

Partnership for climate
finance and development:
Tracking climate finance for
adaptation and exploring the
synergies with the
Sustainable Development
Goals.

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Outline

1

Partnership on Climate Finance and
Development

2

Tracking adaptation-related development
finance

3

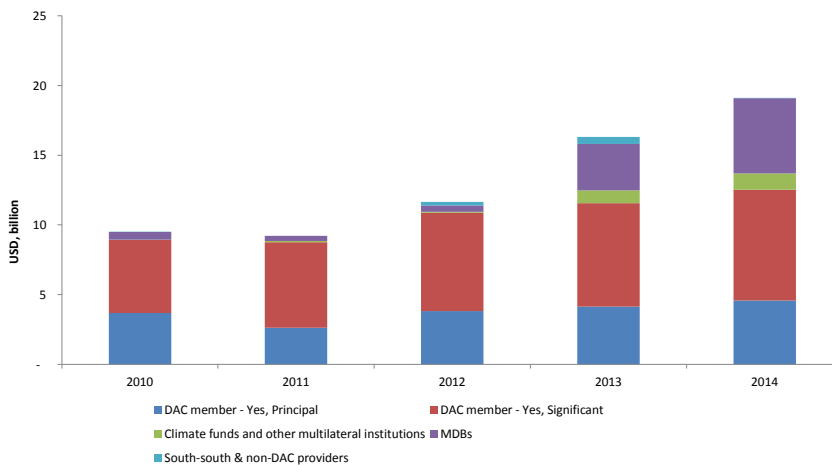
Synergies with SDGs

1 Partnership for Climate Finance and Development

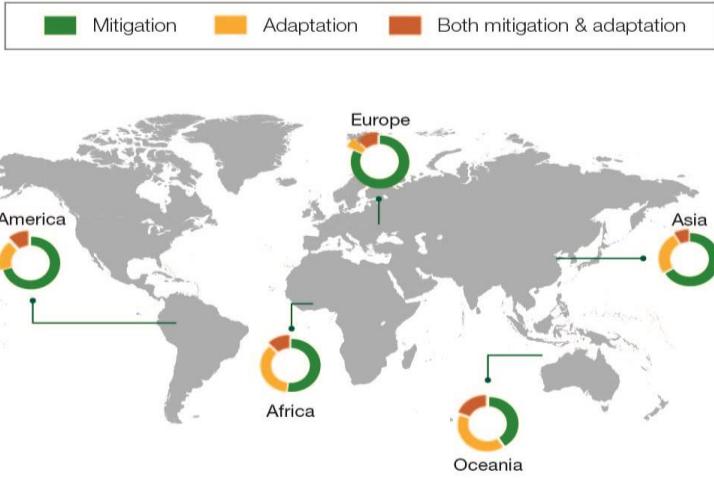
- **Voluntary initiative** Launched at the *4th High Level Forum on Aid Effectiveness* in Busan, Korea, in 2011
- It fosters country-level actions by promoting **good practice and knowledge sharing** on mainstreaming climate finance into development planning and more effective ways to use climate finance.
- Brings together **climate change, finance and development communities** from partner countries, CSOs, and international organizations to move the climate finance effectiveness agenda forward: e.g Annual LAC Regional Dialogue on Climate Finance EU) or Asia Pacific Climate Partnership (with UNDP)



2 Growing adaptation-related development finance

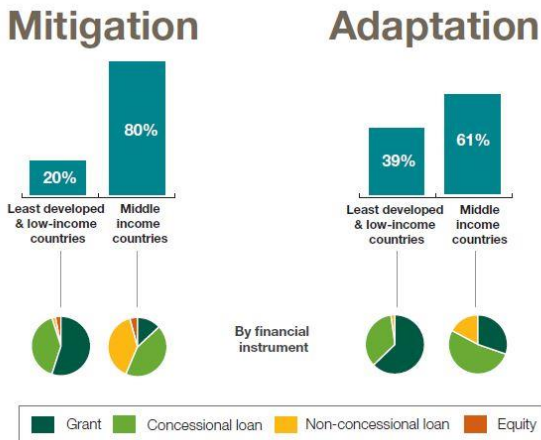


2 Geographic distribution of adaptation-related finance

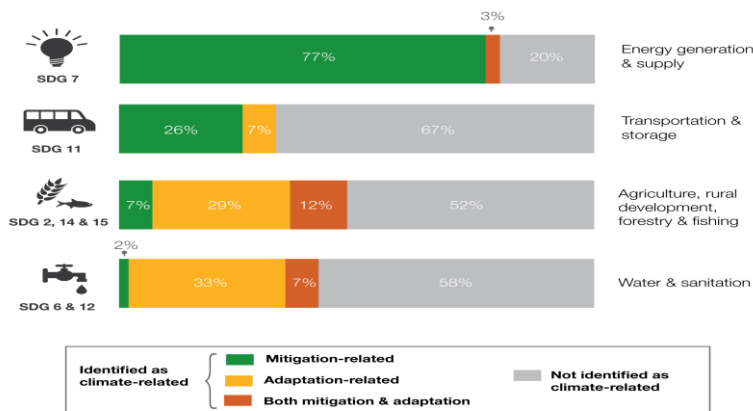


Source: OECD DAC. 2013-14 average, USD constant 2013 prices, 2014 data are provisional.

2 Recipients of adaptation and mitigation finance



2 Integration of climate into sectors (2014)



Source: OECD DAC, 2014 USD. The bar represents total ODA per sector and the climate-related share within that total.

3 Synergies between climate finance and development finance (I)

- Climate-related ODA is 18% of total bilateral ODA in 2013-2014;
- 63% of climate-related ODA for mitigation only, 25% for adaptation only and 12% for both
- More gender mainstreaming in adaptation than mitigation: opportunities exist for greater women's participation in CC decision making

➔ Need for coordination to maximise effectiveness!

3

Synergies between climate finance and development finance (II)

- Climate finance and development finance need to target the most vulnerable;
- ODA is stalling and climate-related ODA is increasing;
- LDCs are very dependent on ODA, but ODA to poorest countries is falling as their vulnerability to climate change increases;

3

Implications of SDGs for development co-operation

- More ambitious agenda - larger number of issues to engage with;
- Environmental sustainability part of every SDG;
- More resources needed and more finance to flow from a wide range of sources.
- 2015-agreements call for country-led action;
- “leave no one behind“

THE DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE COMMITTEE:
ENABLING EFFECTIVE DEVELOPMENT

Thank you.
Questions? Comments?
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