Floriculture

A world wide business and international challenges

Market update 2011





Outline

- Floriculture; definition
- Floriculture; the Value Chain
- Consumption
- Exports
- Market organisations
- Imports
- Production
- Innovation
- Supply chain characteristics
- Sustainability

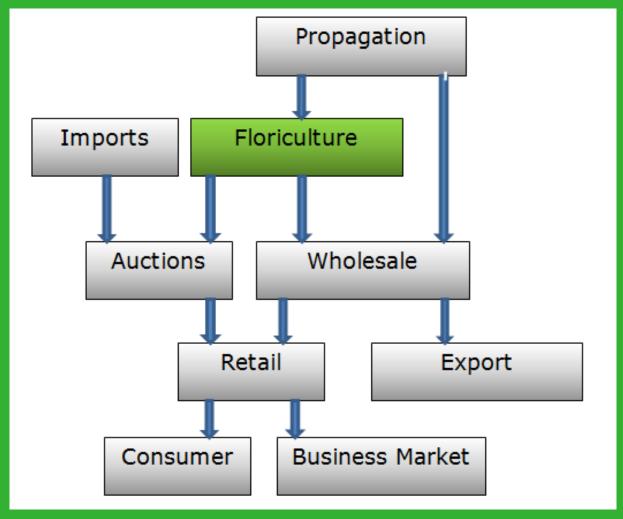


Floriculture; definition

- Floriculture: cultivation, production and marketing of flowering and ornamental plants under controlled conditions
- Variety of products:
 - Seeds
 - Bulbs
 - Cut flowers
 - Foliage
 - Live plants



Floriculture; the Value Chain





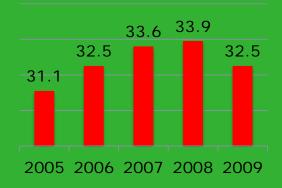
Consumption; EU, USA and Japan

EU, USA and Japan count together for over 90% of worldwide consumption

European Union; consumption of cut flowers and plants, bln. EUR



USA; consumption of all floricultural items, bln. US\$



Japan; consumption of cut flowers; households, bln. EUR*



Source: EU DG AGRI (2010). Adapted by: LEI

Source: USA Statistics. Adapted by LEI

* In EUR 2007

Source: Bureau of Statistics Japan.

Adapted by: LEI



Consumption; EU countries; total

Total consumption top-6 countries in EU, 2005, bln. EUR.

- 1. Germany (4.2)
- 2. France (3.2)
- 3. Italy (2.7)
- 4. UK (2.3)
- 5. Spain (1.8)
- 6. The Netherlands (1.3)

Total consumption top-6 countries in EU, 2009, bln. EUR.

- 1. Germany (3.9)
- 2. France (3.2)
- 3. Italy (2.7)
- 4. Spain(2.2)
- 5. UK (1.9)
- 6. The Netherlands (1.3)



Consumption; EU countries; per capita

Consumption per capita top-3 countries in EU, **2005**. In EUR.

- 1. The Netherlands (80.2)
- 2. Luxembourg (61.2)
- 3. Austria (57.7)

Consumption per capita top-3 countries in EU, **2009**. In EUR.

- 1. The Netherlands (78.8)
- 2. Luxembourg (64.8)
- 3. Austria (58.&)

Source: EU, 2010



Consumption; latest trends

EU markets:

- Despite the economic crisis, the Northern European countries are exhibiting stability
- Due to the crisis, the consumption volumes are falling in the severely affected countries, e.g. Greece, Spain and Portugal.
- In the Eastern European member states, the markets are developing positively once again with a rising demand

World:

The BRIC-countries are gaining importance



Exports; flowers and pot plants; world

Region	Cut flowers, 2009, mln EUR	Pot plants, 2009, mln. EUR			
Europe	2850	3150			
Netherlands	2440	1853			
Germany	32	332			
Belgium-Lux	118	248			
Denmark	32	286			
Italy	53	321			
Spain	23	75			
Asia	335	n/a			
Israel	108	n/a			
China*	108	58			
Africa	855	n/a			
Кепуа	285	n/a			
Ethiopia	94	n/a			
Zimbabwe	240	n/a			
America	1250	n/a			
Colombia	752	n/a			
Ecuador	378	n/a			
USA	110	50			
World	5300	n/a			

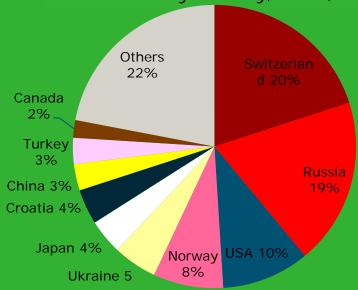
^{* 2008}

Source: AIPH, International Statistics Flowers and plants (2010)



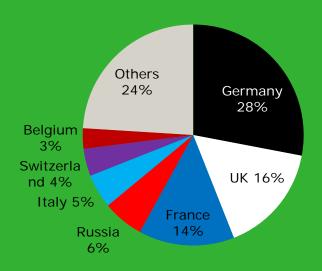
Exports; EU and the Netherlands; partners; share by country

Exports of life plants and products of floriculture by weight; partners EU; share by country, 2009, %



Source: EU, 2010

Exports of cut flowers and flower bud by value; partners NL; share by country, 2009, %



Source: UN Comtrade



Market organisation in the world; a selection

Organisation	Turnover, latest available data
FloraHolland, the Netherlands	4.130 million EUR (2010)
Landgard, Germany	1.842 million EUR (2010)
New Covent Garden, London	57 million EUR (2010)
Ota Floriculture Auction Co., Ltd, Japan	238 million EUR (2010)
Veiling Holambra, Brazil	102 million EUR (2009)
Kunming International Flora Auction Trading Co Ltd., China	n/a

Source: AIPH (2010); Flora Culture International; FloraHolland; Veiling Holambra; New Covent Garden; Landgart



Imports; flowers and pot plants; world

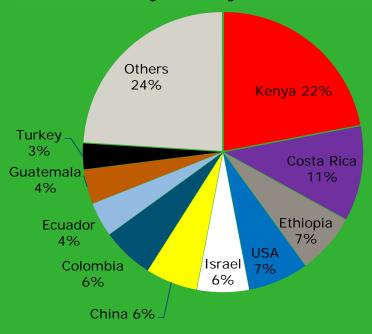
Region	Cut flowers, 2009, mln EUR	Pot plants, 2009, mln. EUR			
Europe	3,785	3,150			
Germany	710	780			
Netherlands	553	336			
United Kingdom	593	214			
France	358	454			
Russia	359	n/a			
Switzerland	120	178			
Italy	144	156			
Asia	350	n/a			
Japan	217	53			
Chinese Taipei	3	0			
Hong Kong	26	n/a			
Singapore	21	n/a			
North America	805	n/a			
USA	508	n/a			
Canada	80	78			
World	5,200	n/a			

Source: AIPH, International Statistics Flowers and plants (2010)



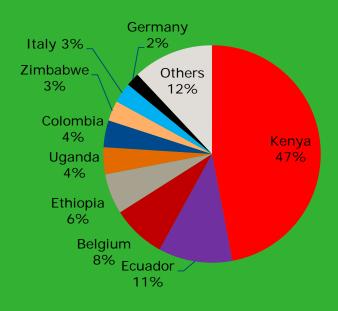
Imports; EU and the Netherlands; partners; share by country

Imports of life plants and products of floriculture by weight; partners EU; share by country, 2009, %



Source: EU, 2010

Imports of cut flowers and flower bud by value; partners NL; share by country, 2009, %



Source: UN Comtrade



Production; flowers and pot plants; world

Region	Area of land* (ha) (A)	Production value*, mln. EUR (B)	Productivity of land (B/A)	Holdings*	
Europe	48,705	10,843	0.22	37,319	
Netherlands	7,560	3,780	0.50	5,372	
Middle East	4,026	220	0.05	6,100	
Africa	7,604	634	0.08	1,461	
Kenya	2,180	299	0.14	140	
Ethiopia	645	90	0.14	80	
Asia	523,829	7,608	0.01	156,764	
China	286,068	2,668	0.009	n/a	
North America	21,067	5,450	0.25	9,319	
Central and South America	97,152	1,441	0.01	12,494	
World	702,383	26,196	0.03	223,457	

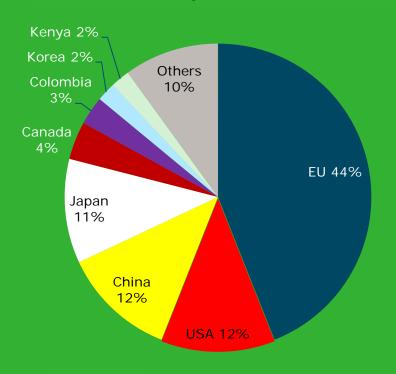
^{*}Based on latest data available in 2010

Source: AIPH, International Statistics Flowers and plants (2010)

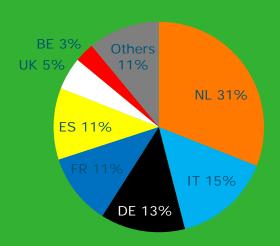


Production; world and EU; share by country

Production value; world; share by country in 2009, %



Production value; EU; share by country in 2009, %

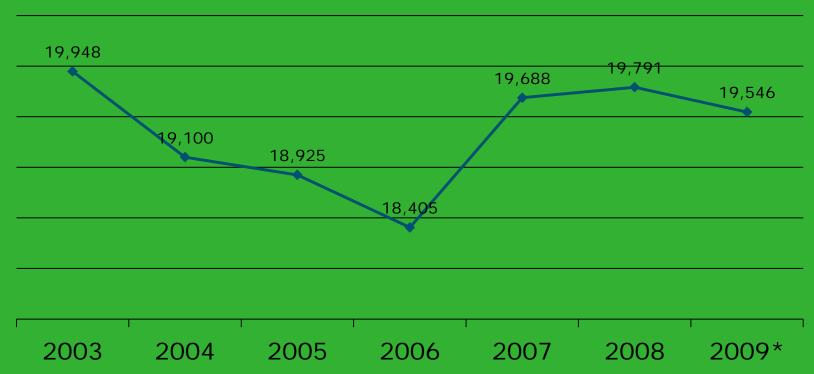


Source: AIPH Source: EU



Production; flowers and plants; EU

EU production of flowers and plants, mln. EUR



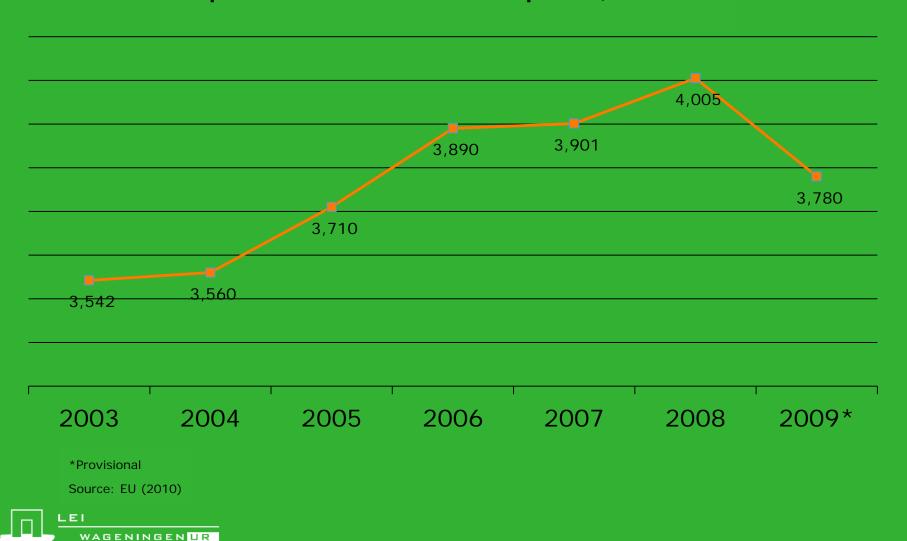
*Provisional

Source: EU (2010)



Production; flowers and plants; NL

NL production of flowers and plants, mln. EUR



Production and trade; trends; roses

Land area and number of holdings in the Dutch rose production sector

Period	Area of land	Number of holdings
2001	918	675
2002	903	618
2003	851	563
2004	845	519
2005	776	457
2006	754	418
2007	650	350
2008	580	302
2009	532	260
% Change 2001-2009	-42%	-58%

Source: CBS



Production and trade; trends; roses

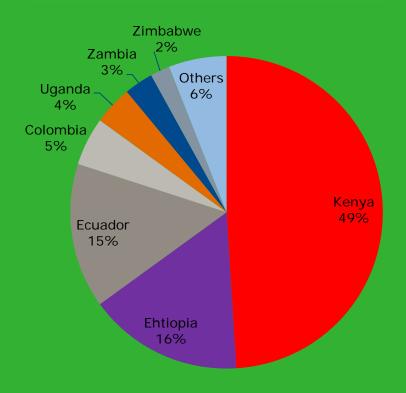
Supply of roses for auctioning in the Netherlands

Domestic production in the Netherlands			Imports			Total			
Period	Number (in mln.)	Value (mln. EUR)	Price	Number (in mln.)	Value (in mln. EUR)	Price	Number (in mln.)	Value (in mln. EUR)	Price
2001	1,890	478	0.25	1,386	175	0.13	3,276	653	0.20
2002	1,787	505	0.28	1,519	195	0.13	3,306	700	0.21
2003	1,772	484	0.28	1,628	197	0.12	3,400	681	0.20
2004	1,712	481	0.28	1,753	224	0.13	3,464	706	0.21
2005	1,661	486	0.29	1,892	242	0.13	3,552	728	0.21
2006	1,524	496	0.33	1,822	262	0.15	3,346	758	0.23
2007	1,400	497	0.36	1,938	298	0.16	3,337	795	0.24
2008	1,280	458	0.36	2,239	344	0.16	3,520	802	0.23
2009	1,180	362	0.31	2,339	334	0.14	3,518	696	0.20
% Change 2001- 2009	-38%	-24%	24%	69%	91%	8%	7%	7%	0%

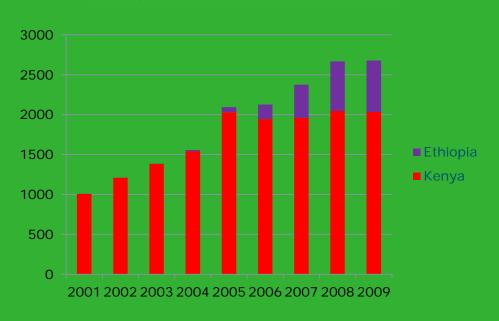


Production and trade; trends; roses

Value of roses import in the EU from non EU-country, 2009; share by country



Number of roses import in the Netherlands from Kenya and Ethiopia, in mln.



Source: Eurostat Comext

Source: CBS



Innovation in floriculture

Innovation in seed breeding for improvement of:

- resistance against pests and diseases;
- temperature sensitivity;
- early ripening;
- uniformity;
- transportability;
- shape, colour, vase life (Flower Council Holland, 2005)

Innovation within floriculture companies:

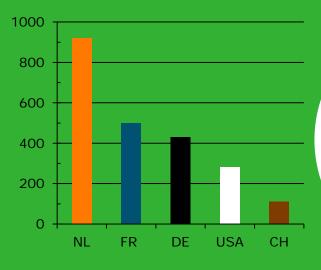
- more efficient planting, growing, cutting and sorting systems;
- improved climate technology, multilayer cultivation;
- distinctiveness; concept development, marketing;
- collective promotion (Flora Holland, 2011)

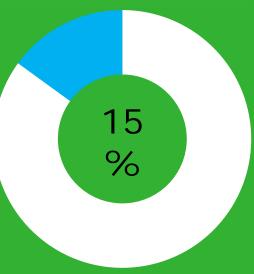


Floriculture; innovation

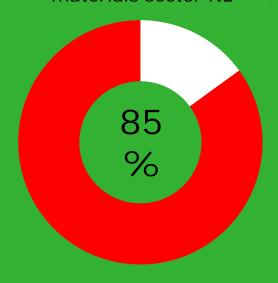
Patent applications at CVPO, 2010

Turnover: share of R&D expenditures; plant reproduction materials sector NL





R&D expenditure: share of product innovation; plant reproduction materials sector NL



Source: LEI (2011)



Supply Chain Characteristics

- Strong crop improvement and reproduction (R&D)
- Cost efficient production
- Cooperative auctions
- Logistics
- Smaller flowers and plants retail channels
- Just in time delivery
- Tracking and tracing
- Sustainability and quality control



Sustainability

- New energies (geothermic, wind)
- CO2 emissions reduction
- Bio-based economy



Thank you for your attention!



