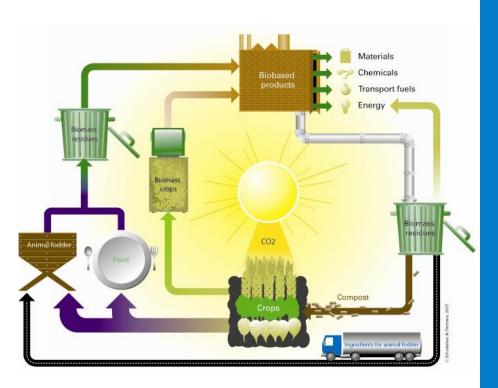


Circulair Congres: Agrifood, chemie en energie samen naar een circulaire economie





BCB Platform en BioBased Delta







# What are the plans for Biomass in the Netherlands?

#### Willem Sederel

- Boardmember Biobased Delta
- Biobased Circular Business Platform
- Transition Team Biomass & Food

14 March 2018

#### Biobased Delta eco system





Biobased Delta is a Public-Private Partnership covering all relevant organizations in the area needed to do successful development, innovation leading to investment:

- Local, regional and central government
- Port authorities
- Regional and national development agencies
- SME's and major companies based in the region
- Other PPP's and cooperation projects
- Academia Applied Sciences
- Industrial sites
- Top locations,

**Key Flagship programs** 

- 1. Economic value of carbohydrates (Sugar Delta)
- 2. Biorefinery wood pellets/chips (Redefinery)
- 3. Sugar and lignin to Bioaromatics (Biorizon)
- 4. SME driven regional programs (program clusters)

We help companies to recognize the unique biobased opportunity that the Biobased Delta region offers.







#### Ministry of Economic Affairs

#### **Biobased Circular Business Platform**

# Increase Perspectives BBE in



The Nederlands







sappi











With support from

**RVO** 

**VNCI** 

**DBC** 











Circulair Congres:
Agrifood, chemie en
energie samen naar een
circulaire economie



#### Context and Prelude to



### Transition Agenda CE



Biomass 2030

A Circular Economy in the Netherlands by 2050



Point on Horizon



National Agreement CE



**Transition Agenda** 

2014

2015

2016

2017

2018

Food vision

### The Dutch Strategy



#### Biomass 2030 vision

 Biomass contributes to NL needs for: food, feed, energy, transport, feedstock chemicals and materials



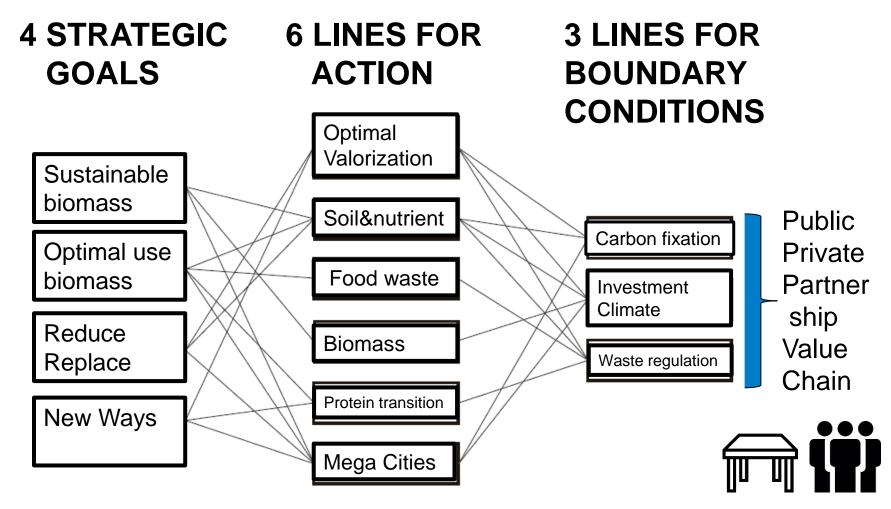
- Potentially sufficient biomass available, if:
  - effort to grow the amount of biomass
  - optimal use of biomass (no waste & cascading)



- Biomass makes important contribution to CO<sub>2</sub>-reduction, energy transition and circular economy
- Longer term focus on areas where cost effective, sustainable alternatives lack:
  - food/feed
  - feedstock for chemicals and materials
  - high temperature heat for industry
  - biofuels for aviation, long distance sea and road transport

### Transition Agenda





Figuur 4 Overzicht strategische doelen en inhoudelijke/randvoorwaardelijke actielijnen

## Transition Biomass/Food

### 4 strategic goals

#### 1. Sustainable and renewable production of sufficient biomass

- far reaching closure of nutrient cycle and sufficient carbon in soil
- scale is as small as possible and as large as needed
- local, regional, national, European, Global

#### 2. Optimal use of biomass and food.

- all feedstock and intermediates remain as long and as high in the cycle,
- high end use of biomass and recycling of side streams and residues.
- cascading and multiple valorization contributes to efficient biomass use
- complete use of feedstock
- counteracting food spillage and waste
- prevention of waste

No Waste

#### 3. Reducing the use and replacement of non-renewable by renewable feedstock

- Recycling
- sustainable produced biomass

#### 4. New ways of production and consumption for biomass and food

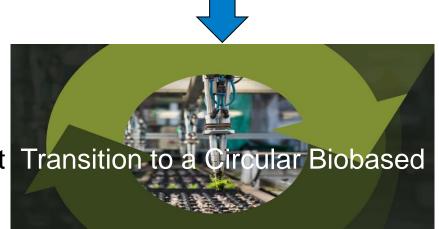
- improvements
- structural change in trend





#### Action lines with goals, interventions and instruments

- Increase supply of sustainably produced biomass
- Circular and renewable use of soil and nutrients
- $\square$  Optimal valorization of biomass, residues and co-streams into circular, biobased products
- Reduction in food waste
- Promotion of protein transition towards more vegetable protein
- ☐ Feeding and greening megacities as Dutch business model



Economy

#### **Biomass**



- Biomass refers to biological fraction from:
  - crops, products from agri- and horticulture
  - rest- and waste products
  - residues of agriculture incl. plant and animal substances-
  - forest industry
  - fisheries
  - aqua culture and related sectors
  - biogenic fraction of industrial and municipal solid waste
- In scope is the valorization of crops, residues and rest streams that are created during production and conversion in the value chain
- It concerns biogenic streams available during production, conversion, storage, transport, consumption en waste treatment.



#### **Examples Agriculture**



#### 2017-2020

End EU sugar quotum 20% more production: 70 → 85,000 ha White sugar 16 to 18% 90 t /ha biomass 16,2 t/ha white sugar 6 t/ha sugar beet pulp And next leaves ??





### Horticulture





#### Forest industries



### Biomass in Netherlands Examples residues







### Aquatic crops



### Circular Bioeconomy



#### Critical cycles



Koolstof: de bouwsteen van alle biomassa. Van belang voor behoud van de bodemkwaliteit. Dient zolang mogelijk in de kringloop gehouden te worden, draagt in de vorm van onder andere CO<sup>2</sup> en methaan (CH<sup>4</sup>) bij aan klimaatverandering.

#### Scale:



Fosfaat(erts) is een eindige grondstof. Nederland en de EU zijn afhankelijk van import. Onmisbaar element voor de groei van gewassen en daarmee cruciaal. Lekt echter weg uit de keten en veroorzaakt dan eutrofiëring en verontreinigingen.

As small

As

**Possible** 



Stikstof is onmisbaar voor de groei van gewassen en productie van eiwit. De productie van stikstofkunstmest kost veel energie.

Overmatig (kunst)mestgebruik leidt tot emissies van reactief stikstof naar lucht, grond- en oppervlakte-water en de toename van reactief stikstof is een groot milieuknelpunt.



Large

As

Needed



Micronutriënten zijn essentiële sporenelementen in de bodem die gewassen voor hun groei nodig hebben, zoals seleen, zink, borium, mangaan en molybdeen. Mensen en diren hebben deze mineralen in hun voedsel nodig voor een normale groei en goede gezondheid.



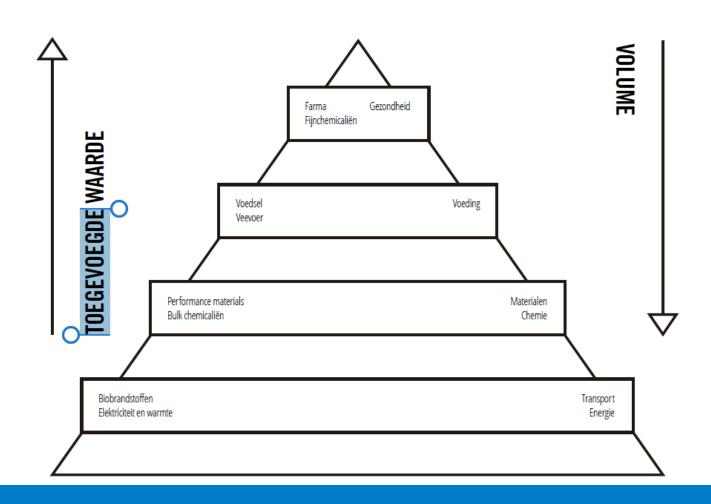
Zoet water. Schaarste moet voorkomen worden evenals verontreiniging. Bij gebruik wordt zoet water een drager van energie (warmte) en grondstoffen, deze moeten teruggewonnen worden en weer in de kringloop worden gebracht.

### Circular Bioeconomy



### Two value pyramids (1)

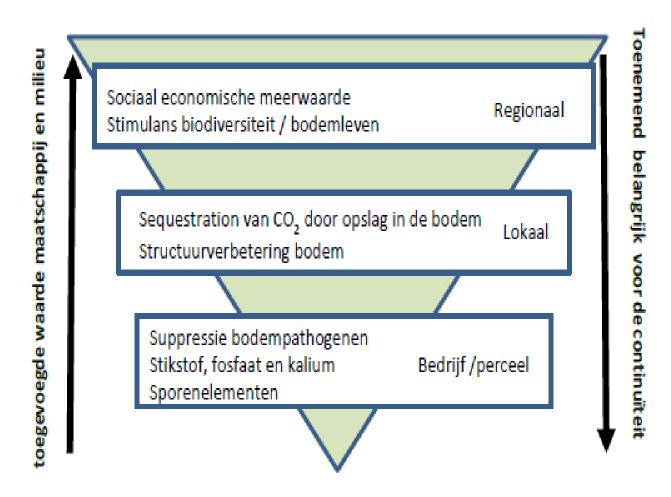
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### Circular Bioeconomy



### Two value pyramids (2)



Figuur 3: De ondergrondse waarde piramide



### Bridging Gas options?

**DNV·GL** 

#### **Biomassapotentieel in Nederland**

Verkennende studie naar vrij beschikbaar biomassapotentieel voor energieopwekking in Nederland





Paula Schulze, Johan Holstein, Harm Vlap

DNV GL @ 2017

GCS.17.R.10032629.1

SAFER, SMARTER, GREENER

### Circular Bioeconomy NL



#### Key Messages

- NLcontext-well positioned-urgent need-limited biomass increase
- Cosun, wood & forest sector, RWS (public domain) execute plans
- Innovation in production (modification & selection), and efficiency (yield)
- Stimulation novel non-soil based crops (aquatic, containerized, vertical)
- No waste & cascading of biomass needed: Food>Feed>Materials>Energy
- Slow market demand for more biobased products perceived as hurdle
- Outlook till 2030 looks reasonably balanced, questions > 2030-2050
- Organic waste, incl. sludge & manure (Feedstock of future, W2V, W2A)
- Emancipation laws and regulations urgently required, NL and EU
- Closing the loop, @ right scale: small as possible, large as needed
- EU&global context- import-production outside NL-influence(GBL)
- Opportunities in marginal and degraded land, particular in EU
- Sustainable production biomass defined -food supply, soil, water, air, social
- Dutch science, knowhow and track record important value abroad