



# **MultiSward**

# Multi-species swards and multi scale strategies for multifunctional grassland-base ruminant production systems

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# Collaborative Project SEVENTH FRAMEWORK PROGRAMME

Priority: Food, Agriculture and Fisheries, Biotechnology

# Deliverable D1.5 Note with most appropriate scenarios for multifunctional grasslands

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Workpackage concerned: WP1

Concerned workpackage leader: DLO-LR (Dr. Agnes van den Pol-van Dasselaar)

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Dissemination level: PU





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# Summary

### **Objective of the deliverable:**

To briefly discuss appropriate scenarios for multi-functional grasslands based on the importance attached to different functions of grassland by stakeholders.

### Activities:

- Analysis of results of an extensive questionnaire among stakeholders
- First analysis of results of a short questionnaire among stakeholders (this questionnaire closed 15 November 2013, a full analysis is planned for the next Deliverable 1.6)
- Analysis of results of (inter)national stakeholder meetings
- Reflection on scenarios with different grassland acreages (less and more than the current)

### Teams involved in stakeholder consultation:

Wageningen UR Livestock Research (DLO-LR), The Netherlands Institut National de la Recherche Agronomique (INRA), France Teagasc, Ireland Poznan University of Life Sciences (PULS), Poland Università degli studi di Udine (UNIUD), Italy

### Geographical areas covered:

Atlantic regions, mountainous regions, Mediterranean regions, continental regions

### Summary:

Questionnaires among different stakeholders and different regions in Europe provided insight into the appreciation of the current and future expected functions of grasslands in Europe. The results showed that the different functions of grasslands are highly recognized and appreciated. The large European grassland area is essential for economy, environment and people. Results of questionnaires provided insight in the value of the different ecosystem services that grasslands provide and of different components of these services for different stakeholders in different regions. The data confirm that the different services provided by grasslands are well recognized by all relevant stakeholder groups. It is therefore important that future policies continue to support conservation of grasslands. Scenarios with less grasslands will lead to an overall decrease in total ecosystem services delivered. since grassland is the only land use option which is capable of delivering a large number of ecosystem services simultaneously. Maintaining or increasing the grasslands area and thus securing the importance of the different functions and services of grasslands in Europe is a challenge for the coming years. This is the most appropriate scenario. Furthermore, it is an extremely important scenario ensuring the continuation of different ecosystems being delivered simultaneously by multifunctional grasslands.





# 1. Introduction

Sustainability (profit, planet, people) is high on the societal, political and economic agendas. The EU-project MultiSward aims to increase reliance on grasslands and on multi-species swards for ruminant production contributing to increased sustainability and competitiveness of livestock production systems, increased food security and enhanced environmental goods while securing optimal European grassland acreage. In order to achieve this, MultiSward wants the active participation of stakeholders and the identification of stakeholder requirements and expectations with respect to multifunctionality of grasslands within Europe.

An international team of representatives of five countries throughout Europe has therefore been established, representing the different regions in Europe. The countries are Ireland, the Netherlands, France, Italy and Poland representing Atlantic, Mountainous, Mediterranean and Continental regions. The international team facilitates and stimulates the stakeholder consultations and discussions by securing the different steps of a multi-stakeholder process: setting up the process, strategically planning the process, implementing and managing the process, learning through monitoring and adapting. The team is in charge of organising national and international meetings and questionnaires throughout Europe. Furthermore, the team collects and synthesizes the output of these meetings and questionnaires.

Six deliverables of MultiSward are related to stakeholder consultation. Deliverable 1.1 of MultiSward (de Vliegher and van Gils, 2010) reported on the roles and utility of grassland in Europe. Deliverable 1.2 (Pinxterhuis, 2011) reported on the appreciation of the current and future functions of grasslands in Europe and identification of implementation gaps between today and future multi-functionalities, as seen by international stakeholders. Deliverable 1.3 (Van den Pol-van Dasselaar *et al.*, 2012) reported on the appreciation of the future functions of grassland and identification of research and implementation gaps between today and future multi-functionalities by national stakeholders. This deliverable was based on first results from an extensive questionnaire, national meetings and a workshop during the Annual Meeting of MultiSward in 2012. Deliverable 1.4 (Van den Pol-van Dasselaar, 2013) was a note on near-future policies (2012-2020) regarding grasslands that will be required to fill gaps between today and future multi-functionalities by stakeholders. However, no gaps could be detected.

The aim of the current Deliverable ("D1.5 Note with most appropriate scenarios for multifunctional grasslands") is to briefly discuss scenarios for grasslands. The identification of most appropriate scenarios is based on the opinion of stakeholders on grasslands as a result of the above-mentioned extended questionnaire and first results of a short questionnaire which was developed in 2012, in agreement with the discussion of the 2012' general assembly, and put on-line in 2012 and 2013. The opinion of the stakeholders, which is the basis for D1.5, has been discussed at the Symposium of the European Grassland Federation in Iceland in June 2013. The current deliverable D1.5 is based on the corresponding paper (Van den Pol-van Dasselaar *et al.*, 2013). In a few months from now, the final Deliverable D1.6 will be delivered ("Synthesis paper on perception of European stakeholders on





multifunctional grasslands"), in which the final results of all questionnaires and meetings will be jointly analysed and presented.

# 2. Materials and method

A questionnaire on multi-functionality of grasslands was developed in 2011 in five languages: Polish, Dutch, Italian, French and English (see Appendix 1). The questionnaire was available in a paper version in a few countries and available as soon as February 2011 in France and on-line after few months (www.multisward.eu). There were questions on sustainability of grasslands and ecosystem services provided by grasslands. Sustainability covers economic, environmental and social issues (profit, planet, people). Respondents to the guestionnaire were asked to divide 10 points across these three aspects of sustainability, giving most points to the one they considered the most important aspect (e.g. 4, 3, 3 if they consider that ecological and social aspects are of equal interest and that economy is slightly more important). Ecosystem services can be divided in four groups: provisioning services (e.g. production of food, water), regulating services (e.g. control of climate and disease), supporting services (e.g. nutrient cycles, crop pollination) and cultural services (e.g. spiritual, recreational). Respondents to the questionnaire were again asked to divide 10 points over the four groups of ecosystem services. The set-up and analysis of the questionnaire have been extensively described by Van den Pol-van Dasselaar et al, 2012). To increase the number of responses on the most important questions, it was decided during the general assembly in 2012 to develop a simplified version of the questionnaire (short questionnaire, see Appendix 2). This questionnaire focused on the division of 10 points across the three aspects of sustainability and on the value of the different functions of grasslands. The questionnaire was available in Polish, Dutch, Italian, French, English, German, Swedish and Danish and it was widely spread in many European countries: Ireland, UK, Sweden, Denmark, the Netherlands, Belgium, Germany, Poland, France and Italy. Also a few people from other countries responded, as it was also spread to international networks, e.g. of the European Grassland Federation. The questionnaire was closed at 15 November 2013 and by then there were approximately 2000 valid responses. A full analysis of the results will be part of Deliverable 1.6. However, first results have been used to check the general validity of conclusions of this deliverable.

# 3. Results - Importance of different functions of grasslands

The different meetings and the questionnaires (both extensive and short) provided valuable information on the importance of different functions of grasslands as perceived by the stakeholders. At the start of the MultiSward project, an international stakeholder consultation (Pinxterhuis, 2011; van den Pol-van Dasselaar *et al.*, 2012) showed that economic functions of grasslands, mainly feed for herbivores, were considered the most important in most countries. Stakeholders expected this to remain unchanged in future. Environmental functions of grasslands were placed





second: water quality and quantity, adaptation to climate change, mitigation and biodiversity. Finally, social services were mentioned.

From the results of the extensive questionnaire (160 valid responses), further information was obtained for different stakeholders and for different regions (Figure 1). In general profit was considered to be the most important aspect, followed by planet and followed by people. Some observations:

- Primary producers and to a lesser extent industry parties gave a higher value to profit than the other stakeholders and a lower value to the other components, especially people
- Both France and Italy valued people aspects relatively higher and profit aspects relatively lower

Grasslands can provide several services, the so-called ecosystem services. Figure 2 shows that provisioning services were considered to be the most important services. However, there were clear differences between stakeholders and between regions. The differences between regions reflect the differences in the farming structure throughout Europe.

There were almost no differences in stakeholders' appreciation of today and future functions of grasslands (not shown). The only remark from the stakeholders was that they expect increasing importance of both feed protein supply at farm level and environmentally friendly systems. Reasons for the lack of large differences between appreciation of today and future functions may be that there is no difference or that stakeholders cannot yet imagine differences in appreciation between today and the future (Van den Pol-van Dasselaar, 2013).

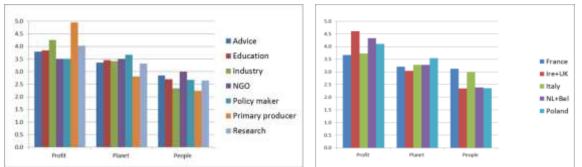


Figure 1. Importance of aspects of sustainability for different stakeholders and different regions (total of people, planet and profit equals 10 for each stakeholder group or region) (Van den Pol-van Dasselaar et al., 2013).

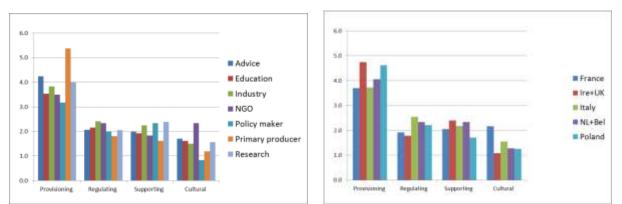


Figure 2. Importance of ecosystem services for different stakeholders and for different regions (total equals 10 for each stakeholder group or region) (Van den Pol-van Dasselaar et al., 2013).





A first analysis of the results of the short questionnaire (around 2000 responses) increased our understanding on the opinion of the stakeholders. Full results will be available in the next Deliverable (D1.6), but first results confirm the findings of the extensive questionnaire. Many functions of grasslands and ecosystem services are seen as very important (on a scale ranging from not important to very important). Grasslands are considered a valuable resource.

# 4. Conclusions – scenarios for multifunctional grasslands

The questionnaires and the national meetings provided insight in the appreciation of different functions of grasslands in Europe. They clearly showed that the different functions of grasslands are highly recognized and appreciated by all relevant stakeholder groups. The large European grassland area appears to be essential for economy, environment and people. It is therefore important that future policies continue to support conservation of grasslands. Scenarios with less grassland will lead to an overall decrease in total ecosystem services delivered, since grassland is the only land use option which is capable of delivering a large number of ecosystem services simultaneously.

We conclude that all stakeholders consider grasslands to be a valuable resource in Europe. Maintaining or increasing the grasslands area and thus securing the importance of the different functions and services of grasslands in Europe is a challenge for the coming years. This is the most appropriate scenario. Furthermore, it is an extremely important scenario ensuring the continuation of different ecosystems being delivered simultaneously by multifunctional grasslands.





# References

De Vliegher A. and van Gils B. (2010) *Report on roles and utility of grassland in Europe.* Report MultiSward, ILVO, Belgium.

Pinxterhuis J.B. (2011) Report on appreciation of the current and future functions of grasslands in Europe and identification of implementation gaps between today and future multi-functionalities, as seen by international stakeholders. Report MultiSward, Wageningen UR Livestock Research, Lelystad, the Netherlands.

Van den Pol-van Dasselaar A., P. Goliński, D. Hennessy, C. Huyghe, G. Parente, J.L. Peyraud and J.B. Pinxterhuis (2012) *Report on appreciation of the future functions of grassland and identification of research and implementation gaps between today and future multi-functionalities by national stakeholders*. Report MultiSward, Wageningen UR Livestock Research, Lelystad, the Netherlands.

Van den Pol-van Dasselaar A. (2013). Note on near-future policies (2012-2020) regarding grasslands that will be required to fill gaps between today and future multi-functionalities of grasslands as seen by national stakeholders. Report MultiSward, Wageningen UR Livestock Research, Lelystad, the Netherlands.

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# **Appendix 1: Extensive questionnaire**

#### Questionnaire for stakeholder consultation 2011 on multifunctionality of grasslands in Europe

MULTISWARD is an EU-project aiming to improve the use of grasslands in Europe. To achieve this, the project will focus on:

- increasing reliance on grasslands and on multi-species swards for ruminant production
- contributing to increased sustainability and competitiveness of ruminant production systems
- increasing food security
- enhancing ecosystem services (e.g. biodiversity, water and soil quality)

In order to achieve these objectives, MULTISWARD will conceive, evaluate and promote sustainable ruminant production systems based on the use of grasslands, and provide adequate evaluation tools to assess the best means of combining high production efficiency with optimal provision of regulating and supporting services from grasslands at farm and regional levels. MULTISWARD also aims to identify and analyze the effects of socio-economic and policy scenarios supporting or constricting grassland development or inducing grassland replacement by annual crops in order to support the design of future policies.

MULTISWARD wants active involvement of stakeholders. This involvement supports the development of a common learning environment on grassland based farming systems, it will improve the scope for anchoring new developments (in MULTISWARD as well as in concurrent or future projects), which are based on better understanding of societies perspective on sustainability of grasslands.

In this initial phase of the project stakeholders will be consulted to help define:

- Which farming systems currently make use of grasslands?
- What functions grasslands are required to fulfil, now and in the future?
- How the quality of the contribution of grasslands to these functions is, or can be, measured (indicators)?
- What constraints prevent grasslands fulfilling the required functions?
- What near-future policies (2010-2020) are foreseen to impact on (use of) grasslands?

On the following pages a questionnaire can be found. This is the basis for a consultation in five countries, Ireland, the Netherlands, France, Italy and Poland, representing different regions in Europe (Atlantic, Mountainous, Mediterranean and Continental). The consultation will be organised as national meetings, online questionnaires, and in some cases individual interviews.

NOTE: this questionnaire is to obtain the thoughts and opinions of a range of stakeholders. You are asked to fill in this questionnaire to give <u>your own</u> perception of the use of grasslands <u>in your region</u>. So you do not need to do





any research to complete this questionnaire. Filling in the questionnaire may take up to half an hour.

#### A note on privacy

This survey is anonymous.

The record kept of your survey responses does not contain any identifying information about you unless a specific question in the survey has asked for this. If you have responded to a survey that used an identifying token to allow you to access the survey, you can rest assured that the identifying token is not kept with your responses. It is managed in a separate database, and will only be updated to indicate that you have (or haven't) completed this survey. There is no way of matching identification tokens with survey responses in this survey.

1	_	6
_		<b>U</b>

Country	

Region	

Name	

E-mail address		





Organisation	

To which group does this organisation belong? Choose one of the following answers	
Please choose	

#### 7-8

Sustainability is high on the societal, political and economic agendas. Sustainability covers economical, ecological and social interests. Please divide 10 points over these three aspects of sustainability, giving most points to the one you consider most important aspect: (e.g. 4, 3, 3 if you consider that ecological and social aspects are of equal interest and that economy is slightly more important)

Only numbers may be entered in these fields

Total of all entries must equal 10

- Economical
- Ecological
- Social
- Total:





Ecosystem services can be divided in four groups: provisioning (production of food, water), regulating (control of climate and disease), supporting (nutrient cycles, crop pollination) and cultural (spiritual, recreational). What ecosystem services do grasslands provide in your region? Please divide 10 points over the four groups of ecosystem services, giving most points to the group of services you think is the most important in general: (e.g. 4, 2, 2, 2 if you consider provisioning services most important and the other services of equal interest)

Only numbers may be entered in these fields

•	Provisioning (production of food, water)
•	Regulating (control of climate and disease)
•	Supporting (nutrient cycles, crop pollination)
•	Cultural (spiritual, recreational)
•	Total:

9

<b>For which provisioning services</b> are grasslands important in your region today? (1 = not important; 5 = very important).					
	1 2	3	4	5	
Biomass for energy production (	0 0	0	0	0	
Forage of high quality	0	0	0	0	
Milk production : Dairy cows	0 0	0	0	0	
Milk production : Goats	0	0	0	0	
Milk production : Sheep (	0 0	0	0	0	
Wool production	0	0	0	0	
Honey production (	0 0	0	0	0	
Meat production : Beef (	0	0	0	0	
Meat production : Goat (	0 0	0	0	0	
Meat production : Sheep	0	0	0	0	





Production of plant fibre (e.g. for paper)	0	0	0	0
Nutritional quality of animal products for human consumption	0	0	0	0
'Region of origin' of animal products 🔿	0	0	0	0

To what extend are in your region these services provided by grasslands only? (Exclusivity, Y = service only provided by grassland; Uncertain = I do not know; N = service not exclusively provided by grassland).

	Yes	Uncertain	No
Biomass for energy production	0	0	$^{\circ}$
Forage of high quality	0	0	$^{\circ}$
Milk production : Dairy cows	0	0	$^{\circ}$
Milk production : Goats	0	0	0
Milk production : Sheep	0	0	$^{\circ}$
Wool production	0	0	Ō
Honey production	0	0	$^{\circ}$
Meat production : Beef	0	0	Ō
Meat production : Goat	0	0	$^{\circ}$
Meat production : Sheep	0	0	Ō
Production of plant fibre (e.g. for paper)	0	0	$^{\circ}$
Nutritional quality of animal products for human consumption	0	0	Ō
'Region of origin' of animal products	0	0	$^{\circ}$

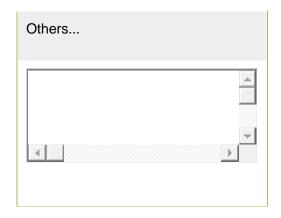
How important do you expect the following provisioning services to become in your region in the next 10 years compared to today? (-- becomes much less; = stays similar; ++ becomes much more)

	-	=	+	++
Biomass for energy production 🔿	$^{\circ}$	0	$^{\circ}$	0
Forage of high quality	0	0	0	0





	Milk production : Dairy cows 🔿	0	0	0	0
	Milk production : Goats	0	Ō	Ō	C
	Milk production : Sheep 🔿	$\circ$	$^{\circ}$	$\circ$	0
	Wool production O	0	0	0	C
	Honey production O	$\circ$	$^{\circ}$	$^{\circ}$	C
	Meat production : Beef O	0	0	0	С
	Meat production : Goat 🔿	$\circ$	$^{\circ}$	$^{\circ}$	С
	Meat production : Sheep C	0	0	0	С
	Production of plant fibre (e.g. for paper) 🔿	0	$^{\circ}$	$^{\circ}$	0
N	utritional quality of animal products for human consumption	0	0	0	С
	'Region of origin' of animal products O	$\circ$	$\circ$	$\circ$	C



41	0
ж,	υ

For which regulating services are grasslands important in your region today? (1 = not important; 5 = very important). 2 3 5 1 4 Adapting to climate change C  $\odot$  $\odot$ Ö Ô Mitigating green house gas emissions  $\odot$ Ō Ô Ô  $\odot$ Ô  $\odot$  $\odot$ Conservation of ecosystems/biodiversity C Ô Ô Avalanche control O Ō Soil pathogen control in cropping  $\odot$ Ō Ô Ö systems





Erosion control	0	0	0	0
Fire control O	0	0	0	0
Flood plains of rivers O	0	0	0	0
Water catchment C	0	0	0	0
Carbon sequestration/storage O	0	0	0	0

To what extend are in your region these services provided by grasslands only? (Exclusivity, Y = service only provided by grassland; Uncertain = I do not know; N = service not exclusively provided by grassland).

	Yes	Uncertain	No
Adapting to climate change	$\circ$	0	0
Mitigating green house gas emissions	0	0	0
Conservation of ecosystems/biodiversity	$\circ$	0	0
Avalanche control	0	0	0
Soil pathogen control in cropping systems	$\circ$	0	$\circ$
Erosion control	0	0	0
Fire control	0	0	$\circ$
Flood plains of rivers	0	0	$\circ$
Water catchment	0	0	$\circ$
Carbon sequestration/storage	0	0	0

How important do you expect the following provisioning services to become in your region in the next 10 years compared to today? (-- becomes much less; = stays similar; ++ becomes much more)

		-	=	++	++
Adapting to climate change	0	0	0	0	0
Mitigating green house gas emissions	0	0	0	0	0
Conservation of ecosystems/biodiversity	0	0	0	0	0
Avalanche control	0	0	0	0	0





Soil pathogen control in cropping systems	$\circ$	0	0	0	0
Erosion control	0	0	0	Ō	C
Fire control	0	0	0	0	$\circ$
Flood plains of rivers	0	0	0	0	0
Water catchment	0	0	0	0	$\circ$
Carbon sequestration/storage	0	0	0	0	0
Others	$\circ$	0	0	0	0

Others

1	2	3	4	5
Animal welfare 🔿	0	0	0	0
Availability of water	0	0	0	0
Conservation/improvement of soil structure o and fertility in cropping systems	0	0	0	0
Crop pollinisation	0	0	0	0
Animal health 🔿	0	0	0	0





To what extend are in your region these services provided by grasslands only service only provided by grassland; Uncertain = I do not know; $N$ = service not provided by grassland).	•	•	Y =
	Yes l	Jncertai	n No
Animal welfare	0	0	0
Availability of water	0	0	0
Conservation/improvement of soil structure and fertility in cropping systems	- N	0	0
Crop pollinisation	0	0	0
Animal health	0	0	0
Other	0	0	0

How important do you expect the following provisioning services to become next 10 years compared to today? ( becomes much less; = stays similar; more)		•	•		
		-	=	++	++
Animal welfare	0	$\circ$	$\circ$	0	0
Availability of water	0	0	0	0	0
Conservation/improvement of soil structure and fertility in cropping systems	0	0	0	0	0
Crop pollinisation	0	Ċ.	0	0	0
Animal health	0	$^{\circ}$	$^{\circ}$	0	0

Others	
	-





# 12

**For which cultural services** are grasslands important in your region today? (1 = not important; 5 = very important).

1	2	3	4	5
Maintaining populations in rural areas 🔿	0	0	0	0
Positive perception of animal production systems	0	0	0	0
Tourism or recreation	0	0	0	0
Supporting horses for equestrian sport and recreation	0	0	Ċ	0
Cultural values 🗢	0	0	0	0

To what extend are in your region these services provided by grasslands only? (Exclusivity, Y = service only provided by grassland; Uncertain = I do not know; N = service not exclusively provided by grassland).

	Yes	Uncertain	No
Maintaining populations in rural areas	0	0	0
Positive perception of animal production systems	0	0	0
Tourism or recreation	0	0	0
Supporting horses for equestrian sport and recreation	0	0	0
Cultural values	0	0	0

How important do you expect the following provisioning services to become next 10 years compared to today? ( becomes much less; = stays similar; more)	•		-	
	-	=	+	++
Maintaining populations in rural areas 🗢	$\circ$	$\circ$	$\circ$	0
Positive perception of animal production systems	0	0	0	0
Tourism or recreation C	0	0	$\circ$	$\circ$



Importance today



	$\circ$
Cultural values O O O	$^{\circ}$

4 

13

What are in your opinion the main interests and the main restrictions for increasing the use of grassland based systems from the farmers' point of view?

1	2	3	4	5
Adaptability to price volatility 🔿	0	0	0	0
Competitiveness of animal production systems	0	0	0	0
Ease of production system management C	0	0	0	0
Animal production per livestock unit or per ha	0	0	0	0
Maintaining relation with neighbours O	0	0	0	0
Taking account of animal welfare	0	0	0	0
Decreasing consumption of non-	0	0	0	0
Increasing feed protein supply at farm level	0	0	0	0
Consistency of forage production C	0	0	0	0
Environmentally friendly systems	0	0	0	0

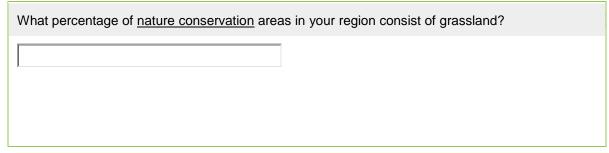




rate the relevance of the following items for tomorrow compared	to today
=	+ ++
Adaptability to price volatility OOOO	0 0
Competitiveness of animal production systems C C C C	0
Ease of production system management C C C C	0 0
Animal production per livestock unit or per ha	0
Maintaining relation with neighbours O O O	0 0
Taking account of animal welfare OOOO	0
reasing consumption of non-renewable energy O O O C	0 0
Increasing feed protein supply at farm level O O O	0
Consistency of forage production O O O	0 0
Environmentally friendly systems O O O	0
Environmentally friendly systems OOO	C

Others	
4	

14-19







What percentage of the productive <u>agricultural</u> area in your region is in grassland?

What trends (e.g. economic, political, social, environmental trends) do you see occurring that are impacting on the use of grasslands? Do you consider that these trends will increase or decrease the area of grasslands in your country?



What ecosystems services (as mentioned in Q9 to Q12, please mention any others you consider relevant) should be market driven? I.e. the costs should be paid by the users/consumers and the market regulates the quality. What is the situation at present in your region?



What ecosystems services (as mentioned in Q9 to Q12, please mention any others you consider relevant) should be under public control and paid for by governments? What is the situation at present in your region?





How is the quality of the provided ecosystems services (as mentioned in Q13 to Q16, please mention any others you consider relevant) measured in your region? Who is responsible for the quality or for the monitoring and what indicators are used?

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MULTI-SPECIES SWARDS AND	MULTI SCALE STRATEGIES	OR MULTIEUNCTIONA	GRASSLAN





# **Appendix 2: Short questionnaire**

### Introductory text

Dear Madam/Sir,

We would like to get a better understanding of the importance of the functions of grasslands for various stakeholders in Europe via a questionnaire, and we would really appreciate your opinion. The purpose of the questionnaire is to obtain thoughts and opinions of a range of stakeholders. Therefore, you do not have to be an expert to complete the questionnaire.

Filling in this questionnaire only takes a couple of minutes.

Thank you very much in advance. If you would like to have more information on our project or if you are interested in filling out a more extensive questionnaire, please visit our website <u>www.multisward.eu</u>

### Importance of grasslands in Europe

Country Question. Country Belgium Denmark France Germany Ireland Italy Netherlands Norway Poland Spain Sweden Switzerland UK Other (please specify) Question. What is your region within your country? (optional)

### Stakeholder

<u>Question</u>. To which group do you belong? (Choose the option which best describes your situation) Advisor / consultant Education Student Industry NGO





Policy maker Research Consumer Farmer Other (please specify)

## Characteristics of the farm (additional questions for farmers only)

<u>Question</u>: Do you milk cows? (yes/no) (*if no, the other questions will not appear on the screen*)

<u>Question</u>: Do you milk with an AMS? (robot) (yes/no) (please indicate yes or no) <u>Question</u>: What is the estimated amount of fresh grass intake in the field per cow? (in dry matter – DM)

(0 kg DM/cow (no grazing) ; 0-5 kg DM/cow ; 5-10 kg DM/cow ; more than 10 kg DM/cow)

(If you do not know exactly, please provide your best estimate)

Question: What is your herd size? Number of dairy cows (numbers only; please provide the number of cows)

<u>Question</u>: Milk yield. Estimated average kg milk per year per cow (numbers only; please provide your best estimate of the average kg milk per year per cow)

### General

Question. What is your age? <20 20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 >60 Question. What is your level of education? Primary school Secondary school High school / technical school University Other (please specify) Question. Gender Female Male

# Sustainability

Sustainability is high on the societal, political and economic agendas. Sustainability covers economic, ecological and social interests.

<u>Question</u>. Please divide 10 points over these three aspects of sustainability, giving most points to the one you consider most important aspect: (e.g. 4, 3, 3 if you consider that ecological and social aspects are of equal interest and that economy is slightly more important)

Economic Ecological Social *Please provide a number Please divide 10 points, total of the three entries should be 10* 





### **Functions of grasslands**

This is our main question. IT IS ALSO THE FINAL QUESTION. Thank you! Question: Which functions of grasslands do you consider important in your region? (1 = not important; 5 = very important)(functions listed below will appear at random in the questionnaire) Biomass for energy production High quality forage Dairy cow milk production Goat milk production Sheep milk production Wool production Honey production Beef meat production Goat meat production Sheep meat production Production of plant fibre (e.g. for paper) Low cost animal feed Feed protein supply at farm level Nutritional quality of animal products for human consumption 'Region of origin' of animal products Grazing N fixation via legumes Adaptation to climate change Mitigating greenhouse gas emissions Conservation of the quality of ecosystems **Biodiversity** Avalanche control Pathogen control in cropping systems Erosion control Fire control Flood plains of rivers Water catchment Carbon sequestration/storage Animal welfare Availability of water Conservation/improvement of soil structure and fertility in cropping systems Crop pollination Animal health Maintaining populations in rural areas Positive perception of animal production systems Beauty of the landscape Tourism or recreation Supporting horses for equestrian sport and recreation Cultural values **Rural development** Global food production Competitiveness of farming systems Other (please specify) (optional)





Please provide your opinion on the importance of these functions in at least 30 rows

### Finally

<u>Question</u>: If you have anything you would like to add, please feel free to do so (optional)

#### Thank you!

Thank you for taking the time to complete this questionnaire. If you would like more information about the MultiSward project or if you are interested in filling out a more extensive questionnaire, you are welcome to visit our website <u>www.multisward.eu</u>.