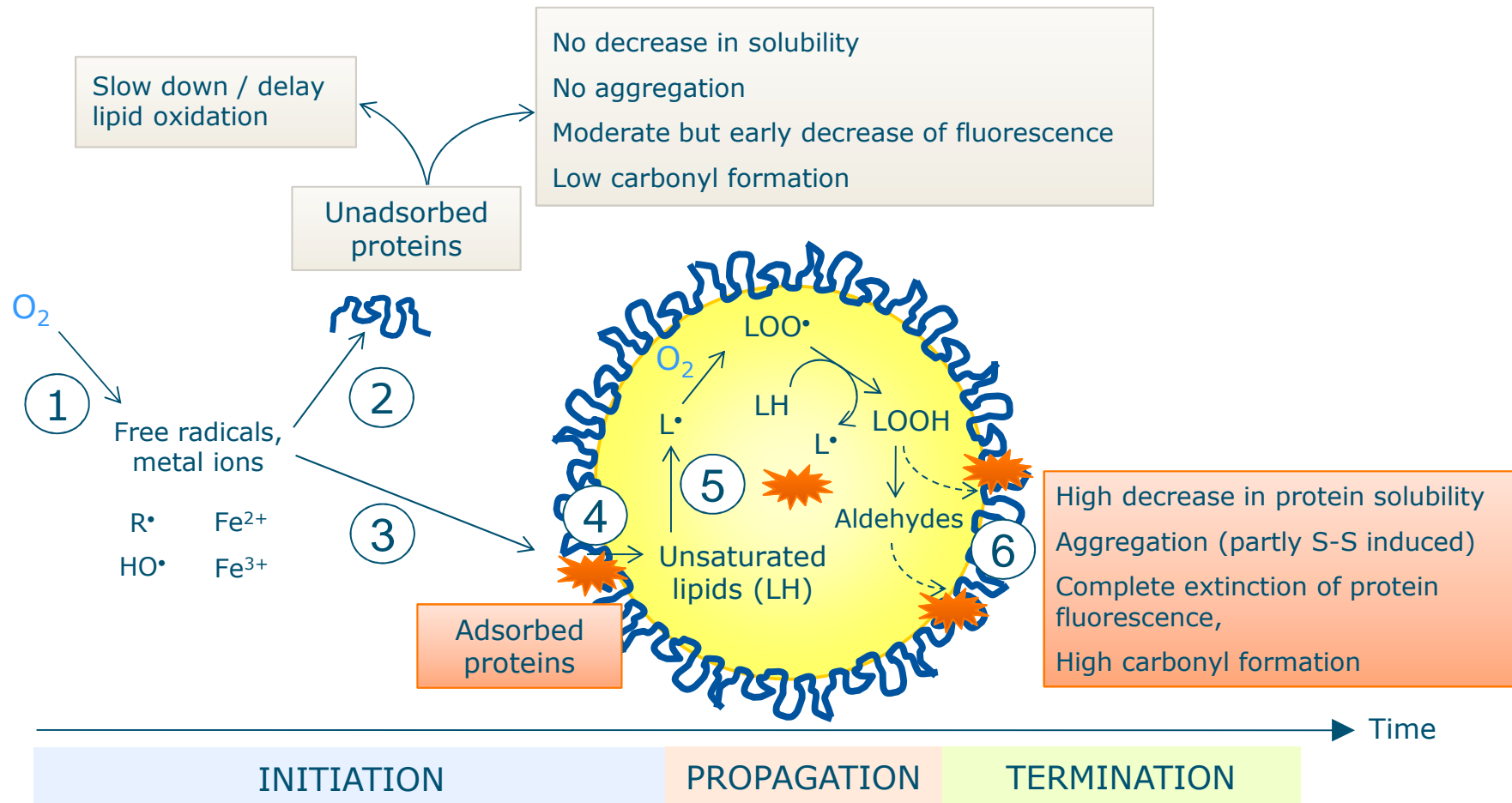
Reducing conditions
→ S-S reduction



Non-soluble proteins?

Conclusion

Towards a comprehensive scheme?



Further work...

to do list

- Analyse and characterize the modifications of the unsoluble proteins
- Understand the mechanisms underlying Trp fluorescence decrease
- Characterize the modifications of the proteins (nature & extent; preferred locations of modified amino acids; adsorbed vs unadsorbed protein)
- More rapid kinetic approach: characterize the first steps of unadsorbed and adsorbed protein modifications in relation to the initial steps of lipid oxidation
- Integrated chemical/mathematical models taking account the location of the reactants, their dynamics and complex / imbricated reaction schemes
- Effects on protein digestibility ; health effects ?

Keeping realistic food models or real foods

Thank you for your attention

Acknowledgements:



pH-D funding of CB



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