

User documentation MOVE4 v 1.0

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User documentation MOVE4 v 1.0

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This document was produced in accordance with the Quality Manual of the Statutory Research Tasks Unit for Nature & the Environment (WOT Natuur & Milieu) and has been accepted by Paul Hinssen programme coordinator of WOT Natuur & Milieu.

WOt Working Document **154** presents the findings of a research project commissioned by the Netherlands Environmental Assessment Agency (PBL) and funded by the Dutch Ministry of Agriculture, Nature and Food Quality (LNV). This document contributes to the body of knowledge which will be incorporated in more policy-oriented publications such as the Nature Balance and Environmental Balance reports, and Thematic Assessments.

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Werkdocument 154

Wettelijke Onderzoekstaken Natuur & Milieu
Wageningen, December 2009

Abstract

Wamelink, G.W.W., R.M. Winkler & F.G. Wortelboer (2009). *User documentation MOVE4 v. 1.0.* Wageningen, Statutory Research Tasks Unit for Nature & the Environment, WOT-werkdocument 154. 69 p. 19 fig.; 4 tab.; 13 ref.; 4 annex.

The model MOVE4 calculates the chance of occurrence of over 900 Dutch plant species for abiotic soil conditions and physical geographical region. In this report we describe how the model can be run (technical documentation). This includes metainformation of the model, borders applications of the model in projects etc. This document is produced within the framework of the quality status (i.e. quality assurance) of the model MOVE4

Key words: model quality, MOVE, plant species, sensitivity, uncertainty

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The Working Documents series is published by the Statutory Research Tasks Unit for Nature & the Environment (WOT Natuur & Milieu), part of Wageningen UR. This document is available from the secretary's office, and can be downloaded from [OHwww.wotnatuurenmilieu.wur.nl](http://www.wotnatuurenmilieu.wur.nl).

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Summary

The model MOVE4 has been developed to calculate the chance of occurrence of plant species as a result of Ellenberg indicator values, the physical geographical region in the Netherlands and the vegetation type for over 900 Dutch plant species. The model was developed by F.G. Wortelboer of the PBL (Netherlands Environmental Assessment Agency). The gain the so called A-quality status, an internal Alterra quality assurance, several tests and descriptions have to be made. In this report we describe some of the aspects that are necessary to fulfil the quality status.

The report contains metainformation about MOVE4, including:

1. The boundaries of the model, application area and needed prior knowledge of the user,
2. A user documentation part with instructions how to use the model,
3. A short description of the sensitivity and uncertainty analyses carried out
4. A short description of the projects the model has been used for.

Other documents will be produced or are produced (scientific report, development wishes etc.) to fulfil to quality status demands.

1 Meta information of MOVE4

Name	:	MOVE
Version	:	4
Release date	:	2004
Executable	:	In the Natureplanner called from Arisflow As standalone called by starting the ACCESS file (Move 4 Bereken Responsies XP.mdb) or by a bat-file
Platform	:	Dos, Windows XP or later
Costs	:	free of charge
Contact	:	Wieger Wamelink (wieger.wamelink@wur.nl)
Support	:	None, unless agreed otherwise
Output	:	MS ACCESS database version 2003
Time step	:	-
Resolution	:	Free (depending on the input)
Model type	:	Statistical model
Doc. Date	:	30-6-2009
Disclaimer	:	PBL nor Alterra nor the model makers are responsible for any (financial) damage that the model may cause in any way.

MOVE4

The model MOVE4, like his predecessors, calculates the chance of occurrence of plant species for given soil circumstances (Ellenberg F, R and N), vegetation type, the region in The Netherlands (FGR) and salt indicator value. The model is calibrated using a database containing over 100,000 vegetation relevés made in The Netherlands. This resulted in a response function for over 900 species for the above mentioned input parameters. MOVE4 is in principal a statistical model. The model itself consists of two ACCESS files; one containing parameter values and the selected plant species and one with the program itself, written in a combination of Visual basic for ACCESS including SQL statements and SPlus.

Input

MOVE4 needs a number of input files. There are two different types of files, the ascii-grids that contain the data used for the calculation and two steering files. The two steering files are MOVE.ini and BIODIV.ini. They contain info on the settings for the model and the paths and names for the input files. The ascii-grids contain besides header info on the Ellenberg indicator values for F, R and N, the vegetation type, region and salt. All files are described in the user documentation.

Alternatively, MOVE4 can also use the input data directly given in an ACCESS database. The info needed is similar to the input described above. Then the BIODIV.ini file is not needed and the content of the MOVE.ini file differs from the one mentioned above.

Output

The output of MOVE4 is stored in an ACCESS -database. It contains a Table with the chance of occurrence of the selected species and also the 95% confidence interval of the calculated chance on the basis of the model uncertainty. The output also contains tables with info on the used input.

SMART2-SUMO2-P2E

The input for MOVE4 is normally modelled by the model chain SMART2-SUMO2-P2E. However, input like the Ellenberg indicator value files may also be generated in a different way.

DIMO

The newly developed model DIMO is designed to correct the output from MOVE2 for present day occurrence of plant species, seedbank occurrence and dispersal capacity. The maps provided by MOVE4 per species can be used for input in DIMO.

Application area

MOVE4 is designed for The Netherlands. It is also calibrated for the Netherlands, so application outside the Netherlands is not recommended without further tests and new calibration. The calibration set used exists of relevés made in natural areas. Strictly speaking this also limits the model to natural areas only.

Prior knowledge

To be able to run MOVE4 as a standalone model basic knowledge of windows or DOS and ACCESS is necessary. To be able to run MOVE4 as an integrated part of the Natureplanner knowledge of the Natureplanner as well as some knowledge of ArisFlow is necessary.

To be able to understand the results a basic ecological education is necessary. However, that may not be sufficient in some cases.

2 Introduction

The model MOVE4 was developed as a follow up of the model MOVE 3.2 (Bakkenes *et al.* 2002) and as a follow up to the audit of the previous MOVE model (Reijnen & Van Oostenbrugge 2001). The model was especially criticized for the non-realistic response functions of at least some of the species. For this reason the Model MOVE4 was developed, that was newly set, in a new environment (ACCESS) and with new response functions that were internally validated (cross validation, see van Adrichem *et al.* in prep).

This document describes how the model can be installed and used as a standalone model or applied in the Arisflow environment of the Natureplanner. Some parts are similar to the description made by Van der Hoek & Bakkenes (2007). A more detailed description of the model and its principles can be found in van Adrichem *et al.* (in prep). Moreover, this document also includes documents that were made for the A quality status of MOVE4. Some of the information is digitally available only; all documents are also included on the accompanying CD.

2.1 Goal

MOVE4 predicts the chance of occurrence of over 900 species of the Dutch flora based on the Ellenberg indicator values for moisture (F), acidity (R) and nutrient availability (N), physical geographical region and vegetation type. Predictions are given per species or accumulated per vegetation type and are accompanied by the 95% confidence intervals based on the model uncertainty.

The aim of this report is to guide a user of MOVE4, as part of the a-quality status of the model, as defined by

Alterra(www2.alterra.wur.nl/webdocs/Internet/Geoinformatie/Softwarekwaliteit/kwamodbest/index.htm).

2.2 Boundaries

MOVE4 is, as all other MOVE versions, calibrated for the Netherlands. That limits the model to The Netherlands. However, application in countries with similar plant species and abiotic circumstances may be possible after careful testing. The model is calibrated using relevés made in natural areas. Therefore application outside natural areas is not recommended, e.g. road verges, parks, dikes or ditches. MOVE4 gives the chance of occurrence for plant species; it does not provide any information on the actual presence of a species at a certain site. The boundaries for the input are given in Appendix 3.

Boundaries for single parameters, but combinations may lead to combined input and output that never has been tested and may even lead to situations that do not occur in The Netherlands.

2.3 Model concepts

The model concepts and tests are extensively described by van Adrichem *et al.* (2009). Here we only give a brief summary.

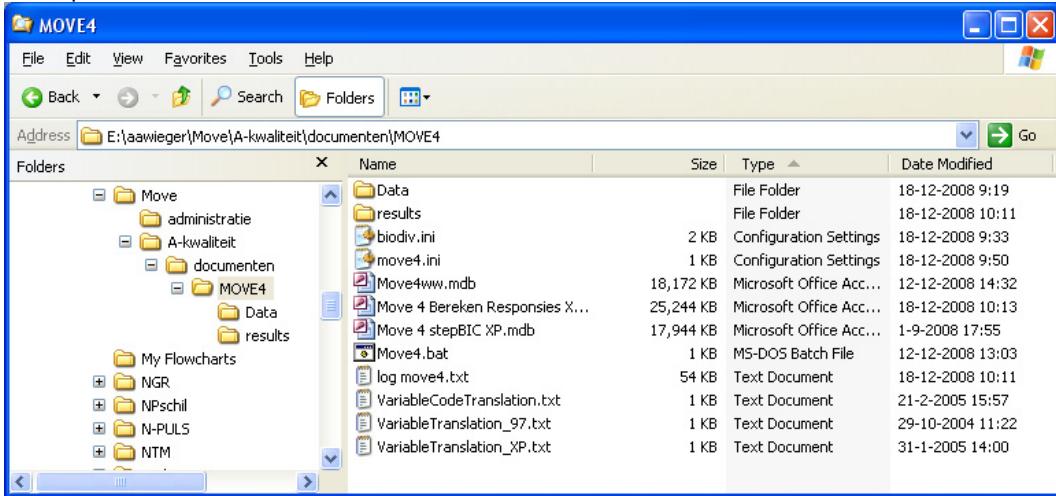
MOVE4 is a typical regression model where in this case the chance of occurrence of plant species is regressed on abiotic variables; The Ellenberg (Ellenberg *et al.* 1991) indicator values for salinity, acidity, moisture and nutrient availability, a geophysical reference map and the vegetation type. For The Netherlands for over 900 species all the Ellenberg indicator values are available and these species are used for calibration. In MOVE4 all the possible interactions between the variables is accounted for. However terms are only added to the species specific regression equation when it is significant, thus leading to regression equations that may contain different numbers of terms. The model is calibrated on a data set with vegetation relevés made in all natural areas in The Netherlands. This data set contains over 100.000 relevés and is assumed to represent the Dutch flora. Model input may be delivered by other models (e.g. SMART2-SUMO2), but can be in principle any description of a field situation as long as it is given in Ellenberg indicator values and accompanied by the physical geographical reference and the vegetation type. In a standard setting, in the model chain The Natureplanner, these variables are delivered by SMART2-SUMO2 in the form of maps. MOVE4 returns the chance of occurrence of the selected plant species accompanied by the uncertainty and a kappa value indicating whether or not a species may actually be expected in the field. MOVE can also be run as a standalone model, needing the same input and providing the same output.

3 Stand alone version of MOVE4

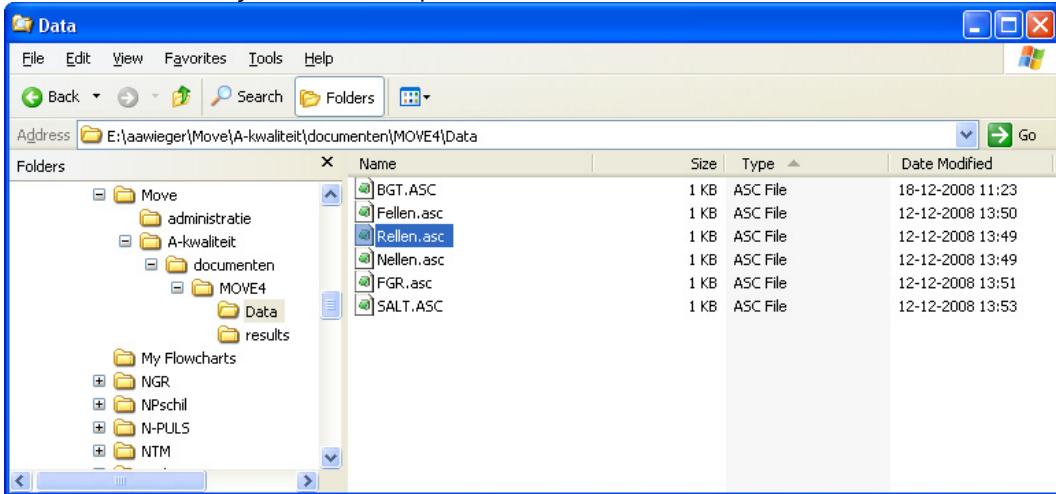
3.1 Installation

The MOVE4 model as a stand alone version can be placed in any directory, all paths are relative. MOVE4 works under ACCESS 2003 and Windows XP or later versions. The zip file MOVE.zip contains all necessary files, by unzipping the file all files are placed in the correct sub-directories (the file is placed on the CD). All paths are initially adjusted to this installation. The zip files includes a test run and by clicking the MOVE4.bat file the model runs.

The zip file contains the files:



The data subdirectory contains the input files:



The files are described in Chapter 2.2 and 2.3. The result sub directory contains an ACCESS database with the output of MOVE4.

3.2 Running the standalone model

The model can be run by double clicking the MOVE4.bat file (see Appendix 2). It then starts a standard test run. The ACCESS database 'Move 4 Bereken Responsies XP.mdb' is called from the bat file and the program then starts running. Depending on the ACCESS settings it is possible that ACCESS will ask whether or not to open the mdb. file, the answer should be 'open' (Figure 1). This message is a result of the security settings on the pc; the security level is hampering automatic and standalone calculations of MOVE4. After that the real program will start. Results will be written to the results directory in the file 'results multirun WOConf.mdb'.

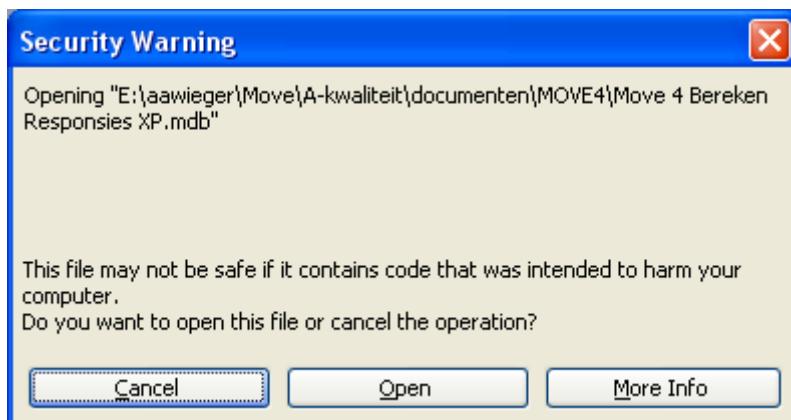


Figure. 1 Pop up message from ACCESS asking whether or not to open the file. The answer should be 'open'.

MOVE4 can be run with different input files and with some options. The files and the options are described in the Chapters below for each file.

3.3 The input maps

All the input maps are in ascii-grid format and should all have the same standard layout. An ascii input file contains a header of six lines and then the actual data.

- The first line gives the number of columns with data (in principle unlimited)
- The second line gives the number of rows with data (in principle unlimited)
- The third line gives the x coordinate of the bottom left cell in the file
- The fourth line gives the y coordinate of the bottom left cell in the file
- The fifth line gives the cell size
- The sixth line gives the indicator for missing data (normally -9999)
- Then the columns and rows with data, in this case R, follow.

! The grid files are not read from left to right or from top to bottom of the ascii file. The first value read from the ascii grids is the value at the bottom of the first row. The second value read is the one above the left bottom value, till the top of the first row is reached. Then the bottom value of the second row is read and so on. The first value in the output (per species) is the chance of occurrence based on the bottom value of the first row!

3.3.1 Rellen.asc

This file contains the Ellenberg indicator value for acidity (R; Ellenberg *et al.* 1991). The value must be between 1.0 and 9.0. The map can be provided by SMART2-SUMO2, but then still the values have to be translated from pH into the R –value. For this a regression equation is available (Wamelink *et al.* 2002). An example of the file is given in Figure 2.

```
ncols          2
nrows          2
xllcorner     240250
yllcorner     566000
cellsize       250
NODATA_value   -9999
  6.5680E+00  6.5680E+00
  7.4240E+00  6.5790E+00
```

Figure 2 Content of the test file Rellen.asc.

3.3.2 Fellen.asc

This file contains the Ellenberg indicator value for Moisture (F; Ellenberg *et al.* 1991). Normally the values are derived from the groundwater Table map and based on the spring groundwater Table. The value must be between 1.0 and 12.0. An example of the file is given in Figure 3

```
Ncols          2
nrows          2
xllcorner     240250
yllcorner     566000
cellsize       250
NODATA_value   -9999
  2.3462E+00  2.3462E+00
  5.6749E+00  10.345E+00
```

Figure 3 Content of the test file Fellen.asc.

3.3.3 Nellen.asc

This file contains the Ellenberg indicator value for nutrient availability, sometimes also referred to as nitrogen availability (N; Ellenberg *et al.* 1991). The value must be between 1.0 and 9.0. The map can be provided by SMART2-SUMO2, but then still the values have to be translated from total yearly nitrogen availability into the N –value. For this a regression equation is available, though the translation is highly uncertain (Ertsen *et al.* 1998, Wamelink *et al.* 2008). An example of the file is given in Figure 4.

```
ncols          2
nrows          2
xllcorner     240250
yllcorner     566000
cellsize       250
NODATA_value   -9999
  3.5600E+00  3.5600E+00
  7.9800E+00  1.4555E+00
```

Figure 4 Content of the test file Fellen.asc,
input file for Ellenberg indicator value for
moisture

3.3.4 Salt.asc

This file contains about the salinity of the grid. The value is given as the Ellenberg indicator value for Salinity (S; Ellenberg *et al.* 1991) and must be between 0 and 9. The value may be calculated based on the chloride content. Figure 5 gives an example.

```
ncols          2
nrows          2
xllcorner     240250
yllcorner     566000
cellsize       250
NODATA_value  -9999
 2.0000E-01  2.0000E-01
 2.0000E-01  2.0000E-01
```

Figure 5 Content of test file salt.asc, input file for Ellenberg S

3.3.5 FGR.asc

This file provides MOVE4 with the physical geographic region each grid cell is situated in. The input for MOVE4 is given in Table 1. The variable code column in Table 1 gives the possible regions, with: the hilly area in the South (Hl), the higher sandy soils, mainly situated in the east (Hz), the clay area around the rivers (Rv), the organic soil area (Lv, fenland in Figure 7), the see clay area (Zk), the sandy dune area (Du), the old see areas (Az, part of the see clay area in Figure 7), the tidal zones (Gg) and the North See (Nz). The test input file is given in Figure 6. In this case the code in the input file is 5, indicating the see clay physical geographical region, as can be read from the CodeInInput column from Table 1.

Table 1.Codes for the translation of the physical geographical region types

RelationId	VariableName	VariableCode	ResponseModelCode	CodeInInput
6	Fgr	Hl	1	1
7	Fgr	Hz	2	2
8	Fgr	Rv	3	3
9	Fgr	Lv	4	4
10	Fgr	Zk	5	5
11	Fgr	Du	6	6
12	Fgr	Az	7	7
13	Fgr	Gg	8	8
14	Fgr	Nz	9	9

```
ncols          2
nrows          2
xllcorner     240250
yllcorner     566000
cellsize       250
NODATA_value  -9999
 5.0000E+00  5.0000E+00
 5.0000E+00  5.0000E+00
```

Figure 6 Content of test file FGR.asc, containing the physical geographical region as a number. The regions are given in Figure 7.

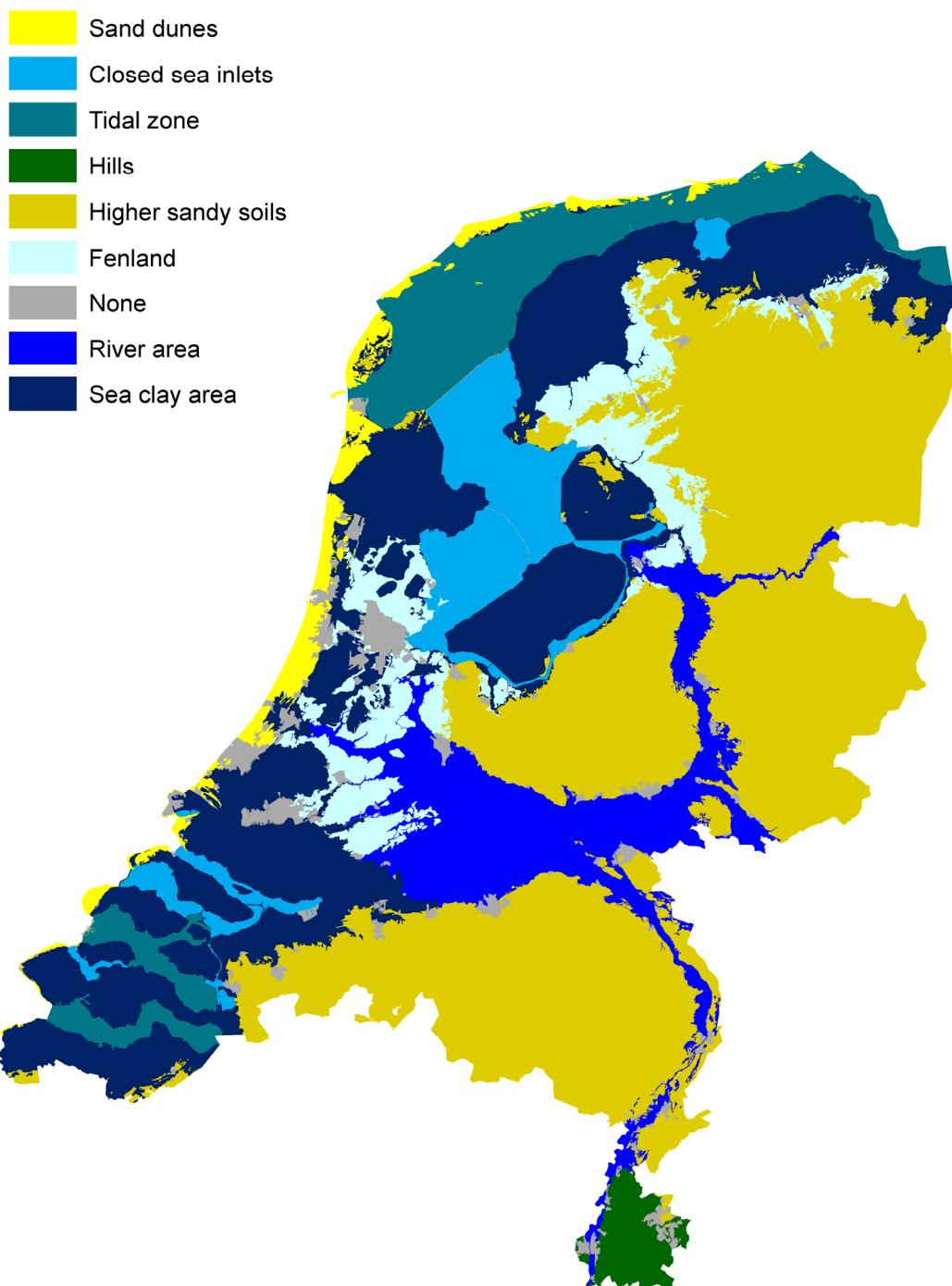


Figure. 7. Physical geographical regions in The Netherlands.

3.3.6 BGT.asc

This file provides MOVE4 with the vegetation type of the grid. The vegetation types are given in Table 2. The variable code has five options: deciduous forest (Dec), nutrient poor grassland (Grp), heather (Hea), pine trees (Pin) and spruce trees (Spr). The pine tree settings can be

used for relative light needle forest (e.g. pine, larch), the spruce tree settings can be used for relative dark needle forests (e.g. spruce, Douglas). The test input file is given in Figure 8 In this case the code in the input file is 5, indicating a grassland vegetation type, as can be read from the CodeInInput column from Table 2.

Table 2 Vegetation types, used in MOVE4.

RelationId	VariableName	VariableCode	ResponseModelCode	CodeInInput
1	Vegetatie	Dec	1	1
2	Vegetatie	Grp	2	5
3	Vegetatie	Hea	3	4
4	Vegetatie	Pin	4	2
5	Vegetatie	Spr	5	3

```

ncols          2
nrows          2
xllcorner     240250
yllcorner     566000
cellsize       250
NODATA_value  -9999
 5.0000E+00  5.0000E+00
 5.0000E+00  5.0000E+00

```

Figure 8 Content of test file BGT.asc, input file for vegetation type.

3.4 The initialization files

3.4.1 MOVE4.bat

The file MOVE4.bat starts a model run by double clicking it. It is also possible to start it from Windows (Start, Run, browse to the bat file, open, ok) or in a dos-Box. It is also possible to give the command in a Dos box on the command line (Figure 9). The first part states where the MS ACCESS executable can be found. If the executable is located somewhere else, than this part of the command must be adjusted. The second part gives the name of the ACCESS file that contains the MOVE4 program. The last part gives the name of the MOVE4 initialization file (move4.ini). A technical description of how MOVE4 was applied in the uncertainty analyses of the Natureplanner is given in Appendix 1.

```
"C:\Program Files\Microsoft Office\OFFICE11\MSACCESS.EXE" "%CD%\Move 4 Bereken
Responsies.mdb" /cmd "%CD%\move4.ini"
```

Figure 9 Command line to start a MOVE4 run.

3.4.2 MOVE.ini

The MOVE.ini file is the steering file for MOVE4 called from the command line that starts the model (see above). An example of the file is given in Figure 10. Text between square brackets indicate sections, looked for by the model.

Each statement is explained here below, starting with the line number it is referring to.

2. The name of the model used containing the information on the response models (ResponseModelsDatabaseName=Move 4 stepBIC.mdb).
3. The file name that contains the translation of variables delivered by SMART2, for an explanation see 2.4.4 (VariableTranslationFileName=VariableTranslation.txt).
4. The file name that contains the translation of variable codes delivered by SMART2, for an explanation see 2.4.4 (VariableCodeTranslationFileName = VariableCodeTranslation.txt).
5. File name that steers the multirun of MOVE4 (BiodivFileName=biodiv alleen voor Move 4.ini).
6. File name where the log of the run is kept (LogFileName=log move4.txt). Error messages are written to this file!
7. The name of the ACCESS file where the results are written to (ResultsDatabaseName=results multirun WOConf_20.mdb).
9. Whether or not the confidence intervals should be calculated and written to the result file, True for yes and False for not (CalculateConfidenceIntervals=False).
10. Whether calculations should be done per species (or per grid, see below), True for yes and False for not (CalculatePerSpecies=False). The time consumption of the model may differ between both options and can thus be optimised in combination with line 11.
11. Whether calculations should be done per grid, True for yes and False for not (CalculatePerGridCell=True).
12. Name that contains the unique abiotic column name (AbioticUniqueColumnName=Id).

```
[Files]
ResponseModelsDatabaseName=Move 4 stepBIC.mdb
VariableTranslationFileName=VariableTranslation.txt
VariableCodeTranslationFileName=VariableCodeTranslation.txt
BiodivFileName=biodiv alleen voor Move 4.ini
LogFile=log move4.txt
ResultsDatabaseName=results multirun WOConf_20.mdb
[Options]
CalculateConfidenceIntervals=False
CalculatePerSpecies=False
CalculatePerGridCell=True
AbioticUniqueColumnName=Id
BioDivUseRelationSpeciesGridFile=False
BioDivUseExternalUniqueGridIdFile=False
```

Figure 10 MOVE.ini file. An explanation is given in the text above.

3.4.3 BIODIV.ini

The biodiv.ini file is used to provide the names of the input files and information on the number of runs (Figure 11). Some or all of the file names may be run specific and then should be given for the specific run. In the example only three runs are shown, in principle an infinite number of runs can be given.

```

[Algemeen]
MultiRun=1
Description=MOVE4

[commentaar]
text=Algemene inputs; worden 1 maal bij start van berekeningen ingelezen
[Files]
ResponseModelsDatabaseName=
Zuurgraad=
Nutrienten=
Grondwater=
Vegetatie= Data \BGT.asc
Zoutgehalte= Data \zout.asc
Fgr=

[runs]
aantal=20
start=20

[commentaar]
text=Specifieke inputs; Eerder ingelezen data worden overschreven; niet gespecificeerd voor een
bepaalde run: gebruikt al aanwezige data (uit vorige run of algemene invoer)
[run1]
ScenarioYear=2000
Zuurgraad=Data\rellen1.asc
Nutrienten= Data \nellen1.asc
Grondwater= Data \fellen1.asc
Fgr= Data \fgr1.asc
[run2]
ScenarioYear=2000
Zuurgraad= Data \rellen2.asc
Nutrienten= Data \nellen2.asc
Grondwater= Data \fellen2.asc
Fgr= Data \fgr2.asc
[run3]
ScenarioYear=2000
Zuurgraad= Data \rellen3.asc
Nutrienten= Data \nellen3.asc
Grondwater= Data \fellen3.asc
Fgr= Data \fgr3.asc

```

Figure 11 BIODIV.ini file. An explanation is given above.

Most of the statements are explained here below, starting with the line number it is referring to. Statements between brackets give comments on what follows and are not read by the program.

2. Whether or not to run the model with more than one set of input files (MultiRun=1); 0 no, 1 yes
9. Name of the acidity grid file (Zuurgraad=); only given here when in the case of a multi run the content is the same for all multi runs.
10. Name of the nutrient grid file (Nutrienten=); only given here when in the case of a multi run the content is the same for all multi runs.

11. Name of the moisture grid file (Grondwater=); only given here when in the case of a multi run the content is the same for all multi runs.
12. Name of the vegetation type grid file (Vegetatie= Data\BGT.asc); only given here when in the case of a multi run the content is the same for all multi runs, which is the case for this example.
13. Name of the salt content grid file (Zoutgehalte= Data\zout.asc); only given here when in the case of a multi run the content is the same for all multi runs, which is the case for this example.
14. Name of the physical geographical region grid file (FGR=); only given here when in the case of a multi run the content is the same for all multi runs.
17. Number of runs the model has to do (aantal=20); in this example twenty.
18. Starting point of the run (start=20); In this case the multi run starts at run number 20, which is not given in Figure 11. There only the input for the first three runs is given.

From line 25 on the run specific input files are given, only three examples are given here and only one is described here below.

25. The number of the run ([Run1]).
26. The year of the output from SMART2 (ScenarioYear=2000); in this case input for MOVE4 is provided for the year 2000.
27. Name of the acidity grid file (Zuurgraad= Data \ellen1.asc); run specific input, the statement includes a reference to directory (Data) where the file is located.
28. Name of the nutrient grid file (Nutrienten= Data \ellen1.asc); run specific input, the statement includes a reference to directory (Data) where the file is located.
29. Name of the moisture grid file (grondwater= Data \ellen1.asc); run specific input, the statement includes a reference to directory (Data) where the file is located.
30. Name of the physical geographical region grid file (Fgr= Data \fgr1.asc); run specific input, the statement includes a reference to directory (Data) where the file is located.

3.4.4 Variable translation file and code translation

The variable translation file is used for the transformation of codes in MOVE4 (Figure 12). Normally the content of this file is not changed. Each line is shortly explained here below, starting with the line number it is referring to.

1. Header, giving the name of the ‘column’ of the information in the following lines.
For the following lines, first a number is given for the variable, then variable name, then the variable type, the response variable name used in MOVE4 and then when appropriate a transformation (not used, since the input is in Ellenberg indicator values).
2. Statement for Ellenberg indicator value for acidity (R).
3. Statement for Ellenberg indicator value for nutrients (N).
4. Statement for Ellenberg indicator value for moisture (F).
5. Statement for vegetation type (veg).
6. Statement for Ellenberg indicator value for salinity (S).
7. Statement for physical geographical region (fgr).

```

RelationVariablesId,VariableName,VariableType,ResponseVariableName,Transformation
1,r,Double,elbr,
2,n,Double,elbn,
3,f,Double,elbf,
4,veg,FactorNum,veg[,
5,s,Double,elbs,
6,fgr,FactorNum,fgr[,

```

Fig. 12 Variabletranslation.txt file. An explanation is given above.

The variable code translation file is used for the transformation of vegetation and physical geographical region codes in MOVE4 (Figure 13). Normally the content of this file is not changed. Each line is shortly explained here below, starting with the line number it is referring to.

1. Header, giving the name of the ‘column’ of the information in the following lines.
For the following lines, first a number is given for the relation, then a variable name (for vegetation; vegetatie, or physical geographical region; Fgr) , then a code giving the subdivision of the variable, the response variable name used in MOVE4 and then the code in the model SMART2.
2. Vegetation type deciduous forest (Dec).
3. Vegetation type grassland (Grp).
4. Vegetation type heathland (Hea).
5. Vegetation type pine forest (Pin).
6. Vegetation type spruce forest (Spr).

The next lines give the nine physical geographical regions, the explanation of the codes can be found in Chapter 2.3.5, Table 1.

```

RelationId,VariableName,VariableCode,ResponseModelCode,CodeInInput
1, Vegetatie,Dec,1,1
2, Vegetatie,Grp,2,5
3, Vegetatie,Hea,3,4
4, Vegetatie,Pin,4,2
5, Vegetatie,Spr,5,3
6, Fgr,Hl,1,1
7, Fgr,Hz,2,2
8, Fgr,Rv,3,3
9, Fgr,Lv,4,4
10, Fgr,Zk,5,5
11, Fgr,Du,6,6
12, Fgr,Az,7,7
13, Fgr,Gg,8,8
14, Fgr,Nz,9,9

```

Figure 13 VariableCodeTranslation.txt. An explanation is given above.

3.5 The selection of taxons

The taxons (species) to be run can be selected in the ACCESS file ‘MOVE4 stepBIC XP. Mdb’. After opening the Taxa Table all the species present in MOVE4 will appear (Figure 14). The first column gives the taxon code in MOVE4 (Taxonnr), the second column the taxon code in

the Dutch botanical database preceded by p_ (TaxonCode, CBS 1990) and the third column contains the Latin name of the species (after van der Meijden *et al.* 1991).

A selection can be made by removing the unwanted species. It is advisory to store either the complete Table in a separate Table or to keep an unchanged backup version of the whole ACCESS file, for later use. A complete species list in MOVE4 can be found in Appendix 4.

The screenshot shows a Microsoft Access application window titled "Move 4 stepBIC XP : Database (Access 2000 file format)". The main window title is "Microsoft Access". Below it is a toolbar with various icons. The active window is titled "Taxa : Table". The table has three columns: "TaxonNr", "TaxonCode", and "TaxonNaam". The data starts at record 1 and goes up to record 14, with a total of 914 records. The data is as follows:

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
1	p_1	Acer campestre
2	p_2	Acer pseudoplatanus
3	p_4	Achillea millefolium
4	p_5	Achillea ptarmica
5	p_7	Acorus calamus
6	p_8	Actaea spicata
7	p_10	Adoxa moschatellina
8	p_11	Aegopodium podagraria
9	p_12	Aethusa cynapium
10	p_13	Agrimonia eupatoria
11	p_16	Agrostis canina + Agrostis vinealis
12	p_17	Agrostis gigantea
13	p_18	Agrostis stolonifera
14	p_19	Agrostis capillaris

Figure 14. Species list of MOVE4.

4 Running the Natureplanner version of MOVE4

MOVE4 is an integrated part of the decision support system (DSS) The Natureplanner (version 3.0). To run MOVE4 in this DSS it is necessary to install this DSS, please refer to van der Hoek & Bakkenes (2007). The Natureplanner is preferably run from ArisFlow. Basic knowledge how to work with this package is necessary. For this we also refer to Van der Hoek & Bakkenes (2007).

To be able to run MOVE4, the necessary input has to be generated. This input is delivered by the models SMART2-SUMO2 and the conversion module ‘uitvoer Ellenberg’. Input files for MOVE4 are automatically generated. When a standardised run is carried out with the Natureplanner no adjustments have to be made and all the processes run without action from the user, other than starting the processes by activating the red points in Figure 15. This is extensively described in Van der Hoek & Bakkenes (2007). Most of the models need some kind of input before they can be run. These are partly parameter values which are a part of the Natureplanner and do not have to be changed. Some site specific input has to be given, e.g. groundwater Table, management regime, initial biomass, soil type, etc. For this we also refer to Van der Hoek & Bakkenes (2007).

As for the stand alone version a selection of species has to be made. This can be done in the same way as for the stand alone version by opening the ‘MOVE stepBIC XP.mdb’ file and selecting the target species

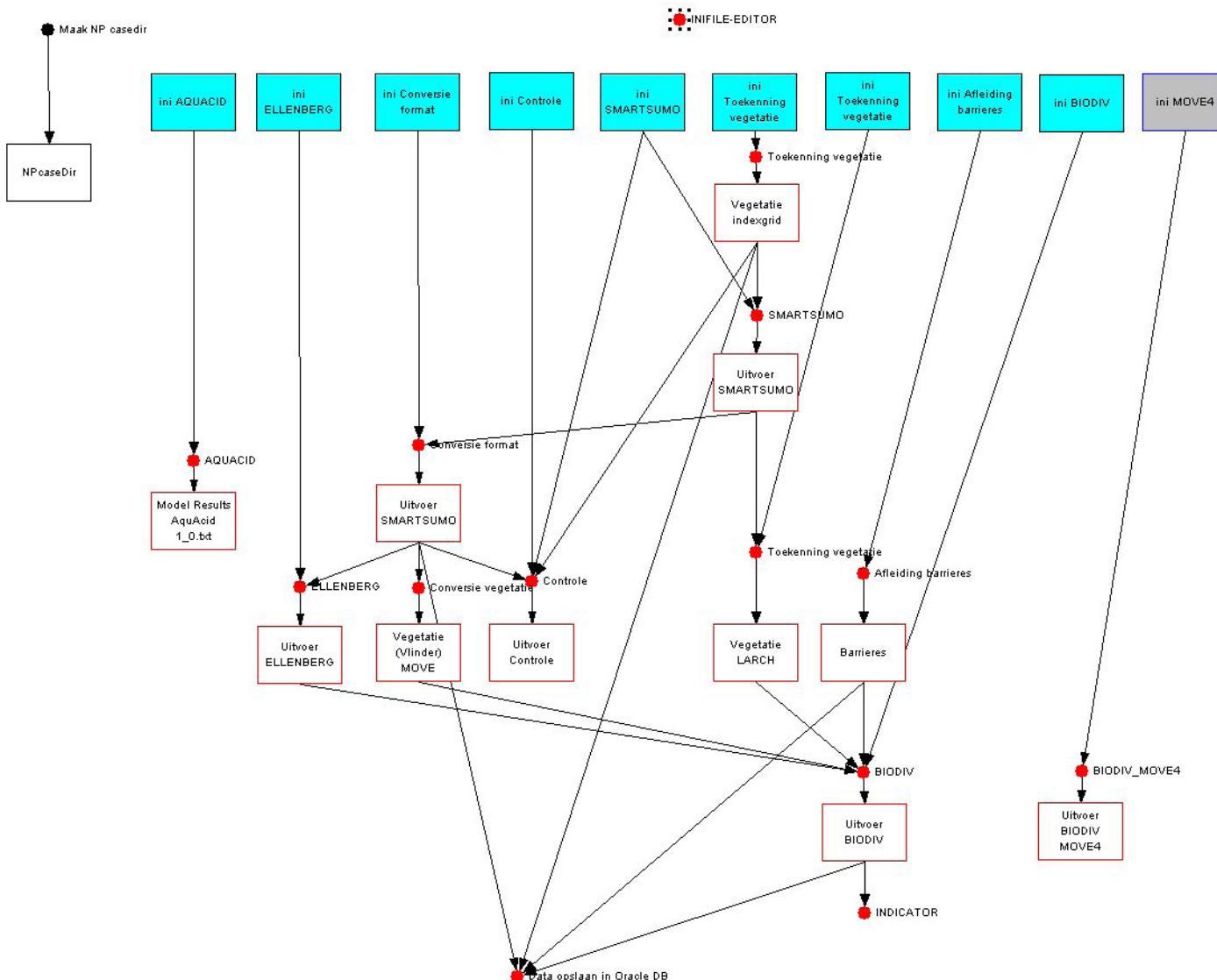


Figure. 15 ArisFlow schedule of the models in the Natureplanner (Figure taken from Van der Hoek and Bakkenes 2007).

5 Output of MOVE4

5.1 Standalone version of MOVE4

The output of MOVE4 in the standalone version is given in an ACCESS file. The name of the file can be defined in the MOVE4.ini file after 'ResultsDatabaseName' (see Chapter 2.4.2). The results file will be placed in the same directory as the program file is placed (unless stated otherwise).

When the ACCESS file is opened the results can be found in the Table 'ResponseModel Results' (Figure 16).

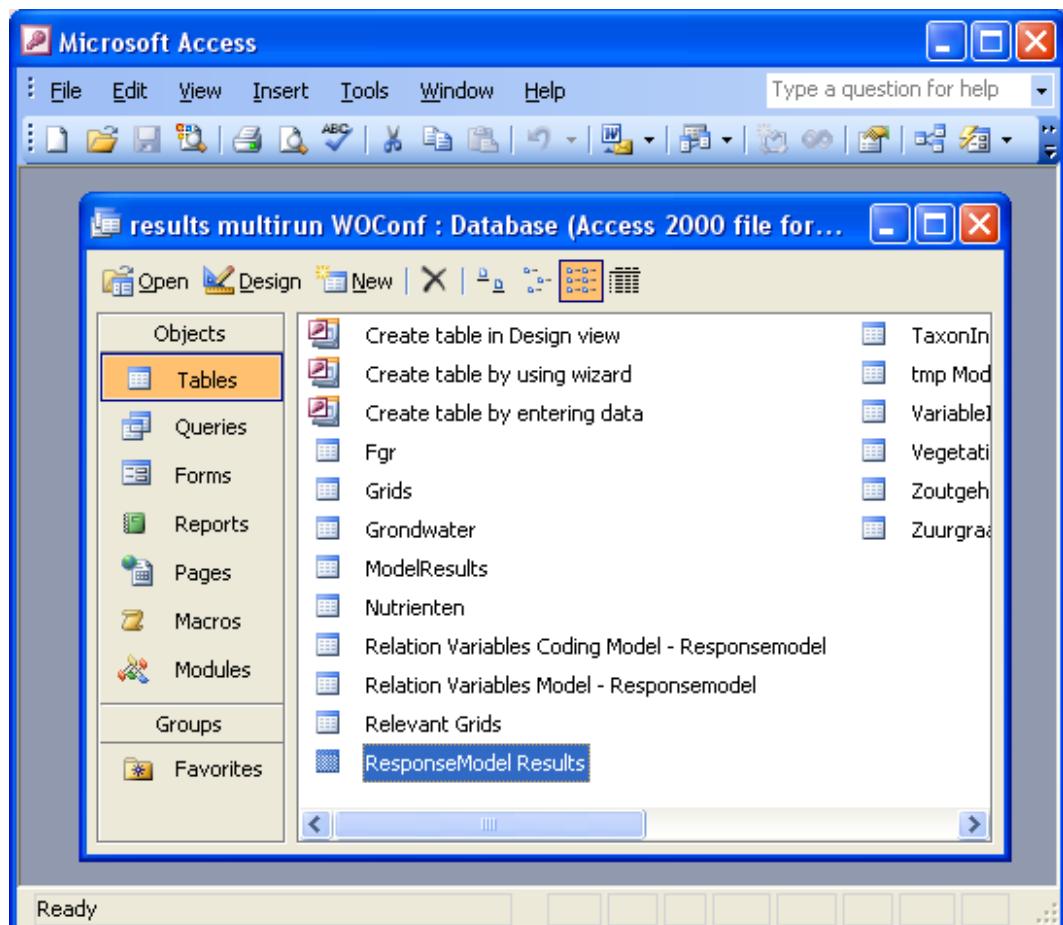


Figure 16 ACCESS file 'results multirun WOConf.mdb', containing the results of the model run (the in blue background shown Table).

When opening the Table the results become visible (by clicking the Table name; see Figure 17).

Microsoft Access

File Edit View Insert Format Records Tools Window Help Type a question for help

results multirun WOConf : Database (Access 2000 file for...)

ResponseModel Results : Table

ResultId	Run	GridId	TaxonNr	Year	KOV	L1	L2	PresentKOV	PresentL1	PresentL2
43	1	3	11	2000	0.0005262362	0.000138376	0.001999074	0	0	0
44	1	4	11	2000	0.0004510528	0.00012283	0.001654892	0	0	0
45	1	1	12	2000	0.0002511745	4.504277E-05	0.001399318	0	0	0
46	1	2	12	2000	0.007502267	0.002460357	0.02264184	0	0	0
47	1	3	12	2000	1.017499E-08	8.230294E-10	1.25792E-07	0	0	0
48	1	4	12	2000	9.164978E-06	1.317294E-06	6.376169E-06	0	0	0
49	1	1	13	2000	0.2815497	0.167682	0.4325562	0	0	1
50	1	2	13	2000	0.6654668	0.532215	0.7766876	1	1	1
51	1	3	13	2000	0.008239198	0.003608828	0.01869915	0	0	0
52	1	4	13	2000	0.1446319	0.07826564	0.2518949	0	0	0
53	1	1	14	2000	0.001160499	0.0004421938	0.003042075	0	0	0
54	1	2	14	2000	0.07673175	0.04167238	0.1370682	0	0	0
55	1	3	14	2000	0.0005901917	0.0001934982	0.001798689	0	0	0
56	1	4	14	2000	0.009252128	0.003746687	0.02266332	0	0	0

Record: [Back] [First] [Next] [Last] 1 of 3656

Datasheet View

Figure 17 Output Table (ResponseModel Results) of MOVE4

The first column give the result id (Resultid), the second column the run number (Run), the third number the grid id (gridid), the fourth column the taxon number (TaxonNr), the fifth column the year (Year), the sixth column the chance of occurrence of the species in the grid examined (KOV), the seventh column the lower value of the 95% confidence interval (L1), the eighth column the higher value for the 95% confidence interval (L2), the ninth column shows whether (1) or not (0) a species is expected be present based on the chance of occurrence. The tenth and the eleventh column give the same for the confidence intervals. How the chance of occurrence and the confidence interval is calculated can be found in van Adrichem *et al.* (in prep) as well as the criteria the decision whether or not a species is expected to be present is based on. The relation between the taxon numbers and taxon names is described in Chapter 2.5.

MOVE4 also supplies other tables in the output. Most of the tables contain the input used for the calculations, including the species list and the abiotic variables, so the input can be controlled. The content of the translation files is also given in the results file. The names of the tables refer to the (Dutch) names of the biodiv.ini file for grid input.

Unfortunately, MOVE4 does not produce the results in a straightforward sequence. MOVE4 starts reading at the bottom left grid cell and the goes up that column. Then the second column is read from the bottom to the top. However, this is not the sequence that the output is given. An example sequence for an ascii grid map with 10 rows and one column is given in Table 3. The output is related to the input as [9 7 5 3 1 10 8 6 4 2], where the numbers give the sorting sequence. So the First value in the output file is the result of the ninth combination of values in the input ascii grid. Basically, first the uneven linenumbers in a backwards sequence and then the even line numbers in a backwards sequence are given in the output file.

Table 3. Example of a MOVE4 output file for 10 cells, only the chance of occurrence is given. KOV gives the chance of occurrence, V the relation with the input file, Sort(V) the sorted V and KOV (sort) the chance of occurrence after sorting which makes the sequence the same as the input sequence.

KOV	V	After sorting	
		Sort(V)	KOV (sort)
0.0801	9	1	0.000974
0.00102	7	2	0.005841
0.00938	5	3	0.007365
0.007365	3	4	0.000646
0.000974	1	5	0.00938
0.000657	10	6	0.002575
0.009913	8	7	0.00102
0.002575	6	8	0.009913
0.000646	4	9	0.0801
0.005841	2	10	0.000657

5.2 Natureplanner version of MOVE4

Results can be found in the ACCESS results file, as described in Chapter 4.1. In the MOVE4 initialisation file it is stated where the results are physically placed on the computer. The output file is exactly the same as for the standalone version of the model as explained in Chapter 4.1. In a standard installation of the Natureplanner the initialisation file for MOVE4 is placed in the directory 'C:\cases\np5test_1\ini', as is the initialisation file for the multirun (see also Chapters 2.4.2 and 2.4.3).

6 Uncertainty and sensitivity analysis and validation

6.1 Uncertainty and sensitivity analysis

MOVE4 is able to calculate besides the chance of occurrence of a species also the uncertainty in that chance. This uncertainty only reflects the uncertainty caused by the model itself and not the propagated uncertainty of the input and applied other models uncertainty.

The uncertainty per regression variable per species is calculated using a bootstrap method. This leads to a covariance matrix which can be used to calculate the uncertainty in the prediction. Given is the 95% uncertainty interval.

A sensitivity analyses of the Natureplanner including MOVE4 was carried out by van der Hoek & Heuberger (2006, see also Chapter 6).

An uncertainty analyses was carried out by Wamelink *et al.* (in prep) for a model chain with MOVE4 as final model (see also Chapter 6). Although the predictions of MOVE4 were used to quantify the uncertainty, the uncertainty in MOVE4 was not taken into account.

6.2 Validation

MOVE4 is not yet validated on independent data. However, the model was extensively tested by several means of cross validation by F.G. Wortelboer (see Van Adrichem *et al.* 2009). The cross validation was carried out by comparing the chance of occurrence of the species in the calibration vegetation data set with predictions of MOVE4 for the species. Performance was tested by:

1. Percentage deviance explained based on the difference between calculated and observed presence
2. Pearson correlation between total observed presence and total calculated presence
3. Regression analysis.

Performance scores for the three test methods were simplified to a 0, 1 or 2 score and summed. Overall performances per individual regression equation per species were then assed. In general the performance of the species models is acceptable, although for a substantial set of species the performance was judged as poor. A minor subset of species scored good or very good.

An extensive validation on independent data is strongly desirable, preferably in combination with the plant dispersal model DIMO. The latter model should make the chances of occurrence in the field more comparable with the model outcomes of MOVE4, because DIMO corrects for seedbank characteristics and seed dispersal capacity.

7 Application of MOVE4 in projects

MOVE has been applied in many projects, many of them being overviews for the Dutch government (e.g.). MOVE is then always used as an integrated part of the DSS the Natureplanner. In most cases however, MOVE2 or MOVE3.2 was used. MOVE4 has not been applied that much yet. An overview is given here below. Normally, MOVE is applied for groups of species; application for an individual species is scarce. In a typical application more than one scenario is run after which the results are compared.

A sensitivity analysis of the Nature Planner: from complex to simple

Van der Hoek & Heuberger (2006) describe the methodologies and results of an extended sensitivity analysis of the terrestrial component of the Nature Planner. The Netherlands Environmental Assessment Agency's 'Nature Planner' comprises a sequence of models (model train) used to calculate, evaluate and predict the quality of nature on the national scale. This is based on a number of driving forces and is applied to a wide range of common ecosystems (soil type/vegetation combinations).

For this study, Variance Analysis proved to be a well-suited method for the purpose of a sensitivity analysis. Use of other methodologies, such as Trend Analysis, and Regression and Scatter Plot Analysis is also recommended here for the purpose of verification and explanation. The analysis and results are elaborately described for heathland ecosystems. This type of analysis can also be incorporated into the initial phase of the process of developing so-called meta-models, approximations of the underlying model train. These model approximations are rapid, and yet reliable; they can also be used successfully in policy-decision processes. An initial result in this direction is a so-called 'knowledge Table', containing all the results from the large number of model runs used in this study, and organised in a condensed and easily accessible format (text taken and slightly adjusted from the summary of van der Hoek & Heuberger, 2006).

Meta Nature Planner

Goal of this research is to test The Nature Planner for a limited set of species and to develop based on the test a 'meta Nature Planner' as a regression of the output on the input of the Nature Planner (Van Dobben, in prep).

This has to lead to a regression of the Natura Planner that is quick and easy to handle and to describe the Nature Planner as a simple tool that is easy to evaluate by experts. The regression equations are based on earlier model runs (by Van der Hoek & Heuberger 2006, see also above) for a sensitivity analyses.

Quality guarantee Meta Nature Planner

This project is closely linked to the above motioned project of the Meta Nature Planner. In this project a relation is made between environmental conditions (abiotic as well as spatial) and target plant species (Van der Graft *et al.* in prep). The outcome is translated to the national scale, indicating whether or not the presence of a species is sustainable in The Netherlands.

Effect of acid and nitrogen deposition on plant species occurrence

For an overview report (Van Hinsberg in prep), MOVE4 was applied together with the model SMART2 to asses the effect of nitrogen deposition on species occurrence. Model runs were performed for the years 1880-2100 by SMART2, simulating the effect of nitrogen and sulphur

deposition on the soil. MOVE4 predicted the chance of occurrence for typical species for the vegetation type's coniferous forest on sandy soil, grassland on clay, deciduous forest on sand and deciduous forest on clay for the year 2100. Results showed that the chance of occurrence for some more nitrophilous species increase and decreased for some red list and rare species.

Uncertainty analysis

An important project involving MOVE is currently being finished (2009), where MOVE4 is used in an uncertainty analysis of the model chain, soil map, groundwater Table map, SMART2-SUMO2-P2E-MOVE4. In this project the uncertainty propagation through the model chain is assessed. The model uncertainty will be expressed as the uncertainty in the lumped chance of occurrence of typical species for the vegetation type's grassland, forest and heathland. The results will also give insights in the most uncertain processes in the model chain. The tested model chain forms the hart of the DSS the Natureplanner.

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Appendix 1 Technical description of MOVE4 standalone version as applied in de uncertainty analysis of the Natureplanner

Executable: Move4.bat

Runs MS ACCESS **Move 4 Bereken Responsies XP.mdb** (through AutoExec Macro) initialized by **move4.ini** file. MDB and INI files should be located in the same folder as **Move4.bat** file.

Initialization file **move4.ini**

[Files]

ResponseModelsDatabaseName=Move4ww.mdb – database file with input data from tables (note: modules are ignored)

VariableTranslationFileName=VariableTranslation_XP.txt -

VariableCodeTranslationFileName=VariableCodeTranslation.txt -

BiodivFileName=biodiv.ini – initialization file

LogFileName=log move4.txt – log file

ResultsDatabaseName=results multirun WOConf.mdb – database output file name

[Options]

CalculateConfidenceIntervals=True

CalculatePerSpecies=True

CalculatePerGridCell=False

BioDivUseRelationSpeciesGridFile=False

BioDivUseExternalUniqueGridIdFile=False

Output: as specified in **move4.ini::[Files]::ResultsDatabaseName**

Executable: **iniCreator.bat**

Batch used to create multiple entries for **biodiv.ini** file. Namely for specifying run parameters. Outputs part of initialization text in **iniCopy.txt**.

Appendix 2 The Move.bat file for running MOVE4 standalone (on CD)

The bat file contains just one command line, given below. The file is also available on the CD.

```
"C:\Program Files\Microsoft Office\OFFICE11\MSACCESS .EXE" "%CD%\Move 4 Bereken Responsies XP.mdb" /cmd "%CD%\move4.ini"
```


Appendix 3 Boundaries of MOVE4

The model MOVE4 is calibrated with a dataset of vegetation relevés. This dataset contains over 100,000 relevés. Since for each species a model is fitted using a different number of model terms, boundaries can only be given per species. Since this is impossible to do in a report, we give the physical boundaries of the model terms, without the effect of interaction or without differences per species (Table A1). The model terms FGR and BGT are all present in the total dataset. For more information see Van Adrichem *et al*(2009). The best indication of the reliability of the prediction of MOVE4 is the uncertainty given together with the chance of occurrence. When it is very large, it may be an indication that the prediction is out of the boundaries of the model.

Table A1. Statistical measures for the continuous variables in the dataset.

	n	f	r	s
minimum	1.00	2.00	1.00	0.00
First quartile	4.93	5.42	4.93	0.12
average	5.68	6.90	5.68	0.50
Median	6.11	6.50	6.11	0.28
Third quartile	6.75	8.25	6.75	0.50
maximum	8.67	12.00	8.67	8.67
Total n	108826	108826	108826	108826
variance	2.07	4.38	2.07	1.07
Standard deviation	1.44	2.09	1.44	1.03

Appendix 4 Species list of MOVE4

The first column gives the rank number in MOVE4, the second column the code that is used in the botanical reference guide, preceded by p_.

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
1	p_1	<i>Acer campestre</i>
2	p_2	<i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>
3	p_4	<i>Achillea millefolium</i>
4	p_5	<i>Achillea ptarmica</i>
5	p_7	<i>Acorus calamus</i>
6	p_8	<i>Actaea spicata</i>
7	p_10	<i>Adoxa moschatellina</i>
8	p_11	<i>Aegopodium podagraria</i>
9	p_12	<i>Aethusa cynapium</i>
10	p_13	<i>Agrimonia eupatoria</i>
11	p_16	<i>Agrostis canina + Agrostis vinealis</i>
12	p_17	<i>Agrostis gigantea</i>
13	p_18	<i>Agrostis stolonifera</i>
14	p_19	<i>Agrostis capillaris</i>
15	p_20	<i>Aira caryophyllea</i>
16	p_21	<i>Aira praecox</i>
17	p_24	<i>Ajuga reptans</i>
18	p_26	<i>Alisma gramineum</i>
19	p_27	<i>Alisma lanceolatum</i>
20	p_28	<i>Alisma plantago-aquatica</i>
21	p_29	<i>Alliaria petiolata</i>
22	p_31	<i>Allium oleraceum</i>
23	p_34	<i>Allium ursinum</i>
24	p_35	<i>Allium vineale</i>
25	p_36	<i>Alnus glutinosa</i>
26	p_37	<i>Alnus incana</i>
27	p_38	<i>Alopecurus aequalis</i>
28	p_39	<i>Alopecurus bulbosus</i>
29	p_40	<i>Alopecurus geniculatus</i>
30	p_41	<i>Alopecurus myosuroides</i>
31	p_42	<i>Alopecurus pratensis</i>
32	p_43	<i>Althaea officinalis</i>
33	p_49	<i>Calammophila baltica (x-)</i>
34	p_50	<i>Ammophila arenaria</i>

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
35	p_52	<i>Anagallis arvensis</i> subsp. <i>arvensis</i>
36	p_53	<i>Anagallis tenella</i>
37	p_54	<i>Anchusa officinalis</i>
38	p_55	<i>Andromeda polifolia</i>
39	p_56	<i>Anemone nemorosa</i>
40	p_59	<i>Angelica archangelica</i>
41	p_60	<i>Angelica sylvestris</i>
42	p_61	<i>Antennaria dioica</i>
43	p_62	<i>Anthemis arvensis</i>
44	p_66	<i>Anthoxanthum odoratum</i>
45	p_67	<i>Anthoxanthum aristatum</i>
46	p_68	<i>Anthriscus caucalis</i>
47	p_70	<i>Anthriscus sylvestris</i>
48	p_71	<i>Anthyllis vulneraria</i>
49	p_73	<i>Apera spica-venti</i>
50	p_74	<i>Aphanes arvensis</i>
51	p_75	<i>Aphanes inexpectata</i>
52	p_76	<i>Apium graveolens</i>
53	p_77	<i>Apium inundatum</i>
54	p_78	<i>Apium nodiflorum</i>
55	p_81	<i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i>
56	p_83	<i>Arctium lappa</i>
57	p_84	
58	p_91	<i>Armeria maritima</i>
59	p_94	<i>Arnoseris minima</i>
60	p_96	<i>Arrhenatherum elatius</i>
61	p_99	<i>Artemisia campestris</i> subsp. <i>maritima</i>
62	p_100	<i>Artemisia maritima</i>
63	p_101	<i>Artemisia vulgaris</i>
64	p_103	<i>Arum maculatum</i>
65	p_104	<i>Asparagus officinalis</i> subsp. <i>officinalis</i>
66	p_105	<i>Asparagus officinalis</i> subsp. <i>prostratus</i>
67	p_110	<i>Galium odoratum</i>
68	p_112	<i>Asplenium ruta-muraria</i>
69	p_117	<i>Aster tripolium</i>
70	p_119	<i>Athyrium filix-femina</i>
71	p_121	<i>Atriplex prostrata</i>
72	p_122	<i>Atriplex littoralis</i>
73	p_123	<i>Atriplex patula</i>
74	p_128	<i>Azolla filiculoides</i>
75	p_129	<i>Ballota nigra</i> subsp. <i>foetida</i>

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
76	p_133	<i>Barbarea vulgaris</i>
77	p_135	<i>Bellis perennis</i>
78	p_136	<i>Berberis vulgaris</i>
79	p_137	<i>Berteroa incana</i>
80	p_139	<i>Betula pubescens</i>
81	p_140	<i>Betula pendula</i>
82	p_141	<i>Bidens cernua</i>
83	p_142	<i>Bidens connata</i>
84	p_143	<i>Bidens frondosa</i>
85	p_144	<i>Bidens tripartita</i>
86	p_146	<i>Blechnum spicant</i>
87	p_148	<i>Botrychium lunaria</i>
88	p_150	<i>Brachypodium pinnatum</i>
89	p_151	<i>Brachypodium sylvaticum</i>
90	p_152	<i>Brassica nigra</i>
91	p_153	<i>Briza media</i>
92	p_159	<i>Bromopsis inermis</i> (subsp. <i>inermis</i>)
93	p_165	<i>Bromus sterilis</i>
94	p_166	<i>Bromus tectorum</i>
95	p_167	<i>Bryonia cretica</i> (subsp. <i>dioica</i>)
96	p_170	<i>Bupleurum tenuissimum</i>
97	p_171	<i>Butomus umbellatus</i>
98	p_172	<i>Cakile maritima</i>
99	p_173	<i>Calamagrostis canescens</i>
100	p_174	<i>Calamagrostis epigejos</i>
101	p_175	<i>Calamagrostis stricta</i>
102	p_178	<i>Calla palustris</i>
103	p_180	<i>Callitrichie hamulata</i>
104	p_182	<i>Callitrichie obtusangula</i>
105	p_184	<i>Callitrichie platycarpa</i>
106	p_185	<i>Callitrichie stagnalis</i>
107	p_186	<i>Calluna vulgaris</i>
108	p_187	<i>Caltha palustris</i> subsp. <i>palustris</i>
109	p_188	<i>Calystegia sepium</i>
110	p_196	<i>Campanula rapunculus</i>
111	p_198	<i>Campanula rotundifolia</i>
112	p_199	<i>Campanula trachelium</i>
113	p_200	<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>
114	p_201	<i>Cardamine amara</i>
115	p_202	<i>Cardamine flexuosa</i>
116	p_203	<i>Cardamine hirsuta</i>

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
117	p_205	<i>Cardamine pratensis</i>
118	p_208	<i>Carduus crispus</i>
119	p_209	<i>Carduus nutans</i>
120	p_211	<i>Carex acuta</i>
121	p_212	<i>Carex acutiformis</i>
122	p_213	<i>Carex appropinquata</i>
123	p_214	<i>Carex aquatilis</i>
124	p_215	<i>Carex arenaria</i>
125	p_218	<i>Carex caryophyllea</i>
126	p_219	<i>Carex curta</i>
127	p_220	<i>Carex oederi</i> subsp. <i>oedocarpa</i>
128	p_221	<i>Carex diandra</i>
129	p_224	<i>Carex distans</i>
130	p_225	<i>Carex disticha</i>
131	p_228	<i>Carex echinata</i>
132	p_229	<i>Carex elongata</i>
133	p_231	<i>Carex extensa</i>
134	p_232	<i>Carex flacca</i>
135	p_235	<i>Carex hirta</i>
136	p_236	<i>Carex hostiana</i>
137	p_237	<i>Carex elata</i>
138	p_239	<i>Carex lasiocarpa</i>
139	p_244	<i>Carex nigra</i>
140	p_245	<i>Carex cuprina</i>
141	p_246	<i>Carex ovalis</i>
142	p_247	<i>Carex pallescens</i>
143	p_248	<i>Carex panicea</i>
144	p_249	<i>Carex paniculata</i>
145	p_251	<i>Carex pilulifera</i>
146	p_254	<i>Carex pseudocyperus</i>
147	p_255	<i>Carex pulicaris</i>
148	p_258	<i>Carex remota</i>
149	p_259	<i>Carex riparia</i>
150	p_260	<i>Carex rostrata</i>
151	p_261	<i>Carex oederi</i> subsp. <i>oederi</i>
152	p_262	<i>Carex spicata</i>
153	p_264	<i>Carex sylvatica</i>
154	p_266	<i>Carex trinervis</i>
155	p_267	<i>Carex vesicaria</i>
156	p_269	<i>Carlina vulgaris</i>
157	p_270	<i>Carpinus betulus</i>

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
158	p_271	<i>Carum carvi</i>
159	p_273	<i>Castanea sativa</i>
160	p_274	<i>Catabrosa aquatica</i>
161	p_279	<i>Centaurea cyanus</i>
162	p_284	<i>Centaurea scabiosa</i>
163	p_285	<i>Centaurium littorale</i>
164	p_286	<i>Centaurium erythraea</i>
165	p_287	<i>Centaurium pulchellum</i>
166	p_288	<i>Anagallis minima</i>
167	p_292	<i>Cerastium arvense</i>
168	p_293	<i>Cerastium diffusum</i>
169	p_295	<i>Cerastium glomeratum</i>
170	p_296	<i>Cerastium fontanum subsp. <i>vulgare</i></i>
171	p_298	<i>Cerastium semidecandrum</i>
172	p_299	<i>Ceratophyllum demersum</i>
173	p_300	<i>Ceratophyllum submersum</i>
174	p_303	<i>Chaerophyllum temulum</i>
175	p_305	<i>Chelidonium majus</i>
176	p_306	<i>Chenopodium album</i>
177	p_310	<i>Chenopodium ficifolium</i>
178	p_312	<i>Chenopodium glaucum</i>
179	p_315	<i>Chenopodium polyspermum</i>
180	p_316	<i>Chenopodium rubrum</i>
181	p_319	<i>Leucanthemum vulgare</i>
182	p_321	<i>Chrysanthemum segetum</i>
183	p_323	<i>Chrysosplenium oppositifolium</i>
184	p_324	<i>Cicendia filiformis</i>
185	p_325	<i>Cichorium intybus</i>
186	p_326	<i>Cicuta virosa</i>
187	p_329	<i>Circaeа lutetiana</i>
188	p_330	<i>Cirsium acaule</i>
189	p_331	<i>Cirsium arvense</i>
190	p_332	<i>Cirsium dissectum</i>
191	p_335	<i>Cirsium palustre</i>
192	p_336	<i>Cirsium vulgare</i>
193	p_337	<i>Cladium mariscus</i>
194	p_338	<i>Claytonia perfoliata</i>
195	p_339	<i>Clematis vitalba</i>
196	p_342	<i>Cochlearia danica</i>
197	p_343	<i>Cochlearia officinalis subsp. <i>Officinalis</i></i>
198	p_346	<i>Potentilla palustris</i>

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
199	p_349	<i>Convallaria majalis</i>
200	p_350	<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i>
201	p_355	<i>Cornus sanguinea</i>
202	p_359	<i>Coronopus squamatus</i>
203	p_362	<i>Ceratocapnos claviculata</i>
204	p_365	<i>Corydalis solida</i>
205	p_366	<i>Corylus avellana</i>
206	p_367	<i>Corynephorus canescens</i>
207	p_369	<i>Crataegus monogyna</i>
208	p_370	<i>Crataegus laevigata</i>
209	p_371	<i>Crepis biennis</i>
210	p_372	<i>Crepis capillaris</i>
211	p_373	<i>Crepis paludosa</i>
212	p_375	<i>Crepis vesicaria</i>
213	p_379	<i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>
214	p_380	<i>Cuscuta europaea</i>
215	p_384	<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>
216	p_385	<i>Cynoglossum officinale</i>
217	p_386	<i>Cynosurus cristatus</i>
218	p_390	<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>
219	p_394	<i>Daucus carota</i>
220	p_397	<i>Deschampsia cespitosa</i>
221	p_398	<i>Deschampsia flexuosa</i>
222	p_399	<i>Deschampsia setacea</i>
223	p_404	<i>Dianthus deltoides</i>
224	p_406	<i>Digitalis purpurea</i>
225	p_407	<i>Digitaria ischaemum</i>
226	p_410	<i>Diplotaxis tenuifolia</i>
227	p_412	<i>Dipsacus fullonum</i>
228	p_417	<i>Drosera intermedia</i>
229	p_418	<i>Drosera rotundifolia</i>
230	p_419	<i>Dryopteris dilatata</i>
231	p_420	<i>Dryopteris cristata</i>
232	p_421	<i>Dryopteris filix-mas</i>
233	p_426	<i>Dryopteris carthusiana</i>
234	p_427	<i>Thelypteris palustris</i>
235	p_428	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>
236	p_429	<i>Echinodorus ranunculoides</i>
237	p_431	<i>Echium vulgare</i>
238	p_435	<i>Eleocharis acicularis</i>
239	p_436	<i>Eleocharis multicaulis</i>

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
240	p_437	<i>Eleocharis palustris</i> subsp. <i>palustris</i>
241	p_438	<i>Eleocharis quinqueflora</i>
242	p_440	<i>Eleocharis palustris</i> subsp. <i>uniglumis</i>
243	p_441	<i>Elodea canadensis</i>
244	p_442	<i>Elodea nuttallii</i>
245	p_443	<i>Leymus arenarius</i>
246	p_444	<i>Elymus farctus</i>
247	p_445	<i>Elymus athericus</i>
248	p_446	<i>Elymus repens</i>
249	p_447	<i>Empetrum nigrum</i>
250	p_448	<i>Epilobium ciliatum</i>
251	p_450	<i>Chamerion angustifolium</i>
252	p_451	<i>Epilobium hirsutum</i>
253	p_454	<i>Epilobium montanum</i>
254	p_455	<i>Epilobium obscurum</i>
255	p_456	<i>Epilobium palustre</i>
256	p_457	<i>Epilobium parviflorum</i>
257	p_460	<i>Epipactis helleborine</i>
258	p_461	<i>Epipactis palustris</i>
259	p_462	<i>Equisetum arvense</i>
260	p_463	<i>Equisetum fluviatile</i>
261	p_464	
262	p_465	<i>Equisetum x litorale</i>
263	p_466	<i>Equisetum palustre</i>
264	p_471	<i>Equisetum variegatum</i>
265	p_473	<i>Erica tetralix</i>
266	p_474	<i>Erigeron acris</i>
267	p_475	<i>Erigeron canadensis</i>
268	p_476	<i>Eriophorum angustifolium</i>
269	p_479	<i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i>
270	p_480	<i>Erodium cicutarium</i> subsp. <i>cicutarium</i>
271	p_481	<i>Erodium glutinosum</i>
272	p_482	<i>Erodium cicutarium</i> subsp. <i>dunense</i>
273	p_483	<i>Erophila verna</i>
274	p_485	<i>Eryngium campestre</i>
275	p_486	<i>Eryngium maritimum</i>
276	p_487	<i>Erysimum cheiranthoides</i>
277	p_489	<i>Evonymus europaeus</i>
278	p_490	<i>Eupatorium cannabinum</i>
279	p_492	<i>Euphorbia cyparissias</i>
280	p_495	<i>Euphorbia helioscopia</i>

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
281	p_496	<i>Euphorbia palustris</i>
282	p_498	<i>Euphorbia peplus</i>
283	p_509	<i>Odontites vernus</i> subsp. <i>serotinus</i>
284	p_513	<i>Fagus sylvatica</i>
285	p_514	<i>Festuca arundinacea</i>
286	p_515	<i>Festuca gigantea</i>
287	p_517	<i>Festuca rubra</i> subsp. <i>arenaria</i>
288	p_519	<i>Festuca pratensis</i>
289	p_521	<i>Festulolium loliaceum</i> (x-)
290	p_524	<i>Filago minima</i>
291	p_526	<i>Filipendula ulmaria</i>
292	p_529	<i>Fragaria vesca</i>
293	p_530	<i>Rhamnus frangula</i>
294	p_531	<i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>
295	p_532	<i>Fritillaria meleagris</i>
296	p_533	<i>Fumaria officinalis</i>
297	p_538	<i>Galanthus nivalis</i>
298	p_540	<i>Galeopsis bifida</i>
299	p_542	<i>Galeopsis speciosa</i>
300	p_543	<i>Galeopsis tetrahit</i>
301	p_544	<i>Galinsoga quadriradiata</i>
302	p_545	<i>Galinsoga parviflora</i>
303	p_546	<i>Galium aparine</i>
304	p_548	<i>Cruciata laevipes</i>
305	p_549	<i>Galium saxatile</i>
306	p_550	<i>Galium mollugo</i>
307	p_553	<i>Galium pumilum</i>
308	p_556	<i>Galium uliginosum</i>
309	p_557	<i>Galium verum</i>
310	p_558	<i>Genista anglica</i>
311	p_560	<i>Genista pilosa</i>
312	p_561	<i>Genista tinctoria</i>
313	p_562	<i>Gentianella amarella</i>
314	p_567	<i>Gentianella germanica</i>
315	p_568	<i>Gentiana pneumonanthe</i>
316	p_570	<i>Geranium dissectum</i>
317	p_571	<i>Geranium molle</i>
318	p_574	<i>Geranium pusillum</i>
319	p_576	<i>Geranium robertianum</i>
320	p_579	<i>Geum urbanum</i>
321	p_581	<i>Glaux maritima</i>

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
322	p_582	<i>Glechoma hederacea</i>
323	p_583	<i>Glyceria notata</i> subsp. <i>declinata</i>
324	p_584	<i>Glyceria fluitans</i>
325	p_585	<i>Glyceria maxima</i>
326	p_586	<i>Glyceria notata</i> subsp. <i>notata</i>
327	p_587	<i>Gnaphalium luteo-album</i>
328	p_588	<i>Gnaphalium sylvaticum</i>
329	p_589	<i>Gnaphalium uliginosum</i>
330	p_593	<i>Gymnadenia conopsea</i>
331	p_595	<i>Atriplex pedunculata</i>
332	p_596	<i>Atriplex portulacoides</i>
333	p_597	<i>Hammarbya paludosa</i>
334	p_598	<i>Hedera helix</i>
335	p_604	<i>Avenula pubescens</i>
336	p_607	<i>Heracleum sphondylium</i>
337	p_609	<i>Herniaria glabra</i>
338	p_617	<i>Hieracium vulgatum</i>
339	p_618	<i>Hieracium laevigatum</i>
340	p_621	<i>Hieracium pilosella</i>
341	p_624	<i>Hieracium sabaudum</i>
342	p_625	<i>Hieracium umbellatum</i>
343	p_626	<i>Hierochloe odorata</i>
344	p_629	<i>Hippophae rhamnoides</i>
345	p_630	<i>Hippuris vulgaris</i>
346	p_631	<i>Holcus lanatus</i>
347	p_632	<i>Holcus mollis</i>
348	p_634	<i>Honckenya peploides</i>
349	p_635	<i>Hordeum marinum</i>
350	p_636	<i>Hordeum murinum</i>
351	p_637	<i>Hordeum secalinum</i>
352	p_638	<i>Hottonia palustris</i>
353	p_639	<i>Humulus lupulus</i>
354	p_640	<i>Hydrocharis morsus-ranae</i>
355	p_641	<i>Hydrocotyle vulgaris</i>
356	p_644	<i>Hypericum elodes</i>
357	p_646	<i>Hypericum humifusum</i>
358	p_647	<i>Hypericum dubium</i>
359	p_649	<i>Hypericum perforatum</i>
360	p_650	<i>Hypericum pulchrum</i>
361	p_651	<i>Hypericum quadrangulum</i>
362	p_654	<i>Hypochaeris radicata</i>

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
363	p_658	<i>Ilex aquifolium</i>
364	p_659	<i>Illecebrum verticillatum</i>
365	p_660	<i>Impatiens noli-tangere</i>
366	p_661	<i>Impatiens parviflora</i>
367	p_662	<i>Inula britannica</i>
368	p_663	<i>Inula conyzae</i>
369	p_665	<i>Iris pseudacorus</i>
370	p_669	<i>Jasione montana</i>
371	p_670	<i>Juncus acutiflorus</i>
372	p_671	<i>Juncus ambiguus</i>
373	p_672	<i>Juncus alpinoarticulatus subsp. atricapillus</i>
374	p_673	<i>Juncus articulatus</i>
375	p_674	<i>Juncus arcticus (subsp. balticus)</i>
376	p_675	<i>Juncus bufonius</i>
377	p_678	<i>Juncus compressus</i>
378	p_679	<i>Juncus conglomeratus</i>
379	p_680	<i>Juncus effusus</i>
380	p_681	<i>Juncus filiformis</i>
381	p_682	<i>Juncus alpinoarticulatus subsp. Alpinoarticulatus</i>
382	p_683	<i>Juncus gerardi</i>
383	p_684	<i>Juncus inflexus</i>
384	p_685	<i>Juncus maritimus</i>
385	p_687	<i>Juncus squarrosus</i>
386	p_688	<i>Juncus subnodulosus</i>
387	p_689	<i>Juncus tenageia</i>
388	p_690	<i>Juncus tenuis</i>
389	p_691	<i>Juniperus communis</i>
390	p_692	<i>Knautia arvensis</i>
391	p_693	<i>Koeleria macrantha</i>
392	p_699	<i>Lactuca serriola</i>
393	p_700	<i>Lamium album</i>
394	p_701	<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>
395	p_702	<i>Galeobdolon luteum</i>
396	p_704	<i>Lamium maculatum</i>
397	p_706	<i>Lamium purpureum</i>
398	p_708	<i>Lapsana communis</i>
399	p_714	<i>Lathyrus palustris</i>
400	p_715	<i>Lathyrus pratensis</i>
401	p_717	<i>Lathyrus tuberosus</i>
402	p_722	<i>Lemna gibba</i>
403	p_723	<i>Lemna minor</i>

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
404	p_724	<i>Lemna trisulca</i>
405	p_725	<i>Leontodon autumnalis</i>
406	p_726	<i>Leontodon hispidus</i>
407	p_727	<i>Leontodon saxatilis</i>
408	p_734	<i>Leucojum aestivum</i>
409	p_736	<i>Ligustrum vulgare</i>
410	p_738	<i>Limonium vulgare</i>
411	p_739	<i>Limosella aquatica</i>
412	p_741	<i>Cymbalaria muralis</i>
413	p_743	<i>Chaenorhinum minus</i>
414	p_745	<i>Linaria vulgaris</i>
415	p_747	<i>Linum catharticum</i>
416	p_748	<i>Liparis loeselii</i>
417	p_750	<i>Listera ovata</i>
418	p_752	<i>Lithospermum officinale</i>
419	p_753	<i>Littorella uniflora</i>
420	p_754	<i>Lobelia dortmanna</i>
421	p_755	<i>Lolium multiflorum</i>
422	p_756	<i>Lolium perenne</i>
423	p_759	<i>Lonicera periclymenum</i>
424	p_761	<i>Lotus corniculatus</i> subsp. <i>corniculatus</i>
425	p_762	<i>Lotus corniculatus</i> subsp. <i>tenuifolius</i>
426	p_763	<i>Lotus uliginosus</i>
427	p_765	<i>Luronium natans</i>
428	p_766	<i>Luzula campestris</i>
429	p_770	<i>Luzula pilosa</i>
430	p_771	<i>Luzula sylvatica</i>
431	p_772	<i>Lychnis flos-cuculi</i>
432	p_777	<i>Lycopodium inundatum</i>
433	p_779	<i>Anchusa arvensis</i>
434	p_780	<i>Lycopus europaeus</i>
435	p_781	<i>Lysimachia nemorum</i>
436	p_782	<i>Lysimachia nummularia</i>
437	p_783	<i>Lysimachia thrysiflora</i>
438	p_784	<i>Lysimachia vulgaris</i>
439	p_785	<i>Lythrum salicaria</i>
440	p_786	<i>Maianthemum bifolium</i>
441	p_790	<i>Malva neglecta</i>
442	p_792	<i>Malva sylvestris</i>
443	p_794	<i>Matricaria recutita</i>
444	p_795	<i>Matricaria maritima</i>

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
445	p_796	Matricaria discoidea
446	p_797	Medicago arabica
447	p_798	Medicago falcata
448	p_799	Medicago lupulina
449	p_801	Medicago sativa
450	p_804	Melampyrum pratense
451	p_805	Silene latifolia (subsp. alba)
452	p_807	Silene dioica
453	p_808	Melica uniflora
454	p_809	Melilotus albus
455	p_810	Melilotus altissima
456	p_813	Mentha aquatica
457	p_814	Mentha arvensis
458	p_820	Mentha x verticillata
459	p_821	Menyanthes trifoliata
460	p_823	Mercurialis perennis
461	p_824	Mespilus germanica
462	p_826	Milium effusum
463	p_830	Moehringia trinervia
464	p_832	Molinia caerulea
465	p_839	Mycelis muralis
466	p_840	Myosotis arvensis
467	p_841	Myosotis laxa (subsp. cespitosa)
468	p_842	Myosotis discolor
469	p_843	Myosotis ramosissima
470	p_844	Myosotis palustris
471	p_846	Myosotis sylvatica
472	p_847	Stellaria aquatica
473	p_848	Myosurus minimus
474	p_849	Myrica gale
475	p_850	Myriophyllum alterniflorum
476	p_851	Myriophyllum spicatum
477	p_852	Myriophyllum verticillatum
478	p_854	Najas marina
479	p_857	Nardus stricta
480	p_858	Narthecium ossifragum
481	p_859	Rorippa microphylla
482	p_860	Rorippa nasturtium-aquaticum
483	p_865	Nuphar lutea
484	p_866	Nymphaea alba
485	p_867	Nymphoides peltata

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
486	p_868	Oenanthe aquatica
487	p_869	Oenanthe fistulosa
488	p_870	Oenanthe lachenalii
489	p_872	Oenothera biennis
490	p_876	Ononis repens subsp. repens
491	p_877	Ononis repens subsp. spinosa
492	p_879	Ophioglossum vulgatum
493	p_884	Dactylorhiza incarnata
494	p_886	Dactylorhiza majalis subsp. majalis
495	p_888	Orchis militaris
496	p_889	Orchis morio
497	p_890	Dactylorhiza majalis subsp. praetermissa
498	p_894	Origanum vulgare
499	p_896	Ornithogalum umbellatum
500	p_897	Ornithopus perpusillus
501	p_907	Orobanche caryophyllacea
502	p_908	Osmunda regalis
503	p_909	Oxalis acetosella
504	p_911	Oxalis fontana
505	p_912	Oxycoccus macrocarpos
506	p_913	Oxycoccus palustris
507	p_914	Papaver argemone
508	p_915	Papaver dubium
509	p_916	Papaver rhoes
510	p_917	Parapholis strigosa
511	p_920	Paris quadrifolia
512	p_921	Parnassia palustris
513	p_922	Pastinaca sativa
514	p_923	Pedicularis palustris
515	p_924	Pedicularis sylvatica
516	p_925	Lythrum portula
517	p_926	Petasites hybridus
518	p_928	Peucedanum carvifolia
519	p_929	Peucedanum palustre
520	p_930	Phalaris arundinacea
521	p_931	Phleum arenarium
522	p_932	Phleum pratense subsp. pratense
523	p_933	Phragmites australis
524	p_935	Phyteuma spicatum subsp. nigrum
525	p_938	Picris hieracioides
526	p_939	Pilularia globulifera

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
527	p_940	Pimpinella major
528	p_941	Pimpinella saxifraga
529	p_943	Pinus sylvestris
530	p_944	Plantago coronopus
531	p_945	Plantago major subsp. pleiosperma
532	p_946	Plantago lanceolata
533	p_947	Plantago major subsp. major
534	p_948	Plantago maritima
535	p_949	Plantago media
536	p_950	Platanthera bifolia
537	p_952	Poa annua
538	p_955	Poa compressa
539	p_956	Poa nemoralis
540	p_957	Poa palustris
541	p_959	Poa trivialis
542	p_961	Polygala comosa
543	p_962	Polygala serpyllifolia
544	p_963	Polygala vulgaris
545	p_964	Polygonatum multiflorum
546	p_965	Polygonatum odoratum
547	p_967	Polygonum amphibium
548	p_968	Polygonum aviculare
549	p_969	Persicaria bistorta
550	p_970	Polygonum convolvulus
551	p_971	Polygonum dumetorum
552	p_972	Polygonum hydropiper
553	p_973	Polygonum lapathifolium
554	p_975	Persicaria minor
555	p_976	Polygonum mite
556	p_977	Polygonum persicaria
557	p_980	Populus alba
558	p_981	Populus x canescens
559	p_982	Populus nigra
560	p_983	Populus tremula
561	p_985	Potamogeton acutifolius
562	p_986	Potamogeton alpinus
563	p_987	Potamogeton berchtoldii
564	p_989	Potamogeton compressus
565	p_990	Potamogeton crispus
566	p_991	Groenlandia densa
567	p_992	Potamogeton mucronatus

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
568	p_993	<i>Potamogeton gramineus</i>
569	p_994	<i>Potamogeton lucens</i>
570	p_995	<i>Potamogeton natans</i>
571	p_997	<i>Potamogeton obtusifolius</i>
572	p_998	<i>Potamogeton pectinatus</i>
573	p_999	<i>Potamogeton perfoliatus</i>
574	p_1000	<i>Potamogeton polygonifolius</i>
575	p_1002	<i>Potamogeton pusillus</i>
576	p_1003	<i>Potamogeton trichoides</i>
577	p_1005	<i>Potentilla anglica</i>
578	p_1006	<i>Potentilla anserina</i>
579	p_1007	<i>Potentilla argentea</i>
580	p_1008	<i>Potentilla erecta</i>
581	p_1010	<i>Potentilla reptans</i>
582	p_1011	<i>Potentilla sterilis</i>
583	p_1012	<i>Potentilla supina</i>
584	p_1013	<i>Potentilla verna</i>
585	p_1014	<i>Primula elatior</i>
586	p_1015	<i>Primula veris</i>
587	p_1017	<i>Prunella vulgaris</i>
588	p_1018	<i>Prunus avium</i>
589	p_1019	<i>Prunus padus</i>
590	p_1020	<i>Prunus serotina</i>
591	p_1021	<i>Prunus spinosa</i>
592	p_1022	<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i>
593	p_1023	<i>Puccinellia distans</i> subsp. <i>distans</i>
594	p_1024	<i>Puccinellia fasciculata</i>
595	p_1025	<i>Puccinellia maritima</i>
596	p_1029	<i>Pulicaria dysenterica</i>
597	p_1034	<i>Pyrola rotundifolia</i>
598	p_1036	<i>Quercus petraea</i>
599	p_1037	<i>Quercus robur</i>
600	p_1038	<i>Radiola linoides</i>
601	p_1040	<i>Ranunculus acris</i>
602	p_1041	<i>Ranunculus aquatilis</i>
603	p_1043	<i>Ranunculus auricomus</i>
604	p_1044	<i>Ranunculus baudotii</i>
605	p_1045	<i>Ranunculus bulbosus</i>
606	p_1046	<i>Ranunculus circinatus</i>
607	p_1047	<i>Ranunculus ficaria</i> subsp. <i>bulbilifer</i>
608	p_1048	<i>Ranunculus flammula</i>

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
609	p_1050	Ranunculus hederaceus
610	p_1051	Ranunculus lingua
611	p_1055	Ranunculus peltatus
612	p_1056	Ranunculus repens
613	p_1057	Ranunculus sardous
614	p_1058	Ranunculus sceleratus
615	p_1061	Raphanus raphanistrum
616	p_1062	Reseda lutea
617	p_1064	Rhamnus catharticus
618	p_1066	Rhinanthus angustifolius
619	p_1067	Rhinanthus minor
620	p_1068	Rhynchospora alba
621	p_1069	Rhynchospora fusca
622	p_1070	Ribes nigrum
623	p_1071	Ribes rubrum
624	p_1072	Ribes uva-crispa
625	p_1074	Rorippa amphibia
626	p_1076	Rorippa palustris
627	p_1078	Rorippa sylvestris
628	p_1083	Rosa pimpinellifolia
629	p_1085	Rosa rugosa
630	p_1089	Rubus caesius
631	p_1091	Rubus idaeus
632	p_1093	Rumex acetosa
633	p_1094	Rumex acetosella
634	p_1095	Rumex x pratensis
635	p_1097	Rumex conglomeratus
636	p_1098	Rumex crispus
637	p_1099	Rumex hydrolapathum
638	p_1100	Rumex maritimus
639	p_1101	Rumex obtusifolius
640	p_1102	Rumex palustris
641	p_1103	Rumex sanguineus
642	p_1106	Rumex thrysiflorus
643	p_1109	Sagina apetala
644	p_1110	Sagina maritima
645	p_1111	Sagina nodosa
646	p_1112	Sagina procumbens
647	p_1114	Sagittaria sagittifolia
648	p_1115	Salicornia europaea + Salicornia procumbens
649	p_1116	Salix alba

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
650	p_1117	<i>Salix aurita</i>
651	p_1118	<i>Salix caprea</i>
652	p_1119	<i>Salix cinerea</i>
653	p_1120	<i>Salix dasyclados</i>
654	p_1121	<i>Salix fragilis</i>
655	p_1122	<i>Salix pentandra</i>
656	p_1123	<i>Salix purpurea</i>
657	p_1124	<i>Salix repens</i>
658	p_1125	<i>Salix triandra</i>
659	p_1126	<i>Salix viminalis</i>
660	p_1127	<i>Salsola kali</i> subsp. <i>kali</i>
661	p_1128	<i>Salvia pratensis</i>
662	p_1133	<i>Sambucus nigra</i>
663	p_1134	<i>Sambucus racemosa</i>
664	p_1135	<i>Samolus valerandi</i>
665	p_1136	<i>Sanguisorba minor</i>
666	p_1137	<i>Sanguisorba officinalis</i>
667	p_1138	<i>Sanicula europaea</i>
668	p_1139	<i>Saponaria officinalis</i>
669	p_1140	<i>Cytisus scoparius</i>
670	p_1141	<i>Satureja acinos</i>
671	p_1143	<i>Satureja vulgaris</i>
672	p_1146	<i>Saxifraga tridactylites</i>
673	p_1147	<i>Scabiosa columbaria</i>
674	p_1150	<i>Schoenus nigricans</i>
675	p_1151	<i>Scilla non-scripta</i>
676	p_1154	<i>Scirpus fluitans</i>
677	p_1155	<i>Scirpus lacustris</i> subsp. <i>lacustris</i>
678	p_1156	<i>Scirpus maritimus</i>
679	p_1157	<i>Scirpus cariciformis</i>
680	p_1158	<i>Scirpus rufus</i>
681	p_1159	<i>Scirpus setaceus</i>
682	p_1160	<i>Scirpus sylvaticus</i>
683	p_1161	<i>Scirpus lacustris</i> subsp. <i>tabernaemontani</i>
684	p_1163	<i>Scleranthus annuus</i>
685	p_1164	<i>Scleranthus perennis</i>
686	p_1167	<i>Scrophularia auriculata</i>
687	p_1170	<i>Scrophularia nodosa</i>
688	p_1173	<i>Scutellaria galericulata</i>
689	p_1175	<i>Sedum acre</i>
690	p_1176	<i>Sedum album</i>

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
691	p_1180	<i>Sedum reflexum</i>
692	p_1181	<i>Sedum sexangulare</i>
693	p_1183	<i>Senecio aquaticus</i>
694	p_1184	<i>Senecio congestus</i>
695	p_1185	<i>Senecio erucifolius</i>
696	p_1186	<i>Senecio fluvialis</i>
697	p_1187	<i>Senecio nemorensis</i> (subsp. <i>fuchsii</i>)
698	p_1189	<i>Senecio paludosus</i>
699	p_1190	<i>Senecio sylvaticus</i>
700	p_1191	<i>Senecio viscosus</i>
701	p_1192	<i>Senecio vulgaris</i>
702	p_1197	<i>Setaria viridis</i>
703	p_1199	<i>Danthonia decumbens</i>
704	p_1202	<i>Silene conica</i>
705	p_1204	<i>Silene nutans</i>
706	p_1205	<i>Silene otites</i>
707	p_1206	<i>Silene vulgaris</i>
708	p_1207	<i>Sinapis arvensis</i>
709	p_1208	<i>Sisymbrium altissimum</i>
710	p_1211	<i>Sisymbrium officinale</i>
711	p_1215	<i>Berula erecta</i>
712	p_1216	<i>Sium latifolium</i>
713	p_1218	<i>Solanum dulcamara</i>
714	p_1221	<i>Solidago gigantea</i>
715	p_1222	<i>Solidago virgaurea</i>
716	p_1224	<i>Sonchus asper</i>
717	p_1225	<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>
718	p_1226	<i>Sonchus palustris</i>
719	p_1227	<i>Sorbus aucuparia</i>
720	p_1229	<i>Sparganium erectum</i>
721	p_1230	<i>Sparganium natans</i>
722	p_1231	<i>Sparganium emersum</i>
723	p_1233	<i>Spartina townsendii</i>
724	p_1234	<i>Spergula arvensis</i>
725	p_1235	<i>Spergula morisonii</i>
726	p_1236	<i>Spergularia maritima</i>
727	p_1237	<i>Spergularia rubra</i>
728	p_1238	<i>Spergularia salina</i>
729	p_1241	<i>Spirodela polyrhiza</i>
730	p_1243	<i>Stachys arvensis</i>
731	p_1245	<i>Stachys palustris</i>

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
732	p_1246	<i>Stachys sylvatica</i>
733	p_1247	<i>Stellaria uliginosa</i>
734	p_1248	<i>Stellaria graminea</i>
735	p_1249	<i>Stellaria holostea</i>
736	p_1250	<i>Stellaria media</i>
737	p_1252	<i>Stellaria pallida</i>
738	p_1254	<i>Stellaria palustris</i>
739	p_1255	<i>Stratiotes aloides</i>
740	p_1256	<i>Suaeda maritima</i>
741	p_1258	<i>Succisa pratensis</i>
742	p_1259	<i>Symphytum officinale</i>
743	p_1260	<i>Tanacetum vulgare</i>
744	p_1261	<i>Taraxacum laevigatum</i>
745	p_1262	<i>Taraxacum celticum</i>
746	p_1263	<i>Taraxacum obliquum</i>
747	p_1264	<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>
748	p_1265	<i>Taraxacum palustre</i>
749	p_1267	<i>Taxus baccata</i>
750	p_1268	<i>Teesdalia nudicaulis</i>
751	p_1273	<i>Teucrium scorodonia</i>
752	p_1275	<i>Thalictrum flavum</i>
753	p_1281	<i>Thlaspi arvense</i>
754	p_1283	<i>Thymus pulegioides</i>
755	p_1284	<i>Thymus serpyllum</i>
756	p_1285	<i>Tilia cordata</i>
757	p_1286	<i>Tilia platyphyllos</i>
758	p_1289	<i>Torilis japonica</i>
759	p_1296	<i>Trifolium arvense</i>
760	p_1298	<i>Trifolium campestre</i>
761	p_1299	<i>Trifolium dubium</i>
762	p_1300	<i>Trifolium fragiferum</i>
763	p_1301	<i>Trifolium hybridum</i>
764	p_1305	<i>Trifolium pratense</i>
765	p_1306	<i>Trifolium repens</i>
766	p_1310	<i>Triglochin maritima</i>
767	p_1311	<i>Triglochin palustris</i>
768	p_1312	<i>Trisetum flavescens</i>
769	p_1316	<i>Tussilago farfara</i>
770	p_1317	<i>Typha angustifolia</i>
771	p_1318	<i>Typha latifolia</i>
772	p_1320	<i>Ulmus minor</i>

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
773	p_1321	<i>Urtica dioica</i>
774	p_1322	<i>Urtica urens</i>
775	p_1323	<i>Utricularia intermedia</i>
776	p_1324	<i>Utricularia minor</i>
777	p_1327	<i>Utricularia vulgaris</i>
778	p_1329	<i>Vaccinium myrtillus</i>
779	p_1331	<i>Vaccinium vitis-idaea</i>
780	p_1332	<i>Valeriana dioica</i>
781	p_1333	<i>Valeriana officinalis</i>
782	p_1336	<i>Valerianella locusta</i>
783	p_1340	<i>Verbascum nigrum</i>
784	p_1343	<i>Verbascum thapsus</i>
785	p_1344	<i>Verbena officinalis</i>
786	p_1345	<i>Veronica agrestis</i>
787	p_1346	<i>Veronica anagallis-aquatica</i>
788	p_1347	<i>Veronica arvensis</i>
789	p_1349	<i>Veronica beccabunga</i>
790	p_1350	<i>Veronica catenata</i>
791	p_1351	<i>Veronica chamaedrys</i>
792	p_1352	<i>Veronica hederifolia</i>
793	p_1353	<i>Veronica longifolia</i>
794	p_1354	<i>Veronica montana</i>
795	p_1355	<i>Veronica officinalis</i>
796	p_1358	<i>Veronica persica</i>
797	p_1362	<i>Veronica scutellata</i>
798	p_1363	<i>Veronica serpyllifolia</i>
799	p_1364	<i>Veronica austriaca</i> subsp. <i>teucrium</i>
800	p_1367	<i>Viburnum opulus</i>
801	p_1368	<i>Vicia sativa</i> subsp. <i>nigra</i>
802	p_1369	<i>Vicia cracca</i>
803	p_1370	<i>Vicia hirsuta</i>
804	p_1371	<i>Vicia lathyroides</i>
805	p_1372	<i>Vicia sativa</i> subsp. <i>sativa</i>
806	p_1373	<i>Vicia sepium</i>
807	p_1375	<i>Vicia tetrasperma</i> subsp. <i>tetrasperma</i>
808	p_1377	<i>Vinca minor</i>
809	p_1378	<i>Viola arvensis</i>
810	p_1380	<i>Viola canina</i>
811	p_1381	<i>Viola curtisii</i>
812	p_1382	<i>Viola hirta</i>
813	p_1384	<i>Viola odorata</i>

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
814	p_1385	<i>Viola palustris</i>
815	p_1386	<i>Viola reichenbachiana</i>
816	p_1387	<i>Viola riviniana</i>
817	p_1388	<i>Viola rupestris</i>
818	p_1389	<i>Viola persicifolia</i>
819	p_1390	<i>Viola tricolor</i>
820	p_1393	<i>Vulpia myuros</i>
821	p_1395	<i>Wolffia arrhiza</i>
822	p_1396	<i>Zannichellia palustris</i> subsp. <i>palustris</i>
823	p_1397	<i>Zannichellia palustris</i> subsp. <i>pedicellata</i>
824	p_1411	<i>Phleum pratense</i> subsp. <i>bertolonii</i>
825	p_1460	<i>Caltha palustris</i> subsp. <i>araneosa</i>
826	p_1465	<i>Cerastium fontanum</i> subsp. <i>glabrescens</i>
827	p_1472	<i>Festuca ovina</i> subsp. <i>cinerea</i>
828	p_1474	<i>Festuca ovina</i> subsp. <i>tenuifolia</i>
829	p_1500	<i>Poa angustifolia</i>
830	p_1544	<i>Agrostis canina</i>
831	p_1545	<i>Agrostis vinealis</i>
832	p_1561	<i>Carex x timmiana</i>
833	p_1593	<i>Salix x multinervis</i>
834	p_1610	<i>Bromus racemosus</i>
835	p_1616	<i>Dactylorhiza maculata</i>
836	p_1634	<i>Rubus fruticosus</i>
837	p_1635	<i>Salicornia europaea</i>
838	p_1636	<i>Salicornia procumbens</i>
839	p_1637	<i>Dactylorhiza majalis</i>
840	p_1642	<i>Epilobium tetragonum</i>
841	p_1643	<i>Rosa canina</i>
842	p_1645	<i>Rosa rubiginosa</i>
843	p_1733	<i>Senecio inaequidens</i>
844	p_1766	<i>Centaurea jacea</i>
845	p_1800	<i>Avena sativa</i>
846	p_1802	<i>Brassica napus</i>
847	p_1811	<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>
848	p_1830	<i>Secale cereale</i>
849	p_1839	<i>Triticum aestivum</i>
850	p_1850	<i>Acer platanoides</i>
851	p_1851	<i>Aesculus hippocastanum</i>
852	p_1852	<i>Amelanchier lamarckii</i>
853	p_1876	<i>Quercus rubra</i>
854	p_1877	<i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i>

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
855	p_1884	<i>Sambucus nigra</i> cv. 'Laciniata'
856	p_1895	<i>Ulmus glabra</i>
857	p_1914	<i>Eleocharis palustris</i>
858	p_1917	<i>Erodium cicutarium</i>
859	p_1921	<i>Festuca rubra</i>
860	p_1922	<i>Myosotis laxa</i> + <i>Myosotis scorpioides</i>
861	p_1930	<i>Juncus bufonius</i> + <i>Juncus ambiguus</i>
862	p_1933	<i>Luzula multiflora</i>
863	p_1934	<i>Malus sylvestris</i>
864	p_1949	<i>Scirpus lacustris</i>
865	p_1953	<i>Thalictrum minus</i>
866	p_1960	<i>Vicia sativa</i>
867	p_1964	<i>Zannichellia palustris</i>
868	p_1965	<i>Aronia x prunifolia</i>
869	p_1966	<i>Viola reichenbachiana</i> + <i>Viola riviniana</i>
870	p_2009	<i>Rubus corylifolius</i>
871	p_2105	<i>Rhododendron ponticum</i>
872	p_2107	<i>Symporicarpos albus</i>
873	p_2131	
874	p_2132	Enteromorpha species
875	p_2134	<i>Hydrodictyon reticulatum</i>
876	p_2135	<i>Vaucheria</i> species
877	p_2145	<i>Chara globularis</i>
878	p_2146	<i>Chara major</i>
879	p_2147	<i>Chara vulgaris</i>
880	p_2153	<i>Chara</i> species
881	p_2155	<i>Nitella flexilis</i>
882	p_2156	<i>Nitella mucronata</i>
883	p_2160	<i>Nitellopsis obtusa</i>
884	p_2164	Characeae
885	p_2213	<i>Carex oederi</i>
886	p_2222	<i>Galeopsis bifida</i> + <i>Galeopsis tetrahit</i>
887	p_2229	<i>Larix decidua</i>
888	p_2230	<i>Larix kaempferi</i>
889	p_2238	<i>Picea abies</i>
890	p_2242	<i>Picea sitchensis</i>
891	p_2245	<i>Pinus nigra</i>
892	p_2254	<i>Populus x canadensis</i>
893	p_2259	<i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>
894	p_2268	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i>
895	p_2290	<i>Senecio jacobaea</i>

TaxonNr	TaxonCode	TaxonNaam
896	p_2313	Zea mays
897	p_2316	Euphrasia stricta
898	p_2319	Odontites vernus
899	p_2320	Plantago major
900	p_2321	Poa pratensis + Poa angustifolia
901	p_2323	Solanum nigrum
902	p_2324	Sonchus arvensis
903	p_2333	Arabis hirsuta
904	p_2334	Arenaria serpyllifolia
905	p_2336	Blackstonia perfoliata
906	p_2337	Bromus hordeaceus
907	p_2343	Juncus bulbosus
908	p_2357	Scirpus cespitosus
909	p_2358	Sedum telephium
910	p_2374	Lemna gibba + Lemna minor
911	p_2376	Galium palustre
912	p_2388	Euphorbia esula
913	p_2406	Scrophularia umbrosa
914	p_2418	Tragopogon pratensis subsp. pratensis

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