

#### Manure Management Group Workshop

Rome, Italy

3 - 4 September 2012

#### **Venue: FAO Headquarters**

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla

#### **Meeting Report**

The Manure Management Group (MMG) is one of the five research networks of the Livestock Research Group of the Global Research Alliance on Agricultural Greenhouse. The first meeting of this group was held in Rome, Italy from 3-4 September, 2012. The meeting was co-chaired by the Netherlands (Dr Paul Vriesekoop) and Vietnam (Dr La Van Kinh) as the country co-chairs of this group. In the first part of the workshop the actual and future position and activities of the MMG were leading in the program. In the second part of the workshop the connections between the Livestock Dialogue of FAO and the MMG were discussed chaired by FAO (dr Jeroen Dijkman). The agenda of the meeting is given in Appendix 1.

This report is a summary of key discussions, action points and outcomes from the meeting. Presentations are provided separately as PDFs and will be put on the website of the GRA together with this report.

The meeting was attended by 19 members (from 12 member countries) and two invited guests from FAO. The list of participants is shown in Appendix 2.

#### 1. Summary of meeting outcomes

The meeting achieved the following outcomes:

#### Part 1: Action plan of the Manure Management Group (MMG) itself

#### Most important issues

• Develop common guidelines for measuring emissions around manure management (total manure chain)

- Link external communication to food security; joint messaging to policy much more further than only reducing GHG emissions; activities of MMG have added value in terms of food security instead of food scarcity and high food prices because of the harvest uncertainty as a result of climate change
- Apply system approach; both in relation to the whole manure chain but also in relation to GHG emissions as part of N- and C cycle and recovery of other nutrients from manure

#### Actions to undertake the coming year

- Develop a best practice guide to measure emissions from manure in all stages of the manure chain (start with project description lead by Matt Smith, USA)
- Make a position paper and leaflet to be used for external communication dealing with goals, role, position/boundaries etc. (start with set up by Theun Vellinga, NL)
- Make a shopping list on practical mitigation options for farmers and policy; a kind of user guide building on such a guide in the UK and other countries; showing best practices of mitigation options that should have an economic evaluation (start with set up by Dave Chadwick, UK)

#### How to organise the MMG?

- Live meeting every year; next in Dublin 2013; one day linked to GGAA.
- More use of GRA website; active Email; addresses of wider group of invited/ linked people to be circulated, organise web discussions.
- Try to involve the missing people from : China, Thailand, Korea, Brazil, Eastern Europe, Germany

#### Part 2: Action plan on the connections between Livestock Dialogue of FAO and the MMG

One of the themes in the Global Agenda of Action of the **Livestock Dialogue** is Reduced discharge of animal manure. The goal of this theme is: Reducing nutrient overload and greenhouse gas emissions through cost effective recycling and recovery of nutrients and energy contained in animal manure. The MMG agreed to cooperate with the Livestock Dialogue on this theme and to find the synergy. It was agreed to develop and execute a new joint working program: the Manure Management Improvement Program.

#### Actions on the Manure Management Improvement Program (MMIP)

The goal of this program is to improve food security and reduce environmental impact by better manure management.

The members of the MMG agreed to:

- Develop MMIP this year with members of the Reduced discharge group and FAO; find partners and funding. The MMIP consists of two parts: the manure kiosk and pilot projects.
- Develop and implement a knowledge service project: the manure kiosk. This is an inventory of : Manure management practices in the field (mapping in GIS) Policies, regulation and institutional frameworks (literature, mapping)

Current projects and technology (literature) Mitigation options in relation to food security for policy and end users

12 countries will contribute already in 2013 to the preparation of the kiosk and have offered content (Switzerland, Vietnam, UK, Finland, Mexico, Canada, USA, France, Spain, Denmark, Japan, the Netherlands, probably China and Australia). But also other organisations have offered to contribute (FAO, CIRAD, EU project LEAD)

• Develop and execute pilot **projects** to improve manure management. Stake holders and potential areas have to be identified to define improvement projects. Several members have already offered first ideas of possible pilot projects in China, SE Asia, Spain, Russia (and Baltic region) and in EU with farmers group.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF DISCUSSIONS

#### Monday September 3

#### Session 1: Objectives, work to date and inventory of actual research

Chair: Paul Vriesekoop

#### 1.1 Welcome, opening and introductions

The co-chair welcomed attendees and opened the MMG meeting. Introduction of 21 participants.

#### **Objectives of the seminar:**

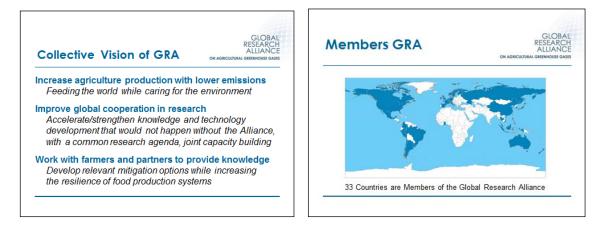
- 1. Share information between participants about the state of research and policy on manure management.
- 2. Define the strategy for the Manure Management Group within the GRA and define what the added value will be and what the action plan is.
- 3. Introduce the Global Livestock Dialogue in general and the Reduced Discharge agenda specifically and find the connections with the Manure Management group of the GRA.
- 4. Build an action plan on the connections between the Livestock Dialogue and the GRA.
- 5. Introduce the Manure Management Improvement Program and look for connections and support.

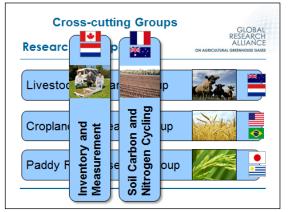
#### 1.2 Presentation by Paul Vriesekoop (NL) of the work to date

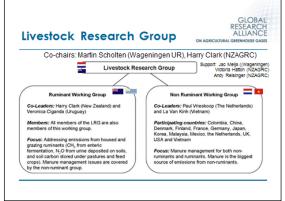
The presentation started with an overview of the place of the MMG within the GRA and within the Livestock Research Group. In the second part the history of the MMG was given without meetings before, but with members, actions and reports to the LRG.

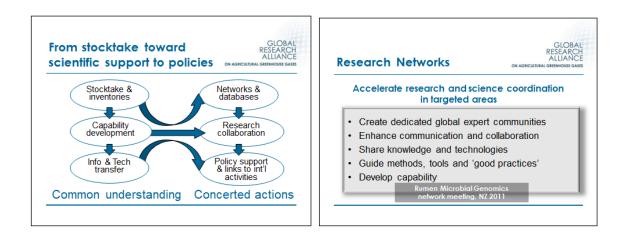
A copy of the presentation is given below; a PDF is placed on the GRA website.

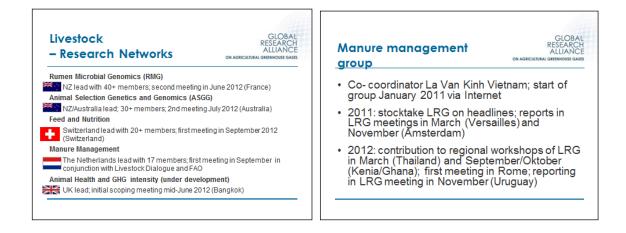












GLOBA RESEARCH

#### Slide Versailles meeting: What has been done?

Stocktake delivery has been organised

- 4 times there has been e-mail contact with the participants on:
- > who will participate and what to do
- > reminder of the stocktake
- > reminder of the meeting in France and who would come and main line of thinking in the respective countries
- > sending of stocktake, selection of non-ruminants research, outline of a paper

### Slide Versailles meeting: Action plan



Review the global stocktake

Discuss the outcome(s)

Organise a website discussion within the group

Work on an integrated paper with the whole group Get fast growing non-ruminant production countries

on board Identify the new projects within the group and cross sell these

### Slide Amsterdam meeting: Conclusions stocktake



Africa, W Asia, E Europe and S America are largely missing in the stock take

• Includes significant producers of poultry meat & pork The stock take tends to be biased towards publicly-

funded projects

Easier to find

In both ruminants and non-ruminants, the emphasis is on emissions from stored manure

#### Slide Amsterdam meeting Concluding Remarks Chadwick/Mosquera (1)



Manure management major source of N<sub>2</sub>O & CH<sub>4</sub> Choice of system is a major influence; slurry vs FYM

#### Manure treatment can have a major effect

Emissions from spreading effected by: manure type, application method and timing

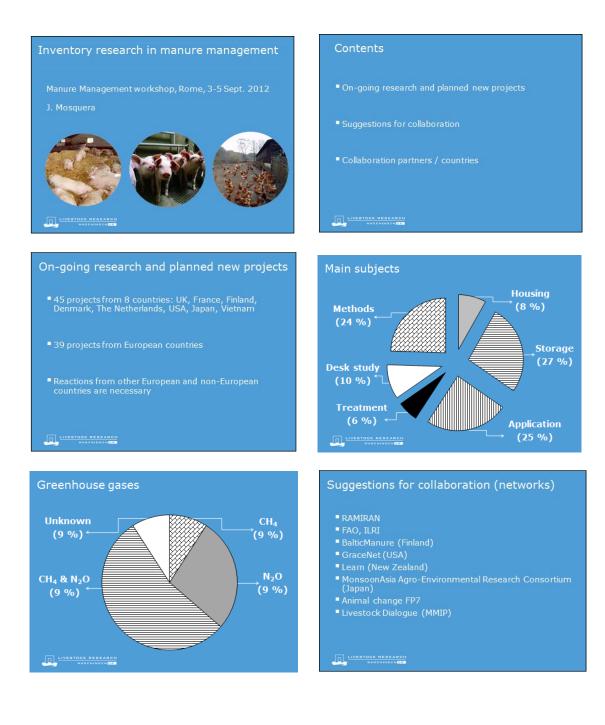
Important to consider impacts of management practices on whole system losses and 2° impacts



## <u>1.3 Presentation by Julio Mosquera (NL) on the inventory of actual and planned research in Manure Management</u>

In the last two months the members of the MMG were asked to answer four questions in a questionnaire. These concerned on-going research, planned new projects and suggestions for collaboration.

A copy of the presentation is given below; a PDF is placed on the GRA website.



#### Suggestions for collaboration (subjects)

- Literature reviews
   Manure management and GHG emissions

- LIVESTOCK RESEARCH

- UK (Rothamsted Research (North Wyke), ADAS, AFBI, SAC, CEH, Univ. Aberdeen, Univ. East Anglia)
  Ireland (Teagasc)
  France (INRA, CEMAGREF/IRSTEA)
  Denmark (Aarhus University, Copenhagen University, University of Southern Denmark)
  Finland (Agri-Food Research MTT)
  Sweder (TT)

- Finland (Agri-Food Research MTT)
   Sweden (JTT)
   Germany (KTBL)
   Austria (University of Natural Resources and Live Sciences Vienna)
   The Netherlands (Wageningen UR Livestock Research)

- Josa (Osba)
   Japan (National Institute for Agro-Environmental Sciences (NIAES)
   Vietnam (Institute of Agriculture Sciences from Southern Vietnam)
   Learning (Institute of Agriculture Sciences from Southern Vietnam)



## Session 2 Round table: Each country presents headlines of research and policy around manure management.

#### Chair: La Van Kinh

In total twelve members/countries gave a presentation. These presentations are not shown here because of the length of this report. However a PDF of each presentation will be placed on the GRA website.

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#### Tuesday September 4

#### Session 3: Discussion on the future strategy of the MMG

#### Chair: Paul Vriesekoop

#### 3.1 Synthesis of the round table inventarisation of session 2

This session started with a presentation of Paul Vriesekoop with a reflection on and a summary of the contributions of the 12 countries in session 2.

Policy and regulations on manure management differ very strongly between countries. A lot of technical information on emissions was available and shared; however there was a great need on standardisation of measurement techniques.

A copy of the presentation is given below; a PDF is placed on the GRA website.



# Policy implications

- Effectiveness of policy measures are not always clear because of a lack of control and/or enforcement of regulations
- Europe and Japan are moving fast and control and enforce
- European countries share information and work close together (Baltics)
- > New technology is being developed fast.

#### Content ALUANCE ON ACIECUTARA CHEMICOLE CALLS > A lot of emissions are measured, but not all are GHG > Many presentations have a close link to NH3 and N20 emissions. Seems also very much linked to N-

- cycling.
   Methane is also important, but seems to have a lower status.
- > P is also mentioned a lot

#### Measurement

- GLOBAL RESEARCH ALLIANCE ON AGRICULTURAL GREENHOUSE GASES
- > There are a lot of data measured all over the world.
   > We know that systems (in the broadest sense) and
- climate have impact.
- > Emission factors are often estimated, but accurate?
- Measurements should be standardised to be able to evaluate and compare impact of possible mitigation option.
- Models are being developed and evaluated to predict emissions

#### Manure chain

 Many presentation follow the whole manure chain (Chadwick)

RESEARCH

- > Seems logical to take all steps into account
- > Differences between slurry and FYM
- > Composting in some countries is used
- Some ideas about using worms

#### GLOBAL RESEARCH ALLIANCE or Addicutural antimicate cases > Much information is shared > Much information is available > Many institutes are working on it and sometimes

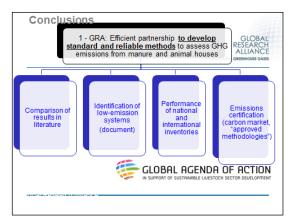
- within a country it is difficult to coordinate and know who is doing what
- > Also for people deep in the manure management some regulations were an eye opener
- Many countries can use the information to form policy options

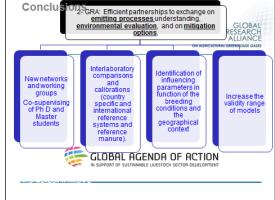
#### Strategy for MMG GRA > What can and should be the added value of the MMG of the GRA? > What are the three most important issues we should work on? > What are the most important actions we should undertake in the upcoming year? > How should we organise ourselves (email, web discussion, physical meetings, etc)? > How can we connect much more in the existing group? > How can we expand the group? Which countries do we desperately miss?

Livestock Research Group Meeting Report, 4-5 November 2011



Groups		GLOBA RESEARC ALLIANC ON AGRICULTURAL GREENHOUTE GA		
Group 1	Group 2	Group 3		
Kinh	Fung	Matt		
Sari	Juha	Sergio		
David	Brian	Soren		
Philippe	Takashi	Melynda		
Mike	Paul	Theun		
Jac	Jaap	Julio		
Jeroen	Agustin	Gerda		







- Measurement methods
- Modelling

Training/Regionally specific workshop's

Harmonization measurement methods

### 3.2 Discussion on the future strategy of the MMG in three subgroups

Three subgroups were formed and each group should find an answer to three main questions:

- What can and should be the added value of the MMG of the GRA?
- What are the three most important issues we should work on and what are the most important actions we should undertake in the upcoming year?
- How should we organise ourselves (email, web discussion, physical meetings, etc.) and how can we expand the group? (which countries do we desperately miss?)

#### What can and should be the added value of the MMG of the GRA?

#### Group A

- Direct contacts, exchange of information, feedback from experts,
- Exchange on methods in development; verification using wider sets of information
- More effective way of communication/lobby to policy;
- Learn from each other e.g. expand/extrapolate results from each other like the user guide

#### **Group B**

- Bridge between research and policy/end users
- Focus on GHG but awareness of system approach for whole manure chain and interactions with other nutrients and emissions
- Joint contribution to capacity building and knowledge transfer

#### Group C

- Awareness improvement; manure as a resource of nutrients and energy contributing to food security
- Develop messages for policy in relation to food security
- Apply system approach; GHG emissions as part of N and C cycle and recovery of other nutrients from manure

## What are the three most important issues we should work on and what are the most important actions we should undertake in the upcoming year?

#### Group A

- Common guidelines for measuring emissions around manure management (total manure chain)
- Apply system approach which needs modeling; both in relation to the whole manure chain but also in relation to GHG emissions as part of N and C cycle and recovery of other nutrients from manure
- Contribution to capacity building and knowledge transfer
- Inclusion of economics; cost effective mitigation options

#### **Group B**

• Standardisation of techniques and transparency with the aim of adoption by others

- Not just measuring emissions but evaluation of cost effective measures
- Further develop user guides for end-users using international info
- Create bridges between developed and developing countries
- Look for funding for these and other meeting costs

### Group C

- External communication linked to food security; joint messaging to policy much more further than only reducing GHG emissions; activities of MMG have added value in terms of food security with scarce resources.
- Manure management is part of the solution for food security, water use and energy use
- Internal communication within GRA
- Inclusion of economics

How should we organise ourselves and how can we expand the group? (which countries do we desperately miss?)

#### Group A

- Live meeting in workshops combined with other international meetings
- Look for funding for these and other meeting costs
- Clarify our role and position, inclusive of boundaries with other groups
- More participation of policy and industry
- Missing: China, Thailand, Korea, Brazil, Germany and Israel

#### Group B

- More use of GRA website; active Email; addresses of wider group of invited/ linked people
- Start with live meetings
- Appoint one person as contact point per subtask
- Missing: China, Africa, Thailand, Korea, Malaysia, Brazil, Eastern Europe, Germany, India, NZ

#### Group C

This item was not discussed.

#### 3.3 Plenary discussion and conclusions on the future strategy of the MMG

#### What can and should be the added value of the MMG of the GRA?

- Connection of people; exchange of information , feedback from experts
- Bridge between research and policy/end users
- Contribution to capacity building and knowledge transfer
- Awareness improvement; manure as a resource of nutrients and energy contributing to food security

#### What are the three most important issues we should work on?

• Develop common guidelines for measuring emissions around manure management (total manure chain)

- Link external communication to food security; joint messaging to policy much more further than only reducing GHG emissions; activities of MMG have added value in terms of food security instead of food scarcity and high food prices because of the harvest uncertainty as a result of climate change
- Apply system approach; both in relation to the whole manure chain but also in relation to GHG emissions as part of N- and C cycle and recovery of other nutrients from manure (also P)

#### What are the most important actions we should undertake in the upcoming year?

- Develop a best practice guide to measure emissions from manure in all stages of the manure chain (start with project description lead by Matt Smith, USA)
- Make a position paper and leaflet to be used for external communication dealing with goals, role, position/boundaries etc. (start with set up by Theun Vellinga, NL)
- Make a shopping list on practical mitigation options for farmers and policy; a kind of user guide building on such a guide in the UK and other countries; showing best practices of mitigation options that should have an economic evaluation (start with set up by Dave Chadwick, UK)

#### How should we organise ourselves and how can we expand the group?

- Live meeting every year; next in Dublin 2013; one day linked to GGAA.
- More use of GRA website; active Email; addresses of wider group of invited/ linked people will be circulated, organise web discussions
- Try to involve the missing people from : China, Thailand, Korea, Brazil, Eastern Europe, Germany

#### Session 4: Connections between Livestock Dialogue of FAO and the MMG

Chair: Jeroen Dijkman

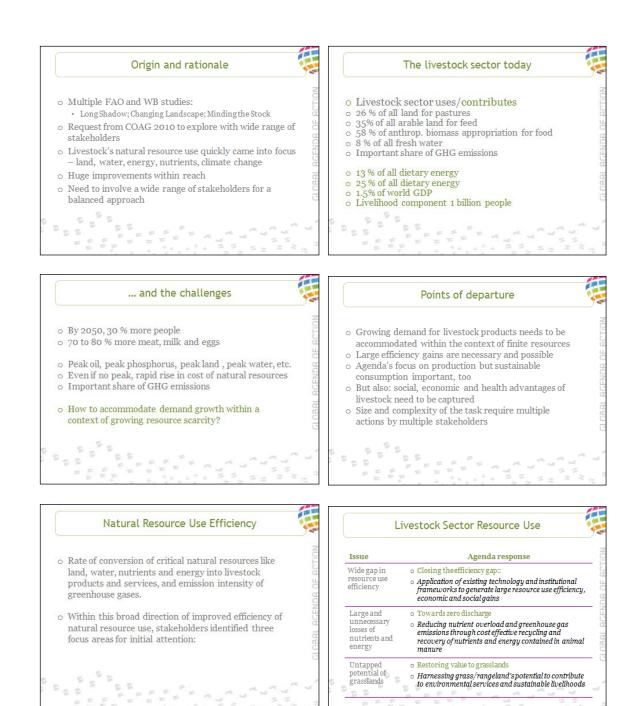
#### 4.1 Livestock Dialogue introduction

This session started with a presentation by Jeroen Dijkman (FAO).

One of the themes in the Global Agenda of Action of the **Livestock Dialogue** is Reduced discharge of animal manure. The goal of this theme is: Reducing nutrient overload and greenhouse gas emissions through cost effective recycling and recovery of nutrients and energy contained in animal manure.

A copy of the presentation is given below; a PDF is placed on the GRA website.











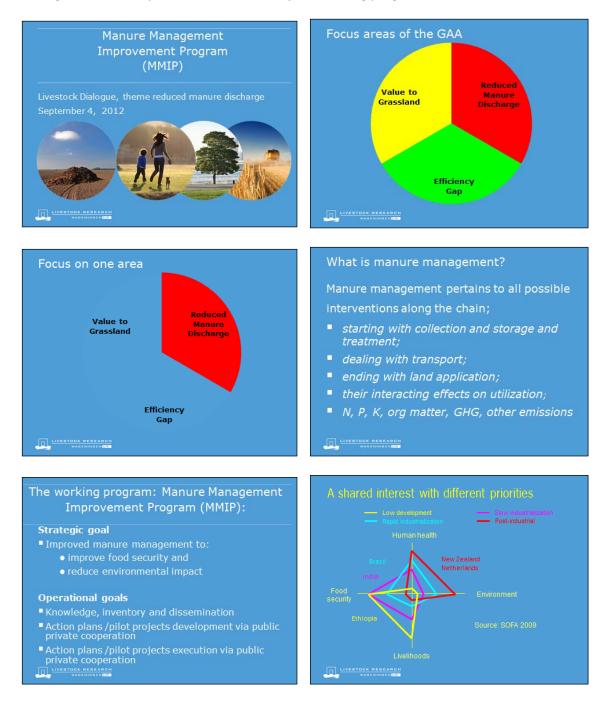


#### 4.2 Introduction of the Manure Management Improvement Program (MMIP) by Theun Vellinga (NL)

The goal of this program is to improve food security and reduce environmental impact by better manure management.

A copy of the presentation is given below; a PDF is placed on the GRA website.

The MMG agreed to cooperate with the Livestock Dialogue on this theme and to find the synergy. It was agreed to develop and execute this new joint working program MMIP.



#### Knowledge: the manure kiosk (a service project)

- Manure management practices in the field (mapping in GIS)
- Policies and institutional frameworks (literature, mapping)
- Brokering information

#### Pilot projects

- Identify potential areas and stakeholders to define improvement projects
- Projects can phase stages or focus on stages (depending on the local situation)

The proposed time schedule

#### Stakeholders

	20	013	2(	014		015	2(	016
	Ι	Π	Ι	Π	Ι	Π	Ι	Π
Kiosk	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Identification	Х	Х	Х					
<b>Execution</b>								
Pilot A		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
Pilot B			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Pilot C				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Pilot D					Х	Х	Х	Х

#### Projects costs and funding, so far

Who Wageningen UR FAO

What For 300 k\$ Knowledge, mapping MM Ministry Economic Affairs 180 k\$ Kiosk, identification, execution In kind Kiosk, mapping MM Secretariat Livestock Dialogue

#### Projects costs, rough assessment

What	How muc
Kiosk	.8 M\$
The second second second second second	E 144

#### Identification/definition .5 M\$ Execution 4 M\$

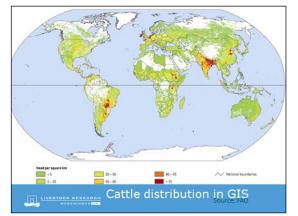
LIVESTOCK RESEARCH

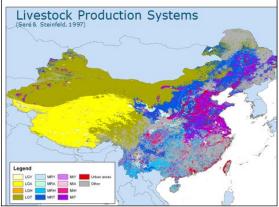
#### Mapping Manure Management (M3)

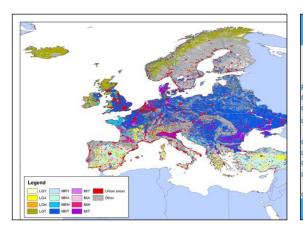
Good manure management has a high potential in improving productivity and reduce emissions

Why is manure managed in the way it is and what are the constraints for improvement

LIVESTOCK RESEARCH







Current manure management maps (dairy)									
Region	System	AEZ	MMSburned	MMSlagoon	MMSliquid	MMSsolid	MMSdrylot	MMSpasture	MMSdaily
CSA	Grass	Arid	0	0	0	0	25	75	0
CSA	Grass	Humid	0	0	0	0	25	75	0
CSA	Grass	Hyper Arid	0	0	0	0	25	75	0
CSA CSA	Grass Mixed	Temperate/h ighlands Arid	0	0	0	67 0	0 50	33 50	0
CSA	Mixed	Humid	0	0	õ	0	50	50	o
CSA	Mixed	Hyper Arid	0	0	0	0	50	50	0
CSA	Mixed	Temperate/h ighlands	0	0	0	67	0	33	0

#### What do we want?

- Find partners to jointly collect information
  - Common methods in data collection
  - Validate methods
  - Develop proxies as help to extrapolate
  - Extend to global scale

#### Regions

- South-East
  - Africa
  - Europe
  - North America
- Travel budget available

#### 



#### 4.3 Elaboration of and actions on the Manure Management Improvement Program (MMIP)

The members of the MMG agreed to:

- Develop MMIP this year with members of the Reduced discharge group and FAO; look for partners and funding.
   The MMIP consists of two parts: the manure kiosk and pilot projects.
- Develop and implement a knowledge service project: the manure kiosk

This is an inventory of :

- Image: Image: Image: Image: Manure management practices in the field (mapping in GIS)
- Policies, regulations and institutional frameworks (literature, mapping)
- Current projects and technology (literature)
- Mitigation options in relation to food security for policy and end users

12 countries will contribute already in 2013 with the preparation of the kiosk and have offered content:

Ц	Switzerland:	inventory of management in practise
Ц	Vietnam:	surveys in different regions available
Ц	UK:	data available from England and Wales; probably maps on manure management of whole China can be used also if agreed by China
		(on-going project)
Ц	Finland:	survey in 2012 on current management practices and information on manure management in the Baltic region
Ц	Mexico:	information on nutrient balances (FAO-project)
Ц	Canada:	data available at federal department of agriculture
Ц	USA:	Gracenet and many factsheets on manure management
Ц	France:	surveys available from chambers of agriculture and technical
		Institutes
Ц	Spain:	inventories in different regions
Ц	Denmark:	management info is gathered with annual statistics
Ц	Japan:	inventory will start now
Ц	The Netherlands:	national data available; extended with info from IP/OP project

But also other organisations have offered to contribute (FAO, CIRAD, EU project LEAD).

• Develop and execute pilot **projects** to improve manure management.

Stake holders and potential areas have to be identified to define improvement projects. Several members have already offered first ideas of possible pilot projects in:

- **H** China: regions of Beijing and Shanghai
- SE Asia: building on results of regional LRG workshop; central point in Korea; engaging Vietnam and Thailand
- Image: Image shows a set of the set of
- Image: Image: Russia:region of Sint Petersburg (and Baltic region)

EU project with a network of farmers like Dairyman but focusing on aims of MMIIP in the context of Horizon 2020

### 4.4 Action points

- The minutes of the meeting will be made asap by *Meijs* and will be send as draft to all participants
- These minutes and all presentations will be put on the website of the GRA
- *Vellinga* will send an email to the participants concerning the building of the manure kiosk
- *Vriesekoop* will send an email to the participants with the mail addresses of the other invited people; an active link to Australia, Korea and China will be made asap
- Dijkman will put all members on the mailing list of the Global Agenda of Action
- Vriesekoop will be appointed as the representative of the GRA in the Global Agenda of Action
- The results of the meeting will be reported in the next meeting of the LRG in Uruguay by *Vriesekoop*
- The project team of MMIP (*Vellinga, Schroder*) will further develop the proposal for MMIP this year together with Dijkman from FAO and all participants
- The effect of animal nutrition on manure is the starting point of the manure chain; it is not clear whether this topic is included in the Animal Nutrition Network; this will be checked with Kreutzer.

#### Appendix 1: Agenda Manure Management Workshop 3 – 4 September 2012, Rome.

#### Venue: FAO Headquarters:

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

Canada Meeting Room

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla, Rome

#### Monday September 3

Chair: Paul Vriesekoop

9.00 - 09.15	Welcome, opening and introductions.
09.15 - 10.00	Goals of the meeting and presentation by Paul Vriesekoop of the work to date.
10.00 - 10.30	Results of the inventory of research in Manure Management (presentation Julio Mosquera)
10.30 - 11.00	Coffee.
Chair: La Van Kinh	
11.00 – 12.30	Per country (30 min) headlines of research and policy in manure management.
12.30 - 13.30	Lunch.
13.30 - 15.00	Continuation of headlines per country.
15.00 - 15.30	Coffee.
15.30 - 18.00	Continuation of headlines per country.
18.00	Adjourn
Tuesday September 4	
Chair: Paul Vriesekoop	
9.00 - 10.30	Synthesis of the inventarisation of Monday (presentation Paul Vriesekoop) Discussion future strategy of Manure Management Group
10.30 - 11.00	Coffee.
11.00 - 12.30	Continuation of discussing future strategy of Manure Management Group
12.30 - 13.30	Lunch.

Chair: Jeroen Dijkman

13.30 - 15.00	Livestock Dialogue introduction by Jeroen Dijkman; work to date and introduction Manure Management Improvement Program (MMIP) with presentation by Theun Vellinga
15.00 - 15.30	Coffee.
15.30 – 17.30	Connections between Manure Management Group of GRA and Livestock Dialogue. Elaboration of MMIP and cooperation between Manure Management group of GRA and Livestock Dialogue.
17.30-18.00	Conclusions of the whole seminar
18.00	Adjourn

## Appendix 2: List of participants

Name	Country	Organization
La Van Kinh	Vietnam	Institute of Agricultural Sciences for Southern Vietnam
Le Dinh Fung	Vietnam	Hue University of Agriculture and Forestry
Matt Smith	USA	USDA
Sergio Gomez Rosales	Mexico	INIFAP
Saro Luostarinen	Finland	MTT
Juna Gronroos	Finland	MTT
David Chadwick	UK	Rothamsted
Brian Chambers	UK	ADAS
Soren Petersen	Denmark	Aarhus University
Melynda Hassouna	France	INRA
Takashi Osada	Japan	National Agriculture and Food Research Organisation
Philippe Lecomte	France	CIRAD
Jeroen Dijkman	Italy	FAO
Gerda Verburg	Italy	FAO
Mike Teillet	Canada	Manitoba Pork
Paul Vriesekoop	Netherlands	Wageningen UR
Theun Vellinga	Netherlands	Wageningen UR
Jac Meijs	Netherlands	Wageningen UR
Julio Mosquera	Netherlands	Wageningen UR
Jaap Schroder	Netherlands	Wageningen UR
Agustin del Prado	Spain	Basque centre for climate change