

Assimilation lighting with LEDs: now possible?

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Advantages of LEDs (in horticulture)

- Efficiency (light without excess heat, lamps closer to crop)
- Less light pollution
- Intensity change via dimmers
- Physiological process steering via specific emission-spectra
- LEDs are small, easy to place and result in less shadow, have a longer lifetime

Marketing: some incorrect ideas re: LEDs

- LEDs are more efficient than HPS
- LEDs produce less heat
- Some parts of the (day light, HPS) spectrum is not utilized by plants, making LEDs more efficient
- Pulsed LEDs are more efficient

Use of LEDs in horticulture

- Grow light (high intensity artificial lighting)
- Photo-morphogenesis (lower intensity, specific colour)

2007: Is assimilation lighting possible in crops?



Red and blue separately



Combination red and blue



Indications from 2007/2008 research

- Crops can grow under red/blue LEDs (with sunlight)
- LEDs seem to improve crop morphology (bell pepper)
- Blue LEDs seem to influence fruit setting (bell pepper)
- LEDs 20 μmol ~ HPS 100 μmol : >20% production in tomato (in addition to sunlight)

Research in 2008/2009

■ LEDs and tomato

- Production, crop growth & morphology, energy budget (kg tomato/MJ greenhouse in)

■ LEDs and bell pepper

- Crop growth & morphology, fruit setting, water use, vertical greenhouse climate (temp, RH)

■ LEDs and rose

- Production, leaf colour i.r.t. light absorption, interlighting

LEDs above tomato



Production

■ LED treatment

- 8000 m² greenhouse, planted 5 december 2008
- Intensity 92 $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^2/\text{s}$

■ SON-T treatments

- 46000 m² greenhouse, planted 4 october 2008
- Intensity 182 $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^2/\text{s}$

■ Differences in crop physiology/age equalized and compared via crop growth model

Bell pepper, red LEDs



Bell pepper, blue LEDs

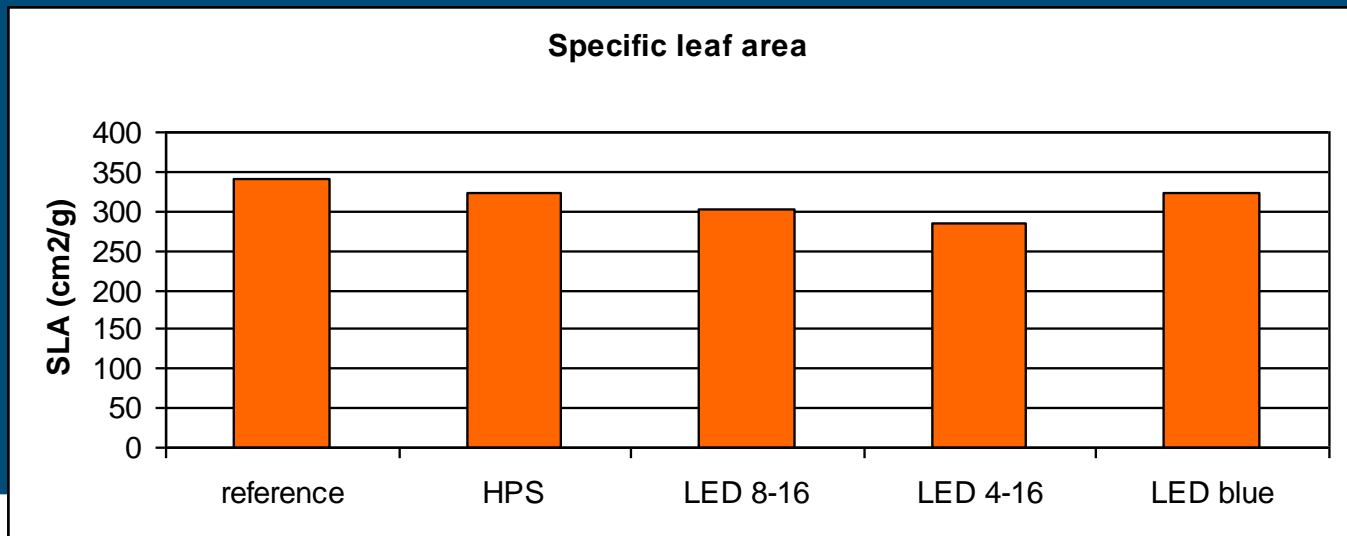
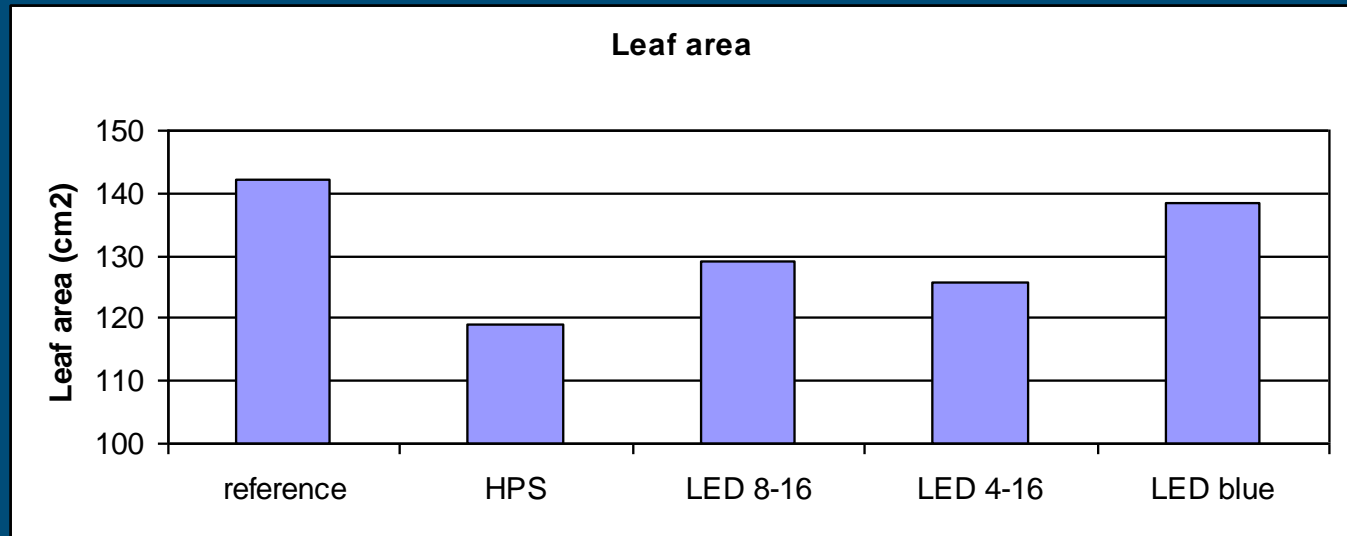


Observations with bell pepper

- First 2 months, young crop, possibly too much light
 - Change in morphology, compact crop, smaller dark green leaves (assimilate problem?)
- Production just started

Influence LEDs on leaf morphology

Differences in leaf area are larger than differences in leaf thickness



LEDs and rose



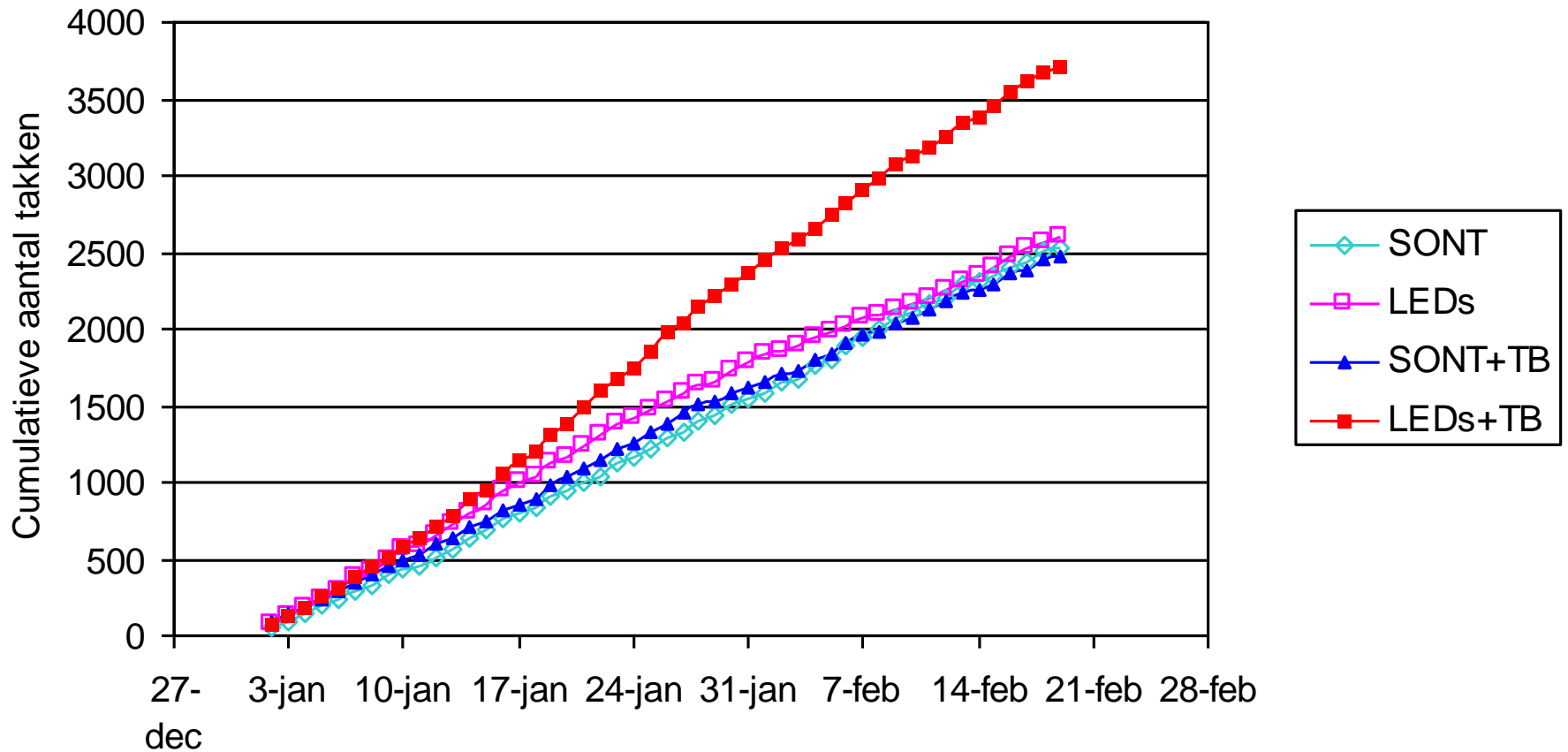
LEDs and rose



Interlighting and rose

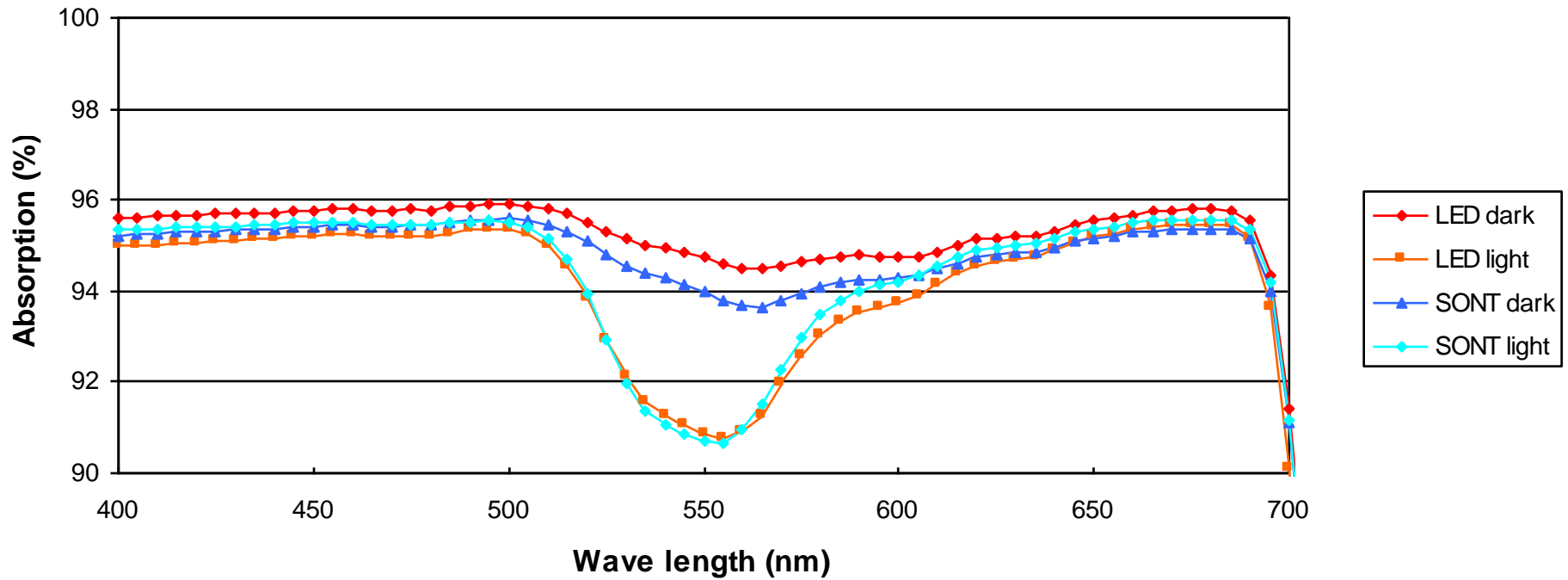


Production



SON-T and LED-light absorption

Absorption light and dark leaves 'Prestige'



Is a red photon equal to a HPS foton?

- Experiment not yet begun
- Chrysanthemum growth (and flowering) under HPS and LEDs at high and medium light intensity
- In climate chamber without sunlight
- Parameters: photosynthesis, light use, growth, flowering, quality

Aims for 2008/2009

■ Quantitative results

- Production \sim light intensity
- Effect red photon \sim white (HPS) photon in absence of daylight
- Effect of LEDs (without excess heat) on crop growth and morphology

■ Indications

- Energy input \sim production
- Effect LED-lighting on various aspects of growth, physiology and morphology in different crops

Thanks for your attention

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