Developing a CANVAS business model

WURKS project: Nature Entrepreneurship and Tourism in Green Education (NatureToGo)

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What is a Business Model?

- It is <u>not a Business plan</u>, instead it is:
 - a VISION
 - a strategy
 - a story line
 - a rationale for an organization to create value



What is a CANVAS used for?

- As a tool to brainstorm/to make a convincing story
- To visualize complex sets of relationships between resources, people, and ideas
- To prepare a pitch (5 min. explanation) about what your business model is

It can be used to map existing business models and develop new business models



Iteration:

Key Partners

Who are our key suppliers? Which Key Resources are we acquiring from partners? Which Key Activities do partners perform?



Key Activities

What Key Activities do our Value Propositions require? Our Distribution Channels? Customer Relationships?





Value Propositions

What value do we deliver to the customer? Which one of our customer's problems are we helping to solve?
What bundles of products and services are we offering to each Customer Segment? Wintch customer needs are we satisfying?



Customer Relationships

What type of relationship does each of our Customer Segments expect us to establish and maintain with them? Which ones have we established? How are they integrated with the rest of our business model? How costly are they?



Customer Segments

For whom are we creating value? Who are our most important customers?





What Key Resources do our Value Propositions require? Our Distribution Channels? Customer Relationships?



Channels

Through which Channels do our Customer Segments want to be reached?

Which ones work best? Which ones are most cost-efficient? How are we integrating them with customer routines?



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How are we reaching them now? How are our Channels Integrated?



Cost Structure

What are the most important costs inherent in our business mode? Which Key Resources are most expensive? Which Key Activities are most expensive?



Revenue Streams

For what value are our customers really willing to pay? For what do they currently pay? How are they currently paying? How would they prefer to pay How much does each Revenue Stream contribute to overall revenues?



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Value Proposition

- What is the <u>added value</u> of your business model?
- What <u>problem do you address</u> in it?
- Or what <u>problem do you create</u> in order to solve it?
- Where do you find your uniqueness?
 - Is it new?
 - Is it more cost efficient?
 - Do you have a better design?
 - Do you have a nice story to share?
 - ...





Customer Segment?

Customer Relationships

What type of relationship does each of our Customer Segments expect us to establish and maintain with them? Which ones have we established? How are they integrated with the rest of our business model? How costly are they?

EXAMPLES Personal assistance Dedicated Ferronal Amistance Self-Service Automated Services Communities Co-creation

Customer Segments

For whom are we creating value? Who are our most important customers?

Segmented Diversified Mait i-sided Platform



Channels

Through which Channels do our Customer Segments want to be reached?

How are we reaching them now? How are our Channels integrated?

Which ones work best?

Which ones are most cost-efficient?

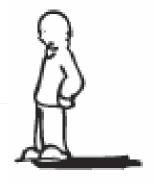
How are we integrating them with customer routines?

CHANNEL PHASES:

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- J. Purchase
- sense de sur d'inse masseur : su partit aux specific products and serveus
- sens da sa dif ser avalue srapusantes a transce si

Beneficiaries (Customer Segments)



- For whom are you creating value, and what do I know about them?
 - Customers
 - Other businesses
 - Society / Nature
 - ...
- Try to think <u>beyond traditional (business) boundaries</u>
 - What does my model provide to e.g. nature? To human development? Quality of life?



Channels & Relationships

- How do you deliver and maintain your value to your particular customer?
 - Use of distribution channels
 - Use of communication
 - Integrate into customer routines
- And what type of relationship do you have with your customers?
 - Personal (face-to-face interaction)
 - Exchanging knowledge (online communities)
 - Co-creation (customers become co-producers, or vice versa)



Key Partners

Who are our Key Partners? Who are our key suppliers? Which Key Resources are we acquiring from partners? Which Key Activities do partners perform?

MOTIVATIONS FOR IMPENIABILITY.
Optimization and economic
Reduction of title and uncertainty
Acquisition of particular resources and activities



Key Activities

What Key Activities do our Value Propositions require? Our Distribution Channels? Customer Relationships? Revenue streams?

CATEGORIES Production Problem Solving Platform/Network



Value

What value do w Which one of our What bundles of Which customer

CHARACTERESTICS
Neuronas
Performance
Chatornization
Gestingthe Job Dane*
Design
Evan 4/62 et us
Price
Cost Reduction
Risk East of an
Accombibility
Conventional Unability

Key Resources

What Key Resources do our Value Propositions require? Our Distribution Channels? Customer Relationships? Revenue Streams?

Int ellectual (brand pat ents, copyr (ghts, data) Human Financial



Key Activities & Resources

- Which resources do you need to own or lease to create your value?
 - Financial, intellectual, human, material
 - Think also: patents, key knowledge, special partnerships, trust...



- And what activities do you need to do in order to create value:
 - Reaching your market, creating trust, problem solving, training, networking



Suppliers/partners

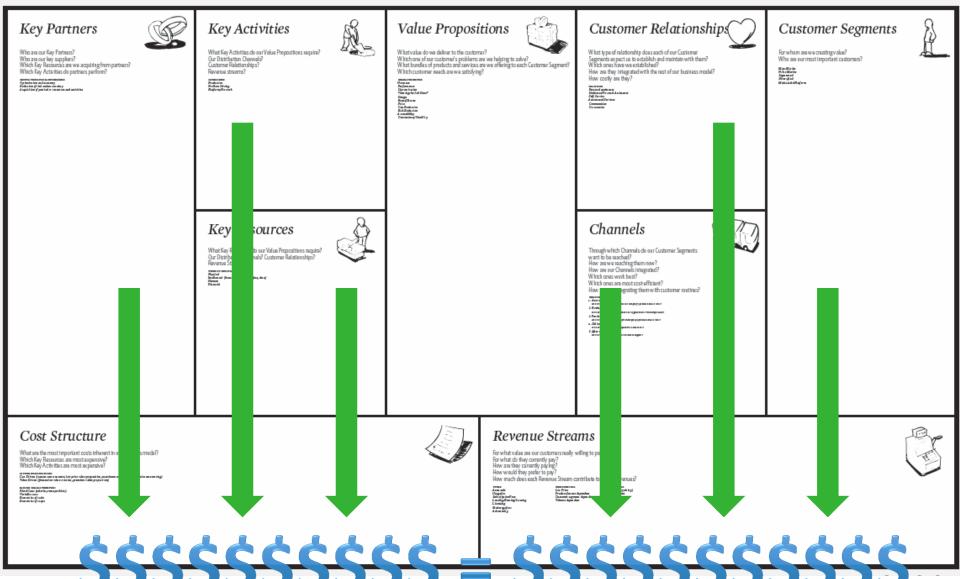
- Co-operation/co-creation can reduce:
 - Costs
 - Risks



- Yet more suppliers/partners means a need for stronger relationships in order to sustain
- Can you partners also be your customers?









Revenues and Costs





- Knowing how you create value, you need to estimate the necessary costs
- Knowing your customers and value, you need to establish an indication of revenue > what are customers willing to pay? And how does this relate to your costs?
- TRICK: write down (each on your own), on a piece of paper, what you estimate an activity/resource/product is worth. Take the average of all group members and use this as a figure in your model. -> try to make a simple balance that takes all activities of your model into account. Make sure you at least break even.



And again: try to think beyond traditional limits, what does your model do for society and/or nature in terms of costs/benefits?

Are these acceptable? To you? To your stakeholders?



Where are innovations typically occurring? Where to start?

- Through efficiency, <u>resource driven</u> (left side of the CANVAS)
- Story telling, <u>customer driven</u> (right side of the CANVAS)
- Financially driven (bottom of the CANVAS)
- Unique value, <u>offer driven</u> (influences all parts of the business model)



Working with CANVAS

- Start by drawing your ideas together
 - Individual sketches
 - Get inspired by other visions
 - Stay open minded, listen/observe carefully

Then slowly start translating these into the CANVAS

- Use post-its, drawings, photo's, anything you can use to visualize the processes
- Make one strong story! Make it simple, convincing, not too detailed
- Exercise pitching, what can you see in each other's stories, what inspires you? Continue until you each know/belief YOUR STORY by heart





Useful links

- Good Ideas come from connectivity: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NugRZGDbPFU&feature=share&list=PL3DFBE900A3F01A19
- Business Model CANVAS explained: http://youtu.be/QoAOzMTLP5s
- Long illustration on CANVAS by Alexander Osterwalder: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RzkdJiax6Tw
- Elevator pitch, key ingredients: http://youtu.be/Tq0tan49rmc
- More on the CANVAS:
 http://www.businessmodelgeneration.com/

