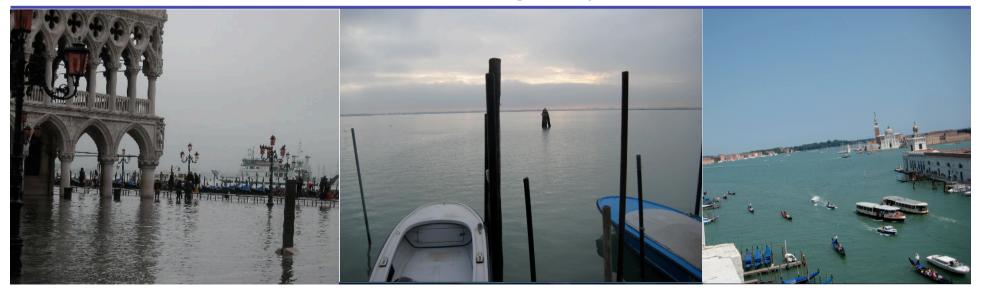
## Climate change and sea level rise in the Mediterranean region from a high-resolution coupled AOGCM perspective

<u>Silvio Gualdi</u> - Centro Euro-Mediterraneo per i Cambiamenti Climatici (CMCC-INGV) Natasha Marinova - Alterra Research Institute, Wageningen University

International Conference "Deltas in Times of Climate Change" 30 September 2010, Rotterdam, the Netherlands



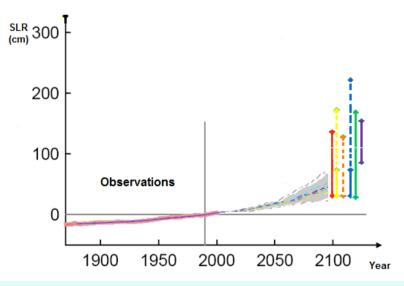
This work is part of the activity of an international working group aimed to provide a quantitative assessment of possible SLR in Venice at the end of the 21st Century

P. Vellinga, N. Marinova, F. Antonioli, V. Artale, S. Gualdi, G. Jorda, P. Lionello, A. Rubino, J. Tinker

# The position of the city makes it vulnerable to projected SLR



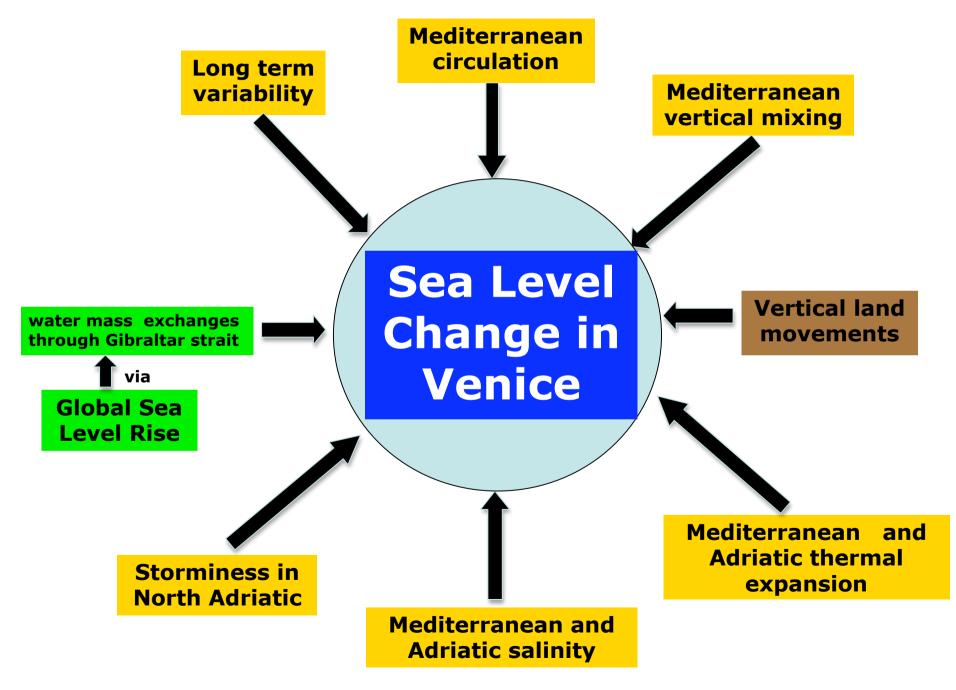
# Post IPCC studies have produced new global sea-level projections



red Rahmstorf 2007 - yellow Pfeffer et al. 2008 – orange Delta Committee 2008 - blue UKCP09 – green Vermeer and Rahmstorf 2009 – purple Grinsted et al. 2010 - grey area IPCC.

Doted lines represent the upper bound of the projections

## CONTRIBUTION TO SEA-LEVEL RISE IN VENICE



## From global to local projections – processes involved

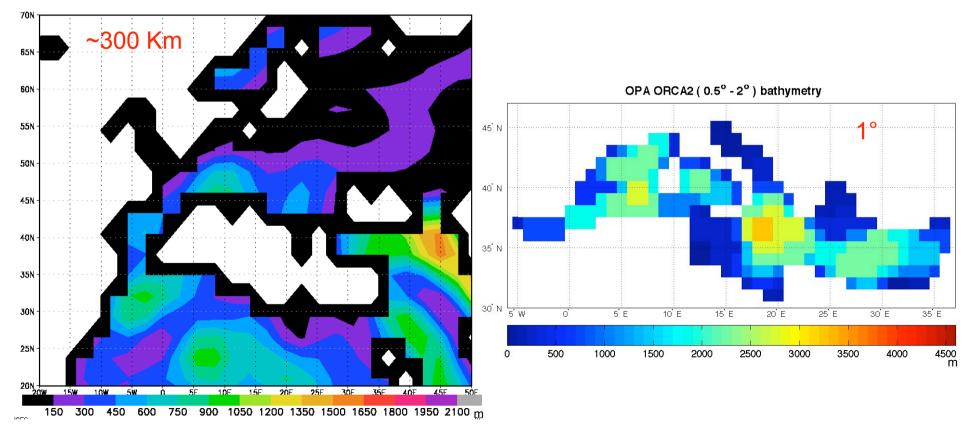
GLOBAL SLR – IPCC projections: thermal expansion, salinity, melting of glaciers and ice sheets

MEDITERANNEAN SLR – Global SLR, Gibraltar strait, salinity and thermal expansion, driven by evaporation, precipitation and river discharge, circulations, vertical mixing, etc.

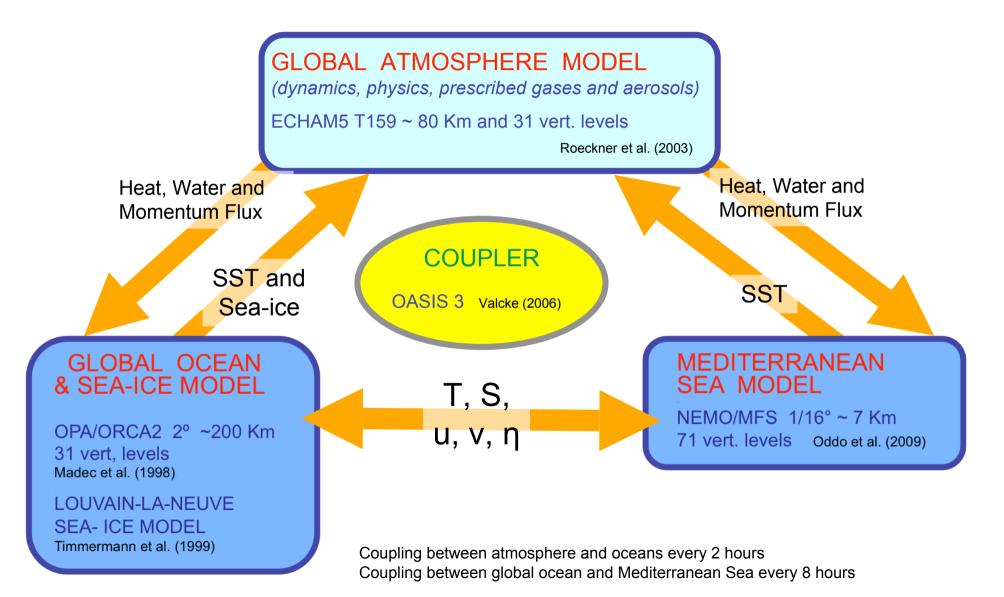
**Local** SLR FOR VENICE – Mediterranean/Adriatic SLR and land movements

# State of the art (CMIP3-AR4) coupled models are inadequate to resolve the dynamical features of the Euro-Mediterranean region

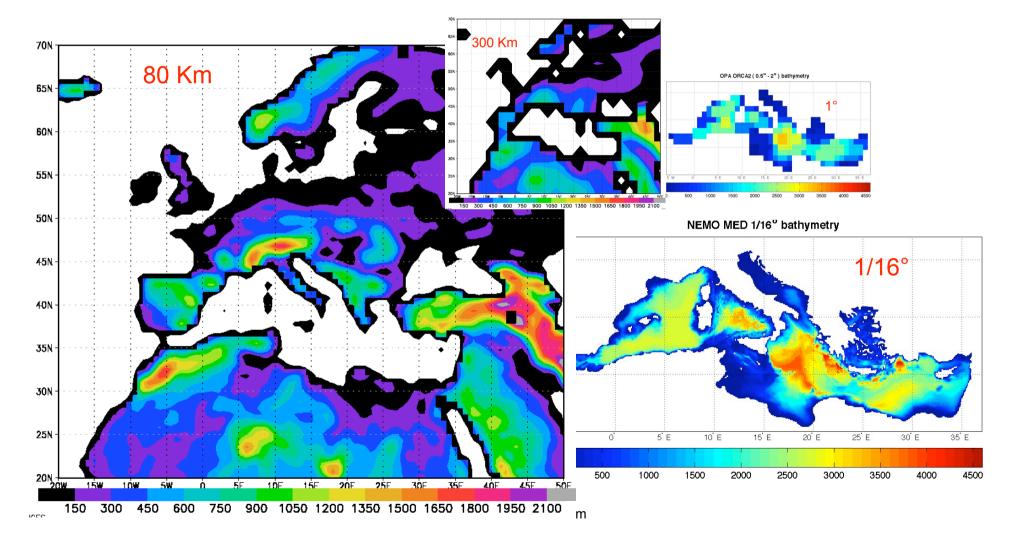
Orography, Land-Sea mask and Mediterranean Sea bathymetry as represented in a "standard" CMIP3 (IPCC-AR4) model with horizontal resolution of ~300 Km



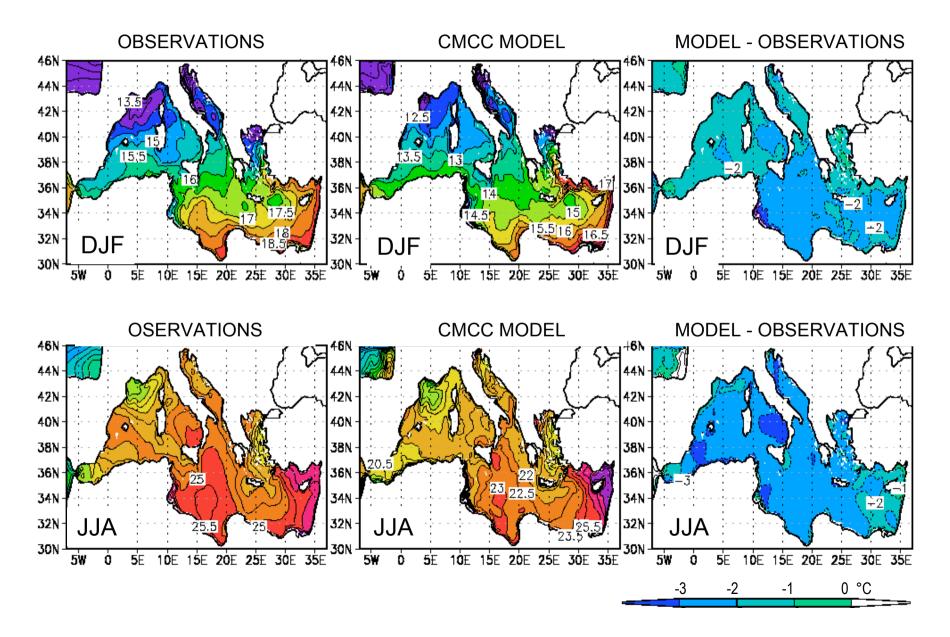
The CMCC-MED MODEL: a global climate model with a fully resolved interactive Mediterranean Sea developed in the framework of CIRCE (EU-FP7)



### Orography, Land-Sea mask and Mediterranean Sea bathymetry in the new CMCC model



#### Simulation of the observed climate: Sea-Surface Temperature (SST) 1981-2000 mean



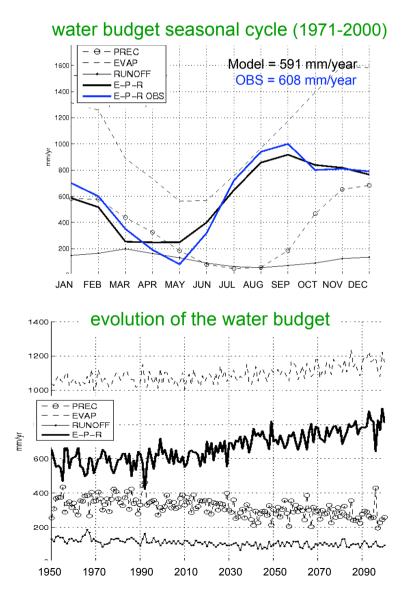
#### Climate projection from an A1B scenario simulation

**PRECIPITATION change** 

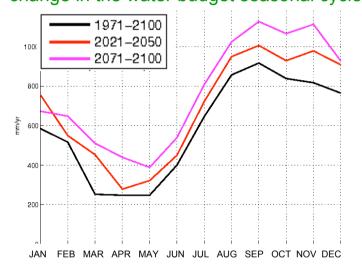
#### DIFF MEAN (2041-2070) - (1971-2000) DIFF MEAN (2041-2070) - (1971-2000) 46N 65N 44N 2.5 60N 2.20 42N 55N 40N · 1.70 50N DJF 38N 45N 1.25 0.6 36N 40N 0.5 0.75 34N · 35N 0.4 0.5 32N-0.25 0.3 30N 0.2 30N 25N 10W 5W 5₩ 5Ė 10E 15E 20E 25E 3Ó£ Ó 35E 5E 10E 15E 20E 25E 30E 35E 40E 45E 50E Ó 0.1 DIFF MEAN (2041-2070) - (1971-2000) DIFF MEAN (2041-2070) - (1971-2000) -0.1 46N 65N -0.2 44N 60N -0.3 2.70 42N · 55N -0.4 2.5 -0.5 40N · 2.25 50N JJA -0.6 38N -45N 1.75 36N 1.5 40N mm/day 34N · 35N 32N-0.75 30N 0.5 30N 25N 10W 5W 15E 2ÓE 25E 3ÓE 5W 0 5E 1**Ö**E 35E 5E 10E 15E 20E 25E 30E 35E 40E 45E 50E Ó

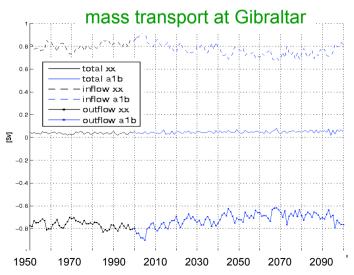
#### SST change

Climate projection from an A1B scenario simulation <u>Hydrologic cycle in the Mediterranean basin:</u>



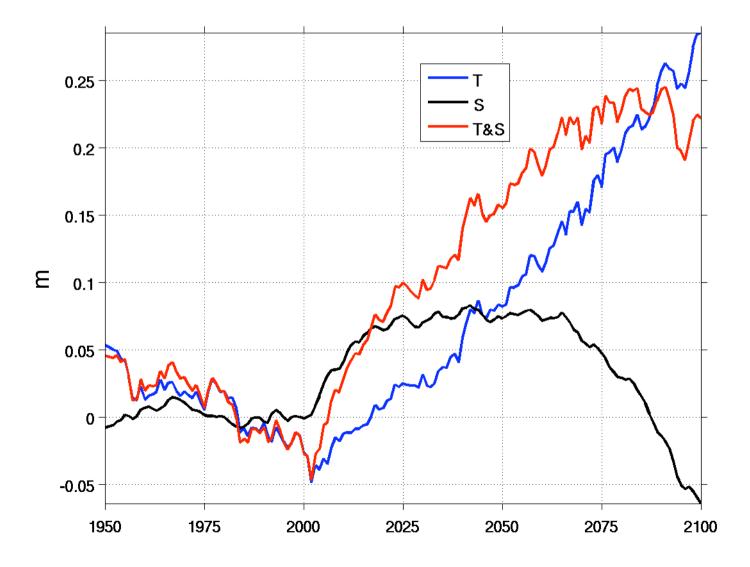






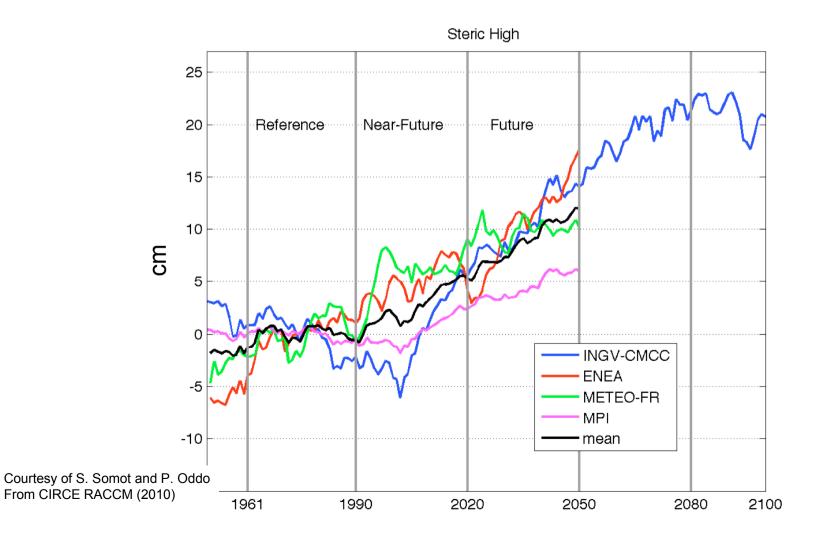
Climate projection from an A1B scenario simulation

STERIC contribution to SLR in the Mediterranean basin from 1951 to 2100



Climate projection from an A1B scenario simulation

STERIC contribution to SLR in the Mediterranean basin from 1951 to 2100 as obtained from an ensemble of coupled models (CIRCE)



## SUMMARY:

□ a <u>new high-resolution model</u> suitable to investigate the <u>regional scales</u> and the <u>role of the</u> <u>Mediterranean Sea</u> in the global climate.

## FROM AN A1B SCENARIO SIMULATION:

□ Mediterranean <u>SST increases of about 2°C</u> in the next decades (2041-2070); <u>precipitation</u> <u>increases</u> in North Europe and <u>decreases</u> in the Mediterranean area.

□ hydrologic cycle in the Mediterranean affected by global warming: increased evaporation and reduced precipitation. Implications for <u>water mass transport</u> at the Gibraltar Strait.

□ change in salinity and temperature induce a <u>steric SLR of ~22 cm</u> wrt 1971-2000 mean

## UNRESOLVED ISSUES:

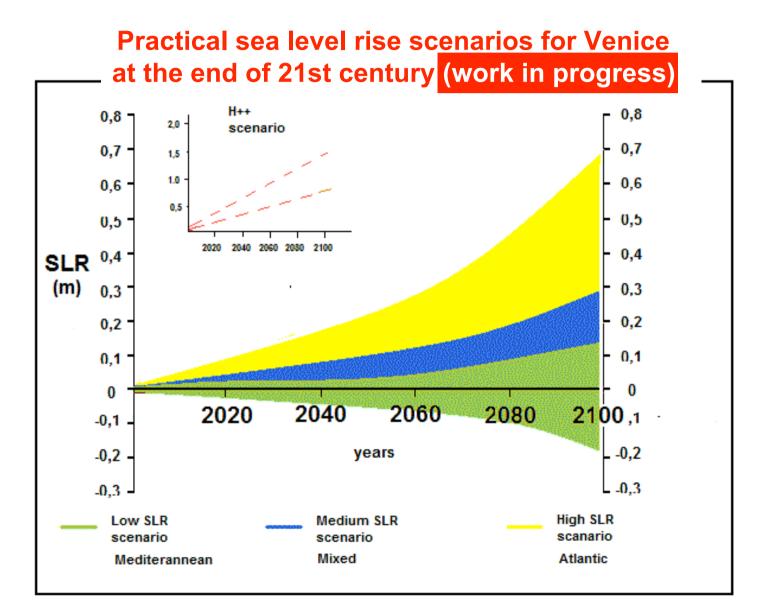
Gibraltar still not well resolved.

Atmospheric pressure is not accounted for in the oceanic model: implications for sea-level change (short time scales)

□ continental ice prescribed: no continental ice melting

## Sea level scenarios for Venice in 2100 International assessment

P. Vellinga, N. Marinova, F. Antonioli, V. Artale, S. Gualdi, G. Jorda, P. Lionello, A. Rubino, J. Tinker





## THANK YOU