

# Learning from drivers and conflicts

Bedded pack barns: from network to innovation

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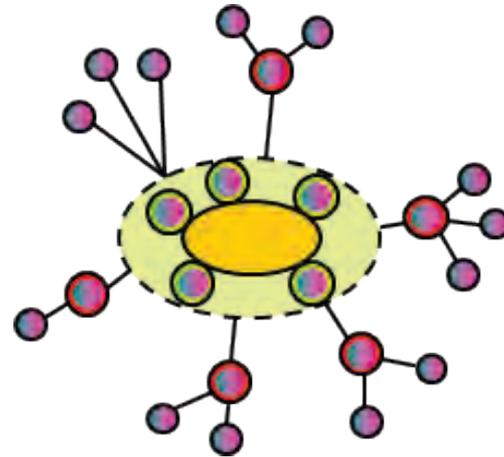
# Topics

- Network approach with free actor
- Participative innovative process
- Learning process (DEED method)
- What did we learn and conclusions



# Network approach

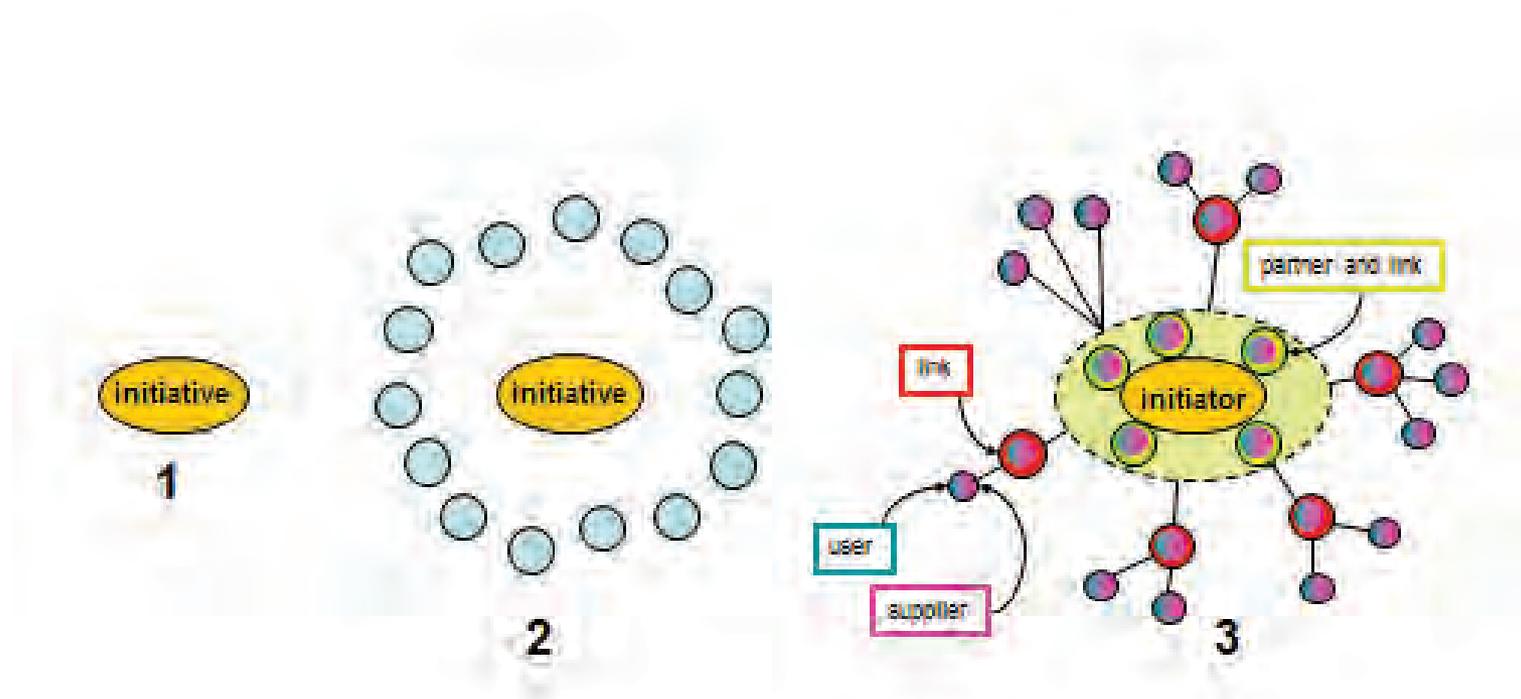
- Since 2004 demand driven research of Ministry ANFO
- Focus on entrepreneurs initiatives:
  - First year 167 applications, 50 selected
  - Until 2010 > 200 networks selected
  - Since 2010 subsidy arrangement of Min. ANFO
- Role of researcher
  - Free actor
  - Inspiration
  - Expert
  - Reflection
- Co creation of knowledge (researchers and network)



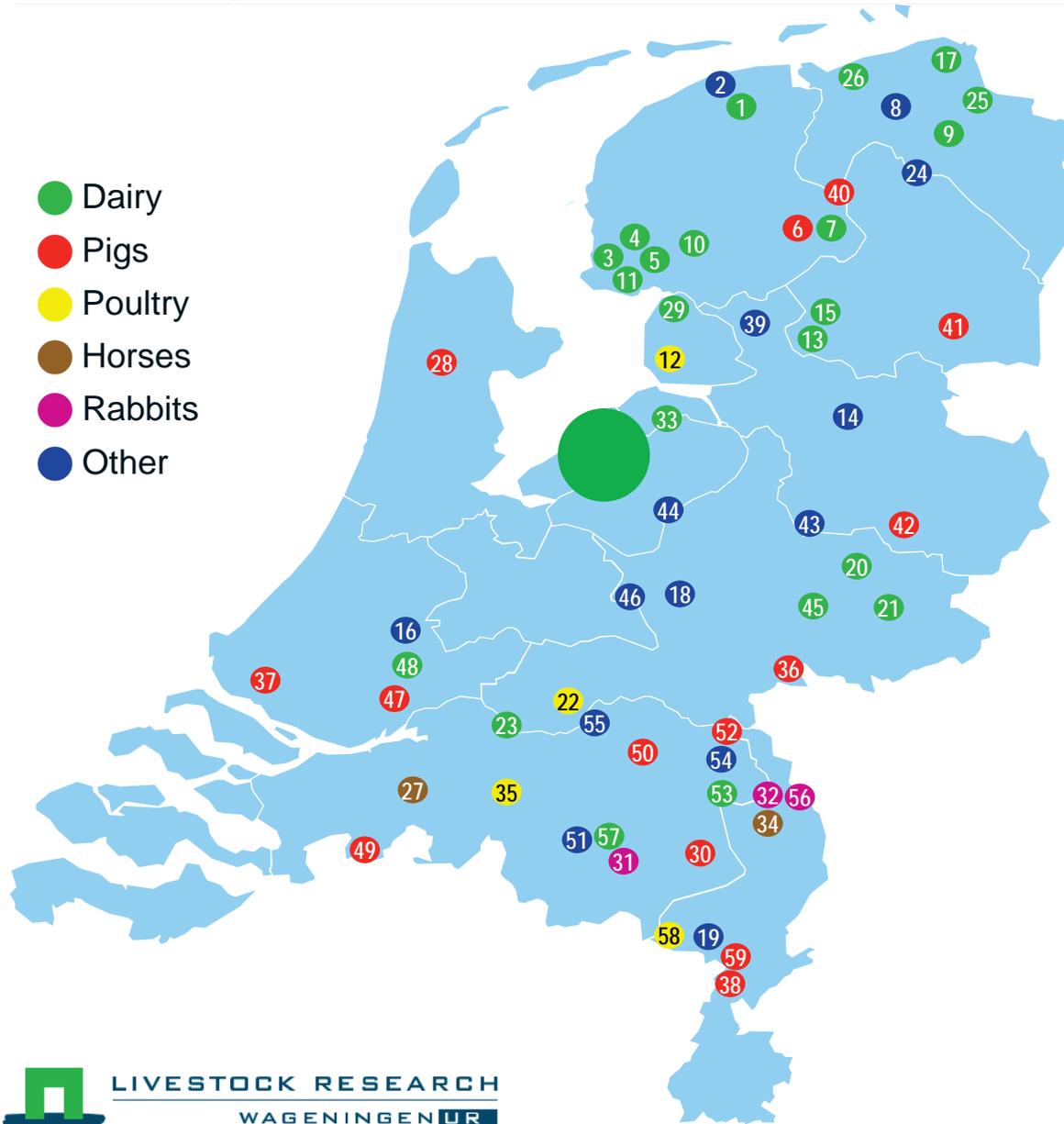
# Project approach versus network approach



# From small initiative to network



# Example networks in 2007



  
Network  
"New housing systems Dairy"

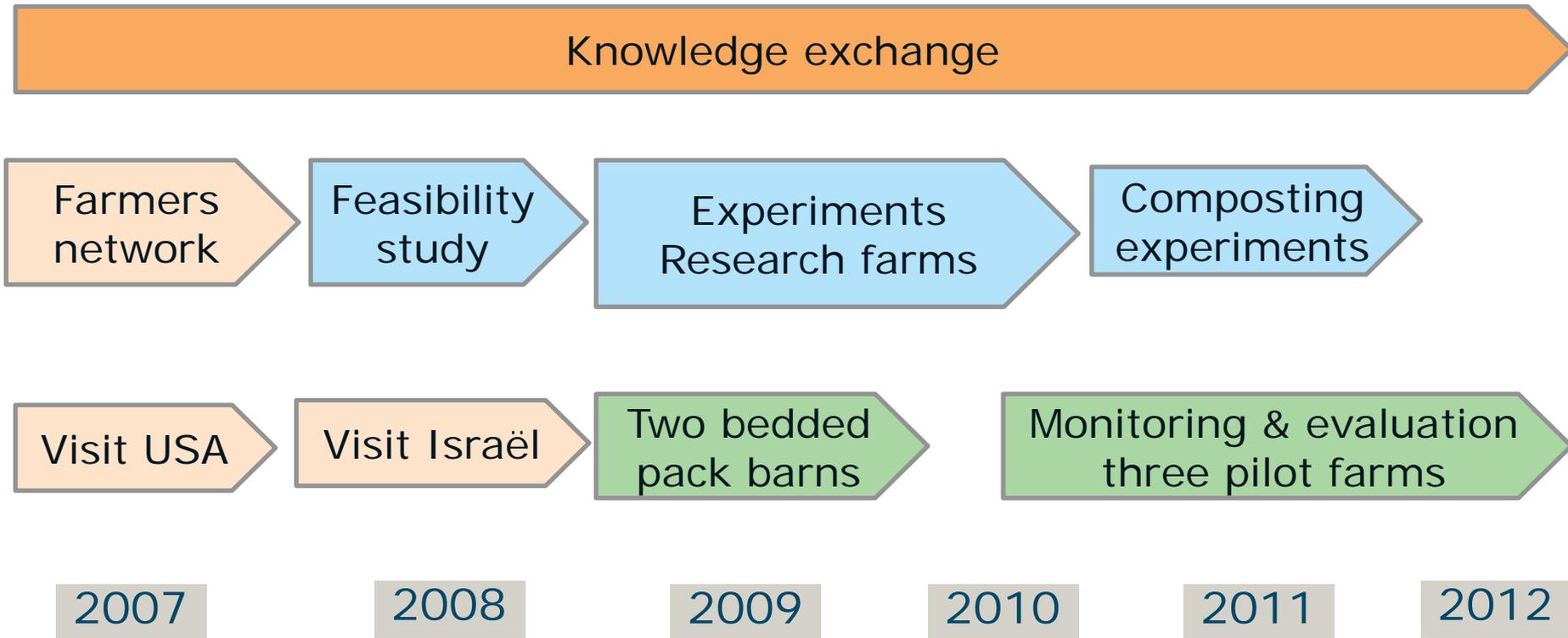
2006:

- Exchange ideas
- Workshop new designs

2007:

- Focus on bedded pack barns
- On research agenda

# Overview research and knowledge exchange





USA: Composting wooden chips and sawdust

Twice a day cultivate the bedding  
7 m<sup>2</sup> per cow bedding





Israël:  
bedding of dried manure  
20 m<sup>2</sup> per cow

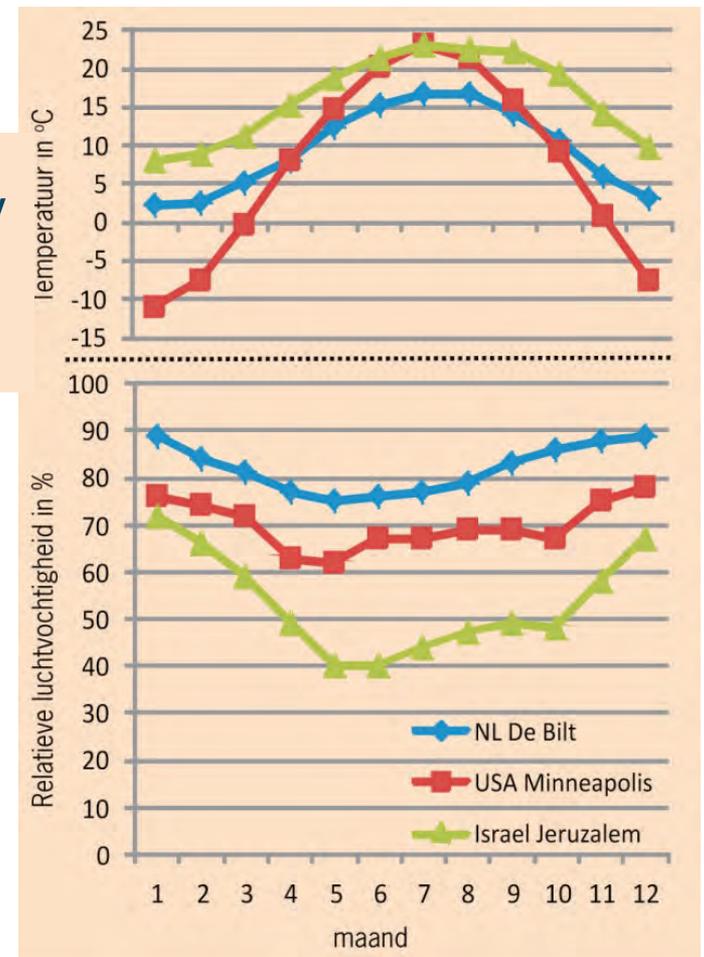


# Feasibility study

1. How to keep bedding dry in dutch climate?



2. What is the ammonia emission of different bedding materials?



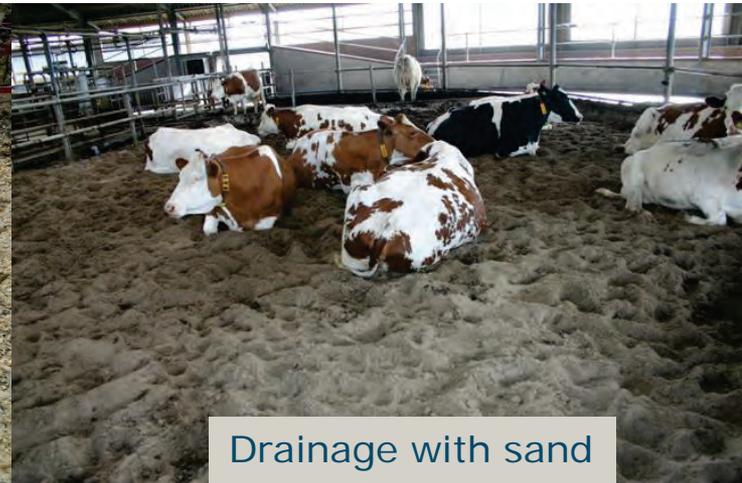
3. €



# Experiments on regional farms



Composting: wooden chips and sawdust



Drainage with sand



Absorbing with peat ground and reed



Cows in Green house with folie

# Research on practical farms



# Many ways of knowledge exchange



You tube (12000 visitors)



Farmer who gives courses

- Articles
- Presentations
- Book
- Website [www.vrijloopstallen.wur.nl](http://www.vrijloopstallen.wur.nl)

- Farmers
- Advisors
- Policy makers
- Architects



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# Sustainability aspects

## Drive of farmers

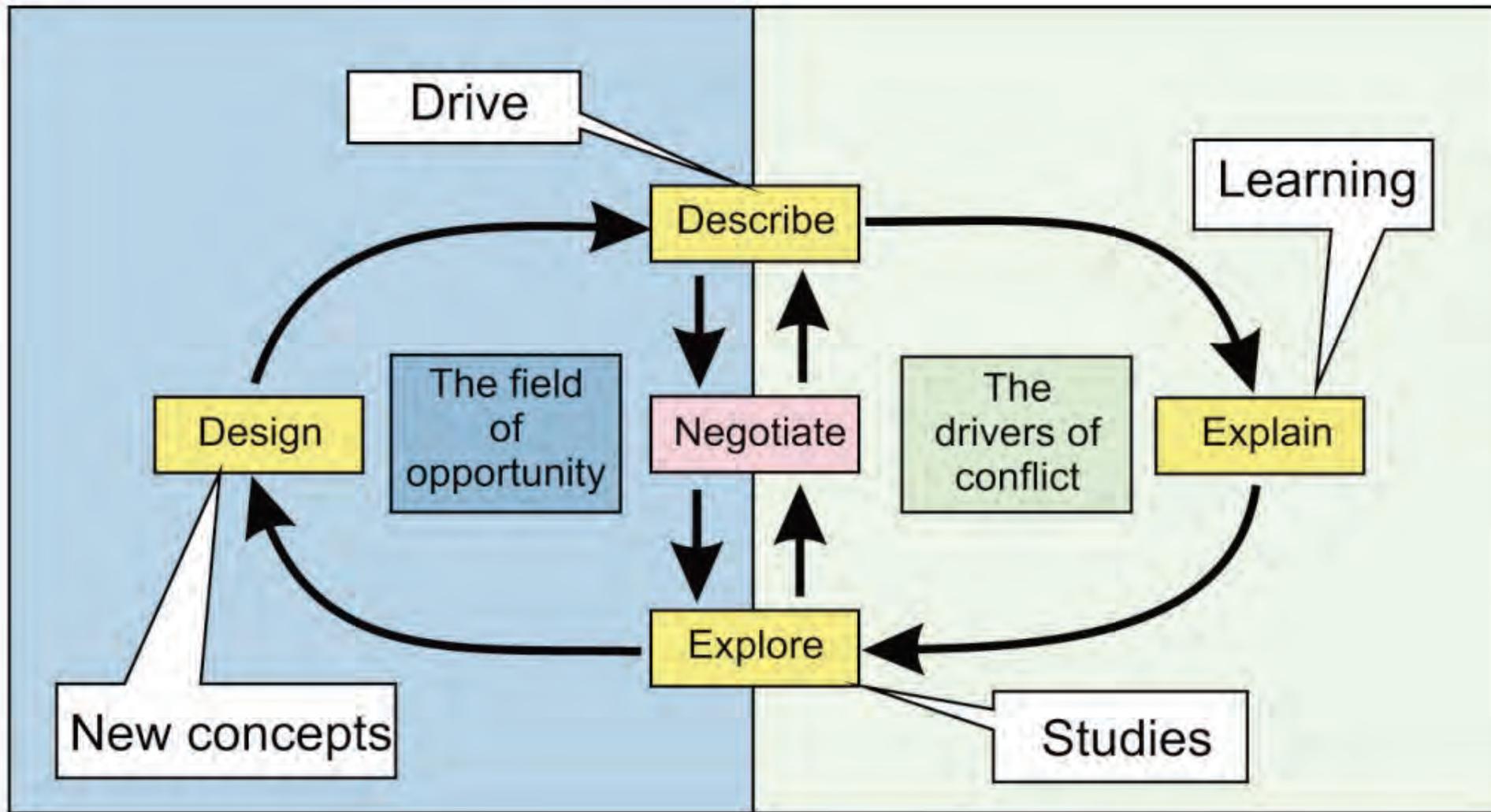
- Animal welfare, health and longevity
- Manure quality

## Possible conflicts

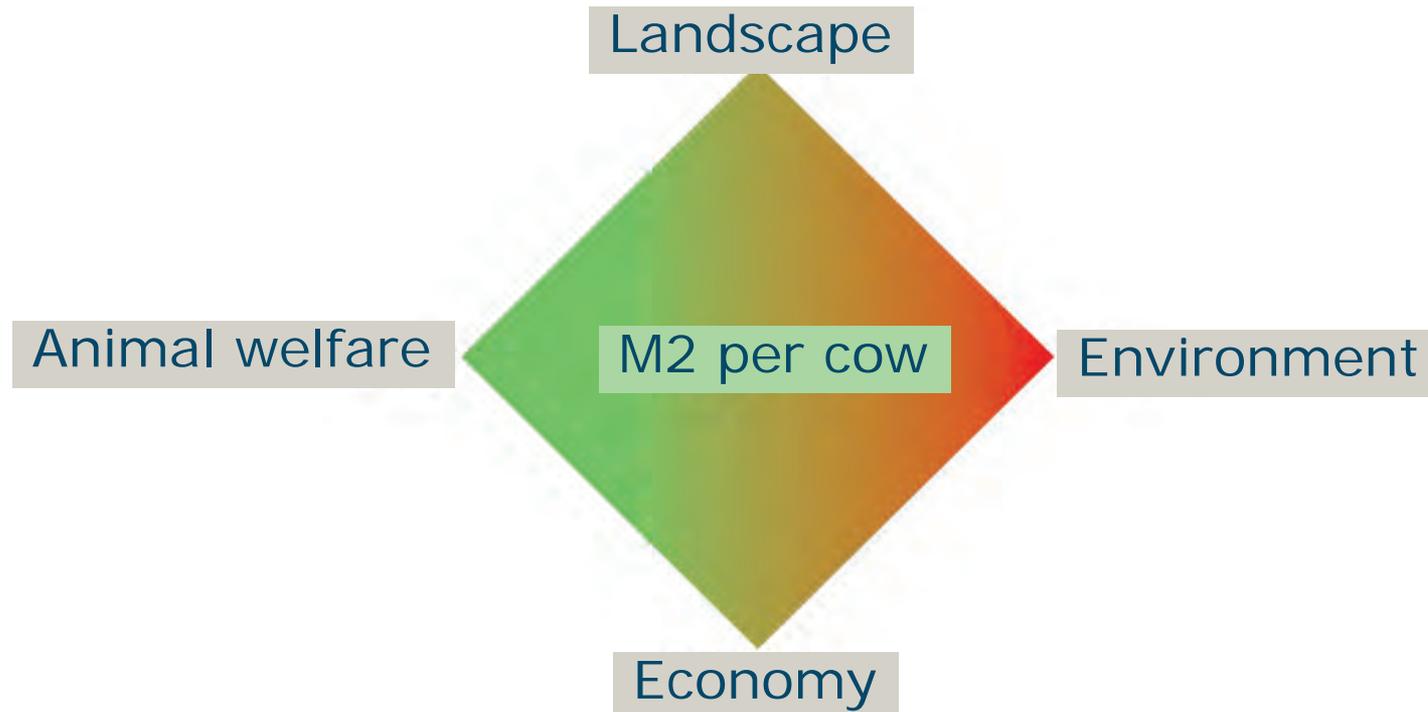
- |   |                  |
|---|------------------|
| ■ Emission (NH <sub>3</sub> , N <sub>2</sub> O, CH <sub>4</sub> ) | Government       |
| ■ Milk quality  | Dairy Industry   |
| ■ Landscape   | Local government |



# Learning process (DEED methode)



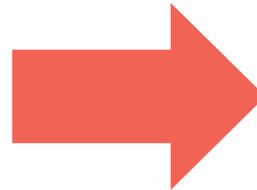
# Drivers and conflicts



# Drivers and conflicts

## Upgrade waste

- Dredging from ditches
- From housekeeping



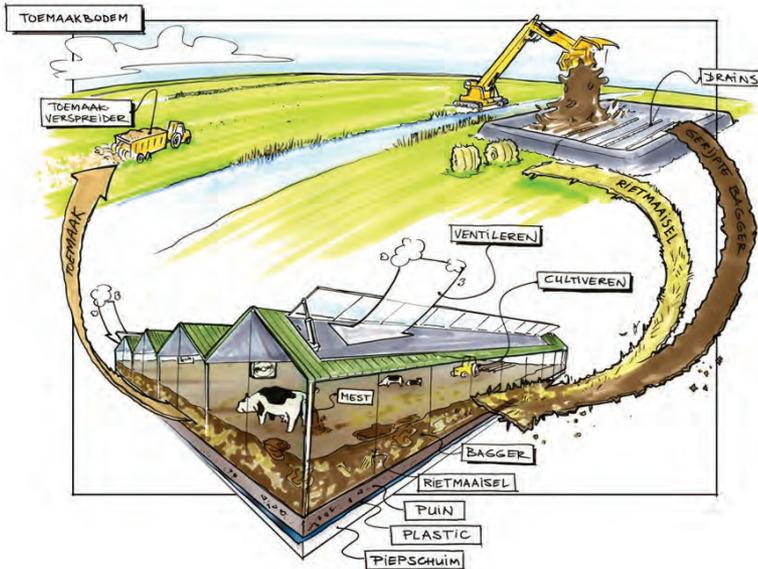
## More risk

- Food quality
- Soil fertility

## Soft bedding for low emission



## Hard bedding for walking cow



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# What did we learn? (proces)

- Free actor important to keep focus
- Don't put idea to fast on research agenda
- Put conflicts on time on policy agenda
- Farms visits worldwide gives a lot of inspiration
- You tube video has a great impact
- Combination of research on experimental and commercial farms works well
- Trial and error approach on different pilot farms works well, but focus now on most promising



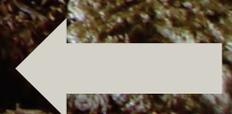
# What did we learn? (sustainability)

- Animal welfare and health 
- Manure quality  
- Ammonia emissions
  - Stable 
  - Land 
- Quality milk 
- Economics  
- Landscape  





Too much aerating  
gives too much ammonia emission





Economics depends a lot on

- M2 per cow
- Quality manure
- Longevity cows

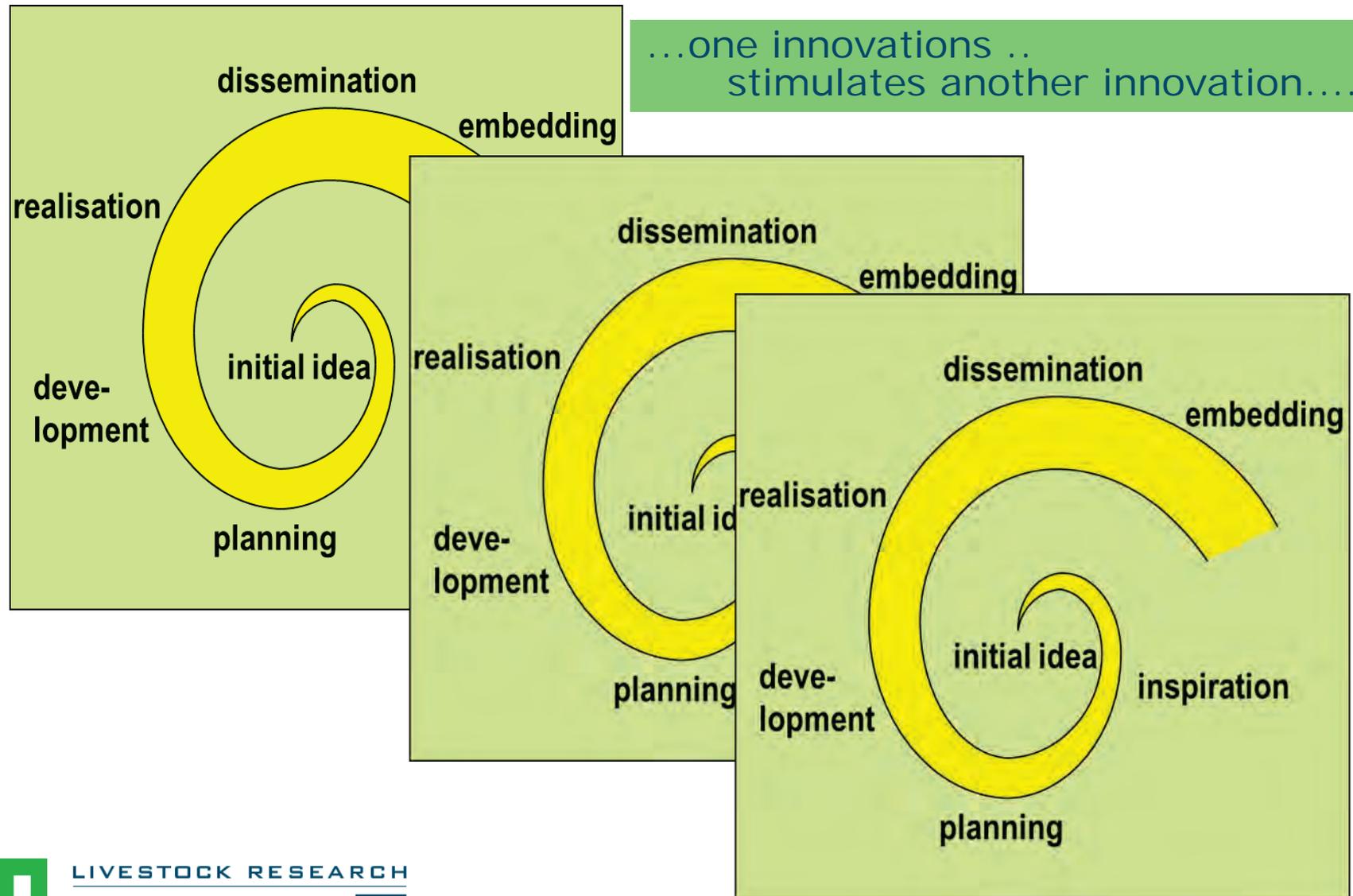
# Example of landscape



DLV and Libeau



# Spiral of innovation



# Design and re-design...



Sprecher Architects



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# Conclusions

- The free actors in network approach works well to start innovation process
- The DEED method works well to keep learning from innovation process  
(Describe-Explain-Explore-Design)



Thanks for attention....



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