

Inoculating field soils after potato harvest with donor soils from established grass-clover fields decreases the yields of subsequent grass-clover crops

J.P. Jansen^[1],

^[1] *Department of Farming Systems Ecology, Wageningen UR, P.O. Box 430, 6700AK, Wageningen, The Netherlands. MSc. Thesis submitted by J.P. Jansen (90021039080) as partial fulfilment of the MSc Organic Agriculture at Wageningen UR (FSE 80346).*

Supervisor: D. F. van Apeldoorn, *Department of Farming Systems Ecology, Wageningen UR, P.O. Box 430, 6700AK, Wageningen, The Netherlands*

External supervisor: T. M. Bezemer, *Department of Terrestrial Ecology, Netherlands Institute of Ecology, P.O. Box 50, Wageningen 6700AB, The Netherlands*

Examiner: W. A. H. Rossing, *Department of Farming Systems Ecology, Wageningen UR, P.O. Box 430, 6700AK, Wageningen, The Netherlands*

Corresponding author: jan2.jansen@wur.nl

Abstract

Inoculating field soils with donor soil can potentially increase crop productivity through improved nutrient uptake and faster establishment of the crop. Soil inoculation with specific biota taxa or donor soils has already been found promising in restoration of grass lands or natural reserves. Applying this method in agriculture can potentially reduce fertiliser, herbicides or pesticide usage while increasing yields. The hypothesis was tested whether inoculation of field soils with donor soils from established grass-clover fields increases the productivity of subsequently sown grass-clover through the addition of beneficial soil biota. A full factorial split-split-pot experiment was designed, where a mix of grass (*Lolium multiflorum*) and clover (*Trifolium pratense*) was grown in field soils collected after potato harvest. Recipient soils were collected from fields under conventional and organic management. Donor soil (inoculum) was collected from 12 locations in a two-year-old grass-clover field under organic management, as it was expected to have a higher density and diversity of soil biota than a field under conventional management. Four types of donor soils were used: donor soils with low genetic diversity, high genetic diversity, sterilised soil from grass-clover with low genetic diversity and potato soil from the same location as the recipient soil. Inoculating potato soils with donor soils reduced grass-clover productivity. The effect of inoculation was significant for all donor soils and both organic and conventional management. No clear effect in strength of response could be linked to either management practice. Results were negative from an agronomical perspective, but proved that the addition of field soil as inoculum can be used to alter crop productivity. Spatial heterogeneity of recipient soils resulted in strong yield variations and need to be accounted for in future research. Strong indication is provided that inoculation of field soils with donor soil can be a measure to shift crop productivity. Application in other cropping systems with potentially positive effects should be explored.

Keywords: *Plant-soil (belowground) interactions, soil inoculation, field soil, soil biota, soil biodiversity, grass-clover, potato*

1. Introduction

Soil biota and their diversity potentially play a key role in crop productivity and the recycling and retention of nutrients (Wagg et al. 2014; Bender et al. 2015). However, current intensive agricultural practices negatively affect the presence, composition and abundance of soil biota (Postma-Blaauw et al. 2010; Tsiafouli et al. 2015). It has become increasingly evident that intensive agriculture decreases the diversity of soil biota and can have a strong, negative effect on the structure and composition of soil food webs (Postma-Blaauw et al. 2010; de Vries et al. 2013). In intensive cropping systems, where tillage, pesticides and chemical fertilisers are commonly used, soil food webs have been shown to be less complex than those in undisturbed grasslands (Verbruggen et al. 2010; de Vries et al. 2013; Tsiafouli, et al. 2015). A reduction of soil biota diversity can cause a reduction in decomposition and recycling of nitrogen (Wardle, et al. 2013). Additionally, limited soil biota diversity causes a large fraction of Nitrogen inputs to remain unused or lost through leaching and gas emissions (Liu et al. 2010). Besides the effects on nitrogen, a decrease in soil biota diversity was observed to increase phosphorus losses after rainfalls (Wagg et al. 2014). The composition and diversity of the soil biotic community could thus have an important impact on crop productivity.

Plant-soil interaction

The chemical, physical and biological characteristics of the soil play a key role in determining productivity of plants. However, these characteristics can also be influenced by plants (van der Putten et al. 2013; Kos et al. 2015). The process of plants modifying the biotic or abiotic characteristics of their soil environment is called direct plant soil feedback (PSF) (van der Putten et al. 2013). Through this process, plants condition the soil they grow in and e.g. increase nutrient availability or the presence of pathogens or mycorrhiza (Kos et al. 2015a). Soil biota contribute to succession and plant species diversity through the inhibition or stimulation of specific plant species (De Deyn et al. 2003; De Deyn & Van der Putten, 2005; Kardol et al. 2006), indicating that above- and belowground diversity are strongly related. The response in plant performance to soil conditioning can be positive or negative, depending on the plant species that conditioned the soil as well as the plant species that respond to soil conditioning (Bever 2003; Van der Putten et al. 2013). Furthermore, the impact of belowground biota composition on aboveground composition depends on soil fertility and biotic soil conditions (De Deyn et al. 2004; Kos et al. 2015).

The majority of studies analysing effects of PSF focussed on spatially homogeneous soils. However, spatial heterogeneity has been identified as a driver for plant community composition, although most studies focussed on abiotic soil characteristics (Lundholm 2009; Reynolds and Haubensak 2009; Tamme et al. 2010; Allouche et al. 2012). Further, plant to plant spatial heterogeneity is likely to be driven by biotic interactions (Bezemer et al. 2010).

Soil biota and PSF can strongly affect the establishment, diversity and successional replacement of plant species as well as plant performance (Bever, 2003; De Deyn et al. 2003, Kardol et al. 2006; Middleton & Bever, 2012; Van der Putten, et al. 2013). Depending on root-associated rhizodeposits excreted by the plant, the response of soil biota communities changes among plants (Raaijmakers et al. 2009; Bever et al. 2012; Philippot et al. 2013). Furthermore, temporal variations in the history of the soil can have a profound effect on the assemblage and development of an ecosystem and thus above- and belowground communities (Kardol et al. 2013). Recent findings in ecological experiments additionally indicate, that PSF effects exceed the plant-soil level. When growing plant associations in conditioned soils, PSF led to species-specific effects on plant-insect interactions, indicating potential effects of PSF on pest suppression (Kos et al. 2015).

The interrelation of plants, the soil and environmental variations throughout time thus shapes the composition of an ecosystem. As the composition of soil biota communities is dynamic and tends to evolve along succession gradients of aboveground community composition (Middleton & Bever, 2012), succession of soil life throughout time is an aspect that needs further exploration.

Effects of agricultural management on soil biota

Soil life has been found to adapt or specialise to specific, local inputs like plant litter or other organic materials over time. Historical factors, such as mineral fertiliser application or organic matter amendments, can therefore shape soil biota communities and thus influence decomposition and mineralisation (Rashid et al. 2012). In general, composition of soil decomposer communities and their interaction with specific characteristics of organic matter, in combination with local abiotic soil characteristics is estimated to cause 30% of the observed, global variation in decomposition of organic matter (Ayres et al. 2009). However, these factors and the strength of the interactions between them vary among ecosystems and biomass additions (Wall et al. 2008). Exposure of soil biota to local biomass input typically leads to specialisation of soil biota and an increase in decomposition rates. This concept is called home field advantage and has first been studied in forest ecosystems. Recently, experiments were carried out to determine comparable effects in production grasslands, to which solid cattle manure was applied. Fertilisation history and the type of manure added to a field proved to have a strong effect on dry matter disappearance. The disappearance of manure dry matter and nitrogen was 20 and 14% greater on home fields, where soil biota had adapted to added manure for several years, compared to manure applied on away fields, where soil biota were adapted to other compositions of manure (Rashid et al. 2013). Site-specific management thus affects plant-soil interactions and regulation of available nitrogen. Although home field advantage is mainly concerned with decomposers, comparable beneficial effects can be linked to overall presence of soil biota (Wardle, 2013). Comparing conventional and organic management, higher overall abundance of soil biota was found in soils under organic management, as conditions for specific taxa are more favourable in organic fields (Gosling et al. 2006, Li et al. 2012; Henneron et al. 2015). Further, application of mineral fertilisers and herbicides can negatively affect natural control of aboveground pests by benefitting aphid populations and reduced PSF effects on herbivory (Birkhofer et al. 2008; Kos et al. 2015). This provides strong evidence that soil biota specialisation can be induced through management practices as well as naturally occurring PSF.

Soil transplantation and inoculation

In recent studies in ecology and nature restoration, soil transplantation has been used to translocate top soils. In this process, the introduction of new soil biota and seed banks via soil translocation offsets pressure on existing soil biota and propagates native vegetation (Ferreira et al. 2015). However, this measure can be highly detrimental for vegetation and biodiversity of the donor environment, as a large fraction of the topsoil is stripped and taken out. Evolving from these practices, soil inoculation has been studied, ranging from the addition of: (1) specific soil biota (Heijden et al. 2006; Köhl et al. 2016), (2) compositions of soil biota (Bender et al. 2015), to (3) the addition of established soil biota networks from established ecosystems (Carbajo et al. 2011). In contrast to the use of specific taxa, inoculating soils with a whole, diverse soil biota community is a more effective stimulation of plant growth (Hoeksema et al. 2010). Depending on the recipient soil type, establishment of introduced soil biota through inoculation can be difficult given high abundance of residing soil biota (Carbajo et al. 2011). To be able to sustain inoculation in an agricultural context, methods must be adapted so that they are in line with common agricultural practices and can be implemented in a rotation.

Potential of inoculation in (organic) agriculture

The influence of soil biota and PSF on crop productivity and nutrient availability are especially important in organic agriculture, where farmers aim to maintain soil fertility through a balanced soil organic matter content and implementation of cover crops (Wagg et al. 2014; Bender et al. 2015). A range of studies has analysed potential methods to increase soil fertility by management practices less harmful to soil life, such as crop rotation, reduced tillage or mulching (Wardle, 1995;

Giller et al. 1997). Next to their impact on soil fertility, these practices also reduce stress posed on soil biota.

The current study examined whether inoculation of field soils with donor soils can increase crop establishment and productivity. The crop conditioning the recipient soil was potato. Soils of potato fields show lower richness of arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi (AMF) species than natural grassland vegetation (Verbruggen et al. 2010). Producing potatoes deteriorates soil biota, reduces soil aggregates and existing AMF networks through intensive tillage and harvest techniques (Postma-Blaauw et al. 2010; de Vries et al. 2015; Tsiafouli et al., 2015). As AMF networks are especially important for plant nutrient uptake, restoring these networks or soil biotic communities typically increases plant productivity. In a crop rotation, rest- or mow-crops can be introduced to reduce pressure on soil biota and to restore soil health after potato harvest. Additionally, inoculating soils with AMF can significantly change recipient soils and increase attained yields (Bender et al. 2015). However, with this method only a small subset of the soil biota relevant and beneficial for the crop are introduced and effects are often only significant during short periods after inoculation. Increasing the complexity of the donor soil by transplanting fractions of a fully established and adapted soil biota community of a target crop, observed beneficial effects on that crop (Hoeksema et al. 2010), such as increased nutrient use efficiency, reduced leaching or higher yields, may increase. As the results of Sun et al. (2014) and Bender et al. (2015) indicated, these effects might be limited in time due to succession and adaptation of soil biota to local conditions of recipient soil. However, as rotations in agriculture in Western Europe are mostly practised with a scope of 1 year, such short-term benefits would be sufficient.

2. Hypotheses

Prior to this experiment, soil inoculation with specific soil biota taxa or donor soils had been explored. Results from nature restoration and other ecological studies provided promising results of the beneficial effects of soil inoculation on plant establishment, nutrient uptake, plant community composition as well as response to weed or pest pressure. However, application in an agricultural context had not yet been explored.

Here it was experimentally tested whether inoculation of soil can be a tool to improve crop productivity in a crop rotation system, when potentially beneficial soil biota communities are introduced in small proportions. Recipient soils were collected from fields under organic and conventional management, to determine whether the effect of soil inoculation is affected by e.g. the use of pesticides. It was assumed that high aboveground biodiversity directly relates to high belowground biodiversity. If donor soils were collected from fields with a high genetic diverse crop, it was thus expected that soil biota would be more diverse than biota contained in a donor soil collected from low genetic diverse crops. Due to favourable management, it was further assumed that organic soils have a larger range of soil life and that the soil food web was more elaborate than in soils under conventional management.

The main research question was whether inoculation of potato soil with donor soil collected from grass-clover fields can be used to increase productivity and efficiency in nutrient uptake of grass-clover sown in potato soils. It is hypothesised that soil inoculation will significantly alter plant productivity. Further, it is hypothesised that the inoculation of potato soils with donor soil from established grass-clover fields leads to more stable effects than inoculation with specific soil biota taxa, as a fraction of a whole community is introduced.

The potential effects of inoculating potato soils with different compositions of soil biota from clover fields were analysed with regard to: (1) aboveground biomass production, (2) root biomass production and (3) nutrient uptake.

The following specific hypotheses were tested: (1) If soil transplantation improves soil life in former potato fields, grass-clover on inoculated soils attains higher yields than grass-clover grown on non-inoculated soils; (2) If more aboveground diversity increases soil biota diversity, the soils inoculated with a donor soil conditioned by a high genetic diversity mixture of grasses and clovers perform better than those inoculated with soil conditioned by simple mixture of grass-clover; (3) If conventional management is more detrimental for soil life, inoculation of recipient soils from conventional potato fields shows larger effects than inoculation of recipient soils from organic potato fields.

3. Materials and Methods

To analyse the effects of soil inoculation on crop productivity a full factorial split-split pot experiment was set up in the greenhouses of Wageningen UR. Field soils from two management systems (organic and conventional) were inoculated with donor soils collected from organic grass-clover fields. The experiment consisted in total of 168 pots, which were divided in 3 blocks of 56 pots (see table 1).

Soil origin and characteristics

The recipient soils of this research were collected at two different locations, which were approximately 1250m apart. The soil from organic potato fields was collected at Droevendaal Farm, Wageningen, the Netherlands (51°59'27.3"N, 5°39'46.7"E), where a 6-year rotation is practised as part of a strip cropping experiment. All crops of this experiment are grown in strips of 240m length and 3m width, divided in 12 plots of 20m (see appendix 1). The experiment covers a mixture of 3 potato varieties as well as a monoculture, which are grown in separate plots of one strip. For this experiment the 6 plots with monocultures (1 variety) were chosen, as they best represented common agricultural practise. Per plot, six random soil samples of 20 litres were taken (see appendix 2 for locations), which were subsequently combined into one composite sample per plot. Heterogeneity within each plot was thereby averaged but spatial variability (between plots) was kept, allowing to explore possible site-specific effects along field gradients. The recipient soils were taken from a depth of 0 to 20cm, as this layer is most affected by crop management. The 6 recipient soils under conventional management were collected from a field of Unifarm, also part of Wageningen UR (51°59'24.8"N, 5°38'46.8"E). The field size for soil collection was adapted to the sampling scheme used in the organic field and all recipient soils were thus collected following the same pattern. A total of six organic and six conventional recipient soils were collected. All soils were sieved (mesh size = 0.3cm), to exclude effects of crop residues or larger soil fauna.

The donor soils were collected in strip one of the previously introduced rotation experiment at the end of the growing season (September, October 2015). As with recipient soils, donor soils were collected at 6 random locations in each plot and subsequently combined in one inoculum per plot (see appendix 2).

Soil abiotic characteristics were measured for N-NH₄, N-NO₃, P-PO₄ (CaCl₂ extraction, auto analyser), K and Mg (CaCl₂ extraction, Varian), soil organic matter content (dried at 103°C for 8 hours and ashed at 550°C for 3 hours) as well as soil acidity (1:2.5, water suspension; see tables in appendix 3, 4 and 5). Based on these results, available nutrients were calculated per soil volume of each pot and added donor soil. Total nitrogen was calculated as the sum of nitrogen contained in NO₃ and NH₄.

Table 1 – Overview of recipient and donor soil combinations of the experiment. Recipient field soils were collected at 12 different locations over two types of management (see appendix 2). Abbreviations for donor soil: “CNM” grass-clover no-mix, “CM” grass-clover mix, “SC” sterile grass-clover, “PO” potato organic, “PC” potato conventional, “CO” clover, no-mix old, which was taken from late succession grassland.

Recipient soil	Donor soil (inoculum)	Samples total
Organic potato soil	Clover no-mix (CNM)	18
Organic potato soil	Clover mix (CM)	18
Organic potato soil	Sterile clover no-mix (SC)	18
Organic potato soil	Organic potato soil (PO)	18
Conventional potato soil	Clover no-mix (CNM)	18
Conventional potato soil	Clover mix (CM)	18
Conventional potato soil	Sterile clover no-mix (CS)	18
Conventional potato soil	Conventional potato soil (PC)	18
Organic potato soil	Clover no-mix, old (CO)	12
Organic clover no-mix	Organic clover no-mix	12

* samples not part of main experiment.

Experimental design

The experiment was carried out in the greenhouses of Wageningen UR and was set up as a multi factorial split-split-plot experiment with three blocks. It consisted of two factors: ‘management’ (twelve field soils of which six under conventional and six under organic management) and ‘inoculation’ (addition of donor soil). The recipient soils of the main experiment were inoculated with one of four different donor soils: (1) a low genetic diversity grass-clover (no-mix; CNM), (2) high genetic diversity grass-clover (mix; CM), (3) sterilised grass-clover soil from the no-mix (CS) and (4) an addition of donor soil from the same field location as recipient soil (PO, PC).

The required sample size was calculated using the R-statistical software (3.3.0) (R Core Team 2016). Sample size “n” was calculated based on significance level=0.05, effect size (d)=0.5 (standard deviations) and power=0.8 for a two-sample t-test (R Core Team, 2016). The minimal sample size was calculated as 64 and given the 12 available plots as source of donor soil, a multitude of 12 above this value was chosen. This yielded a sample size of n=72 with a minimal detection limit of effect size 0.47 standard deviations.

In the current experiment, 72 pots were filled with potato soil from the 12 available locations and inoculated with either donor soil collected from high or low genetically diverse grass-clover (treatment group). As a control group, the same number of pots was inoculated with either sterilised grass-clover soil from the low genetic diversity plots (autoclaved) or an addition of recipient soil from the same location (see appendix 6). Recipient soils of treatment and control group were collected at the same locations. Spatial variation was accounted for by matching samples according to their original field location. Recipient soils from the first plot were thus inoculated with donor soils from the first plot of the grass-clover field (see Appendix 1 and 2). Together with two smaller experiments (see paragraph additional experiments), the current experiment consisted of 168 pots (see appendix 6).

Soil inoculation

Cylindrical pots (d=19,5cm; 0.03m²) were filled with recipient soils (3.5L) and were hung in larger cachepots (Mitscherlich pots). This prevented water logging in the pots and allowed to measure potential leaching. Meshes were placed in the pots, to prevent soil being flushed out during watering. The pots were numbered to allow for double-blind observations and therewith prevented unintentional bias. The amount of donor soil applied was set out to be in line with common agricultural practices of e.g. manure application. Donor soils were therefore added in proportions of 2.14% (75ml in total) to each pot, corresponding to 25t/ha. The donor soil was spread evenly on top of recipient soil in each pot and then incorporated in the top layer (2cm). Potential effects of

drought on the contained soil life, which can have a considerable effect on the biota in a thin top layer of donor soil, were thereby reduced.

Plants and seeding

A mixture of red clover (*Trifolium pratense* cv. *Lucrum*) and Italian ryegrass (*Lolium multiflorum* cv. *Sultano*) seeds was sown. Seeds were counted to ensure that the number of plants per pot was even. A seeding density of $1 > \text{seed density} > 1.5$ plants per 10cm^2 was chosen, corresponding with 5kg/ha of red clover and 35kg/ha Italian ryegrass, both common seeding rates in arable systems. The fine clover seeds were mixed with fine, dry quartz sand to ensure an even distribution and full cover.

After 12 weeks of growth, aboveground biomass of grass and clover were collected separately, dried at 70°C to constant weight and separate dry weights were determined. Roots were extracted from the soil by carefully washing them over a sieve (2-mm mesh) and subsequently dried and weighted. Root biomass was sampled per pot.

Greenhouse conditions

To limit effects of placement in the greenhouse, e.g. edge effects, the setup was randomised in location and time, using a Latin hyper cube design. Next to randomised locations in the greenhouse, stable growing conditions were established, which mirrored average weather conditions of Wageningen, the Netherlands, in August 2015. Maximal temperature per day was limited to 22°C (measured 24°C) to reduce possible heat stress on the crop.

Balanced water content

All pots were set to 60% water holding capacity (WHC) at the start of the experiment, whereas the desired water content of the soils was build up gradually to prevent the fine sieved soils from collapsing. Water was applied 3 to 4 times a week using a fine spray nozzle with low water pressure. This method facilitated an even distribution of water across the diameter of the pots and mirrored field conditions during rainfalls. To exclude reduced water availability as confining factor, pot weights were measured with a balance once every 2 weeks and water was added to re-establish 60% WHC. Additionally, a leaching experiment was included in the overall setup to determine possible effects of inoculation on nutrient losses. After 7 and 9 weeks of growth, strong, incidental rainfalls were simulated by adding 1.5 litres of water to each pot. Excess water was measured after 2 days and small subsamples were taken for nutrient analysis.

Plant nutrient uptake

The dried aboveground biomass was combined per pot and milled at 1mm to determine NPK uptake of the crop. Samples were then digested with a mixture of H_2SO_4 -Se and salicylic acid (Novozamski et al. 1983). In the attained digests total N and P were measured spectrophotometrically with a segmented flow system (Auto-analyser II, Technicon). In the same digests, potassium was measured with a Varian AA240FS fast sequential atomic absorption spectrometer. Due to financial restrictions, this analysis was only carried out for pots of block 2 of the experiment as these could showed a linear relation to results of other blocks (see appendix 10).

Additional experiments

Next to the main experiment, two small experiments were included in the overall setup (12 pots each). The first was set out to analyse the effect of seeding grass-clover on soils conditioned by the same crop for 2 years. From each plot used as source of the donor soils, a composite soil sample of 15 litres was taken as recipient soil (see appendix 2). These soils were prepared in the same way as those of the main experiment and donor soil was added from matching field locations. The second experiment focussed on the effects of inoculating recipient soils with donor soil collected from late successional grasslands (>20 years). As soil biota is expected to evolve

gradually along aboveground succession, an inoculum from such fields was expected to have a different, potentially stronger effect on the biomass productivity of grass-clover. Twelve pots were inoculated with donor soil collected in a late successional arable field. Potato soil under organic management was used as recipient soil. It was hypothesised that older arable fields have a more complex soil life, so soils inoculated with late succession grass-clover soils perform better than those inoculated with an early succession donor soil.

Analysis harvest data

The analysis of collected data was done using the R statistical software (R Core Team 2016). The effects of soil inoculation and management on overall biomass productivity, clover and grass biomass separately as well as root biomass were analysed using mixed-effect modelling with the function *lme* in the library *lme4* and *nlme* (Bates et al. 2015; Pinheiro et al. 2016). Management and inoculation were used as fixed effects with an interaction term to account for possible variation in crop response on conventional and organic soils. The effects of nutrient levels in recipient and donor soil were analysed following the protocol for model selection as introduced by Zuur et al. (2009). Results of the additional experiments were analysed separately, resulting in a total of 144 pots used as database for the following analysis.

The first model used to analyse collected data solely included factors of the experimental design: management, plot, block and inoculation. The effect of donor soil addition (Inoculation) was expected to be dependent on the management of recipient soil (organic vs. conventional management). Spatial variation or field location of recipient soil (Plot) was expected to influence the inoculation effects. As one sample from each plot with the same donor soil addition was placed in each block, the first model included "Plot" as a nested effect in "Block". The resulting model was:

Model 1: Biomass production = Management * Inoculation + (1|Block/Plot)

The same model was used to determine effects of inoculation and management on grass or clover yields separately as well as root biomass.

Possible effects of donor soil addition and contained soil biota on nutrient uptake of grass-clover were analysed by using the following model:

Model 2: Nutrient in crop (ppm) = Management * Inoculation + (1|Block/Plot)

Mixed effect models were applied to determine effects of soil organic matter (SOM), soil pH and available nutrients on shoot and root production. For total biomass, root biomass, clover biomass and grass biomass, significant factors were determined through model selection as introduced by Zuur et al. (2009, p. 130-142). In a first step, a full model was used, including an interaction term with inoculation to determine whether inoculation effects were dependent on specific soil characteristic.

M1Full: Biomass production = Inoculation*SOM (%) + Inoculation*Soil pH (-log(H₃O⁺)) +
Inoculation*NO₃ (mg/kg) + Inoculation*NH₄ (mg/kg) + Inoculation*PO₄ (mg/kg) +
Inoculation*K (mg/kg) + Inoculation*Mg (mg/kg) + (random ~1 | Block)

Individual interactions were then excluded from the model, to determine whether they had a significant effect on biomass productivity based on their p-values (see Zuur et al. 2009, p. 134-136). Possible interactions were selected based on their significance at P=0.05. Those not significant were excluded in the following model:

M2Full: Biomass production = SOM(%) + Soil pH ($-\log(\text{H}_3\text{O}^+)$) + NO₃ (mg/kg) + NH₄ (mg/kg) + PO₄ (mg/kg) + K (mg/kg) + Mg (mg/kg) + (random ~1 | Block)

Through the addition of donor soil, nutrients were added to each pot. The effects of nutrient addition were determined through model selection as introduced above. Significant effects were determined on their p-values, by excluding individual factors from the model. The full model used was:

M3Full: Biomass production = SOM + Soil pH ($-\log(\text{H}_3\text{O}^+)$) + NO₃ (mg/kg) + NH₄ (mg/kg) + PO₄ (mg/kg) + K (mg/kg) + Mg (mg/kg) + NO₃(donor soil) + NH₄(donor soil) + PO₄(donor soil) + K(donor soil) + Mg(donor soil) + (random ~1 | Block)

Prior to the analysis, all abiotic characteristics were calculated at total available level by taking into account soil weight of recipient and donor soils. In model selection, a random effect for “Block” was included.

Results from the additional experiments were calculated individually for each experiment. Leaching effects were analysed with the first introduced model (Model 1), changing biomass production for leached nutrients. The effect of late succession donor soil was calculated by adding these pots to the used data frame (144 pots of main experiment) and re-running the model with all 5 donor soils. Lastly, the effect of growing grass-clover on soils conditioned by the same crop for 2 years was analysed by adding these pots to the used data frame, using the same model as before (Model 1).

4. Results

Effect of soil inoculation on above- and belowground biomass production

Comparing inoculated soils of the treatment group (Mix + No-mix) to those of the control group (Sterile + Potato), a significant inoculation effect on aboveground productivity was found ($F_{1,106}=9.09$, $P=0.003$) (see appendix 7). Dry matter production of inoculated soils was 567.5g/m² on average. Soils of the control group produced an average yield of 584.9g/m² (see table 2 below for a more detailed overview).

Table 2 - Average yield per management and inoculation (donor soil). In brackets the min and max are stated.

Average yield (g/m ²)	Donor soil			
	Clover Mix	Clover No-mix	Sterile clover No-mix	Potato
Organic potato soil	544.92 (423.58-757.75)	544.73 (423.58-723.93)	550.38 (423.58-785.88)	547.37 (423.58-726.27)
Conventional potato soil	603.89 (436.30-785.88)	604.41 (452.04-785.88)	605.46 (434.63-785.88)	608.65 (423.58-785.88)

The first model showed that the recipient soil had a significant effect on biomass productivity of grass-clover ($F_{1,32}=40.16$, $P<0.001$). Application of donor soil (inoculation) was found to be significant as well ($F_{3,102}=3.03$, $P=0.033$). No interaction effect was found between management and inoculation ($F_{3,102}=1.30$, $P=0.278$).

Management of recipient soil showed a significant effect on the formation of root biomass ($F_{1,32}=16.90$, $P<0.001$). None of the donor soil additions did show a significant effect ($F_{3,102}=0.73$, $P=0.54$) and there was no significant interaction effect between management and inoculation ($F_{3,102}=0.56$, $P=0.64$).

Analysing clover and grass individually, a significant effect of management was found for both clover ($F_{1,32}=5.06$, $P=0.03$) and grass ($F_{1,32}=11.26$, $P=0.002$). However, neither were significantly influenced by inoculation (clover: $F_{3,102}=1.85$, $P=0.14$ and grass: $F_{3,102}=1.9214$, $P=0.13$).

Soil origin of recipient soils strongly affected the yields of the crop and crop response varied along field locations (see figure 1). Highest yields were attained on soils with highest nutrient contents (see also appendix 8, 9 and 10).

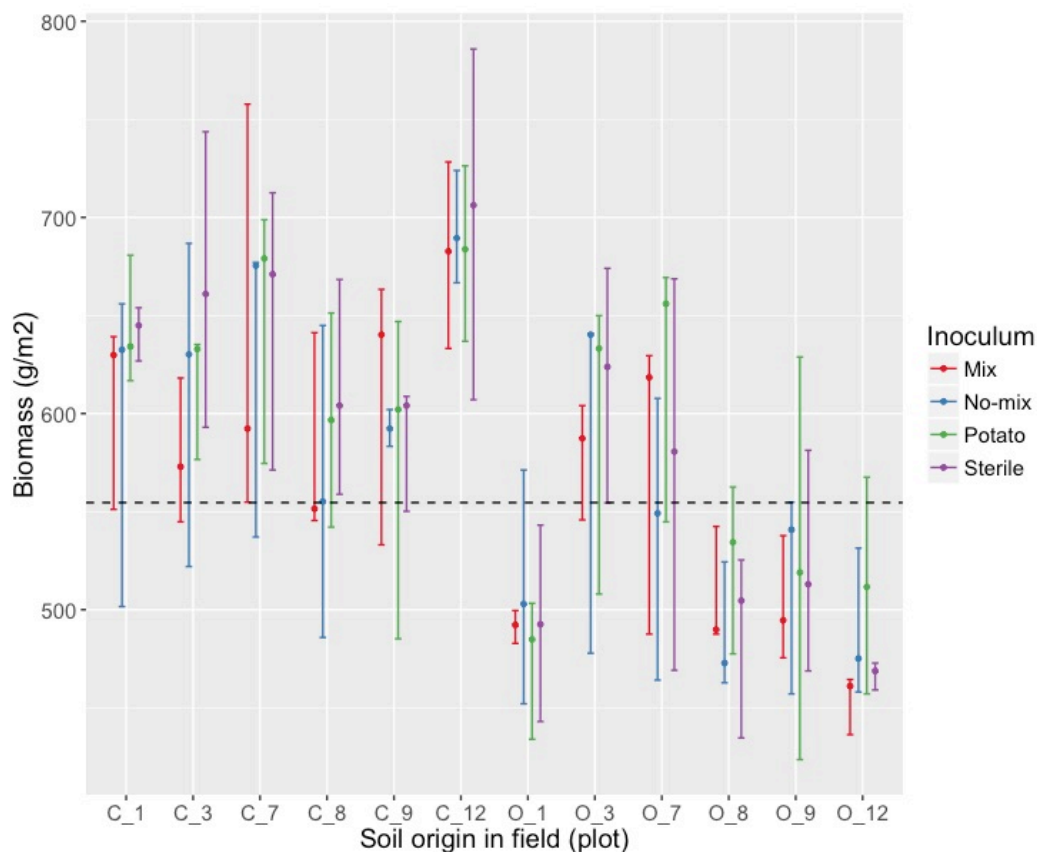


Figure 1 - Effect of soil origin of receptor soil on total aboveground biomass production per added donor soil (inoculum). In field variation of recipient soil resulted in corresponding variations in aboveground DM production. Plot location 1-12 are along field x (see appendix 1 and 2). Dot indicates mean yield. Abbreviations: “C” = conventional management, “O” = organic management.

Effect of individual donor soils on biomass productivity

Comparing the 4 donor soils used in this experiment individually, a clear pattern emerged. Soils under organic management inoculated with a donor soil from a diverse grass-clover system produced the least biomass (Mix organic: 15.49g, $P<0.001$, std. error=0.549), followed by conventional soils inoculated with this donor soil (Mix conventional: 18.38g, $P<0.001$, std. error=0.864). No significant difference to those soils inoculated with donor soil from low diversity grass-clover was found for either recipient soils (No-mix Organic: 15.46g, $P=0.932$, std. error = 0.345; No-mix conventional: 18.35g, $P=0.932$, std. error=0.345). Donor soils from the control group (not inoculated) showed a marginally significant increase in grass-clover biomass in comparison with inoculated soils (Potato organic: 15.85g, $P=0.293$, std. error=0.345; Potato conventional: 18.74g, $P=0.293$, std. error=0.345). Only recipient soils inoculated with sterile donor soil from the

low diversity crop showed a significant increase in productivity (Sterile organic: 16.31g, $P=0.020$, std. error=0.345; Sterile conventional: 19.20g, $P=0.020$, std. error=0.345).

Effect of soil inoculation on nutrient uptake

Nitrogen uptake was not dependent on management ($F_{1,10}=1.48$, $P=0.25$), or donor soil addition ($F_{3,30}=1.07$, $P=0.38$) and there was no interaction between the two either ($F_{3,30}=1.34$, $P=0.28$). Plant phosphorus uptake was determined by the recipient soil ($F_{1,10}=0.93$, $P=0.36$). No significant effect was found for donor soil addition ($F_{3,30}=0.65$, $P=0.58$) and there was no difference of this effect in the type of management ($F_{3,30}=1.30$, $P=0.29$). Potassium uptake was dependent on recipient soil ($F_{1,10}=23.99$, $P<0.001$). No significant effect of inoculation was found ($F_{3,30}=2.00$, $P=0.14$) and was not dependent on management ($F_{3,30}=0.68$, $P=0.57$).

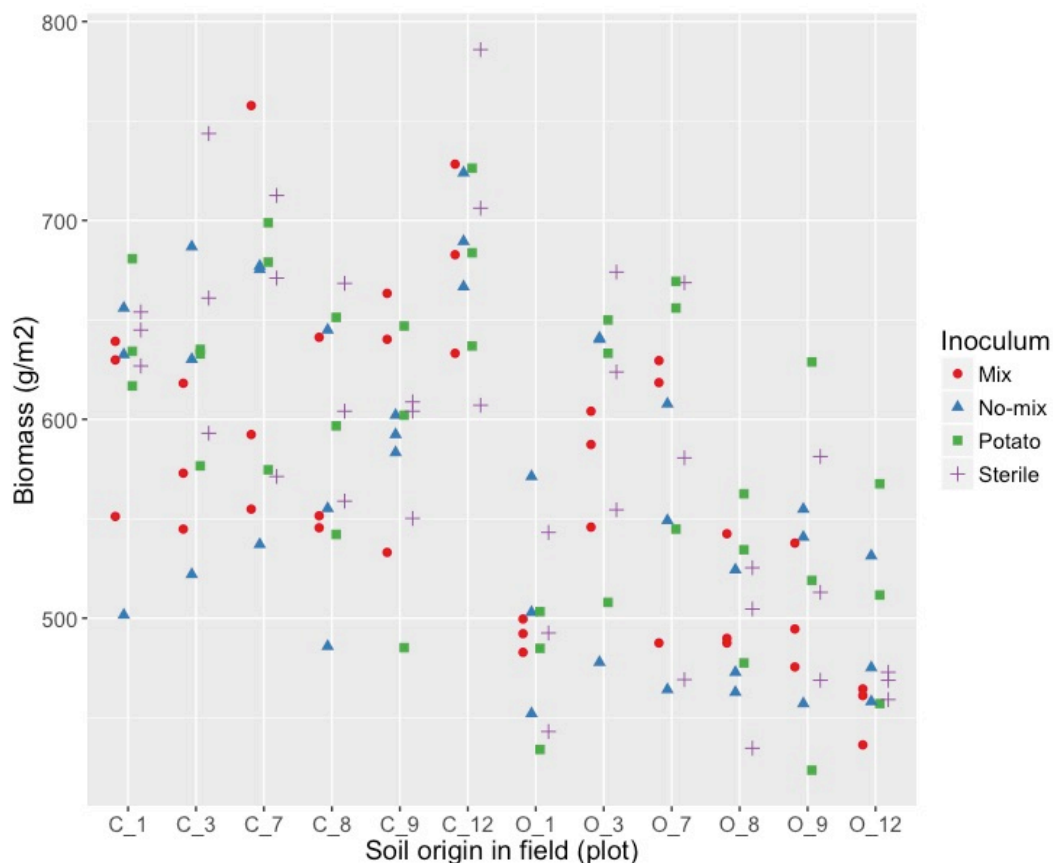


Figure 2 - Overview of observed yields per plot (field origin) and treatment. Abbreviations: “C” = conventional management, “O” = organic management. Number indicates field location of recipient soil as presented in appendix 1 and 2.

Effect of abiotic characteristics on above- and belowground biomass productivity

Inoculation effects were found to be significant comparing inoculated and not inoculated soils. Grass-clover was most productive on soils not inoculated (+0.52g per pot, std. error=0.21, $P<0.05$). An increase in soil organic matter by 1% (SOM) reduced crop productivity by 3.60g (std. error=0.28, $P<0.001$) (see table 3 for a full overview).

Table 3 - Effect of abiotic characteristics on dry matter production. Nutrient levels and ranges were measured in mg/kg soil. All values indicate yield decrease or increase in g/pot. Total biomass represents total aboveground biomass.

Soil characteristic		Biomass (g/pot)			
		Clover	Grass	Root	Total
	Intercept	34.06	21.87*	17.71	22.83
SOM (%) (range: 3.22 – 4.76)	Value	-1.37	-0.63	-3.38	-3.60
	Std. error	0.34	0.198	0.445	0.287
	P-Value	P<0.001	P=0.0018	P<0.001	P<0.001
Soil pH (range: 5.48 – 6.19)	Value	-2.14	-2.05	-	-
	Std. error	0.848	0.402	-	-
	P-Value	P=0.0128	P<0.001	-	-
N-NH₄ (range: 1.5-2.61)	Value	-1.39	-0.58	-	-
	Std. error	0.427	0.240	-	-
	P-Value	P=0.0014	P=0.0166	-	-
N-NO₃ (range: 24.14– 39.63)	Value	-0.28	-	0.11	0.16
	Std. error	0.035	-	0.049	0.032
	P-Value	P<0.001	-	P=0.0238**	P<0.001
P-PO₄ (range: 0.7-2.41)	Value	-	-	-	-
	Std. error	-	-	-	-
	P-Value	-	-	-	-
Mg (range: 81.53-172.6)	Value	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.04
	Std. error	0.007	0.003	0.011	0.007
	P-Value	P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.0045	P<0.001
K (range: 53.85-161.96)	Value	-0.02	-0.02	-0.02	-0.01
	Std. error	0.006	0.003	0.007	0.005
	P-Value	P=0.0055	P<0.001	P=0.0433**	P=0.0085

*Harvest of plot C_12 were excluded in data for model selection, due to overruling responds to high NO₃ levels.

**Including K in the model affected significance of NO₃. In model selection K was marginally significant at P=0.04. When K was excluded, NO₃ was significant at P=0.0082.

Nutrient effects of donor soils

Significant effects of abiotic soil characteristics on total biomass production (Total DW) were found for: soil organic matter, nitrate, manganese, potassium as well as added nitrate and ammonia in the donor soil. The table below indicates all significant parameters.

Table 4 - Overview of significant, abiotic soil characteristics for total biomass production. First line indicates decrease or increase in yield with increase of given characteristic. Second number is the standard error (SE), followed by corresponding p-values.

Biomass	Intercept	SOM (%)	NO ₃ (mg.kg ⁻¹) ₁	Mg (mg.kg ⁻¹) ₁	K (mg.kg ⁻¹)	Inoc. NO ₃ (mg.kg ⁻¹)	Inoc. NH ₄ (mg.kg ⁻¹)
Total DW	24.08g	-3.34g	+0.05g	+0.009	-0.004g	-0.813g	-2.12g
		SE 0.300	SE 0.010	SE 0.002	SE 0.001	SE 0.304	SE 0.871
		P<0.001	P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.0089	P=0.0086	P=0.0166

Inoculation effect of nutrients or biota

To determine whether the found effects of inoculation were caused by the addition of nutrients or soil biota contained in donor soil, total N added was calculated for each inoculum. Through model

selection, significant effects were determined. Soil organic matter ($F_{1,115}=162$, $P<0.001$), total nitrogen in recipient soil ($F_{1,115}=92$, $P<0.001$), soil phosphorus content ($F_{1,115}=25$, $P<0.001$) and nitrogen added through inoculation ($F_{1,115}=6.08$, $P=0.0151$) significantly determined crop yields. Plotting total nitrogen addition through inoculation, a clear pattern emerged. Apart from outliers in the “Mix”, overall highest nitrogen addition was found in sterile donor soil, which partly corresponded with yield increase. However, addition of recipient soil as donor soil (“Potato”), attained second highest yields, although the least amount of nitrogen was added.

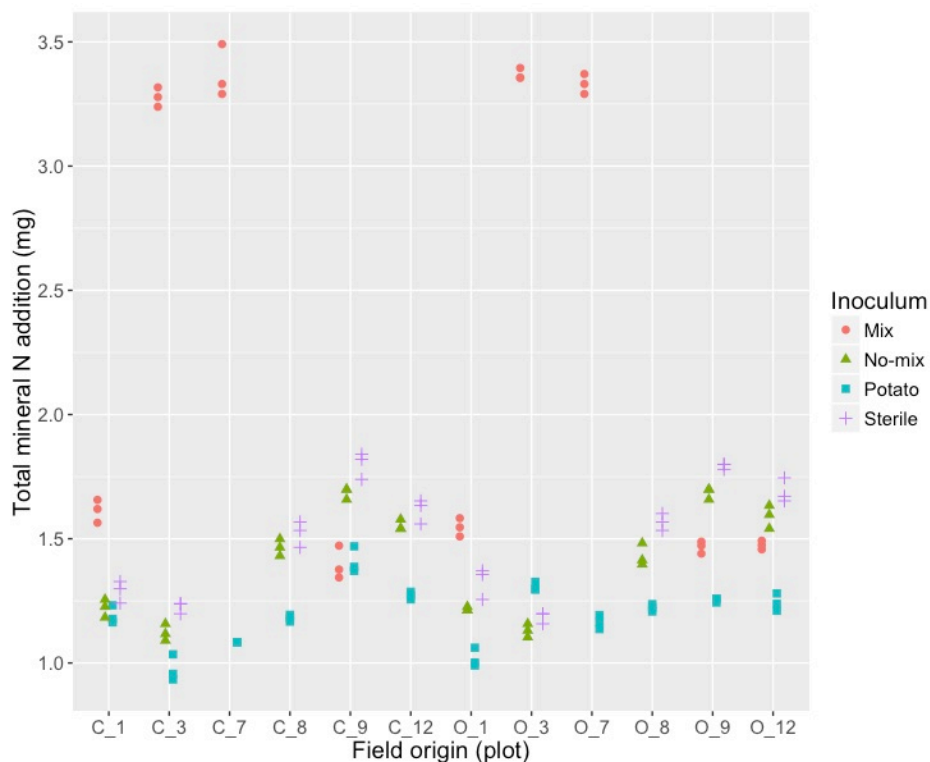


Figure 3 - Nutrient addition in total N for the four donor soils. Inoculation (Mix, No-mix) have high overall N contents. Sterile clover (low diversity) contained same or higher nutrient levels than other clover inocula. Potato soil (home soil) used as donor soil had lowest N concentrations. Abbreviations: “C” = conventional, “O” = organic management.

Results of leaching and additional experiments

Analysing potential effects of soil inoculation on nutrient leaching, no significant effect of recipient soil ($F_{2,152}=0.89$, $P=0.41$) or inoculation ($F_{4,152}=1.31$, $P=0.27$) could be found. However, detected nitrogen levels in excess water were very low (max=13.19mg/m², mean=1.07mg/m²). Total volume of leached water was determined by recipient soil ($F_{2,116}=92$, $P<0.001$), whereas inoculation had no significant effect ($F_{4,116}=1.09$, $P=0.363$) and no management specific effect was found ($F_{4,116}=1.39$, $P=0.240$) (see appendix 11 for more details).

Organic recipient soils inoculated with donor soils from late succession grassland on average yielded 540.46g/m², which did not significantly differ from those pots inoculated by conspecifics (high and low diversity grass-clover). The last small experiment, where recipient soils from the grass-clover field were inoculated with donor soil from the same field location, showed overall low emergence of sown grass-clover (<60%). Furthermore, yields were lowest on these recipient soils (309.45 g/m²) (see appendix 12 for more details).

5. Discussion

The results of this experiment show that plant productivity can be altered through soil inoculation with donor soil, even when only added in small proportions (2.14% v/v). It was hypothesised that soil life in former potato soils can be improved through inoculation, which results in higher yields of grass-clover grown on inoculated soils compared to non-inoculated soils. However, inoculation significantly reduced total aboveground biomass production and the added volume (75ml, 2,14% of total soil) closely equalled average yield reduction in inoculated soils (0.52g, 2,3% of total biomass per pot). The hypothesis of increased production through soil inoculation in an arable crop system was therefore rejected, as overall yields decreased through inoculation.

This was in line with studies demonstrating that early and late successional plants are impacted differently by soil biota. Early successional plants were found to be reduced by conditioned soils and contained soil biota, whereas later successional plants were promoted (Kardol et al. 2006; Middleton & Bever, 2012). Both crops grown in this experiment and most crops used in arable systems are early successional plants, which provide high biomass productivity over short periods of time. Although several studies indicate that effects of soil biota and soil conditioning are negative on early succession crops (Kardol et al. 2006; Hendriks et al. 2013), these effects were mainly observed in experimental monocultures. When growing plant associations, community feedback on early succession plants was found to be positive in mixed crops (Jing, Bezemer and Van der Putten 2015). Although a crop mixture was used in this experiment, these findings cannot be confirmed by the results of this study. However, earlier studies and the current results strongly indicate that PSF effects highly vary along successional positions as well as chosen crop mixtures.

Based on the strong connection of above- and belowground diversity, it was hypothesised that the crop performs best when inoculated with donor soil conditioned by a genetic diverse grass-clover mixture. In this experiment, pots inoculated with these donor soils resulted in the lowest yields. In line with other studies, plants inoculated with soil conditioned by conspecifics (grass-clover) attained significantly lower yields than those inoculated with soils from heterospecifics (potato) or sterile soil (Hendriks et al. 2013; Wubs and Bezemer 2016). However, the hypothesis that diverse aboveground biodiversity relates to a more complex belowground diversity can potentially be supported by these findings. Plant productivity was most affected by donor soil from diverse systems, which was collected from fields with high genetic aboveground diversity. These soils were conditioned by a range of conspecifics, therefore providing a more stable inoculum and increasing negative feedback effects on the crop (Kardol et al. 2006; Middleton & Bever 2012).

Although the nitrogen addition through inoculation proved to have a significant effect on aboveground biomass production, nutrient levels were not a reliable predictor of yields (see Figure 3; Appendix 8-10). Recipient soils inoculated with a donor soil from genetically diverse grass-clover received highest nitrogen additions, but had lowest yields. The differences in growth between the donor soils could thus not solely be explained by nutrient availability after donor soil addition. The results suggest that plant species-specific soil biota, transplanted by donor soils, contributed to the decrease in yields, which is in line with earlier findings (Kardol et al. 2006; Hendriks et al. 2013).

The third hypothesis assumed that conventional production of potatoes is more detrimental for soil life than organic production, which should have resulted in overall larger effects of inoculation with donor soils in conventional soils. However, the response of crop productivity was not dependent on the management. Although prior research has shown that management practices can alter decomposer succession and biota composition in general, no difference in response to inoculation could be observed in this experiment (Gosling et al. 2006, Li et al. 2012; Rashid et al. 2013; Henneron et al. 2015). However, notably more weeds emerged from recipient soils under organic management than from those under conventional management. All weeds germinating from the

seed bank were removed during the first 6 weeks, to eliminate competition. Potential effects on competition were therefore excluded from this experiment.

Overall, recipient soils were mainly determining biomass productivity. In line with these results, other studies indicated predominant effects of abiotic characteristics of recipient soils, even when inoculated with donor soils in higher proportions (Carbajo et al. 2011). High nutrient levels of conventional recipient soils resulted in overall higher yields. Although these differences in nutrient levels could have been evened out through fertiliser addition, it was decided not to apply fertiliser as effects of nutrients addition might have overruled effects of soil inoculation. Furthermore, the chosen setup allowed to study inoculation effects at different nutrient levels, which are known to affect PSF (De Deyn et al. 2004; Kos et al. 2015).

Wubs and Bezemer (2016) stressed that spatial dynamics in PSF need to be incorporated in empirical studies. The high variation in yields across all plots and both managements confirms the importance of spatial variation in the context of empirical PSF studies as well as the relevance for inoculation studies (see Figure 1, Appendix 8&10). More attention should be focussed on these dynamics in future studies.

Additional experiments

In the current experiment, it was decided to conduct the leaching experiment after crop establishment. The overall observed nutrient losses in both leaching experiments were low, which can be explained by the time when samples were taken. Available nutrients potentially prone to leaching had already been taken up by plants during strong growth of first 6 weeks. This is especially true for crops grown on organic soils, where signs of emerging nitrogen and potassium deficiency were observed during the last 2 to 3 weeks of the experiment.

The small sample of grass-clover grown on soil conditioned by conspecifics for 2 years showed strong, negative PSF effects. Crop establishment and productivity were negatively affected and yields were cut by almost 50%. The results support earlier findings and provide strong indication for negative PSF in grass-clover (Wubs & Bezemer 2016).

Lastly, inoculation of field soils with donor soils from late succession grasslands did not alter crop response. Grass-clover yield reduction was comparable to those soils treated with donor soil conditioned for 2 years. The results indicate that successional position of aboveground and correspondingly belowground diversity does not necessarily alter inoculation effects.

Limitations of study

This experiment focussed on elaborating the effect of applying inoculation in an agricultural context. All steps of the methodology were set out to mirror an on-farm approach. The application of the donor soil in such small proportions and the application in the top layer might not reflect optimal conditions for best results. Mixing the donor soil with the recipient soil would increase the contact depth and potentially the strength of effect on the crop. However, this approach was neglected as it would require the farmer to apply highly invasive measures on recipient soils, thus damaging all existing soil biota. Mixing the donor soil with the top layer (2 to 3 cm), can easily be applied with existing machinery and is a none- or low-invasive measure. Further, grass-clover is harvested and processed as one crop in arable systems. It was therefore chosen to analyse nutrient uptake per pot, as this reflects the nutrients available in the crop. Further, roots were sampled per pot, not accounting for potential increases in nodule formation of clovers.

This experiment provides strong indication that the inoculation of soils can alter the productivity of agricultural land even if applied on a large scale. It is suggested to further research this topic and elaborate beneficial combinations of donor soil and crop.

6. Conclusion

The results of this experiment contribute to a new perspective for the implementation of soil inoculation in an agricultural context. It is shown that biomass productivity of an arable crop can be altered through the addition of donor soils as inoculum. Inoculating potato soils with donor soils reduced aboveground grass-clover productivity. The effect of inoculation was significant for all four donor soils on recipient soils under organic and conventional management. However, no clear effect in strength of response could be linked to either management practice. Results indicate that inoculating potato soils with donor soils can alter yields of subsequent grass-clover crops. Although nutrient effects from the donor soil significantly affected crop productivity, variation in yield could not simply be explained by added nutrients. This provided strong evidence that small additions of soil biota were the main factor altering yields.

From the results of the current experiment, application in arable systems was found not to be beneficial. Inoculation effects were negative on early establishment of grass-clover and overall productivity. While results of this experiment were negative in the given arable system, they provide strong indication that the inoculation of field soils with donor soil can be a measure to shift crop productivity. Application in other cropping systems with potentially positive effects should be explored. The possibility of implementing donor soil addition in a crop rotation was proven to be possible in this experiment but needs further exploration. Spatial heterogeneity of recipient soils had a strong effect on attained yields and needs to be implemented in experimental designs of future empirical studies.

Under controlled conditions, it was demonstrated that the origin of recipient soil was of greater importance than the added donor soil, but addition in small proportions could still alter productivity. Further experiments are required to quantify these findings under field conditions and to determine whether inoculation effects are stable throughout a longer time span.

Acknowledgements

This research was funded by PE&RC and I would like to thank Martijn Bezemer (NIOO), Walter Rossing (WUR) and Dirk van Apeldoorn (WUR) for applying for the funding. Additionally, I would like to thank my supervisor Dirk v. Apeldoorn for providing me the opportunity to conduct research on this interesting subject and supporting me throughout the process. Furthermore, I would like to thank Martijn Bezemer and Jasper Wubs (NIOO) for their expert opinion, guidance and advice during this project. For technical assistance I thank the staff of the Farming Systems Ecology chairgroup and several of my fellow students. Lastly, I would like to thank Egbert Lantinga (WUR) and Gerlinde Dedyn (WUR) for their remarks and advice during planning and completion of this experiment.

References

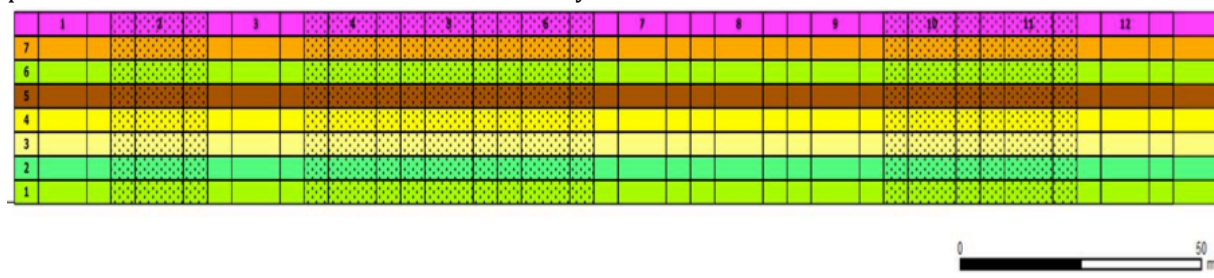
- Ayres, E., Steltzer, H., Simmons, B. L., Simpson, R. T., Steinweg, J. M., Wallenstein, M. D., ... & Wall, D. H. (2009). *Home-field advantage accelerates leaf litter decomposition in forests*. *Soil Biology and Biochemistry*, 41(3), 606-610.
- Bates, D., Maechler, M., Bolker, B., Walker, S. (2015). Fitting Linear Mixed-Effects Models Using lme4. *Journal of Statistical Software*, 67(1), 1-48. doi:10.18637/jss.v067.i01.
- Bender, S. F., & Heijden, M. G. (2015). Soil biota enhance agricultural sustainability by improving crop yield, nutrient uptake and reducing nitrogen leaching losses. *Journal of Applied Ecology*, 52(1), 228-239.
- Bever, J. D. (2003). Soil community feedback and the coexistence of competitors: conceptual frameworks and empirical tests. *New Phytologist*, 157(3), 465-473.
- Bever, J. D., Platt, T. G., & Morton, E. R. (2012). Microbial population and community dynamics on plant roots and their feedbacks on plant communities. *Annual review of microbiology*, 66, 265.
- Birkhofer, K., Bezemer, T. M., Bloem, J., Bonkowski, M., Christensen, S., Dubois, D., ... & Mäder, P. (2008). Long-term organic farming fosters below and aboveground biota:

- implications for soil quality, biological control and productivity. *Soil Biology and Biochemistry*, 40(9), 2297-2308.
- Carbajo, V., Den Braber, B., Van Der Putten, W. H., & De Deyn, G. B. (2011). Enhancement of late successional plants on ex-arable land by soil inoculations. *PLoS one*, 6(7), e21943.
- De Deyn, G. B., Raaijmakers, C. E., Zoomer, H. R., Berg, M. P., de Ruiter, P. C., Verhoef, H. A., ... & van der Putten, W. H. (2003). Soil invertebrate fauna enhances grassland succession and diversity. *Nature*, 422(6933), 711-713.
- De Deyn, G. B., Raaijmakers, C. E., & Van der Putten, W. H. (2004). Plant community development is affected by nutrients and soil biota. *Journal of Ecology*, 92(5), 824-834.
- De Deyn, G. B., & Van der Putten, W. H. (2005). Linking aboveground and belowground diversity. *Trends in Ecology & Evolution*, 20(11), 625-633.
- Ferreira, M. C., Walter, B. M., & Vieira, D. L. (2015). Topsoil translocation for Brazilian savanna restoration: propagation of herbs, shrubs, and trees. *Restoration Ecology*, 23(6), 723-728.
- Giller, K. E., Beare, M. H., Lavelle, P., Izac, A. M., & Swift, M. J. (1997). Agricultural intensification, soil biodiversity and agroecosystem function. *Applied soil ecology*, 6(1), 3-16.
- Gosling, P., Jones, J., & Bending, G. D. (2016). Evidence for functional redundancy in arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi and implications for agroecosystem management doi:10.1007/s00572-015-0651-6
- Hendriks, M., Mommer, L., Caluwe, H., Smit-Tiekstra, A. E., Putten, W. H., & Kroon, H. (2013). Independent variations of plant and soil mixtures reveal soil feedback effects on plant community overyielding. *Journal of Ecology*, 101(2), 287-297.
- Henneron, L., Bernard, L., Hedde, M., Pelosi, C., Villenave, C., Chenu, C., ... & Blanchart, E. (2015). Fourteen years of evidence for positive effects of conservation agriculture and organic farming on soil life. *Agronomy for Sustainable Development*, 35(1), 169-181.
- Hoeksema, J. D., Chaudhary, V. B., Gehring, C. A., Johnson, N. C., Karst, J., Koide, R. T., ... & Wilson, G. W. (2010). A meta-analysis of context-dependency in plant response to inoculation with mycorrhizal fungi. *Ecology letters*, 13(3), 394-407.
- Jing, J., Bezemer, T. M., & Putten, W. H. (2015). Complementarity and selection effects in early and mid-successional plant communities are differentially affected by plant-soil feedback. *Journal of Ecology*, 103(3), 641-647.
- Kardol, P., Martijn Bezemer, T., & van der Putten, W. H. (2006). Temporal variation in plant-soil feedback controls succession. *Ecology Letters*, 9(9), 1080-1088.
- Kardol, P., Deyn, G. B., Laliberte, E., Mariotte, P., & Hawkes, C. V. (2013). Biotic plant-soil feedbacks across temporal scales. *Journal of Ecology*, 101(2), 309-315.
- Kos, M., Tuijl, M. A., de Roo, J., Mulder, P. P., & Bezemer, T. M. (2015). Plant-soil feedback effects on plant quality and performance of an aboveground herbivore interact with fertilisation. *Oikos*, 124(5), 658-667.
- Kos, M., Tuijl, M. A., Roo, J., Mulder, P. P., & Bezemer, T. M. (2015a). Species-specific plant-soil feedback effects on above-ground plant-insect interactions. *Journal of Ecology*.
- Köhl, L., Lukasiewicz, C. E., & Van der Heijden, M. G. A. (2016). *Establishment and effectiveness of inoculated arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi in agricultural soils* doi:10.1111/pce.12600
- Li, R., Khafipour, E., Krause, D. O., Entz, M. H., de Kievit, T. R., & Fernando, W. D. (2012). Pyrosequencing reveals the influence of organic and conventional farming systems on bacterial communities. *PLoS one*, 7(12), e51897.
- Liu, J., You, L., Amini, M., Obersteiner, M., Herrero, M., Zehnder, A. J., & Yang, H. (2010). A high-resolution assessment on global nitrogen flows in cropland. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences*, 107(17), 8035-8040.
- Middleton, E. L., & Bever, J. D. (2012). Inoculation with a native soil community advances succession in a grassland restoration. *Restoration Ecology*, 20(2), 218-226.
- Novozamski, I., Houba, V.J.G., Van Eck, R. & Van Vark, W. (1983). A novel digestion technique for multi-element plant analysis. *Comm. Soil Sci. Plant Anal.*, 14, 239-249.
- Philippot, L., Raaijmakers, J. M., Lemanceau, P., & van der Putten, W. H. (2013). Going back to the roots: the microbial ecology of the rhizosphere. *Nature Reviews Microbiology*, 11(11), 789-799.
- Pinheiro J, Bates D, DebRoy S, Sarkar D and R Core Team (2016). *nlme: Linear and Nonlinear Mixed Effects Models*. R package version 3.1-127, <URL: <http://CRAN.R-project.org/package=nlme>>.
- Postma-Blaauw, M. B., de Goede, R. G. M., Bloem, J., Faber, J. H., & Brussaard, L. (2010). Soil biota community structure and abundance under agricultural intensification and extensification. *Ecology*, 91(2), 460-473.
- R Core Team (2016). R: A language and environment for statistical computing. R Foundation for Statistical Computing, Vienna, Austria. URL <https://www.R-project.org/>
- Raaijmakers, J. M., Paulitz, T. C., Steinberg, C., Alabouvette, C., & Moënné-Loccoz, Y. (2009). The rhizosphere: a playground and battlefield

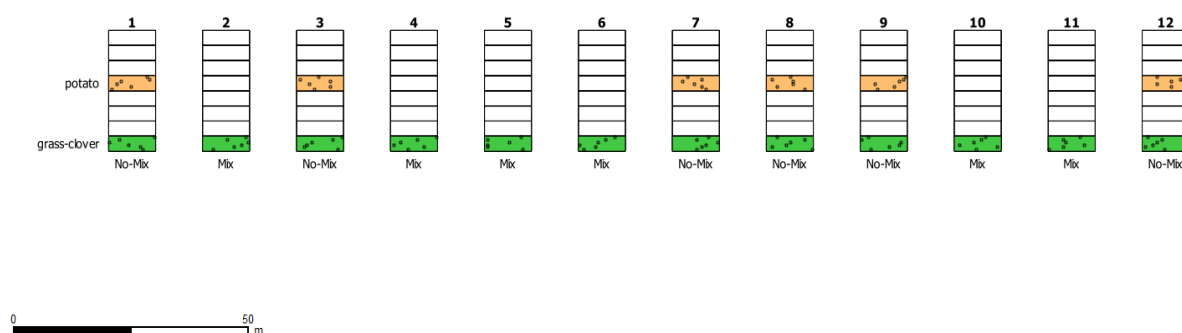
- for soilborne pathogens and beneficial microorganisms. *Plant and soil*, 321(1-2), 341-361.
- Rashid, M. I., de Goede, R. G., Brussaard, L., & Lantinga, E. A. (2013). Home field advantage of cattle manure decomposition affects the apparent nitrogen recovery in production grasslands. *Soil Biology and Biochemistry*, 57, 320-326.
- Sun, B., Wang, F., Jiang, Y., Li, Y., Dong, Z., Li, Z., & Zhang, X. X. (2014). A long-term field experiment of soil transplantation demonstrating the role of contemporary geographic separation in shaping soil microbial community structure. *Ecology and evolution*, 4(7), 1073-1087.
- Tsiafouli, M. A., Thébault, E., Sgardelis, S. P., Ruiter, P. C., Putten, W. H., Birkhofer, K., ... & Hedlund, K. (2015). Intensive agriculture reduces soil biodiversity across Europe. *Global change biology*, 21(2), 973-985.
- Van Der Heijden, M. G., Streitwolf-Engel, R., Riedl, R., Siegrist, S., Neudecker, A., Ineichen, K., ... & Sanders, I. R. (2006). The mycorrhizal contribution to plant productivity, plant nutrition and soil structure in experimental grassland. *New Phytologist*, 172(4), 739-752.
- Van der Putten, W. H., Bardgett, R. D., Bever, J. D., Bezemer, T. M., Casper, B. B., Fukami, T., ... & Suding, K. N. (2013). Plant-soil feedbacks: the past, the present and future challenges. *Journal of Ecology*, 101(2), 265-276.
- Verbruggen, E., Rölting, W. F., Gamper, H. A., Kowalchuk, G. A., Verhoef, H. A., & van der Heijden, M. G. (2010). Positive effects of organic farming on below-ground mutualists: large-scale comparison of mycorrhizal fungal communities in agricultural soils. *New Phytologist*, 186(4), 968-979.
- Wagg, C., Bender, S. F., Widmer, F., & van der Heijden, M. G. (2014). Soil biodiversity and soil community composition determine ecosystem multifunctionality. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences*, 111(14), 5266-5270.
- Wall, D. H. (2004). *Sustaining biodiversity and ecosystem services in soils and sediments* (Vol. 64). Island Press.
- Wardle, D. A. (1995). Impacts of disturbance on detritus food webs in agro-ecosystems of contrasting tillage and weed management practices. *Advances in ecological research*, 26, 105-185.
- Wardle, D. A., Bardgett, R. D., Klironomos, J. N., Setälä, H., Van Der Putten, W. H., & Wall, D. H. (2004). Ecological linkages between aboveground and belowground biota. *Science*, 304(5677), 1629-1633.
- Whipps, J. M. (2004). Prospects and limitations for mycorrhizas in biocontrol of root pathogens. *Canadian Journal of Botany*, 82(8), 1198-1227.
- Wubs, E. R., & Bezemer, T. M. (2016). Effects of spatial plant-soil feedback heterogeneity on plant performance in monocultures. *Journal of Ecology*, 104(2), 364-376.
- Zuur, A. F., Ieno, E. N., Walker, N. J., Saveliev, A. A., & Smith, G. M. 2009: *Mixed effects models and extensions in ecology with R*.

Appendixes

Appendix 1 – Overview of the field layout of the rotational experiment used as source for receptor soil of potatoes (strip 5) and source of the donor soil (inoculum) of grass clover mixtures (strip 1), both under organic management. Dotted areas indicate a mixture of high diversity, blank plots are monocultures. All plots have a size of 10m x 3m and are connected by a 5m buffer zone for each treatment.



Appendix 2 – Overview of samples locations for potato soil from rotational experiment (strip 5) and grass-clover (strip 1). For soil sampling, each plot was discretised into 20x6 cells, each covering 50x50cm. The plot then consisted of 6 rows and 20 columns. Per plot 6 randomly chosen samples were taken (one per row), indicated by the dots. These were sieved and mixed into one composite sample per plot, used as receptor soil (potato) or inoculum (grass-clover). Same pattern for conventional soil. Soil was inoculated with donor soil from same field x location in the rotation experiment (O_1 + CNM_1).



Appendix 3 – Abiotic characteristics of recipient soils at the start of the experiment.

Soil	Plot	NH ₄ (mg.kg ⁻¹)	NO ₃ (mg.kg ⁻¹)	P-PO ₄ (mg.kg ⁻¹)	K (mg.kg ⁻¹)	Mg (mg.kg ⁻¹)	pH (H ₂ O)	% OM
C	C_1	1.91	29.97	2.41	88.10	104.8	5.48	3.22
C	C_3	1.61	24.14	1.91	98.16	103.6	5.89	3.31
C	C_7	1.50	32.40	2.00	134.70	172.6	5.98	4.00
C	C_8	1.89	29.72	1.70	106.60	144.6	5.95	3.68
C	C_9	2.42	29.47	2.04	89.20	130.4	5.69	3.69
C	C_12	2.01	39.63	1.91	132.36	149.7	5.86	3.52
O	O_1	1.81	24.37	1.20	161.96	133.0	6.19	4.04
O	O_3	2.61	26.98	1.20	82.44	135.5	6.00	3.92
O	O_7	2.41	25.34	1.61	77.95	126.5	6.10	3.68
O	O_8	2.33	29.64	1.11	60.90	137.6	6.03	4.52
O	O_9	2.31	30.89	1.00	69.00	131.6	6.00	4.76
O	O_12	2.31	26.07	0.70	53.85	81.5	6.13	4.16

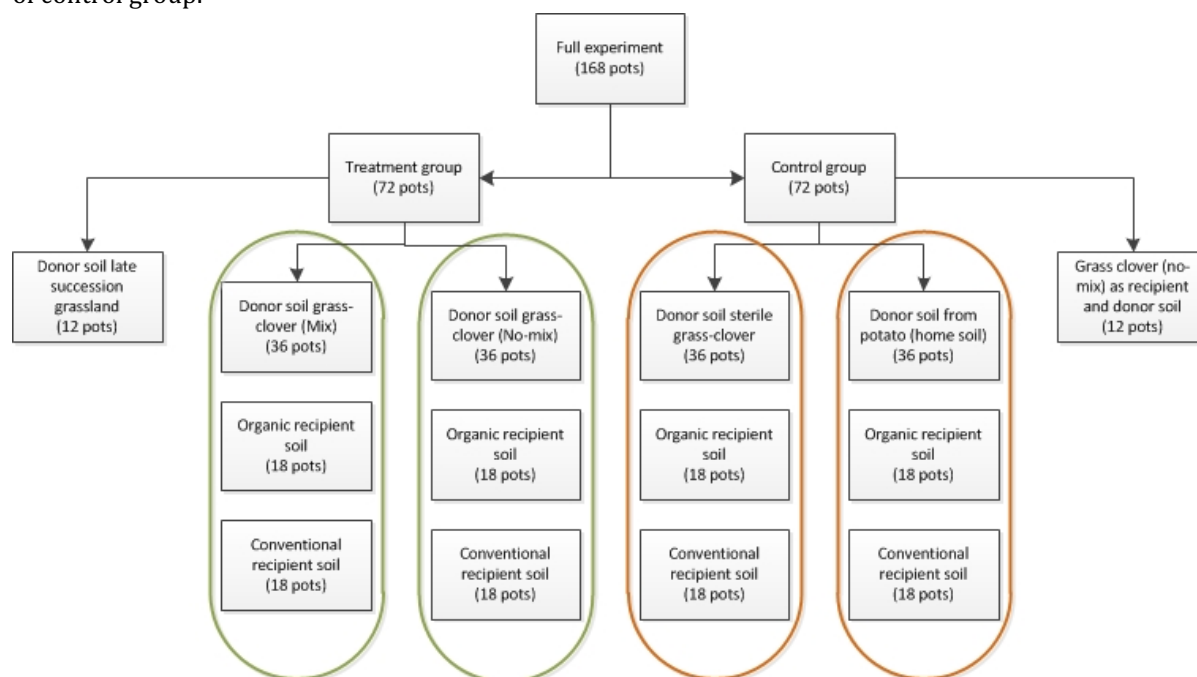
Appendix 4 – Abiotic characteristics of donor soil used as inoculum at the start of the experiment. The plant association grown on these soils was red clover (*Trifolium pratense lucrum*) and Italian ryegrass (*Lolium multiflorum*). Sample 7 has not been recorded.

Soil	Plot	NH ₄ (mg.kg ⁻¹)	NO ₃ (mg.kg ⁻¹)	P-PO4 (mg.kg ⁻¹)	K (mg.kg ⁻¹)	Mg (mg.kg ⁻¹)	pH	% OM
CL	CL_1	2.41	26.88	1.00	29.38	119.8	5.87	4.23
CL	CL_3	2.31	24.34	0.80	35.70	109.9	5.59	4.34
CL	CL_7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CL	CL_8	2.89	31.21	0.80	22.14	88.0	5.59	4.25
CL	CL_9	3.72	33.59	0.70	32.59	94.7	5.53	4.58
CL	CL_12	3.32	31.98	0.70	25.24	106.8	5.67	4.54

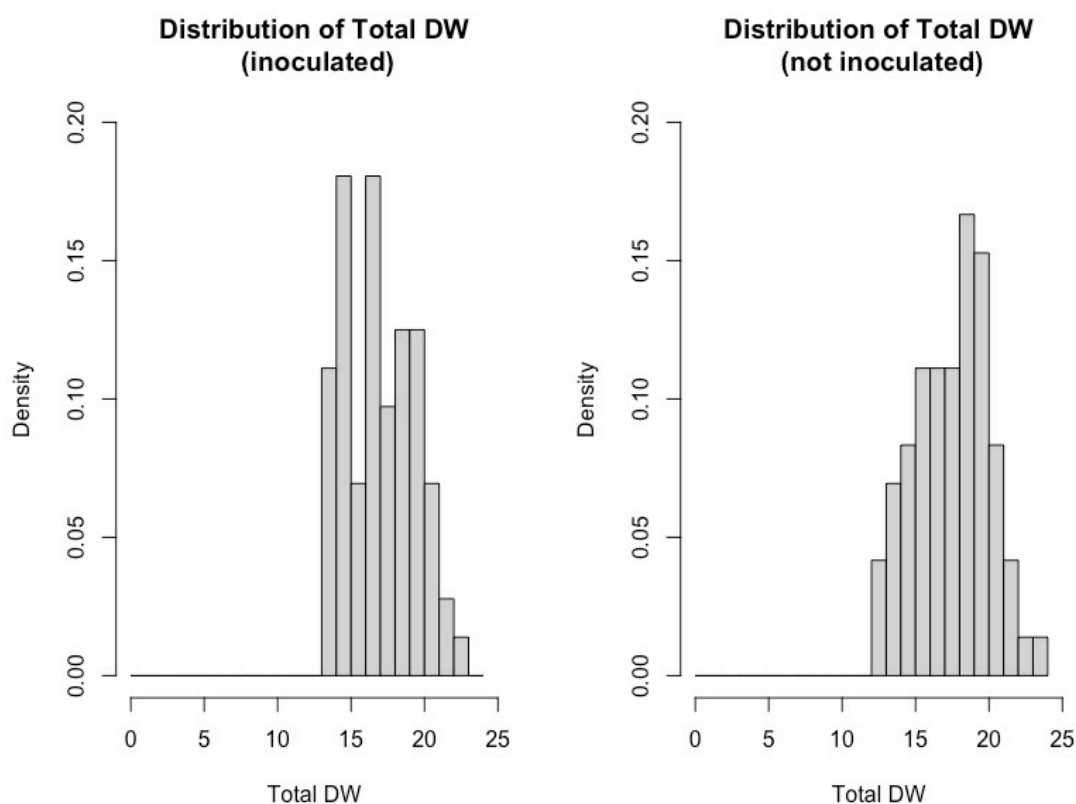
Appendix 5 – Abiotic characteristics of clover soil used in additional experiment to analyse the effects of grass-clover sown after grass clover. Plant association grown in this experiment was red clover (*Trifolium pratense lucrum*) and Italian ryegrass (*Lolium multiflorum*). Results for plot 6 and 7 have not been recorded.

Soil	Plot	NH ₄ (mg.kg ⁻¹)	NO ₃ (mg.kg ⁻¹)	P-PO4 (mg.kg ⁻¹)	K (mg.kg ⁻¹)	Mg (mg.kg ⁻¹)	pH	% OM
CL	CL_1	2.41	26.88	1.00	29.38	119.8	5.87	4.23
CL	CL_2	3.30	31.60	0.90	49.50	99.4	5.65	4.23
CL	CL_3	2.31	24.34	0.80	35.70	109.9	5.59	4.34
CL	CL_4	12.44	2.41	0.60	39.01	137.7	6.08	4.22
CL	CL_5	12.84	1.91	0.70	46.03	124.4	6.04	4.36
CL	CL_6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CL	CL_7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CL	CL_8	2.89	31.21	0.80	22.14	88.0	5.59	4.25
CL	CL_9	3.72	33.59	0.70	32.59	94.7	5.53	4.58
CL	CL_10	3.52	19.75	0.78	27.67	104.2	5.76	4.56
CL	CL_11	3.00	31.10	0.80	31.20	115.8	5.92	4.48
CL	CL_12	3.32	31.98	0.70	25.24	106.8	5.67	4.54

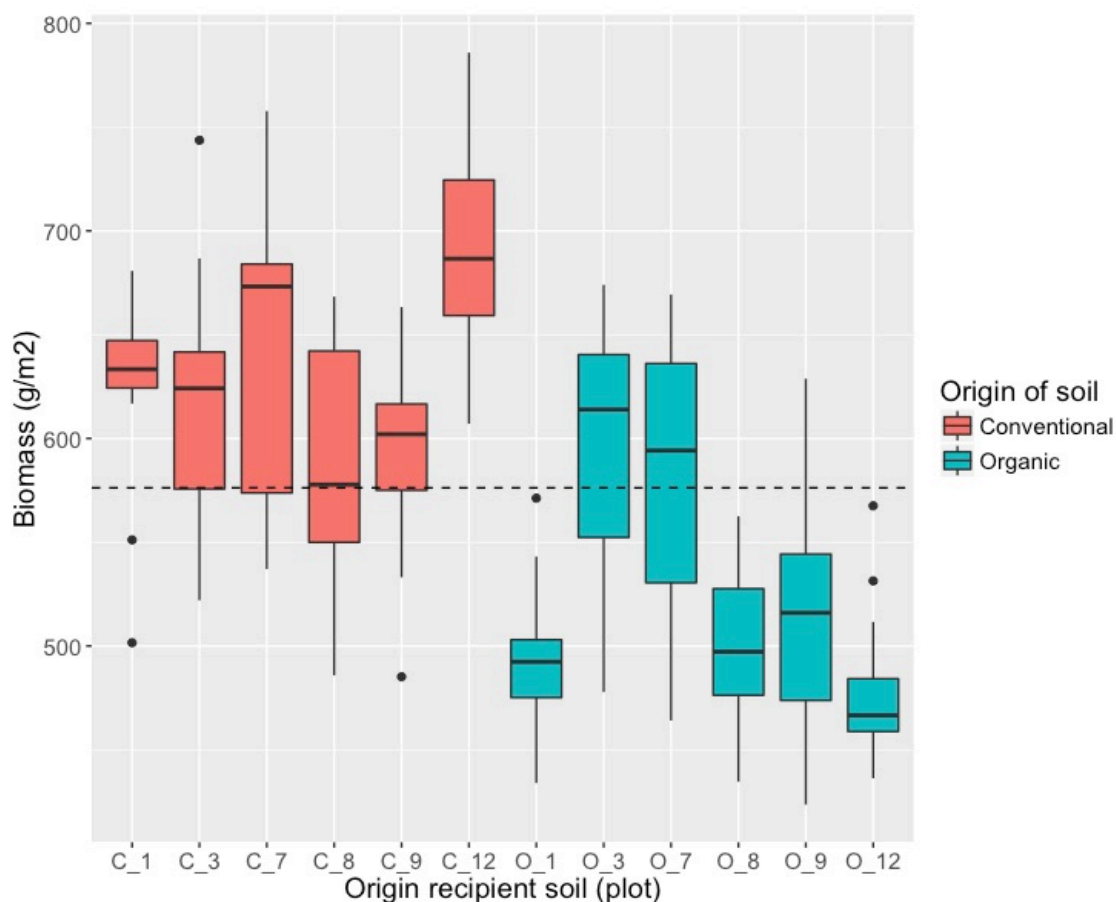
Appendix 6 – Conceptual representation of the experimental design. Treatment group (72 pots) and control group (72 pots) are circled. Additional experiments included as separate parts of either treatment or control group.



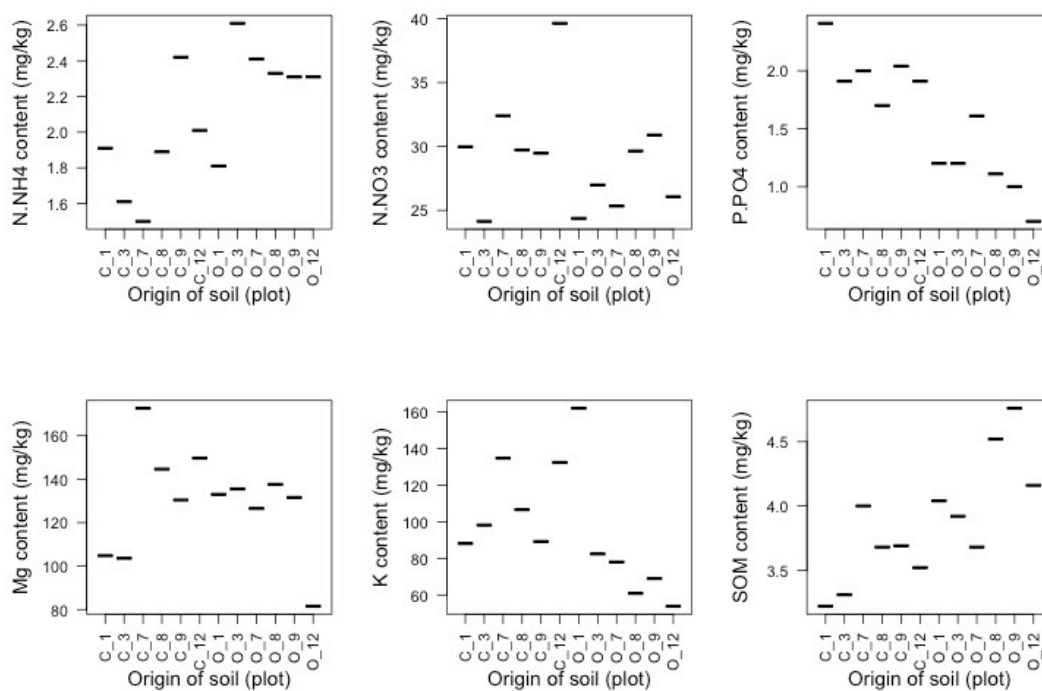
Appendix 7 – Distribution in treatment (inoculated) and control group (non-inoculated) of the experiment.



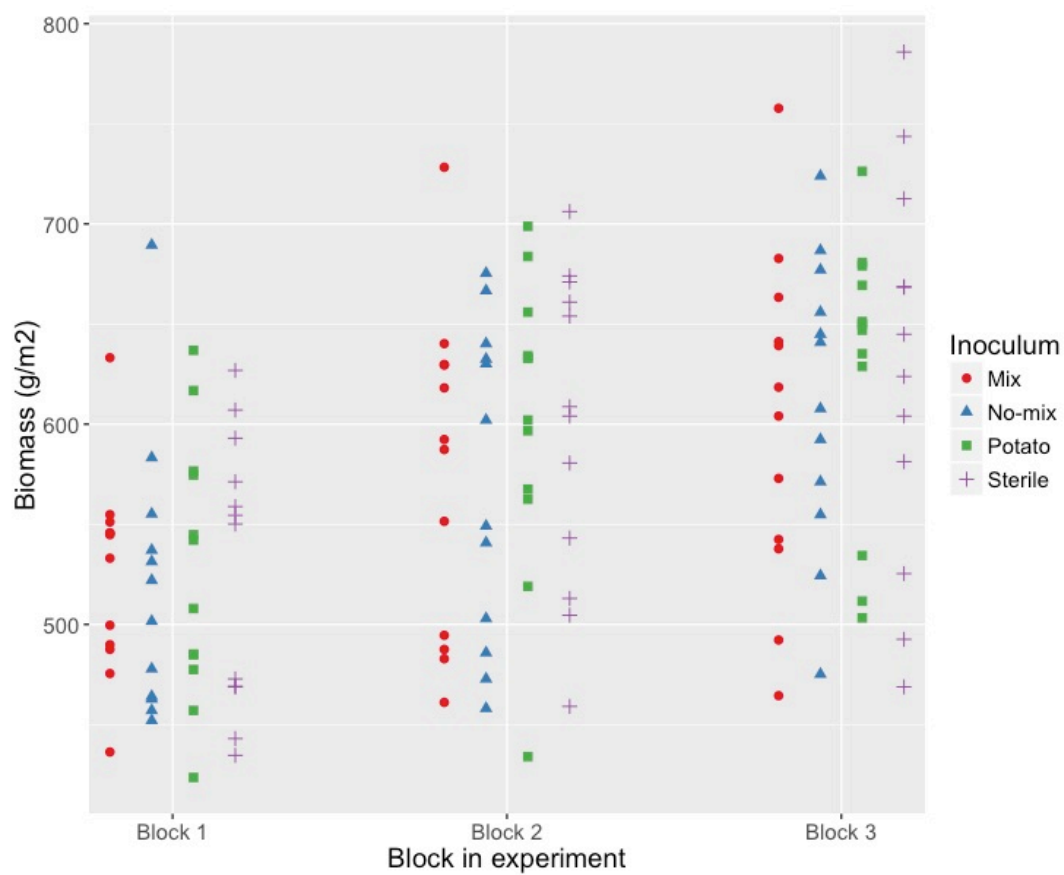
Appendix 8 – Aboveground biomass productivity per plot of recipient soil. Variation in responses over field location indicates potential differences in nutrient availability. Dotted line represents overall yield average (576.2 g/m²).



Appendix 9 - All nutrient levels in all plots used as recipient soil. Conventional soils tended to have higher concentrations of NO₃ and K (especially C₁₂). Organic soils showed overall higher SOM concentrations.



Appendix 10 – Overview of aboveground biomass produced per treatment and block, not accounting for recipient soils.



Appendix 11 - Additional experiment 1: Effect of soil inoculation of leaching of nutrients

During the last 4 weeks of the experiment, two strong rainfalls were simulated to provoke leaching of remaining nutrients. This was done after crop establishment, as the increased water demand reduced risks of water logging. Nutrient leaching was measured in excessive water collected in plastic bags hung in the cachepots. Per pot, 1.5 litres of water were added, to provoke leaching. After 24 hours, excessive water was collected, measured a sub-sample was taken for a composite sample of both leaching incidents. The composite samples were then analysing for containing nutrients.

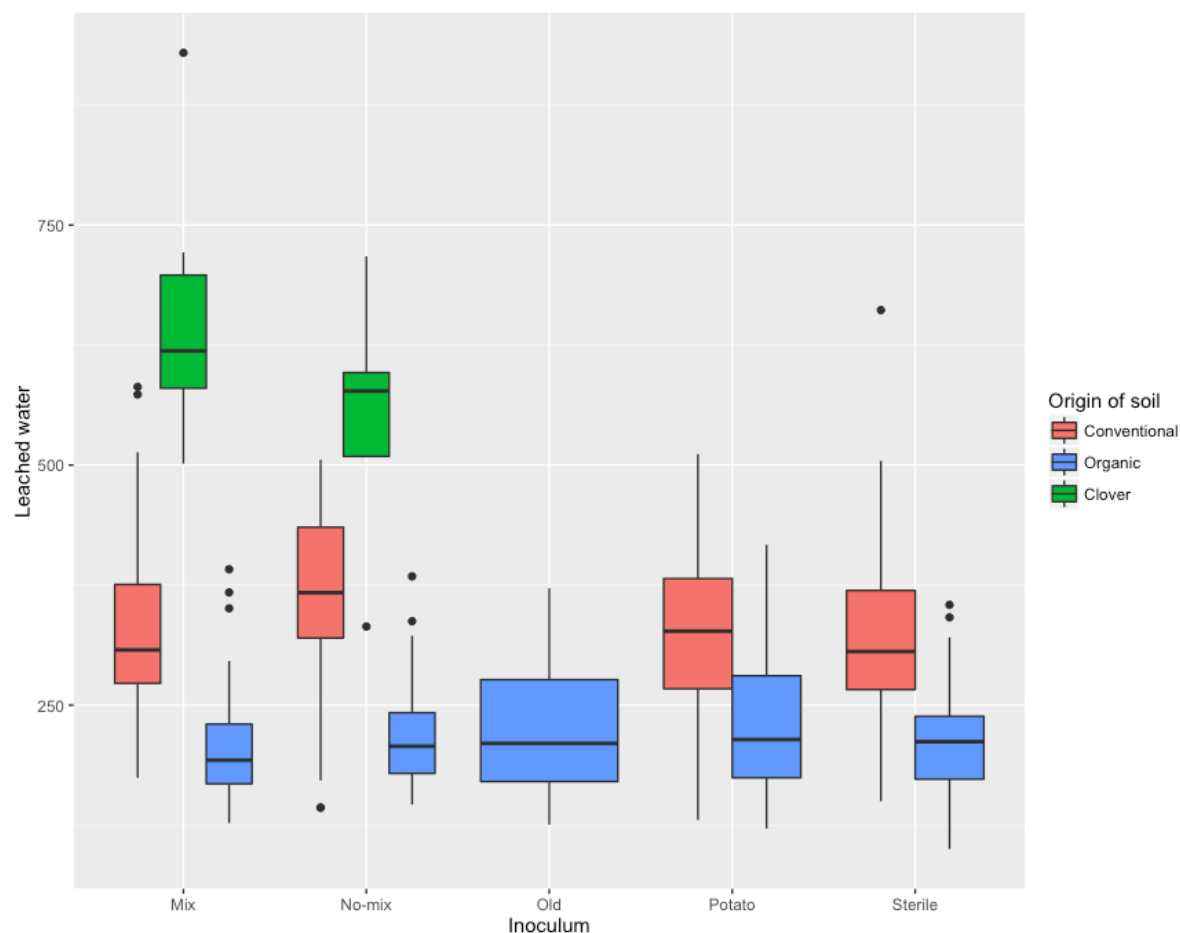


Figure I - Overview results leaching experiment. Water retention showed significant difference between clover recipient soil and potato soil under conventional or organic management. Clover recipient soils were stronger compacted when pot were filled, leading to a lower infiltration rate. Nutrient levels in residues were below detectable range, indicating low or no access nutrients to be leached.

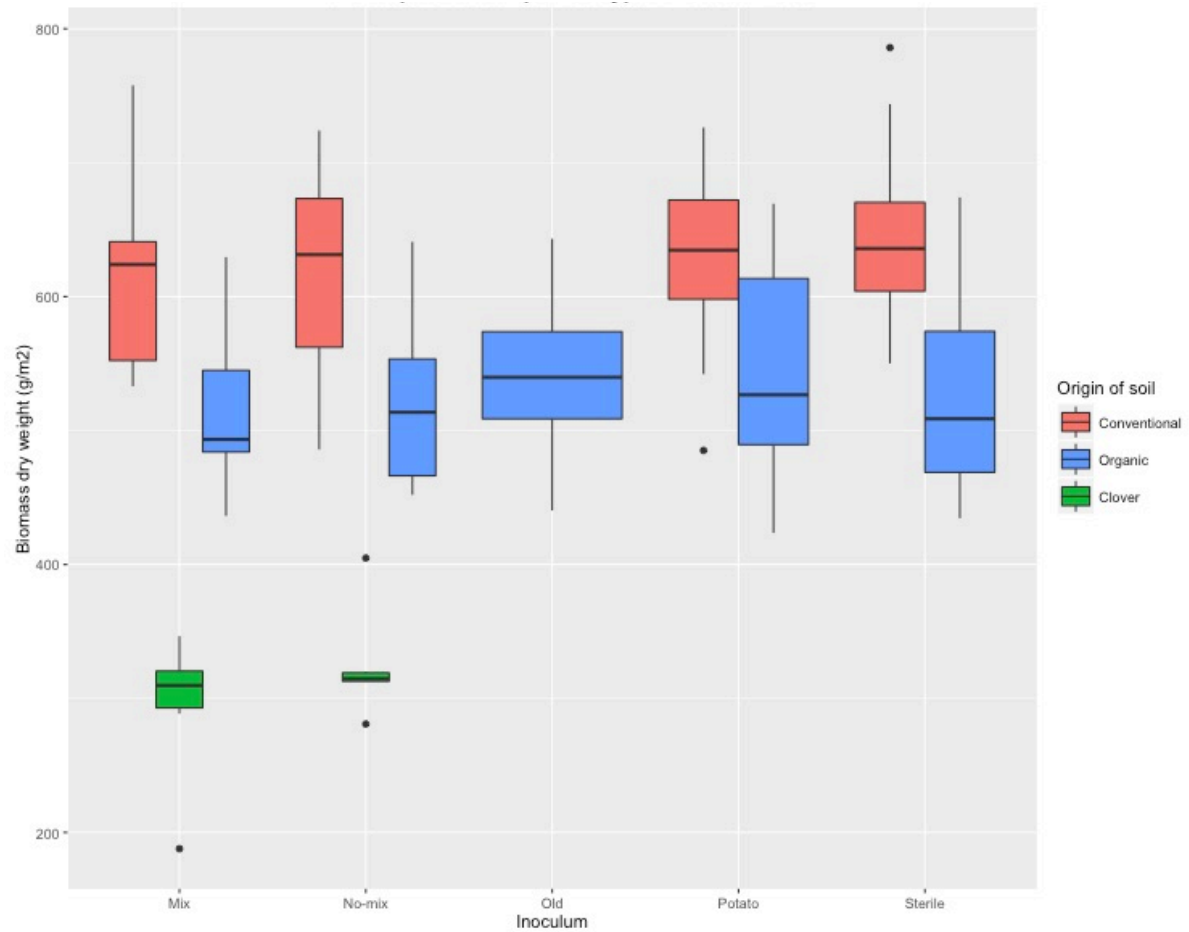
Analysing effect of experimental factors, the following model was used:

$$\text{Infiltration (ml)} = \text{Management} * \text{Inoculum} + (1|\text{Block/Plot})$$

A clear effect of management could be distinguished ($F_{2,116}=92$, $P<0.001$), whereas inoculation did not show any significant effect ($F_{4,116}=1.1$, $P=0.363$). Interaction between the two was also found not significant ($F_{4,115}=1.394$, $P=0.24$). The same results were found for the effect on leached Nitrogen, which was only dependent on management ($F_{2,116}=92$, $P<0.001$). It can thus be concluded that soil inoculation did not influence leaching of nutrients. However, it is likely that by the time leaching experiments were conducted, soil available N was already depleted and thus no N could be leached.

Appendix 12 - Overview of all yields for 5 donor soils and 3 field soils (management).

Main experiment consisted of conventional and organic soils (red and blue), inoculated with grass-clover soils (Mix, No-mix), sterile grass-clover soil (Sterile) and potato soil from the same location as recipient soil (Potato). Additional experiment covered a small sample of clover soils, where the same grass-clover mixture was sown as present in the field. Further, recipient soil under organic management was inoculated with a donor soil collected from late successional grassland (Old).



Appendix 13 – Part 1 of 2 of the table containing all collected data from current experiment. Pot 1-56 were placed in block 1 of experiment, 57-112 in block 2 and 113-168 were place in block 3.

General information					Harvest data					Soil properties					Leaching experiment								Root samples																						
															Date leaching 2	Water holding 2 ml	Leaching 2 (g)	N-NO3(mg/l)	N-NH4(mg/l)	Date leaching	Water holding (ml)	Leaching (g)	Water added (ml)	Mg (mg/kg)	K (mg/kg)	N-NO3 (mg/kg)	N-NO3 (mg/kg)	P-PO4 (mg/kg)	N-NH4 (mg/kg)	SOM (%)	Soil pH	Date harvested	Clover DW	Grass DW	Total DW	Clover WW	Grass WW	Total WW	Treatment2	Treatment	Management	Plot	Pot Nr.	Date root sampled	Root DW(g)
															18.01.16	988.8	211.2	1200	132.98	161.96	24.37	1.20	1.20	1.81	4.04	6.19	08.02.16	7.38	6.12	13.5	39.18	23.46	62.64	No-mix	CNM_1	O	O_1	1	2	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16
															18.01.16	1002.9	197.1	1200	135.49	82.44	26.98	1.20	2.61	3.92	6.00	6.00	08.02.16	7.51	6.76	14.27	41.88	27.79	69.67	No-mix	CNM_3	O	O_3	3	4	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16
															18.01.16	862.6	337.4	1200	126.52	77.95	25.34	1.61	2.41	3.68	6.10	6.10	08.02.16	8.04	5.82	13.86	41.37	23.53	64.90	No-mix	CNM_7	O	O_7	5	6	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16
															18.01.16	877.7	322.3	1200	137.57	60.90	29.64	1.11	2.33	4.52	6.03	6.03	08.02.16	4.97	8.85	13.82	27.33	33.83	61.16	No-mix	CNM_8	O	O_8	7	8	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16
															18.01.16	815.9	384.1	1200	131.58	69.00	30.89	1.00	2.31	4.76	6.00	6.00	08.02.16	6.03	7.62	13.65	33.63	31.24	64.87	No-mix	CNM_9	O	O_9	9	10	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16
															18.01.16	1053.5	146.5	1200	81.53	53.85	26.07	0.70	2.31	4.16	6.13	6.13	08.02.16	8.81	7.06	15.87	48.12	28.16	76.28	No-mix	CNM_12	O	O_12	11	12	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16

24.02.16	24.02.16	23.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	23.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16
12.67	9.16	12.69	10.5	12.84	13.27	6.65	9.6
05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16
956.70	992.40	932.20	869.70	845.60	849.10	911.10	916.20
243.30	207.60	267.80	330.30	354.40	350.90	288.90	283.80
0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00
0.01	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.08	0.04	0.00	0.32
18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16
750.2	1028.5	694.4	791.6	729.7	755.8	1200.0	1009.8
449.8	171.5	505.6	408.4	470.3	444.2		190.2
1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200
104.80	103.59	172.60	144.59	130.40	149.66	119.84	132.98
88.10	98.16	134.70	106.60	89.20	132.36	29.38	161.96
29.97	24.14	32.40	29.72	29.47	39.63	26.88	24.37
2.41	1.91	2.00	1.70	2.04	1.91	1.00	1.20
1.91	1.61	1.50	1.89	2.42	2.01	2.41	1.81
3.22	3.31	4.00	3.68	3.69	3.52	4.23	4.04
5.48	5.89	5.98	5.95	5.69	5.86	5.87	6.19
08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16
7.45	8.94	7.82	9.23	9.14	7.52	2.00	8.72
7.53	6.65	8.22	7.35	8.28	13.07	7.45	6.20
14.98	15.59	16.04	16.58	17.42	20.59	9.45	14.92
45.30	53.58	42.53	53.35	47.68	45.38	8.54	45.07
33.84	28.97	35.46	33.68	36.12	57.87	30.29	24.62
79.14	82.55	77.99	87.03	83.80	103.25	38.83	69.69
No-mix	No-mix	No-mix	No-mix	No-mix	No-mix	No-mix	Mix
CNM_1	CNM_3	CNM_7	CNM_8	CNM_9	CNM_12	CNM_1	CM_2
C	C	C	C	C	C	CL	O
C_1	C_3	C_7	C_8	C_9	C_12	CL_1	O_1
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14

23.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16
14.26	8.53	7.28	9.16	8.19	14.55	11.23	10.86
05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16
1068.40	1060.60	1076.60	1093.60	1101.00	1008.30	964.50	828.20
131.60	139.40	123.40	106.40	99.00	191.70	235.50	371.80
0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00
0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.02	0.06	0.00
18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16
904.1	832.6	808.5	849.2	1015.1	732.6	831.5	895.9
295.9	367.4	391.5	350.8	184.9	467.4	368.5	304.1
1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200
135.49	126.52	137.57	131.58	81.53	104.80	103.59	172.60
82.44	77.95	60.90	69.00	53.85	88.10	98.16	134.70
26.98	25.34	29.64	30.89	26.07	29.97	24.14	32.40
1.20	1.61	1.11	1.00	0.70	2.41	1.91	2.00
2.61	2.41	2.33	2.31	2.31	1.91	1.61	1.50
3.92	3.68	4.52	4.76	4.16	3.22	3.31	4.00
6.00	6.10	6.03	6.00	6.13	5.48	5.89	5.98
08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16
8.67	7.21	6.75	7.57	7.24	7.57	8.58	8.43
7.63	7.35	7.88	6.63	5.79	8.89	7.69	8.14
16.3	14.56	14.63	14.2	13.03	16.46	16.27	16.57
45.04	34.74	36.02	39.87	39.57	44.19	50.94	53.56
29.14	27.19	28.96	25.61	24.44	38.26	32.99	36.13
74.18	61.93	64.98	65.48	64.01	82.45	83.93	89.69
Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix
CM_4	CM_5	CM_6	CM_10	CM_11	CM_2	CM_4	CM_5
O	O	O	O	O	C	C	C
O_3	O_7	O_8	O_9	O_12	C_1	C_3	C_7
15	19	17	18	16	20	11	22

24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16
10.56	10.1	10.26	5.83	6.71	11.21	9.08	8.51
05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16
763.70	829.30	890.80	674.40	820.10	1056.00	1140.70	1101.10
416.30	370.70	309.20	525.60	379.90	144.00	59.30	98.90
0.02	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01
0.03	0.04	0.31	0.00	0.11	0.01	0.01	0.03
18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16
626.4	618.6	686.7	478.4	1036.6	968.9	858.6	879.4
573.6	581.4	513.3	721.6	163.4	231.1	341.4	320.6
1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200
144.59	130.40	149.66	137.69	132.98	135.49	126.52	137.57
106.60	89.20	132.36	39.01	161.96	82.44	77.95	60.90
29.72	29.47	39.63	2.41	24.37	26.98	25.34	29.64
1.70	2.04	1.91	0.60	1.20	1.20	1.61	1.11
1.89	2.42	2.01	12.44	1.81	2.61	2.41	2.33
3.68	3.69	3.52	4.22	4.04	3.92	3.68	4.52
5.95	5.69	5.86	6.08	6.19	6.00	6.10	6.03
08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16
8.81	8.68	5.58	1.05	7.65	8.90	6.93	6.16
7.48	7.24	13.33	8.31	5.58	7.66	7.08	6.82
16.29	15.92	18.91	9.36	13.23	16.56	14.01	12.98
48.11	33.95	36.37	4.54	39.69	46.53	39.69	32.39
32.96	50.23	57.00	39.48	23.20	30.44	31.78	27.57
81.07	84.18	93.37	44.02	62.89	76.97	71.47	59.96
Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Sterile	Sterile	Sterile	Sterile
CM_6	CM_10	CM_11	CM_4	CS_1	CS_3	CS_7	CS_8
C	C	C	CL	O	O	O	O
C_8	C_9	C_12	CL_4	O_1	O_3	O_7	O_8
23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30

23.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	23.02.16
7.88	7.62	12.55	9.11	8.52	9.22	10.27	12.91
05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16
994.50	742.60	1510.40	1028.70	837.00	841.20	924.80	827.10
205.50	457.40	289.60	171.30	363.00	358.80	275.20	372.90
0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01
0.03	0.03	0.00	0.08	0.08	0.01	0.07	0.04
18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16
845.6	904.7	1138.6	889.5	732.2	866.9	695.6	790.0
354.4	295.3	661.4	310.5	467.8	333.1	504.4	410
1200	1200	1800	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200
131.58	81.53	104.80	103.59	172.60	144.59	130.40	149.66
69.00	53.85	88.10	98.16	134.70	106.60	89.20	132.36
30.89	26.07	29.97	24.14	32.40	29.72	29.47	39.63
1.00	0.70	2.41	1.91	2.00	1.70	2.04	1.91
2.31	2.31	1.91	1.61	1.50	1.89	2.42	2.01
4.76	4.16	3.22	3.31	4.00	3.68	3.69	3.52
6.00	6.13	5.48	5.89	5.98	5.95	5.69	5.86
08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16
6.32	7.47	10.03	9.47	8.04	8.83	8.19	6.02
7.68	6.65	8.69	8.24	9.02	7.86	8.24	12.11
14	14.12	18.72	17.71	17.06	16.69	16.43	18.13
33.80	39.89	53.29	53.22	47.70	35.82	48.44	38.60
30.90	26.64	36.00	32.48	40.76	33.66	37.71	51.27
64.70	66.53	89.29	85.70	88.46	69.48	86.15	89.87
Sterile	Sterile	Sterile	Sterile	Sterile	Sterile	Sterile	Sterile
CS_9	CS_12	CS_1	CS_3	CS_7	CS_8	CS_9	CS_12
O	O	C	C	C	C	C	C
O_9	O_12	C_1	C_3	C_7	C_8	C_9	C_12
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38

23.02.16	23.02.16	23.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16
8.36	9.68	14.55	11.5	7.87	6.19	7.32	10.92
05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16
590.90	1018.30	1055.20	988.40	1087.70	1100.40	825.90	892.20
609.10	181.70	144.80	211.60	112.30	99.60	374.10	307.80
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
0.02	0.05	0.15	0.08	0.19	0.15	0.20	0.22
18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16
622.9	930.0	872.2	876.2	944.6	782.9	1014.6	730.7
577.1	270	327.8	323.8	255.4	417.1	185.4	469.3
1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200
	132.98	135.49	126.52	137.57	131.58	81.53	104.80
	161.96	82.44	77.95	60.90	69.00	53.85	88.10
	24.37	26.98	25.34	29.64	30.89	26.07	29.97
	1.20	1.20	1.61	1.11	1.00	0.70	2.41
	1.81	2.61	2.41	2.33	2.31	2.31	1.91
	4.04	3.92	3.68	4.52	4.76	4.16	3.22
	6.19	6.00	6.10	6.03	6.00	6.13	5.48
08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16
1.40	8.51	7.34	8.52	7.58	5.62	6.62	10.66
8.16	5.97	7.83	7.75	6.68	7.03	7.03	7.76
9.56	14.48	15.17	16.27	14.26	12.65	13.65	18.42
5.60	44.05	35.51	48.81	41.54	31.51	33.18	58.87
32.37	23.92	29.71	33.22	27.11	30.36	27.28	33.24
37.97	67.97	65.22	82.03	68.65	61.87	60.46	92.11
No-mix	Potato	Potato	Potato	Potato	Potato	Potato	Potato
CNM_7	PO_1	PO_3	PO_7	PO_8	PO_9	PO_12	PC_1
CL	O	O	O	O	O	O	C
CL_7	O_1	O_3	O_7	O_8	O_9	O_12	C_1
39	40	41	42	43	44	45	49

24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	23.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16	24.02.16
8.18	8.39	9.88	9.03	17.98	5.14	6.08	13.74
05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16	05.02.16
989.90	815.30	820.80	795.20	866.80	453.40	1138.60	1059.00
210.10	384.70	379.20	404.80	333.20	746.60	61.40	141.00
0.01	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.00
0.21	0.20	0.24	0.26	0.28	0.28	0.35	0.30
18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16	18.01.16
841.8	878.5	775.0	698.3	688.5	589.0	1200.0	828.2
358.2	321.5	425	501.7	511.5	611		371.8
1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200
103.59	172.60	144.59	130.40	149.66	104.22	132.98	135.49
98.16	134.70	106.60	89.20	132.36	27.67	161.96	82.44
24.14	32.40	29.72	29.47	39.63	19.75	24.37	26.98
1.91	2.00	1.70	2.04	1.91	0.78	1.20	1.20
1.61	1.50	1.89	2.42	2.01	3.52	1.81	2.61
3.31	4.00	3.68	3.69	3.52	4.56	4.04	3.92
5.89	5.98	5.95	5.69	5.86	5.76	6.19	6.00
08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16	08.02.16
8.50	9.08	8.75	7.54	6.39	0.81	6.75	11.76
8.72	8.08	7.44	6.95	12.63	7.81	6.40	6.87
17.22	17.16	16.19	14.49	19.02	8.62	13.15	18.63
52.91	59.88	47.37	45.53	37.61	2.87	35.76	57.39
32.77	38.55	32.65	32.90	53.95	29.26	26.40	25.34
85.68	98.43	80.02	78.43	91.56	32.13	62.16	82.73
Potato	Potato	Potato	Potato	Potato	Mix	Old	Old
PC_3	PC_7	PC_8	PC_9	PC_12	CM_10	CO_1	CO_3
C	C	C	C	C	CL	O	O
C_3	C_7	C_8	C_9	C_12	CL_10	O_1	O_3
47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54

23.02.16	23.02.16	23.02.16	22.02.16	23.02.16	22.02.16	22.02.16	22.02.16
11.12	9.27	11.73	12.11	13.78	14.71	11.67	10.43
05.02.16	05.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16
1083.70	1039.40	595.20	1083.90	1117.90	841.90	1132.30	1113.00
116.30	160.60	604.80	116.10	82.10	358.10	67.70	87.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.34	0.36	0.35	0.36	0.38	0.39	0.50	0.41
18.01.16	19.01.16	19.01.16	19.01.16	19.01.16	19.01.16	19.01.16	19.01.16
881.4	921.6	974.4	1018.4	930.1	739.4	820.8	1072.6
318.6	278.4	225.6	181.6	269.9	460.6	379.2	127.4
1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200
126.52	137.57	132.98	135.49	126.52	137.57	131.58	81.53
77.95	60.90	161.96	82.44	77.95	60.90	69.00	53.85
25.34	29.64	24.37	26.98	25.34	29.64	30.89	26.07
1.61	1.11	1.20	1.20	1.61	1.11	1.00	0.70
2.41	2.33	1.81	2.61	2.41	2.33	2.31	2.31
3.68	4.52	4.04	3.92	3.68	4.52	4.76	4.16
6.10	6.03	6.19	6.00	6.10	6.03	6.00	6.13
08.02.16	08.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16
10.97	6.44	9.31	10.69	9.29	6.27	7.26	7.64
6.15	7.49	5.71	8.43	7.11	7.85	8.89	6.04
17.12	13.93	15.02	19.12	16.4	14.12	16.15	13.68
53.01	34.04	48.60	53.98	48.63	33.18	36.91	38.32
25.79	30.42	22.89	32.37	27.37	31.35	33.08	23.31
78.80	64.46	71.49	86.35	76.00	64.53	69.99	61.63
Old	Old	No-mix	No-mix	No-mix	No-mix	No-mix	No-mix
CO_7	CO_8	CNM_1	CNM_3	CNM_7	CNM_8	CNM_9	CNM_12
O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
O_7	O_8	O_1	O_3	O_7	O_8	O_9	O_12
55	99	57	88	95	98	19	29

22.02.16	23.02.16	22.02.16	22.02.16	22.02.16	23.02.16	22.02.16	22.02.16
11.89	10.72	10.89	9.61	15.58	15.6	13.07	9.33
06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16
979.20	998.60	905.70	803.90	878.60	884.20	654.20	930.30
220.80	201.40	294.30	396.10	321.40	315.80	545.80	269.70
0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00
0.44	0.43	0.37	0.32	0.32	0.30	0.27	0.26
19.01.16	19.01.16	19.01.16	19.01.16	19.01.16	19.01.16	19.01.16	19.01.16
983.1	1006.8	935.1	932.8	821.9	899.4	910.5	573.2
216.9	193.2	264.9	267.2	378.1	300.6	289.5	626.8
1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200
104.80	103.59	172.60	144.59	130.40	149.66	99.40	132.98
88.10	98.16	134.70	106.60	89.20	132.36	49.50	161.96
29.97	24.14	32.40	29.72	29.47	39.63	31.60	24.37
2.41	1.91	2.00	1.70	2.04	1.91	0.90	1.20
1.91	1.61	1.50	1.89	2.42	2.01	3.30	1.81
3.22	3.31	4.00	3.68	3.69	3.52	4.23	4.04
5.48	5.89	5.98	5.95	5.69	5.86	5.65	6.19
09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16
10.29	10.28	11.22	5.60	7.90	6.77	0.32	7.67
8.60	8.54	8.95	8.91	10.08	13.14	10.03	6.75
18.89	18.82	20.17	14.51	17.98	19.91	10.35	14.42
48.18	58.25	60.34	32.73	44.50	41.04	1.46	38.52
31.85	34.38	35.25	37.71	39.35	57.00	38.23	25.47
80.03	92.63	95.59	70.44	83.85	98.04	39.69	63.99
No-mix	No-mix	No-mix	No-mix	No-mix	No-mix	Mix	Mix
CNM_1	CNM_3	CNM_7	CNM_8	CNM_9	CNM_12	CM_2	CM_2
C	C	C	C	C	C	CL	O
C_1	C_3	C_7	C_8	C_9	C_12	CL_2	O_1
63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70

23.02.16	22.02.16	22.02.16	22.02.16	23.02.16	22.02.16	22.02.16	23.02.16
13.12	11.01	12.81	11.91	10.51	20.78	10.75	14.85
06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16
1130.20	1121.50	875.50	1013.90	732.20	929.20	956.50	804.50
69.80	78.50	324.50	186.10	467.80	270.80	243.50	395.50
0.01	0.01	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00
0.25	0.27	0.26	0.20	0.20	0.16	0.13	0.08
19.01.16	19.01.16	19.01.16	19.01.16	19.01.16	19.01.16	19.01.16	19.01.16
970.5	970.9	968.6	913.5	1076.7	975.9	906.3	1046.9
229.5	229.1	231.4	286.5	123.3	224.1	293.7	153.1
1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200
135.49	126.52	137.57	131.58	81.53	104.80	103.59	172.60
82.44	77.95	60.90	69.00	53.85	88.10	98.16	134.70
26.98	25.34	29.64	30.89	26.07	29.97	24.14	32.40
1.20	1.61	1.11	1.00	0.70	2.41	1.91	2.00
2.61	2.41	2.33	2.31	2.31	1.91	1.61	1.50
3.92	3.68	4.52	4.76	4.16	3.22	3.31	4.00
6.00	6.10	6.03	6.00	6.13	5.48	5.89	5.98
09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16
8.76	11.05	7.03	7.03	7.75	9.60	10.52	8.52
8.78	7.75	7.53	7.74	6.02	9.21	7.94	9.17
17.54	18.8	14.56	14.77	13.77	18.81	18.46	17.69
46.71	54.05	35.86	35.14	40.09	55.74	58.31	54.50
32.15	29.54	27.76	29.34	24.60	37.68	31.51	42.52
78.86	83.59	63.62	64.48	64.69	93.42	89.82	97.02
Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix
CM_4	CM_5	CM_6	CM_10	CM_11	CM_2	CM_4	CM_5
O	O	O	O	O	C	C	C
O_3	O_7	O_8	O_9	O_12	C_1	C_3	C_7
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78

22.02.16	22.02.16	23.02.16	22.02.16	22.02.16	22.02.16	22.02.16	22.02.16
12.56	11.93	11.54	8.13	11.34	12.03	12.98	10.36
06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16
863.20	899.60	815.00	383.50	1099.60	1134.80	1113.00	1053.80
336.80	300.40	385.00	816.50	100.40	65.20	87.00	146.20
0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.01	0.01	0.07	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.11
19.01.16	19.01.16	19.01.16	19.01.16	19.01.16	19.01.16	19.01.16	21.01.16
1069.6	897.2	919.4	1030.4	989.8	1074.4	987.2	887.4
130.4	302.8	280.6	169.6	210.2	125.6	212.8	312.6
1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200
144.59	130.40	149.66	124.36	132.98	135.49	126.52	137.57
106.60	89.20	132.36	46.03	161.96	82.44	77.95	60.90
29.72	29.47	39.63	1.91	24.37	26.98	25.34	29.64
1.70	2.04	1.91	0.70	1.20	1.20	1.61	1.11
1.89	2.42	2.01	12.84	1.81	2.61	2.41	2.33
3.68	3.69	3.52	4.36	4.04	3.92	3.68	4.52
5.95	5.69	5.86	6.04	6.19	6.00	6.10	6.03
09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16
9.10	10.68	6.23	1.31	9.51	10.16	9.44	5.72
7.37	8.44	15.52	7.83	6.71	9.97	7.90	9.35
16.47	19.12	21.75	9.14	16.22	20.13	17.34	15.07
52.00	51.91	39.19	5.35	47.76	50.31	48.60	29.61
32.07	31.66	62.07	30.41	26.45	37.05	30.63	35.67
84.07	83.57	101.26	35.76	74.21	87.36	79.23	65.28
Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Sterile	Sterile	Sterile	Sterile
CM_6	CM_10	CM_11	CM_5	CS_1	CS_3	CS_7	CS_8
C	C	C	CL	O	O	O	O
C_8	C_9	C_12	CL_5	O_1	O_3	O_7	O_8
62	88	16	28	33	48	53	99

22.02.16	22.02.16	22.02.16	22.02.16	23.02.16	22.02.16	22.02.16	23.02.16
10.29	8.53	14.24	12.82	11.65	9.97	14.09	15.12
06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16
1103.00	686.60	1014.30	1018.20	885.40	800.30	791.70	804.20
97.00	513.40	185.70	181.80	314.60	399.70	408.30	395.80
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.03	0.03	0.07	0.10	0.06	0.02	0.01
21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16
1045.8	957.9	1045.2	1056.8	828.6	849.6	698.5	1007.9
154.2	242.1	154.8	143.2	371.4	350.4	501.5	192.1
1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200
131.58	81.53	104.80	103.59	172.60	144.59	130.40	149.66
69.00	53.85	88.10	98.16	134.70	106.60	89.20	132.36
30.89	26.07	29.97	24.14	32.40	29.72	29.47	39.63
1.00	0.70	2.41	1.91	2.00	1.70	2.04	1.91
2.31	2.31	1.91	1.61	1.50	1.89	2.42	2.01
4.76	4.16	3.22	3.31	4.00	3.68	3.69	3.52
6.00	6.13	5.48	5.89	5.98	5.95	5.69	5.86
09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16
6.95	7.22	9.51	11.03	10.62	10.28	9.47	6.45
8.37	6.49	10.02	8.71	9.42	7.76	8.71	14.64
15.32	13.71	19.53	19.74	20.04	18.04	18.18	21.09
33.65	39.06	53.53	60.66	60.08	55.01	49.89	38.96
30.28	25.45	38.24	37.09	40.10	33.11	36.05	59.10
63.93	64.51	91.77	97.75	100.18	88.12	85.94	98.06
Sterile	Sterile	Sterile	Sterile	Sterile	Sterile	Sterile	Sterile
CS_9	CS_12	CS_1	CS_3	CS_7	CS_8	CS_9	CS_12
O	O	C	C	C	C	C	C
O_9	O_12	C_1	C_3	C_7	C_8	C_9	C_12
88	88	68	68	16	26	63	46

22.02.16	22.02.16	22.02.16	22.02.16	23.02.16	22.02.16	22.02.16	22.02.16
5.51	11.79	14.14	15.9	7.2	11.26	11.15	10.42
06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16
371.80	612.90	1083.70	1124.50	1024.10	1021.10	1045.70	989.50
828.20	587.10	116.30	75.50	175.90	178.90	154.30	210.50
0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.05	0.10	0.09	0.12	0.23	0.08	0.03	0.02
21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16
965.3	988.7	889.9	1099.8	1027.9	961.5	961.9	1015.9
234.7	211.3	310.1	100.2	172.1	238.5	238.1	184.1
1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200
88.05	132.98	135.49	126.52	137.57	131.58	81.53	104.80
22.14	161.96	82.44	77.95	60.90	69.00	53.85	88.10
31.21	24.37	26.98	25.34	29.64	30.89	26.07	29.97
0.80	1.20	1.20	1.61	1.11	1.00	0.70	2.41
2.89	1.81	2.61	2.41	2.33	2.31	2.31	1.91
4.25	4.04	3.92	3.68	4.52	4.76	4.16	3.22
5.59	6.19	6.00	6.10	6.03	6.00	6.13	5.48
09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16
0.91	6.84	10.70	12.05	8.90	7.25	10.51	9.98
7.48	6.12	8.21	7.54	7.90	8.25	6.44	8.96
8.39	12.96	18.91	19.59	16.8	15.5	16.95	18.94
3.23	36.54	51.37	57.22	45.66	37.64	52.58	57.97
28.12	23.37	30.00	27.72	28.42	30.33	22.64	36.59
31.35	59.91	81.37	84.94	74.08	67.97	75.22	94.56
No-mix	Potato	Potato	Potato	Potato	Potato	Potato	Potato
CNM_8	PO_1	PO_3	PO_7	PO_8	PO_9	PO_12	PC_1
CL	O	O	O	O	O	O	C
CL_8	O_1	O_3	O_7	O_8	O_9	O_12	C_1
96	96	66	88	66	100	101	102

22.02.16	22.02.16	22.02.16	23.02.16	22.02.16	22.02.16	22.02.16	23.02.16
14.58	15.73	9.34	12.08	16.53	7.96	11.47	12.81
06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16
1045.20	871.60	904.50	804.40	840.10	450.10	640.10	1071.90
154.80	328.40	295.50	395.60	359.90	749.90	559.90	128.10
0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00
0.03	0.03	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.07	0.03
21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16
936.9	820.4	898.8	868.1	1011.5	961.5	977.9	810.3
263.1	379.6	301.2	331.9	188.5	238.5	222.1	389.7
1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200
103.59	172.60	144.59	130.40	149.66	115.80	132.98	135.49
98.16	134.70	106.60	89.20	132.36	31.20	161.96	82.44
24.14	32.40	29.72	29.47	39.63	31.10	24.37	26.98
1.91	2.00	1.70	2.04	1.91	0.80	1.20	1.20
1.61	1.50	1.89	2.42	2.01	3.00	1.81	2.61
3.31	4.00	3.68	3.69	3.52	4.48	4.04	3.92
5.89	5.98	5.95	5.69	5.86	5.92	6.19	6.00
09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16	09.02.16
10.92	12.71	9.98	8.51	5.24	1.01	9.45	9.52
7.98	8.16	7.84	9.47	15.18	8.63	6.03	9.69
18.9	20.87	17.82	17.98	20.42	9.64	15.48	19.21
59.74	69.39	60.57	51.96	32.79	3.64	47.49	48.37
32.87	37.16	35.65	38.88	62.12	33.76	24.33	35.80
92.61	106.55	96.22	90.84	94.91	37.40	71.82	84.17
Potato	Potato	Potato	Potato	Potato	Mix	Old	Old
PC_3	PC_7	PC_8	PC_9	PC_12	CM_11	CO_1	CO_3
C	C	C	C	C	CL	O	O
C_3	C_7	C_8	C_9	C_12	CL_11	O_1	O_3
103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110

23.02.16	22.02.16	08.03.16	09.03.16	08.03.16	09.03.16	09.03.16	09.03.16
10.3	12.13	7.89	9.35	10.22	7.08	7.69	6.71
06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16
1085.20	1119.70	779.60	1040.40	1113.80	703.00	872.90	903.80
114.80	80.30	420.40	159.60	86.20	497.00	327.10	296.20
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.04	0.03	0.06	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.02
21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16
848.6	630.3	1200.0	992.8	990.6	1052.3	1014.8	1021.1
351.4	569.7		207.2	209.4	147.7	185.2	178.9
1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200
126.52	137.57	132.98	135.49	126.52	137.57	131.58	81.53
77.95	60.90	161.96	82.44	77.95	60.90	69.00	53.85
25.34	29.64	24.37	26.98	25.34	29.64	30.89	26.07
1.61	1.11	1.20	1.20	1.61	1.11	1.00	0.70
2.41	2.33	1.81	2.61	2.41	2.33	2.31	2.31
3.68	4.52	4.04	3.92	3.68	4.52	4.76	4.16
6.10	6.03	6.19	6.00	6.10	6.03	6.00	6.13
09.02.16	09.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16
8.93	8.00	10.23	10.19	9.34	6.44	9.48	7.09
7.45	8.37	6.83	8.95	8.81	9.22	7.09	7.10
16.38	16.37	17.06	19.14	18.15	15.66	16.57	14.19
48.75	40.79	50.64	50.33	51.25	32.77	50.12	35.98
29.14	29.87	25.15	33.53	35.10	34.64	28.47	26.58
77.89	70.66	75.79	83.86	86.35	67.41	78.59	62.56
Old	Old	No-mix	No-mix	No-mix	No-mix	No-mix	No-mix
CO_7	CO_8	CNM_1	CNM_3	CNM_7	CNM_8	CNM_9	CNM_12
O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
O_7	O_8	O_1	O_3	O_7	O_8	O_9	O_12
111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118

09.03.16	09.03.16	09.03.16	09.03.16	09.03.16	08.03.16	09.03.16	08.03.16
12.53	13.06	9.98	14.18	9.55	9.91	5.17	6.41
06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16
865.70	981.20	795	863.7	1008.1	823.8	395.80	613.70
334.30	218.80	405	336.3	191.9	376.2	804.20	586.30
0.00	0.00	0.01	2.37	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00
0.07	0.01	0.02	0.28	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16
848.1	1056.6	837.2	875.9	881.5	792.5	482.5	1065.1
351.9	143.4	362.8	324.1	318.5	407.5	717.5	134.9
1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200
104.80	103.59	172.60	144.59	130.40	149.66	109.93	132.98
88.10	98.16	134.70	106.60	89.20	132.36	35.70	161.96
29.97	24.14	32.40	29.72	29.47	39.63	24.34	24.37
2.41	1.91	2.00	1.70	2.04	1.91	0.80	1.20
1.91	1.61	1.50	1.89	2.42	2.01	2.31	1.81
3.22	3.31	4.00	3.68	3.69	3.52	4.34	4.04
5.48	5.89	5.98	5.95	5.69	5.86	5.59	6.19
10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16
10.31	12.20	11.64	11.29	8.71	8.36	2.58	8.65
9.28	8.31	8.58	7.97	8.98	13.26	9.51	6.05
19.59	20.51	20.22	19.26	17.69	21.62	12.09	14.7
55.38	62.52	62.40	63.68	49.31	48.13	12.07	44.06
37.98	32.92	37.43	34.67	35.10	51.54	33.50	24.17
93.36	95.44	99.83	98.35	84.41	99.67	45.57	68.23
No-mix	No-mix	No-mix	No-mix	No-mix	No-mix	No-mix	Mix
CNM_1	CNM_3	CNM_7	CNM_8	CNM_9	CNM_12	CNM_3	CM_2
C	C	C	C	C	C	CL	O
C_1	C_3	C_7	C_8	C_9	C_12	CL_3	O_1
119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126

09.03.16	09.03.16	08.03.16	09.03.16	08.03.16	09.03.16	09.03.16	09.03.16
11.03	16.32	6.88	7.19	5.55	11.62	9.38	12.45
06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16
1075.70	976.50	960.80	804.00	676.20	916.80	946.90	794.90
124.30	223.50	239.20	396.00	523.80	283.20	253.10	405.10
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
0.00	0.03	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04
21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16
1051.5	1037.5	1012.7	1040.9	1001.6	884.4	1025.7	857.8
148.5	162.5	187.3	159.1	198.4	315.6	174.3	342.2
1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200
135.49	126.52	137.57	131.58	81.53	104.80	103.59	172.60
82.44	77.95	60.90	69.00	53.85	88.10	98.16	134.70
26.98	25.34	29.64	30.89	26.07	29.97	24.14	32.40
1.20	1.61	1.11	1.00	0.70	2.41	1.91	2.00
2.61	2.41	2.33	2.31	2.31	1.91	1.61	1.50
3.92	3.68	4.52	4.76	4.16	3.22	3.31	4.00
6.00	6.10	6.03	6.00	6.13	5.48	5.89	5.98
10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16
10.12	10.45	7.87	7.74	6.45	11.08	9.95	12.73
7.92	8.02	8.33	8.32	7.42	8.01	7.16	9.90
18.04	18.47	16.2	16.06	13.87	19.09	17.11	22.63
51.74	54.19	39.33	42.04	33.13	60.05	56.29	63.45
30.92	32.20	30.55	32.80	27.07	35.24	33.03	40.92
82.66	86.39	69.88	74.84	60.20	95.29	89.32	104.37
Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix
CM_4	CM_5	CM_6	CM_10	CM_11	CM_2	CM_4	CM_5
O	O	O	O	O	C	C	C
O_3	O_7	O_8	O_9	O_12	C_1	C_3	C_7
127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134

08.03.16	08.03.16	09.03.16	09.03.16	08.03.16	08.03.16	08.03.16	09.03.16
9.84	8.71	12.23	4.45	6.24	7.99	9.48	6.71
06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16
799.30	881.30	828.30	2.40	835.00	1004.70	1041.30	885.60
400.70	318.70	371.70	1197.60	365.00	195.30	158.70	314.40
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.02
21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16
895.1	934.0	954.5	270.7	1097.2	1024.7	1014.8	984.8
304.9	266	245.5	929.3	102.8	175.3	185.2	215.2
1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200
144.59	130.40	149.66		132.98	135.49	126.52	137.57
106.60	89.20	132.36		161.96	82.44	77.95	60.90
29.72	29.47	39.63		24.37	26.98	25.34	29.64
1.70	2.04	1.91		1.20	1.20	1.61	1.11
1.89	2.42	2.01		1.81	2.61	2.41	2.33
3.68	3.69	3.52		4.04	3.92	3.68	4.52
5.95	5.69	5.86		6.19	6.00	6.10	6.03
10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16
10.96	10.62	5.03	0.87	8.62	9.04	11.81	7.31
8.19	9.19	15.36	4.74	6.09	9.59	8.16	8.38
19.15	19.81	20.39	5.61	14.71	18.63	19.97	15.69
60.31	56.44	30.16	4.20	45.05	49.91	59.29	35.92
33.65	35.54	60.82	23.20	23.50	37.90	31.84	30.27
93.96	91.98	90.98	27.40	68.55	87.81	91.13	66.19
Mix	Mix	Mix	Mix	Sterile	Sterile	Sterile	Sterile
CM_6	CM_10	CM_11	CM_6	CS_1	CS_3	CS_7	CS_8
C	C	C	CL	O	O	O	O
C_8	C_9	C_12	CL_6	O_1	O_3	O_7	O_8
135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142

08.03.16	09.03.16	09.03.16	08.03.16	08.03.16	09.03.16	08.03.16	08.03.16
7.16	6.51	11.82	11.46	10.78	12.16	8.66	14.61
06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16
1023.00	526.90	883.30	1076.30	775.40	840.30	856.40	888.50
177.00	673.10	316.70	123.70	424.60	359.70	343.60	311.50
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.04	0.03	0.04
21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16
1031.2	991.3	993.7	1050.0	861.1	924.4	908.9	873.1
168.8	208.7	206.3	150	338.9	275.6	291.1	326.9
1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200
131.58	81.53	104.80	103.59	172.60	144.59	130.40	149.66
69.00	53.85	88.10	98.16	134.70	106.60	89.20	132.36
30.89	26.07	29.97	24.14	32.40	29.72	29.47	39.63
1.00	0.70	2.41	1.91	2.00	1.70	2.04	1.91
2.31	2.31	1.91	1.61	1.50	1.89	2.42	2.01
4.76	4.16	3.22	3.31	4.00	3.68	3.69	3.52
6.00	6.13	5.48	5.89	5.98	5.95	5.69	5.86
10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16
9.85	6.08	10.78	12.98	11.41	11.94	9.60	7.59
7.51	7.92	8.48	9.23	9.87	8.02	8.44	15.88
17.36	14	19.26	22.21	21.28	19.96	18.04	23.47
52.58	30.81	58.80	60.38	66.35	61.00	51.16	41.71
29.28	29.62	34.96	33.33	44.02	34.49	34.62	58.05
81.86	60.43	93.76	93.71	110.37	95.49	85.78	99.76
Sterile	Sterile	Sterile	Sterile	Sterile	Sterile	Sterile	Sterile
CS_9	CS_12	CS_1	CS_3	CS_7	CS_8	CS_9	CS_12
O	O	C	C	C	C	C	C
O_9	O_12	C_1	C_3	C_7	C_8	C_9	C_12
143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150

08.03.16	09.03.16	08.03.16	09.03.16	09.03.16	09.03.16	08.03.16	09.03.16
4.97	7.31	8.84	12.38	6.32	8.93	6.58	9.98
06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16
368.40	803.90	1096.80	995.60	735.70	1105.30	693.30	842.90
831.60	396.10	103.20	204.40	464.30	94.70	506.70	357.10
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.04	0.07	0.05	0.05	0.24	0.04	0.07	0.04
21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16
603.7	1078.5	1014.2	1029.3	915.9	995.7	1061.6	937.4
596.3	121.5	185.8	170.7	284.1	204.3	138.4	262.6
1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200
94.74	132.98	135.49	126.52	137.57	131.58	81.53	104.80
32.59	161.96	82.44	77.95	60.90	69.00	53.85	88.10
33.59	24.37	26.98	25.34	29.64	30.89	26.07	29.97
0.70	1.20	1.20	1.61	1.11	1.00	0.70	2.41
3.72	1.81	2.61	2.41	2.33	2.31	2.31	1.91
4.58	4.04	3.92	3.68	4.52	4.76	4.16	3.22
5.53	6.19	6.00	6.10	6.03	6.00	6.13	5.48
10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16
0.88	8.73	10.36	11.14	7.53	11.42	8.68	10.04
8.47	6.30	9.05	8.85	8.43	7.36	6.60	10.29
9.35	15.03	19.41	19.99	15.96	18.78	15.28	20.33
3.11	44.34	53.49	55.73	40.54	58.68	44.64	54.35
31.75	23.88	35.13	33.96	32.51	48.65	25.05	41.91
34.86	68.22	88.62	89.69	73.05	107.33	69.69	96.26
No-mix	Potato	Potato	Potato	Potato	Potato	Potato	Potato
CNM_9	PO_1	PO_3	PO_7	PO_8	PO_9	PO_12	PC_1
CL	O	O	O	O	O	O	C
CL_9	O_1	O_3	O_7	O_8	O_9	O_12	C_1
151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158

09.03.16	08.03.16	09.03.16	08.03.16	08.03.16	09.03.16	08.03.16	09.03.16
9.61	13.74	12.94	10.11	8.92	5.5	9.88	7.74
06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16	06.02.16
993.90	755.90	878.20	867.80	825.70	595.80	942.40	793.00
206.10	444.10	321.80	332.20	374.30	604.20	257.60	407.00
0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.05	0.06	0.07	0.05	0.05	0.07	0.05	0.08
21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16	21.01.16
1007.4	848.7	867.4	943.9	903.1	690.9	996.3	1028.8
192.6	351.3	332.6	256.1	296.9	509.1	203.7	171.2
1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200	1200
103.59	172.60	144.59	130.40	149.66	106.81	131.58	81.53
98.16	134.70	106.60	89.20	132.36	25.24	69.00	53.85
24.14	32.40	29.72	29.47	39.63	31.98	30.89	26.07
1.91	2.00	1.70	2.04	1.91	0.70	1.00	0.70
1.61	1.50	1.89	2.42	2.01	3.32	2.31	2.31
3.31	4.00	3.68	3.69	3.52	4.54	4.76	4.16
5.89	5.98	5.95	5.69	5.86	5.67	6.00	6.13
10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16	10.02.16
10.76	10.70	10.81	11.29	7.68	0.63	9.72	9.21
8.21	9.58	8.64	8.03	14.01	8.71	7.47	6.00
18.97	20.28	19.45	19.32	21.69	9.34	17.19	15.21
60.81	55.61	57.00	58.92	42.98	2.23	47.17	46.94
33.45	39.28	36	33.91	52.49	33.61	28.18	22.46
94.26	94.89	93.00	92.83	95.47	35.84	75.35	69.40
Potato	Potato	Potato	Potato	Potato	No-mix	Old	Old
PC_3	PC_7	PC_8	PC_9	PC_12	CNM_12	CO_9	CO_12
C	C	C	C	C	CL	O	O
C_3	C_7	C_8	C_9	C_12	CL_12	O_9	O_12
159	160	161	162	163	164	165	169

08.03.16	09.03.16
7.62	7.46
06.02.16	06.02.16
935.50	658.50
264.50	541.50
0.00	0.00
0.07	0.07
21.01.16	21.01.16
959.5	1038.8
240.5	161.2
1200	1200
131.58	81.53
69.00	53.85
30.89	26.07
1.00	0.70
2.31	2.31
4.76	4.16
6.00	6.13
10.02.16	10.02.16
8.04	9.20
7.83	5.95
15.87	15.15
42.29	45.68
31.32	22.37
73.61	68.05
Old	Old
CO_9	CO_12
O	O
O_9	O_12
167	168

Appendix 14 – Part 2 of 2 of the table containing all collected data from current experiment. Pot 1-56 were placed in block 1 of experiment, 57-112 in block 2 and 113-168 were place in block 3.

	Nutrients inoculum (donor soil)						Crop NPK						Soil vol. end	Monitoring soil moisture (every 2 weeks)						Water holding capacity	Recipient soil and inoculum												
	Inoc.Mg	Inoc.K	Inoc..N.NO3	Inoc.P.PO4	Inoc.N.NH4	Percent K	ppm K	Percent P	ppm P	Percent. N	ppm N	Sample (g)		Soil vol. (L)	Soil surface (cm below)	Weight after harvest	Pot W12 (g)	Pot W10 (g)	Pot W8 (g)		Pot W6 (g)	Pot W4 (g)	Pot W2 (g)	Pot weight WHC 60% (g)	WHC 60%	WHC 100%	Pot soil dry (g)	Per pot (g)	Dry weight	Moisture content (init.)	Inoculum (ml)	Inoculum (g)	Soil (g)
	119.8	29.38	26.88	1	2.41								3.138	5.0	3953.5	3953.5	3953.5	4312	4512	3550	3514	3658	3654.02	18.0%	30.0%	3109.44	100	3025.44	12%	75	84	3438	1
	109.9	35.7	24.34	0.8	2.31								2.945	5.8	3827.4	3827.4	3827.4	3968	4234	3470	3418	3535	3521.13	18.0%	30.0%	2996.82	100	2912.82	14%	75	84	3387	2
													3.162	4.9	4369.6	4369.6	4369.6	3942	4195	3527	3519	3662	3661.04	17.9%	29.8%	3119.08	100	3031.08	13%	75	88	3484	3
	88	22.14	31.21	0.8	2.89								3.114	5.1	3813.9	3813.9	3813.9	3769	3984	3292	3379	3455	3363.31	19.7%	32.8%	2824.56	100	2737.56	16%	75	87	3259	4
	94.7	32.59	33.59	0.7	3.72								3.162	4.9	4209.8	4209.8	4209.8	4083	4316	3575	3624	3807	3804.77	19.1%	31.8%	3208.60	100	3124.60	15%	75	84	3676	5
	106.8	25.24	31.98	0.7	3.32								3.259	4.5	4143.6	4143.6	4143.6	4042	4320	3649	3617	3709	3653.72	19.4%	32.4%	3073.04	100	2987.04	16%	75	86	3556	6

119.8	109.9		88	94.7	106.8	119.8	99.4
29.38	35.7		22.14	32.59	25.24	29.38	49.5
26.88	24.34		31.21	33.59	31.98	26.88	31.6
1	0.8		0.8	0.7	0.7	1	0.9
2.41	2.31		2.89	3.72	3.32	2.41	3.3
3.210	3.235	3.162	3.186	3.090	3.066	3.283	3.210
4.7	4.6	4.9	4.8	5.2	5.3	4.4	4.7
3924.1	3821.3	4359.6	3896.6	3743.6	3721.5	4759.3	4054.9
3924.1	3821.3	4359.6	3896.6	3743.6	3721.5	4759.3	4054.9
3890	3909	4030	4097	3931	4221	4469	4348
4076	4037	4093	4145	3947	4064	4553	4527
3520	3586	3787	3879	3648	3710	3908	3612
3562	3562	3745	3787	3686	3752	4071	3578
3724	3664	3880	3922	3798	3874	4193	3706
3724.62	3605.68	3833.91	3601.57	3750.95	3751.52	4178.00	3706.02
17.5%	16.4%	19.1%	18.1%	18.2%	17.4%	0.0%	18.0%
29.1%	27.3%	31.9%	30.1%	30.4%	29.0%		30.0%
3183.16	3110.30	3231.48	3063.48	3185.28	3207.80	4178.00	3153.20
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
3101.16	3024.30	3147.48	2979.48	3101.28	3124.80	4098.00	3071.20
14%	15%	16%	16%	16%	16%		12%
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
82	86	84	84	84	83	80	82
3606	3558	3747	3547	3692	3720	4098	3490
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14

137.7	124.4		104.2	115.8	99.4	137.7	124.4
39.01	46.03		27.67	31.2	49.5	39.01	46.03
2.41	1.91		19.75	31.1	31.6	2.41	1.91
0.6	0.7		0.78	0.8	0.9	0.6	0.7
12.44	12.84		3.52	3	3.3	12.44	12.84
3.090	2.993	3.283	3.186	3.162	3.235	3.090	3.041
5.2	5.6	4.4	4.8	4.9	4.6	5.2	5.4
3778.5	4143.1	3945.7	4085.7	4083.1	3824.6	3694.9	3532.8
3778.5	4143.1	3945.7	4085.7	4083.1	3824.6	3694.9	3532.8
3778.5	4143.1	3945.7	4085.7	4083.1	3824.6	3694.9	3532.8
3854	3826	3813	3906	3851	4140	3879	3887
4114	3946	4013	4274	4162	4246	4094	3870
3434	3361	3555	3555	3528	3672	3490	3516
3439	3423	3531	3517	3436	3592	3449	3465
3575	3582	3656	3624	3576	3760	3566	3578
3569.79	3580.15	3560.37	3497.97	3482.16	3683.12	3518.61	3556.69
18.0%	17.9%	19.7%	19.1%	19.4%	17.5%	16.4%	19.1%
30.0%	29.8%	32.8%	31.8%	32.4%	29.1%	27.3%	31.9%
3038.52	3049.70	2988.56	2952.40	2929.40	3149.02	3035.20	2999.28
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
2951.52	2966.70	2905.56	2859.40	2843.40	3059.02	2951.20	2912.28
14%	13%	16%	15%	16%	14%	15%	16%
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
87	83	83	93	86	90	84	87
3432	3410	3459	3364	3385	3557	3472	3467
5	9	17	8	6	20	12	22

	104.2		137.7	119.8	109.9		88
	27.67		39.01	29.38	35.7		22.14
	19.75		2.41	26.88	24.34		31.21
	0.78		0.6	1	0.8		0.8
	3.52		12.44	2.41	2.31		2.89
3.090	3.307	3.041	3.017	3.162	3.162	3.235	3.162
5.2	4.3	5.4	5.5	4.9	4.9	4.6	4.9
3504.7	3837.5	3517.2	5037.7	4018.3	3869.2	4002.4	4117.5
3504.7	3837.5	3517.2	5037.7	4018.3	3869.2	4002.4	4117.5
3931	3995	3851	4754	4367	3876	3915	3840
3973	4106	3801	5169	4519	4081	4229	4121
3516	3714	3378	5030	3608	3504	3521	3490
3513	3700	3399	5022	3535	3477	3499	3500
3600	3866	3530	5120	3664	3623	3626	3633
3569.86	3646.67	3442.92	5291.00	3642.21	3618.47	3615.84	3489.95
18.1%	18.2%	17.4%	0.0%	18.0%	18.0%	17.9%	19.7%
30.1%	30.4%	29.0%		30.0%	30.0%	29.8%	32.8%
3037.08	3097.08	2945.68	5291.00	3100.96	3080.08	3081.19	2931.20
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
2950.08	3013.08	2857.68	5203.00	3006.96	2991.08	2990.19	2839.20
16%	16%	16%		12%	14%	13%	16%
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
87	84	88	88	94	89	91	92
3512	3587	3402	5203	3417	3478	3437	3380
23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30

94.7	106.8	119.8	109.9		88	94.7	106.8
32.59	25.24	29.38	35.7		22.14	32.59	25.24
33.59	31.98	26.88	24.34		31.21	33.59	31.98
0.7	0.7	1	0.8		0.8	0.7	0.7
3.72	3.32	2.41	2.31		2.89	3.72	3.32
3.114	3.090	3.090	3.090	3.041	3.210	3.041	2.969
5.1	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.4	4.7	5.4	5.7
4048.7	4034.8	3702.0	3552.6	3427.5	3925.8	3568.4	3486.4
4048.7	4034.8	3702.0	3552.6	3427.5	3925.8	3568.4	3486.4
4119	4321	3784	3834	3863	4129	3902	3797
4289	4492	4093	4129	4024	4107	3871	3714
3569	3530	3487	3425	3506	3766	3524	3379
3579	3561	3478	3409	3450	3748	3514	3402
3711	3655	3607	3550	3542	3880	3632	3525
3553.69	3590.49	3569.99	3444.47	3504.65	3799.93	3512.62	3396.51
19.1%	19.4%	17.5%	16.4%	19.1%	18.1%	18.2%	17.4%
31.8%	32.4%	29.1%	27.3%	31.9%	30.1%	30.4%	29.0%
2998.55	3021.40	3052.70	2972.20	2955.60	3231.80	2984.64	2905.56
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
2909.55	2927.40	2962.70	2883.20	2868.60	3145.80	2894.64	2821.56
15%	16%	14%	15%	16%	16%	16%	16%
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
89	94	90	89	87	86	90	84
3423	3485	3445	3392	3415	3745	3446	3359
15	25	35	45	55	65	75	85

	133	135.5	126.5	137.6	131.6	81.5	104.8
	161.96	82.44	77.95	60.9	69	53.85	88.1
	24.37	26.98	25.34	29.64	30.89	26.07	29.97
	1.2	1.2	1.61	1.11	1	0.7	2.41
	1.81	2.61	2.41	2.33	2.31	2.31	1.91
3.283	3.235	3.162	3.162	3.186	3.210	3.162	3.090
4.4	4.6	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.9	5.2
4661.8	4195.7	4343.9	3942.4	4045.9	4167.8	4000.9	3761.1
4661.8	4195.7	4343.9	3942.4	4045.9	4167.8	4000.9	3761.1
4655	4281	4022	4189	3892	3959	4447	3889
4849	4467	4255	4391	4069	4223	4571	3889
4146	3730	3576	3608	3504	3499	3672	3549
4265	3713	3584	3611	3511	3546	3620	3535
4416	3815	3690	3761	3622	3688	3735	3673
4321.00	3792.13	3693.61	3754.54	3564.41	3578.06	3673.77	3666.96
0.0%	18.0%	18.0%	17.9%	19.7%	19.1%	19.4%	17.5%
	30.0%	30.0%	29.8%	32.8%	31.8%	32.4%	29.1%
4321.00	3226.48	3143.30	3197.34	2991.60	3018.05	3090.80	3135.26
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
4235.00	3142.48	3057.30	3116.34	2910.60	2935.05	2998.80	3045.26
	12%	14%	13%	16%	15%	16%	14%
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
86	84	86	81	81	83	92	90
4235	3571	3555	3582	3465	3453	3570	3541
69	40	41	42	43	44	45	49

103.6	172.6	144.6	149.7	130.4	104.2		
98.16	134.7	106.6	132.36	89.2	27.67		
24.14	32.4	29.72	39.63	29.47	19.75		
1.91	2	1.7	1.91	2.04	0.78		
1.61	1.5	1.89	2.01	2.42	3.52		
3.186	3.066	2.993	3.186	3.041	3.379	3.331	3.066
4.8	5.3	5.6	4.8	5.4	4.0	4.2	5.3
4032.8	3605.7	3454.0	3767.5	3490.7	4825.9	4212.3	3833.8
4032.8	3605.7	3454.0	3767.5	3490.7	4825.9	4212.3	3833.8
4102	3816	3896	3887	3881	4746	4184	3926
4202	3806	3994	4012	3929	4908	4519	4314
3692	3487	3461	3617	3534	4277	3795	3522
3700	3490	3502	3678	3500	4420	3732	3524
3844	3623	3600	3757	3595	4624	3824	3659
3757.10	3531.67	3497.48	3695.33	3518.80	4490.00	3824.16	3654.04
16.4%	19.1%	18.1%	18.2%	17.4%	0.0%	18.0%	18.0%
27.3%	31.9%	30.1%	30.4%	29.0%		30.0%	30.0%
3241.25	2977.64	2975.92	3138.24	3009.72	4490.00	3254.24	3109.76
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
3149.25	2894.64	2887.92	3054.24	2925.72	4398.00	3166.24	3023.76
15%	16%	16%	16%	16%		12%	14%
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
92	83	88	84	84	92	88	86
3705	3446	3438	3636	3483	4398	3598	3516
47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54

		119.8	109.9		88	94.7	106.8
		29.38	35.7		22.14	32.59	25.24
		26.88	24.34		31.21	33.59	31.98
		1	0.8		0.8	0.7	0.7
		2.41	2.31		2.89	3.72	3.32
		0.84	1.38	1.15	0.81	0.98	0.84
		50.96	83.17	68.16	48.08	62.81	50.53
		0.279	0.215	0.251	0.297	0.238	0.253
		16.7	13.24	15.05	17.5	15.38	15.23
		1.6	1.29	1.41	1.73	1.32	1.61
		91.98	75.32	80.72	97.98	81.47	92.28
		0.2869	0.2914	0.2863	0.2828	0.3089	0.287
		3.162	3.041	3.259	3.283	3.235	3.162
		3.259	3.283	3.235	3.162	3.404	3.307
4.9	5.4	4.5	4.4	4.6	4.9	3.9	4.3
3673.6	3747.5	4179.6	4129.6	4135.0	4227.9	4561.7	4019.2
3673.6	3747.5	4179.6	4129.6	4135.0	4227.9	4561.7	4019.2
3931	3748	4503	4289	4222	4072	4384	4062
4289	4007	4414	4410	4468	4048	4609	4011
3490	3355	3648	3835	3810	3613	3942	3604
3517	3364	3559	3872	3738	3473	3845	3540
3627	3482	3730	4000	3936	3694	4051	3718
3620.12	3434.70	3725.63	3978.83	3897.02	3677.00	4068.95	3704.88
17.9%	19.7%	18.0%	18.0%	17.9%	19.7%	19.1%	19.4%
29.8%	32.8%	30.0%	30.0%	29.8%	32.8%	31.8%	32.4%
3083.76	2883.72	3170.28	3384.40	3318.66	3085.84	3430.45	3116.20
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
2999.76	2799.72	3085.28	3302.40	3234.66	3003.84	3346.45	3028.20
13%	16%	12%	14%	13%	16%	15%	16%
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
84	84	85	82	84	82	84	88
3448	3333	3506	3840	3718	3576	3937	3605
59	99	57	89	99	99	19	92

119.8	109.9		88	94.7	106.8	99.4	99.4
29.38	35.7		22.14	32.59	25.24	49.5	49.5
26.88	24.34		31.21	33.59	31.98	31.6	31.6
1	0.8		0.8	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.9
2.41	2.31		2.89	3.72	3.32	3.3	3.3
1.71	1.87	5.17	2.42	1.91	2.25	1.01	1.01
99.48	113.77	297	138	110.39	136.78	61.523	63.306
0.227	0.241	0.248	0.237	0.221	0.233	0.208	0.264
13.55	15.05	14.83	13.97	13.15	14.65	12.84	16.67
1.22	1.45	1.48	1.16	1.09	0.94	0.53	1.42
69.02	86.72	84.17	65.27	61.52	55.97	30.91	85.67
0.2829	0.2981	0.2848	0.2805	0.2818	0.299	0.2912	0.3023
3.186	3.162	3.066	3.066	3.186	3.210	3.331	3.162
4.8	4.9	5.3	5.3	4.8	4.7	4.2	4.9
3581.4	3819.3	3487.6	3622.4	3774.3	3699.5	4441.4	4173.4
3581.4	3819.3	3487.6	3622.4	3774.3	3699.5	4441.4	4173.4
4014	4253	4025	3907	4072	4055	4213	4113
4105	3978	3644	3962	3853	3917	3988	4078
3683	3698	3544	3561	3714	3644	3773	3582
3628	3660	3504	3571	3662	3632	3914	3500
3830	3805	3633	3646	3833	3801	4030	3747
3812.48	3764.89	3629.75	3646.23	3758.90	3694.35	4033.00	3739.09
17.5%	16.4%	19.1%	18.1%	18.2%	17.4%	0.0%	18.0%
29.1%	27.3%	31.9%	30.1%	30.4%	29.0%		30.0%
3258.40	3246.40	3059.96	3101.92	3192.00	3159.40	4033.00	3181.84
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
3173.40	3165.40	2976.96	3013.92	3108.00	3074.40	3943.00	3095.84
14%	15%	16%	16%	16%	16%		12%
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
85	81	83	88	84	85	90	86
3690	3724	3544	3588	3700	3660	3943	3518
63	64	65	69	69	68	69	70

137.7	124.4		104.2	115.8	99.4	137.7	124.4
39.01	46.03		27.67	31.2	49.5	39.01	46.03
2.41	1.91		19.75	31.1	31.6	2.41	1.91
0.6	0.7		0.78	0.8	0.9	0.6	0.7
12.44	12.84		3.52	3	3.3	12.44	12.84
1.35	1.17	0.99	0.92	0.76	1.97	1.97	2.83
81.098	70.4	60.173	57.511	45.095	117.295	117.511	162.473
0.231	0.23	0.234	0.264	0.296	0.246	0.249	0.27
14.16	14.04	14.28	16.52	17.35	15.02	15.26	15.97
1.31	1.28	1.27	1.49	1.85	1.19	1.4	1.68
76.67	73.97	73.97	89.28	104.13	69.32	81.92	94.83
0.2918	0.29	0.2901	0.2995	0.2807	0.2907	0.292	0.2824
3.283	3.283	3.259	3.307	3.186	3.186	3.186	3.162
4.4	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.9
4116.1	4085.7	4134.5	4272.4	4147.5	3956.4	3929.6	3693.8
4116.1	4085.7	4134.5	4272.4	4147.5	3956.4	3929.6	3693.8
4092	4295	4436	4032	4306	4155	4070	3963
4071	4601	4434	3976	4406	4152	4310	3991
3780	3905	3723	3618	3615	3744	3734	3665
3705	3808	3670	3548	3538	3650	3671	3570
3908	4003	3854	3712	3679	3861	3821	3699
3904.69	4002.70	3734.30	3636.65	3624.63	3642.78	3796.57	3661.77
18.0%	17.9%	19.7%	19.1%	19.4%	17.5%	16.4%	19.1%
30.0%	29.8%	32.8%	31.8%	32.4%	29.1%	27.3%	31.9%
3322.18	3408.01	3133.72	3068.70	3048.52	3284.20	3273.90	3086.84
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
3236.18	3326.01	3051.72	2976.70	2963.52	3199.20	3190.90	3003.84
14%	13%	16%	15%	16%	14%	15%	16%
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
86	82	82	92	85	85	83	83
3763	3823	3633	3502	3528	3720	3754	3576
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78

	104.2		124.4	119.8	109.9		88
	27.67		46.03	29.38	35.7		22.14
	19.75		1.91	26.88	24.34		31.21
	0.78		0.7	1	0.8		0.8
	3.52		12.84	2.41	2.31		2.89
2.44	1.91	2.17		0.97	1.28	1.22	1.01
149.385	114.429	129.41		60.655	79.018	73.93	59.786
0.248	0.25	0.222		0.287	0.213	0.243	0.254
15.6	15.35	13.7		17.93	13.45	14.89	15.08
1.49	1.46	0.78		1.52	1.17	1.43	1.34
89.58	85.67	45.76		91.23	69.93	83.42	76.22
0.3005	0.2933	0.2924		0.3004	0.2989	0.292	0.2835
3.162	2.993	3.090	3.066	3.235	3.210	3.331	3.307
4.9	5.6	5.2	5.3	4.6	4.7	4.2	4.3
3760.2	3670.3	3753.3	4933.0	4236.9	4049.8	4288.0	4307.3
3760.2	3670.3	3753.3	4933.0	4236.9	4049.8	4288.0	4307.3
4006	4154	4156	4831	4060	4217	4320	4140
4061	4237	3815	5201	4173	4420	4167	4040
3707	3789	3671	5043	3762	3808	3959	3745
3647	3745	3633	4946	3661	3763	3863	3727
3768	3911	3806	5065	3884	3925	4063	3916
3714.64	3706.27	3718.01	5088.00	3883.08	3921.94	4068.13	3762.38
18.1%	18.2%	17.4%	0.0%	18.0%	18.0%	17.9%	19.7%
30.1%	30.4%	29.0%		30.0%	30.0%	29.8%	32.8%
3159.40	3147.80	3179.56	5088.00	3305.24	3336.80	3464.73	3159.16
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
3074.40	3061.80	3094.56	5000.00	3210.24	3250.80	3374.73	3065.16
16%	16%	16%		12%	14%	13%	16%
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
85	86	85	88	95	86	90	94
3660	3645	3684	5000	3648	3780	3879	3649
28	88	16	28	63	48	53	96

94.7	106.8	119.8	109.9		88	94.7	106.8
32.59	25.24	29.38	35.7		22.14	32.59	25.24
33.59	31.98	26.88	24.34		31.21	33.59	31.98
0.7	0.7	1	0.8		0.8	0.7	0.7
3.72	3.32	2.41	2.31		2.89	3.72	3.32
2.3	0.91	1.71	1.72	2.45	2.36	2.23	2.35
136.806	55.906	99.069	103.355	147.35	147.7	132.55	139.681
0.227	0.253	0.247	0.238	0.267	0.248	0.232	0.232
13.91	15.6	14.62	14.68	16.52	16	14.07	14.1
1.26	1.58	1.23	1.36	1.47	1.83	1.32	1.07
73.37	93.33	69.62	79.52	87.02	112.38	76.82	62.42
0.2915	0.2947	0.2823	0.2934	0.2961	0.3078	0.2894	0.2903
3.307	3.138	3.235	3.066	2.945	3.162	3.090	3.090
4.3	5.0	4.6	5.3	5.8	4.9	5.2	5.2
4165.7	4133.0	3965.5	3662.5	3445.3	3620.8	3659.3	3831.3
4165.7	4133.0	3965.5	3662.5	3445.3	3620.8	3659.3	3831.3
4037	4180	4102	4023	3911	4046	3976	4161
3803	4131	3900	4109	3916	3895	3943	3850
3757	3551	3671	3536	3553	3685	3573	3765
3645	3465	3659	3478	3453	3600	3563	3767
3818	3626	3856	3647	3579	3732	3713	3958
3737.92	3620.60	3853.88	3579.04	3562.70	3629.41	3692.37	3822.59
19.1%	19.4%	17.5%	16.4%	19.1%	18.1%	18.2%	17.4%
31.8%	32.4%	29.1%	27.3%	31.9%	30.1%	30.4%	29.0%
3153.10	3045.96	3293.80	3088.25	3004.16	3088.28	3136.04	3269.08
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
3065.10	2955.96	3207.80	2996.25	2918.16	2996.28	3050.04	3181.08
15%	16%	14%	15%	16%	16%	16%	16%
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
88	90	86	92	86	92	86	88
3606	3519	3730	3525	3474	3567	3631	3787
88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88

88	133	135.5	126.5	137.6	131.6	81.5	104.8
22.14	161.96	82.44	77.95	60.9	69	53.85	88.1
31.21	24.37	26.98	25.34	29.64	30.89	26.07	29.97
0.8	1.2	1.2	1.61	1.11	1	0.7	2.41
2.89	1.81	2.61	2.41	2.33	2.31	2.31	1.91
	2.17	2.93	1.23	1.32	1.12	1.15	4.26
	127.809	181.265	77.681	82.382	69.964	72.667	251.706
	0.258	0.219	0.254	0.239	0.241	0.23	0.249
	15.41	13.91	15.97	14.95	14.95	14.46	15.11
	1.39	1.61	1.7	1.32	1.41	1.56	1.39
	79.97	97.83	102.78	79.22	84.17	94.23	81.32
	0.287	0.3032	0.3026	0.3002	0.2972	0.3011	0.2912
3.331	3.210	3.235	3.283	3.162	3.210	3.162	3.162
4.2	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.9	4.7	4.9	4.9
4767.4	4211.6	3984.8	4087.4	4078.1	4161.5	3997.2	4076.5
4767.4	4211.6	3984.8	4087.4	4078.1	4161.5	3997.2	4076.5
4616	4464	4199	4196	4082	4111	4091	4202
4454	4502	4075	4531	3896	4223	4326	4009
4228	3707	3790	3812	3643	3622	3667	3861
4325	3618	3679	3792	3573	3582	3582	3806
4489	3782	3896	3976	3768	3745	3733	3999
4487.00	3776.59	3893.53	3972.88	3766.46	3636.78	3701.87	3997.33
0.0%	18.0%	18.0%	17.9%	19.7%	19.1%	19.4%	17.5%
	30.0%	30.0%	29.8%	32.8%	31.8%	32.4%	29.1%
4487.00	3213.16	3312.72	3383.17	3160.76	3067.20	3113.84	3415.78
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
4402.00	3130.16	3226.72	3298.17	3077.76	2985.20	3024.84	3330.78
	12%	14%	13%	16%	15%	16%	14%
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
85	83	86	85	83	82	89	85
4402	3557	3752	3791	3664	3512	3601	3873
96	96	66	88	66	100	101	102

103.6	172.6	144.6	149.7	130.4	104.2		
98.16	134.7	106.6	132.36	89.2	27.67		
24.14	32.4	29.72	39.63	29.47	19.75		
1.91	2	1.7	1.91	2.04	0.78		
1.61	1.5	1.89	2.01	2.42	3.52		
1.99	2.73	2.52	2.03	2.34		1.11	1.42
120.93	164.881	149.339	122.106	139.483		70.523	87.551
0.254	0.258	0.245	0.233	0.228		0.279	0.215
15.6	15.87	14.8	14.22	13.88		17.47	13.36
1.74	1.64	1.44	1.28	0.87		1.5	1.32
102.93	97.23	83.42	74.72	50.56		90.63	78.47
0.2952	0.2959	0.2895	0.2918	0.2905		0.3023	0.296
3.331	2.993	3.090	3.090	3.162	3.066	3.186	3.186
4.2	5.6	5.2	5.2	4.9	5.3	4.8	4.8
4142.6	3910.1	3759.8	3925.4	3676.9	4465.8	4113.6	4067.5
4142.6	3910.1	3759.8	3925.4	3676.9	4465.8	4113.6	4067.5
4224	3944	4136	4181	4139	4338	4464	4174
4412	3934	3846	4125	3775	4099	4555	4204
3896	3565	3704	3770	3646	3889	3667	3705
3819	3497	3665	3745	3625	3873	3579	3633
4011	3618	3769	3888	3790	4193	3762	3823
3710.53	3502.65	3732.50	3779.75	3780.11	4167.00	3746.51	3809.27
16.4%	19.1%	18.1%	18.2%	17.4%	0.0%	18.0%	18.0%
27.3%	31.9%	30.1%	30.4%	29.0%		30.0%	30.0%
3200.25	2953.28	3174.68	3209.48	3232.16	4167.00	3187.52	3241.62
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
3115.25	2870.28	3088.68	3126.48	3149.16	4081.00	3105.52	3153.62
15%	16%	16%	16%	16%		12%	14%
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
85	83	86	83	83	86	82	88
3665	3417	3677	3722	3749	4081	3529	3667
103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110

		119.8	109.9		88	94.7	106.8
		29.38	35.7		22.14	32.59	25.24
		26.88	24.34		31.21	33.59	31.98
		1	0.8		0.8	0.7	0.7
		2.41	2.31		2.89	3.72	3.32
5.4							
328.034							
0.259							
16.18							
1.48							
88.98							
0.3005							
3.162	3.428	3.186	3.162	3.283	3.428	3.331	3.307
4.9	3.8	4.8	4.9	4.4	3.8	4.2	4.3
4207.7	4432.0	4145.4	3833.4	4053.2	4427.6	4088.7	3907.6
4207.7	4432.0	4145.4	3833.4	4053.2	4427.6	4088.7	3907.6
4046	4277	4485	4183	4272	4590	4187	4188
4296	4467	4381	4133	4287	4496	4090	4267
3712	3925	3751	3755	3916	3915	3703	3682
3746	3890	3663	3634	3813	3856	3633	3595
3932	4081	3839	3827	4030	4037	3785	3746
3931.94	4081.12	3829.51	3815.39	4010.91	3909.22	3750.14	3736.00
17.9%	19.7%	18.0%	18.0%	17.9%	19.7%	19.1%	19.4%
29.8%	32.8%	30.0%	30.0%	29.8%	32.8%	31.8%	32.4%
3347.98	3424.00	3258.16	3246.50	3414.97	3280.04	3162.40	3141.44
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
3265.98	3339.00	3174.16	3160.50	3332.97	3197.04	3080.40	3058.44
13%	16%	12%	14%	13%	16%	15%	16%
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
82	85	84	86	82	83	82	83
3754	3975	3607	3675	3831	3806	3624	3641
111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118

119.8	109.9		88	94.7	106.8	109.9	99.4
29.38	35.7		22.14	32.59	25.24	35.7	49.5
26.88	24.34		31.21	33.59	31.98	24.34	31.6
1	0.8		0.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9
2.41	2.31		2.89	3.72	3.32	2.31	3.3
3.210	3.235	3.090	3.114	3.090	3.066	3.210	3.307
4.7	4.6	5.2	5.1	5.2	5.3	4.7	4.3
3671.0	3729.1	3734.3	3758.8	3701.7	3550.3	4742.9	4217.8
3671.0	3729.1	3734.3	3758.8	3701.7	4027.8	4742.9	4217.8
3832	4053	3967	4157	4075	4078	4768	4408
3786	3956	3668	3990	3828	3698	4559	4326
3688	3764	3633	3804	3741	3637	4548	3780
3629	3666	3589	3687	3662	3585	4553	3659
3823	3776	3700	3827	3825	3698	4786	3788
3811.45	3719.41	3588.72	3564.90	3814.51	3668.68	4834.00	3785.90
17.5%	16.4%	19.1%	18.1%	18.2%	17.4%	0.0%	18.0%
29.1%	27.3%	31.9%	30.1%	30.4%	29.0%		30.0%
3257.82	3207.60	3025.84	3032.72	3238.72	3137.24	4834.00	3221.20
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
3170.82	3124.60	2940.84	2946.72	3156.72	3054.24	4751.00	3137.20
14%	15%	16%	16%	16%	16%		12%
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
87	83	85	86	82	83	83	84
3687	3676	3501	3508	3758	3636	4751	3565
119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126

137.7	124.4		104.2	115.8	99.4	137.7	124.4
39.01	46.03		27.67	31.2	49.5	39.01	46.03
2.41	1.91		19.75	31.1	31.6	2.41	1.91
0.6	0.7		0.78	0.8	0.9	0.6	0.7
12.44	12.84		3.52	3	3.3	12.44	12.84
3.259	3.210	3.186	3.283	3.138	3.041	3.307	3.017
4.5	4.7	4.8	4.4	5.0	5.4	4.3	5.5
4002.7	3867.8	3920.0	4260.8	4266.2	3637.9	3757.5	3612.3
4002.7	3867.8	3920.0	4260.8	4266.2	3637.9	3757.5	3612.3
4277	4127	4159	4604	4447	4043	3966	3991
4168	4147	4099	4406	4312	3806	3869	3716
3923	3645	3708	3870	3632	3604	3644	3582
3880	3631	3526	3799	3517	3519	3590	3518
4025	3854	3686	3973	3655	3677	3741	3644
4010.23	3854.97	3684.01	3859.36	3624.63	3669.00	3691.73	3644.76
18.0%	17.9%	19.7%	19.1%	19.4%	17.5%	16.4%	19.1%
30.0%	29.8%	32.8%	31.8%	32.4%	29.1%	27.3%	31.9%
3411.62	3282.99	3092.36	3255.40	3048.36	3136.70	3184.10	3072.40
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
3325.62	3198.99	3006.36	3165.40	2964.36	3048.70	3099.10	2990.40
14%	13%	16%	15%	16%	14%	15%	16%
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
86	84	86	90	84	88	85	82
3867	3677	3579	3724	3529	3545	3646	3560
127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134

	104.2			119.8	109.9		88
	27.67			29.38	35.7		22.14
	19.75			26.88	24.34		31.21
	0.78			1	0.8		0.8
	3.52			2.41	2.31		2.89
3.138	3.355	3.090	2.824	3.186	3.186	3.210	3.186
5.0	4.1	5.2	6.3	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.8
3774.1	3937.8	3699.9	4505.1	3846.5	4073.8	3995.2	4027.8
3774.1	3937.8	3699.9	4505.1	3846.5	4073.8	3995.2	3550.3
4173	4440	4044	4663	4246	4198	4358	4257
3896	4218	3709	4870	4222	4131	4277	4068
3865	4031	3738	4754	3717	3810	3927	3774
3833	3953	3671	4490	3505	3726	3876	3684
3954	4157	3841	4618	3682	3885	4043	3834
3941.73	4024.14	3752.50	4720.00	3679.86	3881.31	4038.44	3758.38
18.1%	18.2%	17.4%	0.0%	18.0%	18.0%	17.9%	19.7%
30.1%	30.4%	29.0%		30.0%	30.0%	29.8%	32.8%
3351.60	3417.56	3208.64	4720.00	3131.80	3302.82	3439.24	3155.16
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
3267.60	3325.56	3125.64	4633.00	3044.80	3213.82	3351.24	3065.16
16%	16%	16%		12%	14%	13%	16%
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
84	92	83	87	87	89	88	90
3890	3959	3721	4633	3460	3737	3852	3649
135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142

94.7	106.8	119.8		109.9	88	94.7	106.8
32.59	25.24	29.38		35.7	22.14	32.59	25.24
33.59	31.98	26.88		24.34	31.21	33.59	31.98
0.7	0.7	1		0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7
3.72	3.32	2.41		2.31	2.89	3.72	3.32
3.210	3.162	3.138	3.500	3.017	3.066	2.993	3.210
4.7	4.9	5.0	3.5	5.5	5.3	5.6	4.7
4054.8	3931.2	3478.1	4085.4	3596.8	3811.7	3661.3	3705.2
4054.8	3931.2	3478.1	4085.4	3596.8	3811.7	3661.3	3705.2
4302	4453	3917	4311	3904	4207	4018	4099
4075	4237	3712	4229	3628	3904	3726	3723
3758	3657	3519	3906	3550	3857	3709	3700
3714	3534	3449	3830	3458	3789	3692	3632
3866	3660	3625	3979	3569	3927	3802	3813
3636.09	3655.72	3618.45	3892.62	3527.67	3803.93	3612.94	3745.68
19.1%	19.4%	17.5%	16.4%	19.1%	18.1%	18.2%	17.4%
31.8%	32.4%	29.1%	27.3%	31.9%	30.1%	30.4%	29.0%
3235.70	3075.20	3094.26	3357.70	2975.40	3235.80	3069.64	3203.72
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
3146.70	2986.20	3002.26	3265.70	2885.40	3145.80	2978.64	3114.72
15%	16%	14%	15%	16%	16%	16%	16%
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
89	89	92	92	90	90	91	89
3702	3555	3491	3842	3435	3745	3546	3708
143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150

94.7	133	135.5	126.5	137.6	131.6	81.5	104.8
32.59	161.96	82.44	77.95	60.9	69	53.85	88.1
33.59	24.37	26.98	25.34	29.64	30.89	26.07	29.97
0.7	1.2	1.2	1.61	1.11	1	0.7	2.41
3.72	1.81	2.61	2.41	2.33	2.31	2.31	1.91
3.283	3.259	3.259	3.259	3.259	3.379	3.283	3.186
4.4	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.0	4.4	4.8
4473.2	3866.2	3873.1	4070.1	4064.4	4049.1	4156.5	3778.3
4473.2	3866.2	3873.1	4070.1	4064.4	4049.1	4156.5	3778.3
4418	4263	4071	4481	4318	4148	4409	4267
4206	4238	4022	4245	4137	4089	4353	3973
4007	3740	3721	3935	3757	3763	3810	3822
4047	3503	3678	3879	3686	3702	3642	3762
4255	3648	3849	4058	3838	3907	3778	3992
4251.00	3648.64	3844.79	4000.62	3775.52	3893.86	3743.01	3985.20
0.0%	18.0%	18.0%	17.9%	19.7%	19.1%	19.4%	17.5%
	30.0%	30.0%	29.8%	32.8%	31.8%	32.4%	29.1%
4251.00	3105.64	3271.72	3406.40	3168.16	3283.25	3147.96	3405.60
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
4164.00	3016.64	3183.72	3323.40	3086.16	3200.25	3060.96	3319.60
	12%	14%	13%	16%	15%	16%	14%
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
87	89	88	83	82	83	87	86
4164	3428	3702	3820	3674	3765	3644	3860
151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158

103.6	172.6	144.6	149.7	130.4	106.8		
98.16	134.7	106.6	132.36	89.2	25.24		
24.14	32.4	29.72	39.63	29.47	31.98		
1.91	2	1.7	1.91	2.04	0.7		
1.61	1.5	1.89	2.01	2.42	3.32		
3.186	3.210	3.307	3.259	3.090	3.404	3.186	3.186
4.8	4.7	4.3	4.5	5.2	3.9	4.8	4.8
3805.0	3664.8	4143.3	4018.5	3588.4	4571.8	4021.0	4243.0
3805.0	3664.8	4143.3	4018.5	3588.4	4571.8	4021.0	4243.0
3805.0	3664.8	4143.3	4018.5	3588.4	4571.8	4021.0	4243.0
4026	3924	4391	4199	4000	4502	4093	4383
4142	3705	4133	4030	3658	4290	3713	4227
3780	3666	4028	3885	3674	4113	3532	3743
3687	3565	3949	3880	3598	4170	3491	3597
3826	3706	4086	4031	3770	4336	3651	3728
3705.56	3625.75	4053.82	3864.21	3701.25	4289.00	3636.72	3720.94
16.4%	19.1%	18.1%	18.2%	17.4%	0.0%	19.1%	19.4%
27.3%	31.9%	30.1%	30.4%	29.0%		31.8%	32.4%
3195.70	3056.60	3447.00	3281.84	3165.28	4289.00	3067.95	3129.16
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
3112.70	2973.60	3360.00	3192.84	3080.28	4209.00	2980.95	3044.16
15%	16%	16%	16%	16%		15%	16%
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
83	83	87	89	85	80	87	85
3662	3540	4000	3801	3667	4209	3507	3624
159	160	161	162	163	164	165	169

3.235	3.162
4.6	4.9
4005.2	3895.0
4005.2	3895.0
4069	4320
4064	4176
3559	3703
3584	3552
3733	3705
3710.60	3695.87
19.1%	19.4%
31.8%	32.4%
3130.00	3107.84
100	100
3043.00	3024.84
15%	16%
75	75
87	83
3580	3601
167	168