

Soil suppressiveness in in greenhouse horticulture

possible mechanisms and options for sustainable management

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Outline

- Definition
- Experimental field Topsoil (PPO-BBF) as reference
- Suppressive soils in greenhouses?
 - organic only?
 - pathogen specific?
 - biology or physical/chemical?
- Framework
- Soil Suppressiveness model



Greenhouse Horticulture future perspective

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Pressure on crop protection agents



Energy savings

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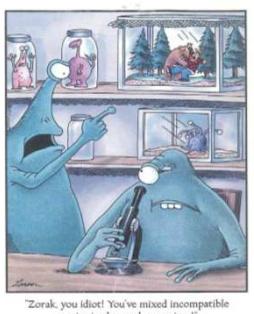
Pressure on crop protection agents



Legal admission

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Underestimation of biology in biological agents



Zorak, you idiot! You've mixed incompatible species in the earth terrarium!

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Is there a sustainable alternative?



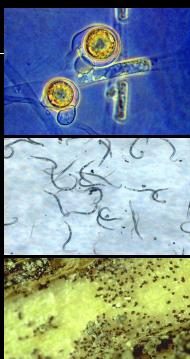
Use the competence of the soil?

- Does bulk soil suppressiveness exist in greenhouses?
- Does it vary among different soil pathogens?
- Why does it vary?
- Can we use it?



■ The “inocula”

- *Pythium aphanidermatum* (Oomycota)
- *Meloidogyne incognita* (Nematoda)
- *Verticillium dahliae* (Mycota)




2009 - 2010

5640 bio-assays




Experimental field Topsoil (PPO-BBF) as positive control



Organic Matter gradient:

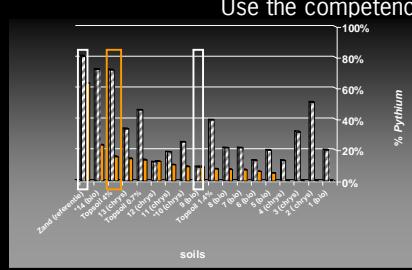
- 0.7%
- 1.4%
- 4.0%

(Lisse, 2005-2009)

Van Os GL, van der Bent J & Conijn C (2009) Organische stof en ziekteverwering in de siercultuur. Gewasbescherming 40: 22.



Use the competence of the soil?



Legend:

- sterilized
- non-sterilized

chrys=chrysanthemum
bio=organic fruit vegetables
Topsolt=experimental field BBF
Zand=sand as a reference



