North Sea hydro acoustic herring survey Survey report for R/V "TRIDENS" 24 June - 19 July 2013

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Internal report number 13.014

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WOT-05-406-003-IMARES-1

Publication date: 18 September 2013



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1. Introduction

The Dutch Institute for Marine Resources & Ecosystem Studies (IMARES) has been participating in the international North Sea acoustic survey for herring since 1991. Participants in this survey are Scotland, Norway, Germany, Denmark, The Netherlands and Ireland. The survey is part of the EU data collection framework (DCF) and is coordinated by the Working Group for International Pelagic Surveys (WGIPS, formerly PGIPS/PGHERS). The aim of this survey is to provide an abundance estimate of the whole North Sea herring population. This estimate is used as a tuning index by the ICES Herring Assessment Working Group (HAWG) in its assessment of the population size. In this report the results are presented for the survey in the central North Sea, carried out by the Dutch vessel R/V Tridens.

Cruise plan

The survey was split into two periods of 1 and 3 weeks. The first week was used for acoustic equipment calibration in a fjord in southern Norway. The executed cruise track and hydrographical positions are presented in Figures 1a and 1b. The actual surveyed transects may differ from the planned transects.

2. Methods

2.1 Scientific Staff

Name	Organisation	Role	Wk 26	Wk 27	Wk 28	Wk 29
Sascha Fässler	IMARES	Cruise leader & Acoustics	х	х	х	х
Dirk Burggraaf	IMARES	Technician & Acoustics	х	х	х	х
Daniel Benden	IMARES	ІСТ	х			
Ineke de Jonge	Guest		х			
Bram Couperus	IMARES	Cruise leader & Acoustics		х	х	х
Hendrik-Jan Westerink	IMARES	Fish lab		х	х	х
Ciaran Cronin	Cork Ecology	Bird surveyor		х		
Tim Sykes	Cork Ecology	Bird surveyor		х	х	

2.2 Narrative

The first week of the whole 4 week survey period was used for calibration of the acoustic equipment in a sheltered location in south-eastern Norway. Tridens departed from Scheveningen on Monday 24 June and steamed up north-east towards the proposed calibration location in the bay of Kristiansand, Norway. Arrival in Kristiansand was in the evening on Tuesday 25th June. Calibration of the acoustic equipment took place during the whole day on 26th June and was completed before the vessel departed again with the pilot on board at 20:00 UTC. Conditions at the calibration site were very favourable and good calibration results could be achieved. ETA in Scheveningen was on Friday 28th June at 02:00 UTC. Tridens left Scheveningen again the following Monday to execute the survey.

The survey continued according the planned transects till Wednesday 17 July. Arrival in Scheveningen on Thursday 18 July at 13:30 UTC, one day ahead of schedule due to the perfect weather conditions and good performance of the scientific acoustic equipment. Unfortunately we were not able to fish on high concentrations of herring (sprat?) schools on the last transect, when the ETA was set and the net trawl was already cleaned and out of operation. The text table below summarizes the departures and arrivals at the ports.

From	Date	Time (UTC)	То	Date	Time (UTC)
Scheveningen	24-06-2013	10:00	Scheveningen	28-06-2013	10:00
Scheveningen	1-07-2013	13:00	Aberdeen	6-07-2013	18:00
Aberdeen	8-7-2013	6:00	Newcastle	13-07-2013	22:00
Newcastle	15-07-2013	10:00	Scheveningen	18-07-2013	13:30

Since 2010, cruise leaders keep a weblog during the survey, which can be found at: $\frac{\text{http://herringsurvey.blogspot.nl}}{\text{http://herringsurvey.blogspot.nl}}$

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2.3 Deviations from the cruiseplan

Tridens arrived one day earlier than planned in the port of Scheveningen due to the nice weather conditions and lack of hampering due to damage of the equipment.

2.4 Survey Design

The actual survey was carried out from 1st July to 17th July 2013, covering an area east of Great Britain from latitude 54°25′ to 58°24′ North and from longitude 3° West (off the Scottish/English coast) to 6° East between 55°30′ and 56°30′ North. Following the survey design since 2005, a stratified survey design with random start was applied. Parallel transects along latitudinal lines were used with spacing set at 15 or 30 nmi, depending on expected herring distribution from previous years. Acoustic data from transects running north-south close to the shore (that is parallel to the depth isoclines) were excluded from the dataset. The actual cruise track, trawl - and hydrographical station positions is presented in Figure 1.

2.5 Calibration of acoustic equipment

The calibration of the three transducers (38, 120, and 200 kHz) mounted in the towed body was executed in Kristiansand Bay. Conditions allowed for an optimal and good calibration of the frequencies. For logistic reasons the 333 kHz was not calibrated, but calibration results from the previous year applied instead. Transducer settings of the 38 kHz used for echo-integration during the survey are given in Table 1

2.6 Acoustic data collection

Data collection

A Simrad 38 kHz split beam transducer was operated in a towed body (type "Shark") 5-6 m under the water surface. Acoustic data were collected with a Simrad EK60 scientific echo sounder and post-processed with the LSSS software to produce acoustic area densities (NASC) at 1 nautical mile intervals. The settings of the EK60 are listed in Table 1. The EK60 received the vessel speed from the ship's GPS. An average survey speed of 10.0 knots was used.

All echoes were recorded with a threshold of -70dB up to a depth of 150 meters below the transducer. A ping rate of 0.6 sec was used during the entire survey. This ping rate has proven most suitable at the depths of 50 - 150 m observed in most of the area covered.

NOTE: As in previous years, electric noise was an issue at the higher frequencies used. The noise mask recordings and present significant problems for multi-frequency data analysis. A solution to this problem would be the use of an acoustic drop keel (presently unavailable on Tridens) to allow a more permanent setup of the acoustic equipment and a shorter cable length.

2.7 Biological data collection

Fishing

The acoustic recordings were verified by fishing with a 2000 mesh pelagic trawl with 20 mm meshes in the cod-end. Fishing was carried out to identify species-composition of major recordings observed on the echo sounder and to obtain biological samples of herring and sprat. In general, after it was decided to make a tow with a pelagic trawl, the vessel turned and fished back on its track line. If the recordings showed schools, a Simrad SD570 sonar was used in order to track schools that were swimming away from the track line. In all hauls, the footrope was very close to the ground with vertical net openings varying from 20 to 30 m (specifications are listed in the PGHERS manual).

A Furuno FS20/25 trawl sonar (vertical and horizontal scan direction) was used to monitor catch performance.

Comments

Fishing in shallow and rocky areas is an issue. At present it is sometimes not possible to collect samples, i.e. in the Moray Firth area. For next year we propose to take a bottom trawl with us in addition to the pelagic 2000M net. The GOV net is a suitable net for this purpose. It could be rolled off one of the two net-winches before departure.

During this survey it was often very difficult to fish on the target schools. The main reason is that it is not possible with the omnidirectional sonar currently installed on board Tridens to track the schools reliably after the vessel turns to shoot the net. This affects the quality of the survey and makes collection of representative biological samples more difficult. The current sonar is a high frequency sonar with a short range (< 1 Nm). Additionally, this sonar (dating back 1997) is outdated and there are currently more updated and sophisticated scientific sonars on the market. In addition to the recommended installation of an acoustic drop keel, we recommend to replace the current sonar for a low frequency sonar which has the typical feature of a longer range (3-4 Nm), for example the scientific sonar 'Simrad SX90'.

Biological samples

For all fish:

- Total weight of the catch, split up by species
- 150 to 250 specimens for individual length measurement. Depending on the catch weight, a subsample technique is used, based on weights.
- Stratified samples of 5 fish per length class were taken from the 150-250 herring and sprat. The following parameters are sampled from these fish:
- Age of herring and sprat, by means of otolith reading
- Gender
- Maturity stage

Sample ID's used: 2013.5400521 - 2011.5400542

2.8 Hydrographical data

Hydrographical data were collected at 47 stations, all at fixed locations (Figure 1b). A Seabird CTD device, type SBE 9plus. It had been successfully calibrated in advance by the manufacturer. Conductivity, temperature and depth were measured.

2.9 Data handling, analysis and presentation

Data analysis

The echograms were scrutinized with Large Scale Survey System (LSSS) software.

For each ICES rectangle, species composition and length distribution were determined as the unweighted mean of all trawl results for this rectangle. From these distributions the mean acoustic backscattering cross-section "sigma" (σ_{bs}) was calculated according to the target strength-length relationships (TS) recommended by the ICES Working Group on International Pelagic Surveys.

The numbers of herring and sprat per ICES rectangle were calculated by dividing the NASC within each rectangle by the overall σ_{bs} in the corresponding rectangle.

The biological samples used for stock structure and biomass calculations were grouped in 4 strata for herring and 2 strata for sprat, based on similar length frequency distribution in the area (Figure 2a & 2b). The numbers per year/maturity class were calculated, based on the age/length key for each stratum. For each separate stratum the mean weight per year/maturity class was then calculated.

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3. Results

3.1 Acoustic data results

Largest herring concentrations were found in the northern part of the Dutch survey area and close to the Devil's Holes (rectangle with highest concentration: 41E9) (Figure 3a). Sprat was found primarily close to the coast in the southern part of the survey area (rectangle with highest concentration: 38E9) (Figure 3b). Unlike in 2010, amounts of observed aggregations of Norway pout in the survey area were insignificant.

3.2 Trawl data results

In total, 22 trawl hauls were conducted. Herring was found in 15 hauls in which all more than 20 herring samples were taken. Sprat was found in 4 hauls, however only 2 of them (hauls 15 and 22) contained enough samples (>20) to be deemed representative for analyses. The trawl list is presented in Table 2a, the catch weights per haul and species are presented in Table 2b and the length frequency proportions used in the analysis for herring are presented in Table 2c. Norway pout was observed in 9 trawls but generally in insignificant amounts. The biological samples contained a total of 908 herring and 62 sprat that were collected and used for length, age, weight, sex and maturity keys.

3.3 Stock estimates

The stock biomass estimate of **herring** found in the Tridens survey area:

Immature 77.8 thousand tonnes Spawning stock 624.5 thousand tonnes

The stock biomass estimate of **sprat** found in the Tridens survey area:

Immature 0.0 thousand tonnes Spawning stock 16.9 thousand tonnes

The total estimated biomass of herring in the survey area covered by R/V Tridens was about 5% lower than in the previous year, when the contribution of immature herring was much higher at 336.4 thousand tonnes. The biomass of mature fish in 2013 was about 55% higher compared to 2012. The most likely explanation for this is that mature herring in the international survey area had a more southern distribution than in previous years.

The total biomass of sprat observed was about 8x less than the amount observed in the previous year (132.1 thousand tonnes) in the Tridens survey area. Observed levels are comparable to those seen in 2011. No immature fish were observed in the Tridens survey area this year.

Figure 4 shows the estimated numbers and biomass of herring by ICES rectangle in the area surveyed by R/V Tridens. Table 3 summarizes stock estimates per stratum and Tables 4 and 5 summarise the sub stock estimates for herring and sprat.

3.4 Equipment damage

No damage of any significance occurred.

Table 1. Simrad EK60 calibration settings used on the 2013 North Sea herring acoustic survey on R/V Tridens.

```
# Calibration Version 2.1.0.12
 Date: 26-6-2013
#
 Comments:
#
  Reference Target:
                                      Min. Distance
                                                             9.60 m
                       -42.30 dB
  TS Deviation
                       5.0 dB
                                      Max. Distance
                                                             13.70 m
# Transducer: ES38B Serial No. 38
# Frequency
                       38000 Hz
                                      Beamtype
                                                             Split
                                      Two Way Beam Angle
# Gain
                       26.00 dB
                                                             -20.6 dB
                                      Along. Angle Sens.
                                                             21.90
# Athw. Angle Sens.
                       21.90
                                                             6.50 deg
# Athw. Beam Angle
                       6.86 deg
                                      Along. Beam Angle
  Athw. Offset Angle
                       0.00 deg
                                      Along. Offset Angle
                                                             -0.18 deg
                                                             0.00 m
  SaCorrection
                       0.00 dB
                                      Depth
#
# Transceiver: GPT 38 kHz 009072017a3b 2-1 ES38B
 Pulse Duration
                       0.512 ms
                                      Sample Interval
                                                             0.096 m
# Power
                       2000 W
                                      Receiver Bandwidth
                                                             3.28 kHz
#
# Sounder Type:
  EK60 Version 2.2.0
# TS Detection:
# Min. Value
                       -50.0 dB
                                      Min. Spacing
                                                             100 %
# Max. Beam Comp.
                       6.0 dB
                                      Min. Echolength
                                                             30 %
# Max. Phase Dev.
                       10.0
                                      Max. Echolength
                                                             230 %
# Environment:
  Absorption Coeff.
                       7.3 dB/km
                                      Sound Velocity
                                                             1500.7 m/s
# Beam Model results:
# Transducer Gain
                       = 25.25 dB
                                      SaCorrection
                                                              = -0.63 \text{ dB}
                                      Along. Beam Angle
# Athw. Beam Angle
                       = 7.21 \deg
                                                              = 7.11 deg
# Athw. Offset Angle
                       = -0.05 \deg
                                      Along. Offset Angle
                                                              =-0.02 deg
# Data deviation from beam model:
  RMS
                       = 0.24 dB
                       = 0.90 dB
  Max
                                      No. =
                                             189
                                                             Athw. = 2.3 \deg
                                                                                  Along = 3.8 \deg
 Min
                       = -1.26 dB
                                      No. =
                                             254
                                                             Athw. = 3.7 \deg
                                                                                  Along = 2.0 \deg
#
# Data deviation from polynomial model:
# RMS
                       = 0.23 dB
# Max
                       = 0.84 dB
                                             189
                                                             Athw. = 2.3 \deg
                                                                                  Along = 3.8 \deg
# Min
                       = -1.43 \text{ dB}
                                      No. =
                                             254
                                                             Athw. = 3.7 deg
                                                                                  Along = 2.0 \deg
```

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Table 2a. Details of the trawl hauls taken on R/V Tridens during the North Sea herring acoustic survey 2013.

						ı			1		1	
haul nr	day	month	year	hour	minute	haul duration	lat	lon	depth	wind direction	wind force	gear
1	2	7	2013	16	59	24	58.24	1.27	102	23	7	pelagic trawl
2	3	7	2013	3	7	41	58.23	0.18	119	158	7	pelagic trawl
3	3	7	2013	7	42	21	58.23	-0.3	132	203	2	pelagic trawl
4	3	7	2013	12	1	47	58.23	-1.3	132	203	2	pelagic trawl
5	4	7	2013	5	35	46	58.12	-1.36	76	180	9	pelagic trawl
6	4	7	2013	10	3	56	58.12	-0.47	76	180	9	pelagic trawl
7	5	7	2013	6	21	32	57.54	0.56	130	270	4	pelagic trawl
8	5	7	2013	19	27	69	57.55	-2.07	77	180	1	pelagic trawl
9	6	7	2013	7	41	32	57.51	-3	80	135	4	pelagic trawl
10	8	7	2013	8	7	48	57.25	-0.58	66	203	2	pelagic trawl
11	8	7	2013	12	58	40	57.24	-0.01	66	23	2	pelagic trawl
12	8	7	2013	17	18	27	57.25	0.49	86	23	2	pelagic trawl
13	9	7	2013	7	10	39	56.55	1.33	93	158	2	pelagic trawl
14	9	7	2013	18	11	35	56.55	-1.18	62	158	2	pelagic trawl
15	10	7	2013	4	53	60	56.24	-2.05	60	158	7	pelagic trawl
16	10	7	2013	12	36	98	56.25	-0.15	74	359	1	pelagic trawl
17	13	7	2013	5	47	117	55.54	-0.55	69	338	2	pelagic trawl
18	15	7	2013	14	25	37	55.25	-0.45	90	359	1	pelagic trawl
19	16	7	2013	5	40	77	55.24	1.28	74	248		pelagic trawl
20	16	7	2013	16	41	72	54.54	0.2	74	359		pelagic trawl
21	17	7	2013	4	16	37	54.54	-0.36	60	359		pelagic trawl
22	17	7	2013	8	7	35	54.47	-0.47	60	359		pelagic trawl

Table 2b. Trawl catches in kg on R/V Tridens during the North Sea herring acoustic survey 2013.

haul	date	time	latitude(N)	longitude	E/W	depth	duration	herring	N. pout	other	mackerel	sprat	others
no		UTC				meters	min.			gadoids			
1	02-Jul-13	16.59	58.24	001.27	E	102	24	152	12	1			
2	03-Jul-13	03.07	58.23	000.18	E	119	41	2487	13	2	0		
3	03-Jul-13	07.42	58.23	000.30	W	132	21	3700		8	4		
4	03-Jul-13	12.01	58.23	001.30	W	132	47	9586	173	393	849		
5	04-Jul-13	05.35	58.12	001.36	W	76	46	127	0	12			2
6	04-Jul-13	10.03	58.12	000.47	W	76	56	7991	0	3	10		1
7	05-Jul-13	06.21	57.54	000.56	Е	130	32	185	18	3	0		
8	05-Jul-13	19.27	57.55	002.07	W	77	69				3		
9	06-Jul-13	07.41	57.51	003.00	W	80	32		3	1	8		0
10	08-Jul-13	08.07	57.25	000.58	W	66	48	76			15		704
11	08-Jul-13	12.58	57.24	000.01	W	66	40	1		3	31		
12	08-Jul-13	17.18	57.25	000.49	E	86	27	2262					
13	09-Jul-13	07.10	56.55	001.33	Е	93	39	887		0			
14	09-Jul-13	18.11	56.55	001.18	W	62	35			1			
15	10-Jul-13	04.53	56.24	002.05	W	59.9	60		0	0	2	6	1
16	10-Jul-13	12.36	56.25	000.15	W	74.09	98	10000		1			
17	13-Jul-13	05.47	55.54	000.55	W	68.8	117				1		
18	15-Jul-13	14.25	55.25	000.45	W	90.09	37		0	0		0	
19	16-Jul-13	05.40	55.24	001.28	Е	74.19	77	1540		0	3		19
20	16-Jul-13	16.41	54.54	000.20	E	74	72	160			0		
21	17-Jul-13	04.16	54.54	000.36	W	60	37			0		0	
22	17-Jul-13	08.07	54.47	000.47	W	60	35	674				880	74

Table 2c. Length frequency percentage proportions of **herring** by haul caught on R/V Tridens during the North Sea herring acoustic survey 2013.

length/haul-no proportion %	-	2	က	4	2	9	7	10	=	12	13	16	19	20	22
13.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
14	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4
14.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8
15	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5
15.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0:0	0.0	3.9
16	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.2
16.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0:0	0.0	8.9
17	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.4
17.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	0.0	12.4
18	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.6	0.0	11.2
18.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.9	0.0	6.2
19	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	12.5	9.0	5.4
19.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	19.8	11.1	6.2
20	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	25.5	26.9	5.4
20.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.2	20.5	7.7
21	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.9	5.7	21.1	2.7
21.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	3.6	5.3	3.1
22	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	3.0	0.5	3.5	1.9
22.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	6.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	2.5	1.7	0.5	0.0	0.4
23	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	2.3	0.5	0.0	0.0	2.4	1.5	4.2	5.2	0.5	2.3	0.0
23.5	0.0	9.0	0.0	1.7	9.1	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.9	1.0	10.0	12.5	0.5	9.0	0.0
24	9.0	0.0	9.0	9.5	14.6	6.2	4.6	1.0	9.6	5.9	17.2	15.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
24.5	9.0	0.0	0.0	16.0	16.9	10.0	5.2	0.0	9.6	6.3	18.8	11.6	0.0	9.0	0.0
25	1.2	1.3	5.6	19.5	21.0	11.4	8.8	38.2	18.7	12.7	16.3	12.9	0.0	1.8	0.4
25.5	3.7	3.2	4.5	14.7	11.4	16.2	7.7	19.6	18.7	8.8	8.8	10.3	0.0	1.2	0.8
26	4.3	2.6	9.0	15.6	8.2	20.0	7.2	20.6	17.7	11.2	8.8	6.9	0.0	1.2	0.4
26.5	5.6	5.2	7.9	9.5	6.4	9.5	10.3	8.8	4.8	8.8	3.8	4.7	0.5	1.2	0.0
27	6.2	8.4	9.6	6.1	2.7	0.6	9.3	5.9	8.1	9.3	4.2	2.2	0.0	9.0	0.0
27.5	6.2	12.9	13.0	3.0	2.7	6.7	10.8	2.0	3.3	7.8	1.7	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
28	8.6	14.2	13.0	2.6	1.8	3.8	10.8	1.0	2.4	10.2	1.3	1.3	0.0	1.8	0.0
28.5	21.0	17.4	13.0	0.0	0.5	3.8	10.3	0.0	1.0	6.9	0.4	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
29	17.9	12.3	9.0	0.4	0.5	0.5	2.7	0.0	0.5	8.9	8.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
29.5	11.1	11.0	10.2	0.4	6.0	0.5	4.6	0.0	0.5	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
30	9.3	6.5	3.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
30.5	3.1	1.3	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31	0.0	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0:0	0.0	0.0
31.5	0.0	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
32	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
32.5	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
33	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
33.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
34	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
no in sample	162	155	177	231	219	210	194	102	209	205	239	232	192	171	259
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Table 3. Age/maturity-length keys for herring –Stratum A - D. Tridens, North Sea acoustic survey 2013.

			Stratum A				
Age	Year	Mean Length (cm)	Mean weight (g)	Number (millions)	%	Biomass (1000 tons)	%
Ol	2012im			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
OM	2012ad			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
11	2011im			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
1M	2011ad			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
21	2010im			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
2M	2010ad	25.8	142.0	296	19.6	42.069	16.2
31	2009im	24.7	108.9	5	0.3	0.570	0.2
3M	2009ad	26.3	148.7	414	27.3	61.497	23.6
41	2008im			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
4M	2008ad	28.4	195.2	174	11.5	33.889	13.0
5l	2007im			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
5M	2007ad	28.4	183.0	409	27.1	74.914	28.8
6M	2006	28.8	190.8	123	8.1	23.473	9.0
7M	2005	29.7	214.4	49	3.2	10.403	4.0
8M	2004	29.7	194.4	15	1.0	2.900	1.1
9M	2003	29.3	180.9	7	0.4	1.180	0.5
10M	2002	29.7	205.7	12	0.8	2.487	1.0
11M	2001	31.0	266.0	1	0.0	0.150	0.1
12+	<2001	29.7	735.0	9	0.6	6.645	2.6
Mean		28.5	230.4				
Total				1513	100.0	260.179	100.0
Immature				5	0.3	0.570	0.2
Mature				1507	99.7	259.608	99.8

			Stratum B				
Age	Year	Mean Length (cm)	Mean weight (g)	Number (millions)	%	Biomass (1000 tons)	%
01	2012im			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
OM	2012ad			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
11	2011im	20.3	65.1	12	0.5	0.812	0.2
1M	2011ad	21.5	74.0	1	0.0	0.062	0.0
21	2010im	22.5	88.8	53	2.0	4.719	1.3
2M	2010ad	24.9	128.2	1169	43.3	149.857	41.4
31	2009im	25.0	129.0	12	0.5	1.575	0.4
3M	2009ad	25.5	133.5	1159	42.9	154.674	42.8
41	2008im			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
4M	2008ad	27.2	170.4	112	4.1	19.000	5.3
51	2007im			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
5M	2007ad	27.8	170.6	114	4.2	19.392	5.4
6M	2006	28.3	175.4	21	0.8	3.699	1.0
7M	2005	28.8	174.7	4	0.1	0.619	0.2
8M	2004	26.7	166.2	12	0.4	1.976	0.5
9M	2003	27.9	167.9	23	0.8	3.825	1.1
10M	2002	28.4	175.5	9	0.3	1.540	0.4
11M	2001			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
12+	<2001			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
Mean		25.8	140.0				
Total				2700	100.0	361.751	100.0
Immature				78	2.9	7.106	2.0
Mature				2622	97.1	354.645	98.0

			Stratum C				
Age	Year	Mean Length (cm)	Mean weight (g)	Number (millions)	%	Biomass (1000 tons)	%
01	2012im			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
OM	2012ad			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
11	2011im	19.9	59.9	278	67.3	16.659	60.0
1M	2011ad	21.2	73.7	11	2.7	0.823	3.0
21	2010im	20.5	67.6	89	21.5	6.014	21.6
2M	2010ad	24.0	118.4	33	8.0	3.894	14.0
31	2009im			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
3M	2009ad	28.0	189.0	2	0.4	0.343	1.2
41	2008im			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
4M	2008ad			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
5l	2007im			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
5M	2007ad	27.0	132.0	0	0.1	0.053	0.2
6M	2006			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
7M	2005			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
8M	2004			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
9M	2003			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
10M	2002			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
11M	2001			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
12+	<2001			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
Mean		23.4	106.8				
Total				413	100.0	27.787	100.0
Immature				367	88.8	22.674	81.6
Mature				46	11.2	5.113	18.4

			Stratum D				
Age	Year	Mean Length (cm)	Mean weight (g)	Number (millions)	%	Biomass (1000 tons)	%
01	2012im			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
OM	2012ad			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
11	2011im	17.9	46.4	991	93.4	45.948	87.4
1M	2011ad	21.5	82.0	7	0.6	0.537	1.0
21	2010im	21.3	75.5	20	1.9	1.515	2.9
2M	2010ad	22.7	102.0	35	3.3	3.550	6.8
31	2009im			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
3M	2009ad	25.3	125.5	8	0.8	1.027	2.0
41	2008im			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
4M	2008ad			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
5l	2007im			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
5M	2007ad			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
6M	2006			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
7M	2005			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
8M	2004			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
9M	2003			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
10M	2002			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
11M	2001			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
12+	<2001			0	0.0	0.000	0.0
Mean		21.7	86.3				
Total				1060	100.0	52.577	100.0
Immature				1011	95.3	47.463	90.3
Mature				50	4.7	5.115	9.7

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Table 4. Mean length, mean weight, biomass (thousands of tonnes) and numbers (millions) **herring** breakdown by age and maturity obtained during the July 2012 North Sea herring acoustic survey on R/V Tridens.

		Total area (all strat	a sum	marized)	
Age	Year	Number (millions)	%	Biomass (1000 tons)	%
Ol	2012im	0	0.0	0.000	0.0
OM	2012ad	0	0.0	0.000	0.0
11	2011im	1281	22.5	63.419	9.0
1M	2011ad	19	0.3	1.422	0.2
21	2010im	162	2.9	12.248	1.7
2M	2010ad	1533	27.0	199.371	28.4
31	2009im	17	0.3	2.146	0.3
3M	2009ad	1583	27.8	217.541	31.0
41	2008im	0	0.0	0.000	0.0
4M	2008ad	285	5.0	52.890	7.5
5l	2007im	0	0.0	0.000	0.0
5M	2007ad	523	9.2	94.359	13.4
6M	2006	144	2.5	27.172	3.9
7M	2005	52	0.9	11.022	1.6
8M	2004	27	0.5	4.876	0.7
9M	2003	29	0.5	5.005	0.7
10M	2002	21	0.4	4.027	0.6
11M	2001	1	0.0	0.150	0.0
12+	<2001	9	0.2	6.645	0.9
Total		5686	100.0	702.294	100.0
Immature		1461	25.7	77.813	11.1
Mature		4225	74.3	624.481	88.9

Table 5. Mean length, mean weight, biomass (thousands of tonnes) and numbers (millions) **sprat** breakdown by age and maturity obtained during the July 2013 North Sea herring acoustic survey on R/V Tridens.

		Total area (all strat	ta sum	marized)	
Age	Year	Number (millions)	%	Biomass (1000 tons)	%
Ol	2012im	0	0.0	0.000	0.0
OM	2012ad	449	36.2	2.255	13.3
11	2011im	0	0.0	0.000	0.0
1M	2011ad	362	29.2	6.261	37.1
21	2010im	0	0.0	0.000	0.0
2M	2010ad	400	32.2	7.776	46.0
31	2009im	0	0.0	0.000	0.0
3M	2009ad	30	2.4	0.601	3.6
41	2008im	0	0.0	0.000	0.0
4M	2008ad	0	0.0	0.000	0.0
5l	2007im	0	0.0	0.000	0.0
5M	2007ad	0	0.0	0.000	0.0
6M	2006	0	0.0	0.000	0.0
7M	2005	0	0.0	0.000	0.0
8M	2004	0	0.0	0.000	0.0
9M	2003	0	0.0	0.000	0.0
10M	2002	0	0.0	0.000	0.0
11M	2001	0	0.0	0.000	0.0
12+	<2001	0	0.0	0.000	0.0
Total		1240	100.0	16.893	100.0
Immature		0	0.0	0.000	0.0
Mature		1240	100.0	16.893	100.0

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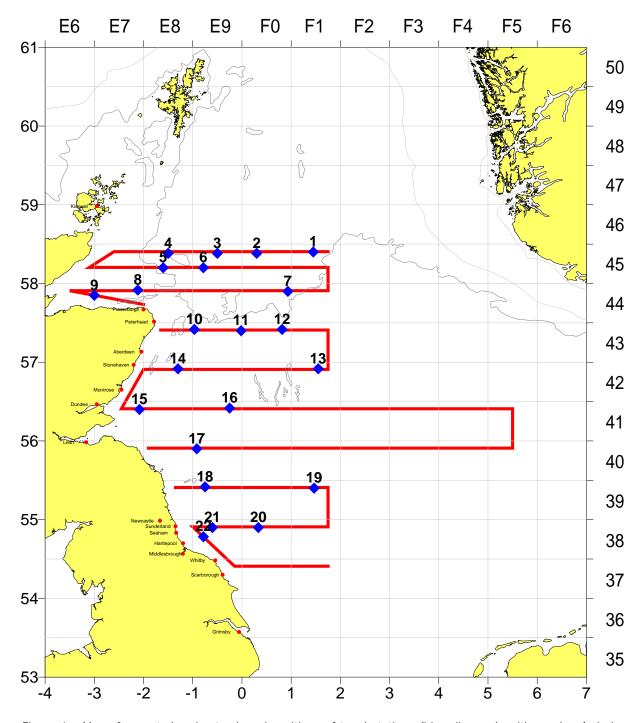


Figure 1a. Map of executed cruise track and positions of trawl stations (blue diamonds with numbers) during the July 2013 North Sea herring acoustic survey on R/V Tridens.

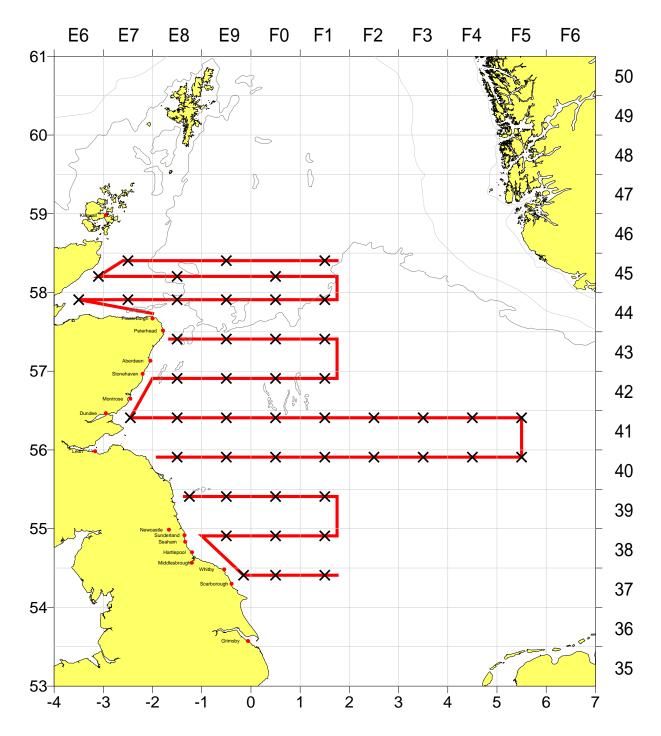


Figure 1b. Map of hydrographical stations (crosses) during the July 2013 North Sea herring acoustic survey on R/V Tridens.

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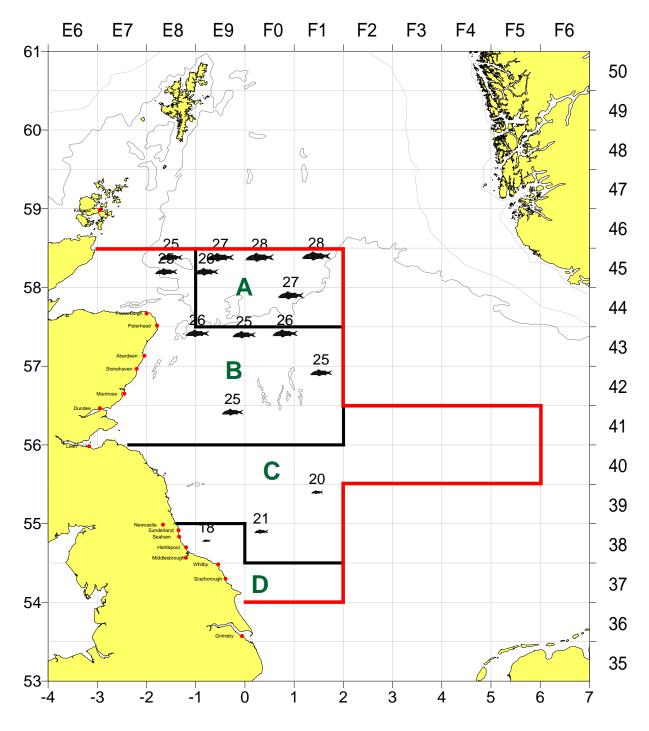


Figure 2a. Survey strata used to pool length frequency distributions of **herring** and to raise NASC's by rectangle to numbers and biomass during the July 2013 North Sea herring acoustic survey on R/V Tridens. Size of fish symbols represent relative mean lengths of the species caught in the hauls that contained more than 20 herring.

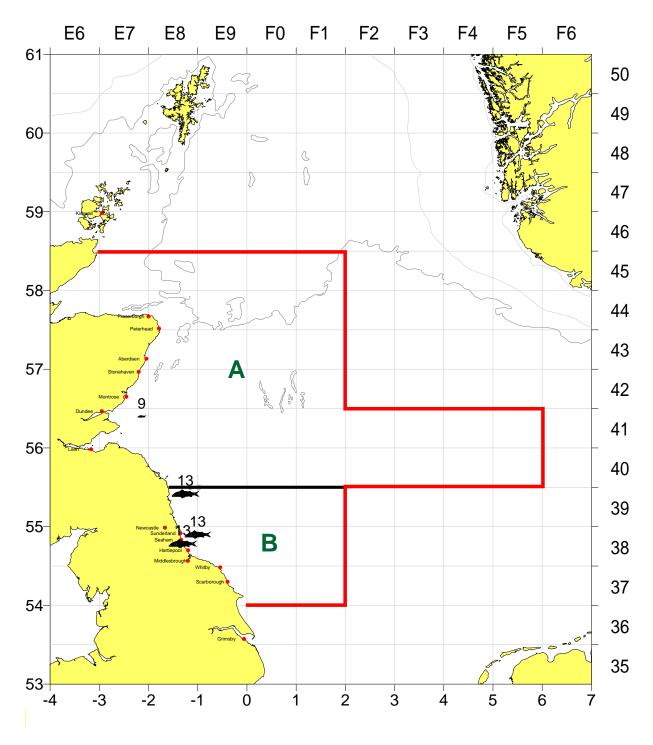


Figure 2b. Survey strata used to pool length frequency distributions of **sprat** and to raise NASC's by rectangle to numbers and biomass during the July 2013 North Sea herring acoustic survey on R/V Tridens. Size of fish symbols represent relative mean lengths of **sprat** caught in the hauls.

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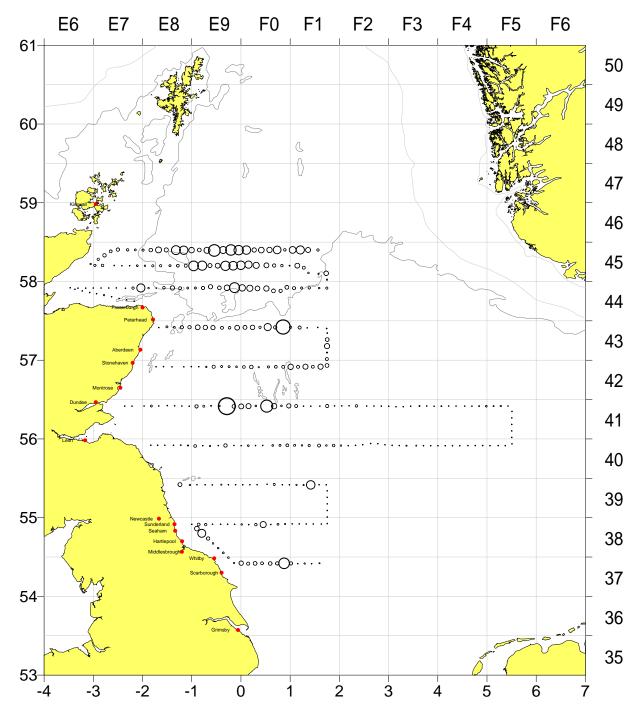


Figure 3a. Post plot showing the distribution of **total herring** NASC's of 5 nm intervals (on a proportional square root scale relative to the maximum value of 5514.46) obtained during the July 2013 North Sea herring acoustic survey on R/V Tridens.

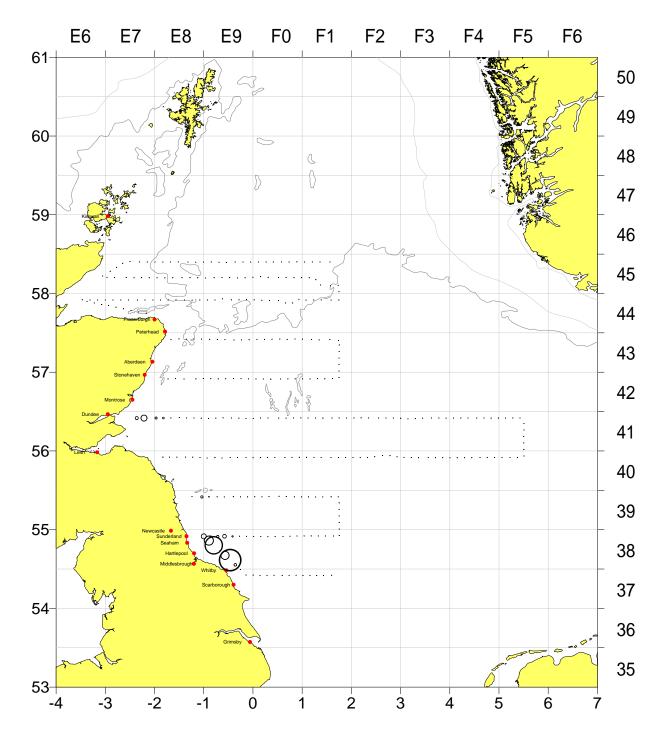


Figure 3b. Post plot showing the distribution of **total sprat** NASC's by 5 nm intervals (on a proportional square root scale relative to the largest value of 1327.88). Obtained during the July 2013 North Sea herring acoustic survey on R/V Tridens.

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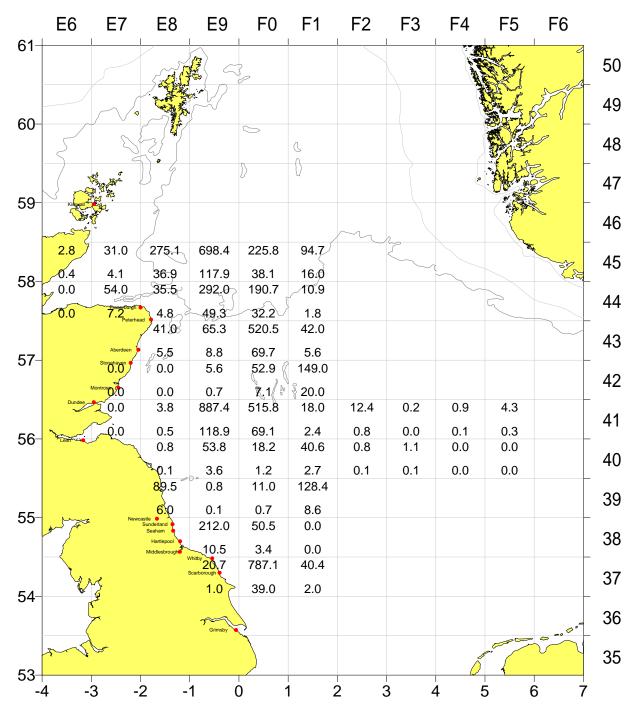


Figure 4. Estimated numbers of **herring** in millions (upper half square) and biomass in thousands of tonnes (lower half of square) by ICES rectangle. Results from the July 2013 North Sea herring acoustic survey on R/V Tridens.

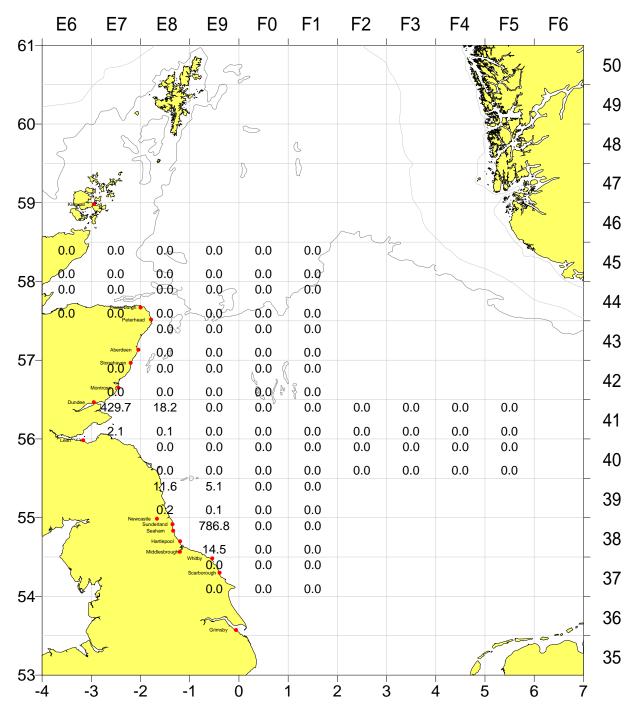


Figure 5. Estimated numbers of **sprat** in millions (upper half square) and biomass in thousands of tonnes (lower half of square) by ICES rectangle. Results from the July 2013 North Sea herring acoustic survey on R/V Tridens.

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CRUISE	SUMN	//AR	Y REI	PORT	1	FOR CO	OLLATING (CENTRE
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						Is data ex	change	
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								Yes
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SHIP enter the full	name and inte	ernational 1	radio call sig	n of the ship	p from which t	the data wer	e collected,	and
indicate the ty	ype of ship, fo	or example	, research sh	ip; ship of o	pportunity, na	ıval survey	vessel; etc.	
Name: TRIDENS					Call Sign	n: PBVO		
Type of ship: FISHEI	RIES RESEAI	RCH VESS	EL					
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CRUISE PERIOD	start	24	06	2012	to	19	07	2012
	(set sail)	day	month	year		day	month	year
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RESPONSIBLE LAF	BORATORY	enter na	me and addr	ess of the la	aboratory resp	onsible for o	coordinating	the
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Name: IMARI	ES, Institute fo	or Marine re	esearch and E	cosystem stu	udies			
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PROJECT (IF APPLICABLE) if the cruise is designated as part of a larger scale cooperative project (or expedition or programme), then enter the name of the project, and of the organisation responsible for coordinating the project. Project name: North Sea Herring Acoustic Survey (HERAS)

Coordinating body: IMARES, Institute for Marine research and Ecosystem studies

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATORS: Enter the name and address of the Principal Investigators responsible for the data collected on the cruise, and who may be contacted for further information about the data (The letter assigned below against each Principal Investigator is used on pages 2 and 3, under the column heading 'PI', to identify the data sets for which he/she is responsible)

Bram Couperus and Sascha Fassler

MOORINGS, BOTTOM MOUNTED GEAR AND DRIFTING SYSTEMS						
PI	APPROXIMATE	POSITION	DATA TYPE	DESCRIPTION		
see top	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	enter code(s) from list on	identify, as appropriate, the nature of the instrumentation, the parameters (to be) measured, the number of instruments and		
of page	deg min N/S	deg min E/W	cover page	their depths, whether deployed and/or recovered, dates of deployment and/or recovery, and any identifiers given to the site.		

MOORINGS, BOTTOM MOUNTED GEAR AND DRIFTING SYSTEMS					
PI	APPROXI	MATE POSITIO	N		DESCRIPTION
					their depths, whether deployed and/or recovered, dates of deployment and/or recovery, and any identifiers given to the contraction of the contract
	Station-id	ICES-rectang	latitude	longitude	site.
		•			

SUMMARY OF MEASURED AND SAMPLES TAKEN					
PI	NO	UNITS	DATA TYPE	DESCRIPTION	
	2037	nautical miles	EK60 Raw	Hydro Acoustic Data	
	47	downcasts	CTD	Hydrographical data	
		500m			
	22	pelagic trawls	fish data	biological data (number, weight, length, maturity, age)	
		stations			

GENERAL OCEAN AREA(S): Enter the names of the oceans and/or seas in which data were collected during the cruise - please use commonly recognised names (see, for example, International, Hydrographic Bureau Special Publication No. 23, 'Limits of Oceans and Seas')

NORTH SEA

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SPECIFIC AREAS: If the cruise activities were concentrated in a specific area(s) of an ocean or sea, then enter a description of the area(s). Such descriptions may include references to local geographic areas, to sea floor features, or to geographic coordinates.

GEOGRAPHIC COVERAGE - INSERT 'X' IN EACH SQUARE IN WHICH DATA WERE COLLECTED

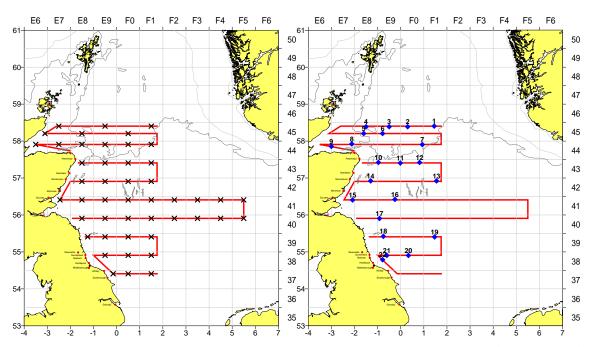


Figure 1b. Map of hydrographical stations (crosses) during the July 2013 North Sea herring acoustic/during the July 2013 North Sea herring acoustic/during the July 2014 North Sea herring acoustic/during the July 2013 North Sea herring acoustic survey on RV/ Tridens